STATE OF CONNECTICUT
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

MUNICIPAL NPDES PERMIT

issued to

Permittee:
Town of Wallingford
Sewer Division
377 South Cherry Street
Wallingford, Connecticut 06492

Location Address:

Wallingford WPCF
155 John Street
Wallingford, CT 06492

Facility ID: 148-001 **Permit ID:** CT0100617 **Permit Expires:** December 27, 2010

Receiving Stream: Quinnipiac River **Design Flow Rate:** 8,000,000 gallons per day

SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS

(A) This permit reissued in accordance with Section 22a-430 of Chapter 446k, Connecticut General Statutes ("CGS"), and Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies ("RCSA") adopted thereunder, as amended, and Section 402(b) of the Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 USC 1251, et. seq., and pursuant to an approval dated September 26, 1973, by the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency for the State of Connecticut to administer a N.P.D.E.S. permit program.

(B) **Town of Wallingford** ("permittee"), shall comply with all conditions of this permit including the following sections of the RCSA which have been adopted pursuant to Section 22a-430 of the CGS and are hereby incorporated into this permit. **Your attention is especially drawn to the notification requirements of subsection (i)(2), (i)(3), (j)(1), (j)(6), (j)(8), (j)(9)(C), (j)(10)(C), (j)(11)(C), (D), (E), and (F), (k)(3) and (4) and (l)(2) of Section 22a-430-3.** To the extent this permit imposes conditions more stringent than those found in the regulations, this permit shall apply.

Section 22a-430-3 General Conditions
- **(a)** Definitions
- **(b)** General
- **(c)** Inspection and Entry
- **(d)** Effect of a Permit
- **(e)** Duty to Comply
- **(f)** Proper Operation and Maintenance
- **(g)** Sludge Disposal
- **(h)** Duty to Mitigate
- **(i)** Facility Modifications; Notification
- **(j)** Monitoring, Records and Reporting Requirements
- **(k)** Bypass
- **(l)** Conditions Applicable to POTWs
- **(m)** Effluent Limitation Violations
- **(n)** Enforcement
- **(o)** Resource Conservation
- **(p)** Spill Prevention and Control
- **(q)** Instrumentation, Alarms, Flow Recorders
- **(r)** Equalization

Section 22a-430-4 Procedures and Criteria
- **(a)** Duty to Apply
- **(b)** Duty to Reapply
- **(c)** Application Requirements
- **(d)** Preliminary Review
- **(e)** Tentative Determination
- **(f)** Draft Permits, Fact Sheets
- **(g)** Public Notice, Notice of Hearing
- **(h)** Public Comments

(i) Final Determination
(j) Public Hearings
(k) Submission of Plans and Specifications. Approval.
(l) Establishing Effluent Limitations and Conditions
(m) Case-by-Case Determinations
(n) Permit Issuance or Renewal
(o) Permit or Application Transfer
(p) Permit Revocation, Denial or Modification
(q) Variances
(r) Secondary Treatment Requirements
(s) Treatment Requirements
(t) Discharges to POTWs - Prohibitions

(C) Violations of any of the terms, conditions, or limitations contained in this permit may subject the permittee to enforcement action including, but not limited to, seeking penalties, injunctions and/or forfeitures pursuant to applicable sections of the CGS and RCSA.

(D) Any false statement in any information submitted pursuant to this Section of the permit may be punishable as a criminal offense under Section 22a-438 or 22a-131a of the CGS or in accordance with Section 22a-6, under Section 53a-157b of the CGS.

(E) The permittee shall comply with Section 22a-416-1 through Section 22a-416-10 of the RCSA concerning operator certification.

(F) No provision of this permit and no action or inaction by the Commissioner shall be construed to constitute an assurance by the Commissioner that the actions taken by the permittee pursuant to this permit will result in compliance or prevent or abate pollution.

(G) Nothing in this permit shall relieve the permittee of other obligations under applicable federal, state and local law.

(H) An annual fee shall be paid for each year this permit is in effect as set forth in Section 22a-430-7 of the RCSA. As of August 20, 2003 the annual fee is $2,557.00.

SECTION 2: DEFINITIONS

(A) The definitions of the terms used in this permit shall be the same as the definitions contained in Section 22a-423 of the CGS and Section 22a-430-3(a) and 22a-430-6 of the RCSA, except for "Composite", "No Observable Acute Effect Level (NOAEL) " and "Grab Sample Average" which are redefined below.

(B) In addition to the above, the following definitions shall apply to this permit:

"——" in the limits column on the monitoring tables in Attachment 1 means a limit is not specified but a value must be reported on the DMR, MOR, NAR, and/or the ATMR.

"Annual" in the context of any sampling frequency, shall mean the sample must be collected in the month of June.

"Average Monthly Limit" means the maximum allowable "Average Monthly Concentration" as defined in Section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA when expressed as a concentration (e.g. mg/l); otherwise, it means "Average Monthly Discharge Limitation" as defined in Section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA.

"Bi-Monthly" in the context of any sampling frequency, shall mean once every two months including the months of February, April, June, August, October and December.

"Bi-Weekly" in the context of any sampling frequency, shall mean once every two weeks.

"Composite" or **"(C)"** means a sample consisting of a minimum of eight aliquot samples collected at equal intervals of no less than 30 minutes and no more than 60 minutes and combined proportionally to flow over the sampling period provided that during the sampling period the peak hourly flow is experienced.

"Critical Test Concentration" or **"(CTC)"** means the specified effluent dilution at which the permittee is to

conduct a single-concentration Aquatic Toxicity Test.

"Daily Composite" or **"(DC)"** means a composite sample taken over a full operating day consisting of grab samples collected at equal intervals of no more than sixty (60) minutes and combined proportionally to flow; or, a composite sample continuously collected over a full operating day proportionally to flow.

"Daily Concentration" means the concentration of a substance as measured in a daily composite sample, or, arithmetic average of all grab sample results defining a grab sample average.

"Daily Quantity" means the quantity of waste discharged during an operating day.

"Geometric Mean" is the "n"th root of the product of "n" observations.

"Grab Sample Average" means the arithmetic average of all grab sample analyses.

"Infiltration" means water other than wastewater that enters a sewer system (including sewer system and foundation drains) from the ground through such means as defective pipes, pipe joints, connections, or manholes. Infiltration does not include, and is distinguished from, inflow.

"Inflow" means water other than wastewater that enters a sewer system (including sewer service connections) from sources such as, but not limited to, roof leaders, cellar drains, yard drains, area drains, drains from springs and swampy areas, cross connections between storm sewers and sanitary sewers, catch basins, cooling towers, storm waters, surface runoff, street wash waters, or drainage. Inflow does not include, and is distinguished from, infiltration.

"Instantaneous Limit" means the highest allowable concentration of a substance as measured by a grab sample, or the highest allowable measurement of a parameter as obtained through instantaneous monitoring.

"In-stream Waste Concentration" or **"(IWC)"** means the concentration of a discharge in the receiving water after mixing has occurred in the allocated zone of influence.

"Maximum Daily Limit" means the maximum allowable "Daily Concentration" (defined above) when expressed as a concentration (e.g. mg/l), otherwise, it means the maximum allowable "Daily Quantity" as defined above, unless it is expressed as a flow quantity. If expressed as a flow quantity it means "Maximum Daily Flow" as defined in Section 22a-430-3(a) of the RCSA.

"Monthly Minimum Removal Efficiency" means the minimum reduction in the pollutant parameter specified when the effluent average monthly concentration for that parameter is compared to the influent average monthly concentration.

"NA" as a Monitoring Table abbreviation means "not applicable".

"NR" as a Monitoring Table abbreviation means "not required".

"No Observable Acute Effect Level" or **"(NOAEL)"** means any concentration equal to or less than the critical test concentration in a single concentration (pass/fail) toxicity test, conducted pursuant to Section 22a-430-3(j)(7)(A)(i) of the RCSA, demonstrating 90% or greater survival of test organisms at the CTC.

"Quarterly" in the context of any sampling frequency, shall mean sampling is required in the months of March, June, September, and December.

"Range During Sampling" or **"(RDS)"** as a sample type means the maximum and minimum of all values recorded as a result of analyzing each grab sample of; 1) a Composite Sample, or, 2) a Grab Sample Average. For those permittees with pH meters that provide continuous monitoring and recording, Range During Sampling means the maximum and minimum readings recorded with the continuous monitoring device during the Composite or Grab Sample Average sample collection.

"Range During Month" or **"(RDM)"** as a sample type means the lowest and the highest values of all of the monitoring data for the reporting month.

"MGD" means million gallons per day.

"Sanitary Sewage" means wastewaters from residential, commercial and industrial sources introduced by direct connection to the sewerage collection system tributary to the treatment works including non-excessive inflow/infiltration sources.

"Semi-Annual" in the context of any sampling frequency, shall mean the sample must be collected in the months of March and September.

"Twice per Month" in the context of any sampling frequency, mean two samples per calendar month collected no less than 12 days apart.

"ug/l" means micrograms per liter

"Work Day" in the context of a sampling frequency means, Monday through Friday excluding holidays.

SECTION 3: COMMISSIONER'S DECISION

(A) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection ("Commissioner") has issued a final decision and found continuance of the existing system to treat the discharge will protect the waters of the state from pollution. The Commissioner's decision is based on application no. 200402791 for permit reissuance received on November 1, 2004 and the administrative record established in the processing of that application.

(B) The Commissioner hereby authorizes the Permittee to discharge in accordance with the provisions of this permit, the above referenced application, and all approvals issued by the Commissioner or his authorized agent for the discharges and/or activities authorized by, or associated with, this permit.

(C) The Commissioner reserves the right to make appropriate revisions to the permit, if required after Public Notice, in order to establish any appropriate effluent limitations, schedules of compliance, or other provisions which may be authorized under the Federal Clean Water Act or the CGS or regulations adopted thereunder, as amended. The permit as modified or renewed under this paragraph may also contain any other requirements of the Federal Clean Water Act or CGS or regulations adopted thereunder which are then applicable.

SECTION 4: GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND OTHER CONDITIONS

(A) The Permittee shall not accept any new sources of non-domestic wastewater conveyed to its POTW through its sanitary sewerage system or by any means other than its sanitary sewage system unless the generator of such wastewater; (a) is authorized by a permit issued by the Commissioner under Section 22a-430 CGS (individual permit), or, (b) is authorized under Section 22a-430b (general permit), or, (c) has been issued an emergency or temporary authorization by the Commissioner under Section 22a-6k. All such non-domestic wastewaters shall be processed by the POTW via receiving facilities at a location and in a manner prescribed by the permittee which are designed to contain and control any unplanned releases.

(B) No new discharge of domestic sewage from a single source to the POTW in excess of 50,000 gallons per day may be authorized by the permittee until the discharger has registered the discharge under the "General Permit for Domestic Sewage" reissued by the Commissioner on June 12, 2002 pursuant to Section 22a-430b of the CGS.

(C) The permittee shall maintain a system of user charges sufficient to operate and maintain the POTW (including the collection system) and replace critical components.

(D) The permittee shall maintain a sewer use ordinance that is consistent with the Model Sewer Ordinance for Connecticut Municipalities prepared by the Department of Environmental Protection. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection alone may authorize certain discharges which may not conform to the Model Sewer Ordinance.

(E) No discharge shall contain or cause in the receiving stream a visible oil sheen, floating solids, visible discoloration, or foaming in the receiving stream outside any designated Zone Of Influence (ZOI).

(F) No discharge shall cause acute or chronic toxicity in the receiving water body beyond any ZOI specifically allocated to that discharge in this permit.

(G) The permittee shall maintain an alternate power source adequate to provide full operation of all pump stations in the sewerage collection system and to provide a minimum of primary treatment and disinfection at the water pollution control facility to insure that no discharge of untreated wastewater will occur during a failure of a primary power source.

(H) The average monthly effluent concentration shall not exceed 15% of the average monthly influent concentration for BOD_5 and Total Suspended Solids for all daily composite samples taken in any calendar month.

(I) Any new or increased amount of sanitary sewage discharge to the sewer system is prohibited where it will cause a dry weather overflow or exacerbate an existing dry weather overflow.

(J) Sludge Conditions

(1) The permittee shall comply with all existing federal and state laws and regulations that apply to sewage sludge use and disposal practices, including but not limited to 40 CFR Part 503.

(2) If an applicable management practice or numerical limitation for pollutants in sewage sludge more stringent than existing federal and state regulations is promulgated under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act (CWA), this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued to conform to the promulgated regulations.

(3) The permittee shall give prior notice to the Commissioner of any change(s) planned in the permittees' sludge use or disposal practice. A change in the permittees' sludge use or disposal practice may be a cause for modification of the permit.

(4) Testing for inorganic pollutants shall follow "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", EPA Publication SW-846 as updated and/or revised.

(K) The limits imposed on the discharges listed in this permit take effect on the issuance date of this permit, hence any sample taken after this date which, upon analysis, shows an exceedence of permit limits will be considered non-compliance.

(L) When the arithmetic mean of the average daily flow from the POTW for the previous 365 days exceeds 90% of the design flow rate, the permittee shall develop and submit within one year, for the review and approval of the Commissioner, a plan to accommodate future increases in flow to the plant. This plan shall include a schedule for completing any recommended improvements and a plan for financing the improvements.

(M) When the arithmetic mean of the average daily BOD_5 or TSS loading into the POTW for the previous 365 days exceeds 90% of the design load rate, the permittee shall develop and submit for the review of the Commissioner within one year, a plan to accommodate future increases in load to the plant. This plan shall include a schedule for completing any recommended improvements and a plan for financing the improvements.

(N) On or before July 31st of each calendar year the main flow meter shall be calibrated by an independent contractor in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. The actual record of the calibration shall be retained onsite and, upon request, the permittee shall submit to the Commissioner a copy of that record.

(O) The permittee shall operate and maintain all processes as installed in accordance with the approved plans and specifications and as outlined in the associated operation and maintenance manual. This includes but is not limited to all recycle pumping systems, aeration equipment, aeration tank cycling, mixing equipment, anoxic basin, chemical feed systems, effluent filters or any other process necessary for the optimal removal of pollutants. The permittee shall not bypass or fail to operate any of the approved processes without the written approval of the Commissioner.

(P) On or before July 31, 2008 each anaerobic digester unit shall be sampled, in a manner approved in writing by the Commissioner, to determine the amount of grit and depth of scum blanket. The results of the sampling shall be maintained at the POTW and, upon request, the permittee shall submit to the Commissioner a copy of the sampling data.

(Q) The permittee is hereby authorized to accept septage at the treatment facility or other locations as approved by the Commissioner.

(R) The temperature of any discharge shall not increase the temperature of the receiving stream above 85°F, or, in any case, raise the normal temperature of the receiving stream more than 4°F.

SECTION 5: SPECIFIC EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

(A) The discharge(s) shall not exceed and shall otherwise conform to the specific terms and conditions listed in this permit. The discharge is restricted by, and shall be monitored in accordance with Tables A through F incorporated in this permit as Attachment 1.

(B) The Permittee shall monitor the performance of the treatment process in accordance with the Monthly Operating Report (MOR) and the Nutrient Analysis Report (NAR) incorporated in this permit as Attachment 2.

SECTION 6: SAMPLE COLLECTION, HANDLING and ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

(A) Chemical Analysis

(1) Chemical analyses to determine compliance with effluent limits and conditions established in this permit, shall be performed using the methods approved pursuant to the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 136 of Title 40 (40 CFR 136) unless an alternative method has been approved in writing pursuant to 40 CFR 136.4 or as provided in Section 22a-430-3-(j)(7) of the RCSA. Chemicals which do not have methods of analysis defined in 40 CFR 136 or the RCSA shall be analyzed in accordance with methods specified in this permit.

(2) All metals analyses identified in this permit shall refer to analyses for Total Recoverable Metal, as defined in 40 CFR 136 unless otherwise specified.

(3) Grab samples shall be taken during the period of the day when the peak hourly flow is normally experienced.

(4) Samples collected for bacteriological examination shall be collected between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. or at that time of day when the peak hourly flow is normally experienced.

(5) The Minimum Levels specified below represent the concentrations at which quantification must be achieved and verified during the chemical analyses for the parameters identified in Attachment 1, Table(s) A and B. Analyses for these parameters must include check standards within ten percent of the specified Minimum Level or calibration points equal to or less than the specified Minimum Level.

Parameter	Minimum Level
Antimony, Total	0.010 mg/l
Arsenic, Total	0.005 mg/l
Beryllium, Total	0.001 mg/l
Cadmium, Total	0.0005 mg/l
Chromium, Total	0.005 mg/l
Chromium, Total Hexavalent	0.010 mg/l
Copper, Total	0.005 mg/l
Cyanide, Total	0.010 mg/l
Lead, Total	0.005 mg/l
Mercury, Total	0.0002 mg/l
Nickel, Total	0.005 mg/l
Selenium, Total	0.005 mg/l
Silver, Total	0.002 mg/l
Thallium, Total	0.010 mg/l
Zinc, Total	0.020 mg/l

(6) The value of each parameter for which monitoring is required under this permit shall be reported to the maximum level of accuracy and precision possible consistent with the requirements of this Section of the permit.

(7) Effluent analyses for which quantification was verified during the analysis at or below the minimum levels specified in this Section and which indicate that a parameter was not detected shall be reported as "less than x" where 'x' is the numerical value equivalent to the analytical method detection limit for that analysis.

(8) Results of effluent analyses which indicate that a parameter was not present at a concentration greater than or

equal to the Minimum Level specified for that analysis shall be considered equivalent to zero (0.0) for purposes of determining compliance with effluent limitations or conditions specified in this permit.

(B) Acute Aquatic Toxicity Test

(1) Samples for monitoring of Aquatic Toxicity shall be collected and handled as prescribed in "Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms" (EPA-821-R-02-012).

(a) Composite samples shall be chilled as they are collected. Grab samples shall be chilled immediately following collection. Samples shall be held at 0 - 6°C until Aquatic Toxicity testing is initiated.

(b) Samples shall be taken at the final effluent for Aquatic Toxicity unless otherwise approved in writing by the Commissioner for monitoring at this facility.

(c) Chemical analyses of the parameters identified in Attachment 1, Table B shall be conducted on an aliquot of the same sample tested for Aquatic Toxicity.

(i) At a minimum, pH, specific conductance, total alkalinity, and total hardness shall be measured in the effluent sample and, during Aquatic Toxicity tests, in the highest concentration of the test and in the dilution (control) water at the beginning of the test and at test termination. Dissolved oxygen, pH, and temperature shall be measured in the control and all test concentrations at the beginning of the test, daily thereafter, and at test termination.

(d) Tests for Aquatic Toxicity shall be initiated within 36 hours of sample collection.

(2) Monitoring for Aquatic Toxicity to determine compliance with the permit limit on Aquatic Toxicity (invertebrate) shall be conducted for 48 hours utilizing neonatal (less than 24 hours old) *Daphnia pulex*.

(3) Monitoring for Aquatic Toxicity to determine compliance with the permit limit on Aquatic Toxicity (vertebrate) shall be conducted for 48 hours utilizing larval (1 to 14-day old with no more than 24 hours range in age) *Pimephales promelas*.

(4) Tests for Aquatic Toxicity shall be conducted as prescribed for static non-renewal acute tests in "Methods for measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms" (EPA/821-R-02-012), except as specified below.

(a) For Aquatic Toxicity limits, and for monitoring only conditions, expressed as a NOAEL value, Pass/Fail (single concentration) tests shall be conducted at a specified Critical Test Concentration (CTC) equal to the Aquatic Toxicity limit, (100% in the case of monitoring only conditions), as prescribed in Section 22a-430-3(j)(7)(A)(i) of the RCSA.

(b) Organisms shall not be fed during the tests.

(c) Synthetic freshwater prepared with deionized water adjusted to a hardness of 50±5 mg/L as $CaCO_3$ shall be used as dilution water in the tests.

(d) Copper nitrate shall be used as the reference toxicant.

(5) For limits expressed as NOAEL = 100%, compliance shall be demonstrated when the results of a valid pass/fail Aquatic Toxicity Test indicate 90% or greater survival in the effluent sample at the CTC (100%).

(C) Chronic Aquatic Toxicity Test

(1) Chronic toxicity testing of the discharge shall be conducted annually during July, August, or September of each year.

(2) Chronic toxicity testing shall be performed on the discharge in accordance with the test methodology established in "Short-Term Methods for Estimating The Chronic Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Water to Freshwater Organisms" (EPA-821-R-02-013) as referenced in 40 CFR 136 for *Ceriodaphnia* survival and reproduction and Fathead minnow larval survival and growth.

(a) Chronic toxicity tests shall utilize a minimum of five effluent dilutions prepared using a dilution factor of 0.5 (100% effluent, 50% effluent, 25% effluent, 12.5% effluent, 6.25% effluent).

(b) Quinnipiac River water collected immediately upstream of the area influenced by the discharge shall be used as control (0% effluent) and dilution water in the toxicity tests.

(c) A laboratory water control consisting of synthetic freshwater prepared in accordance with EPA-821-R-02-013 at a hardness of 50±5 mg/l shall be used as an additional control (0% effluent) in the toxicity tests.

(d) Daily composite samples of the discharge (final effluent following disinfection) and grab samples of the Quinnipiac River, for use as site water control and dilution water, shall be collected on day 0 for test solution renewal on day 1 and day 2 of the test; day 2, for test solution renewal on day 3 and day 4 of the test; and day 4, for test solution renewal for the remainder of the test. Samples shall not be pH or hardness adjusted, or chemically altered in any way. Samples shall not be pH or hardness adjusted, or chemically altered in any way.

(3) All samples of the discharge and Quinnipiac River water used in the chronic toxicity test shall, at a minimum, be analyzed and results reported in accordance with the provisions listed in Section 6(A) of this permit for the following parameters:

pH
Hardness
Alkalinity
Conductivity
Nitrogen, ammonia (total as N)
Solids, Total Suspended
Copper (total recoverable and dissolved)
Zinc (total recoverable and dissolved)

SECTION 7: RECORDING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

(A) The results of chemical analyses and any aquatic toxicity test required above in Section 5 and the referenced Attachment 1 shall be entered on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) and reported to the Bureau of Water Management. The report shall also include a detailed explanation of any violations of the limitations specified. The DMR must be received at the following address by the 15th day of the month following the month in which samples are collected.

ATTN: Municipal Wastewater Monitoring Coordinator
Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Water Management, Planning and Standards Division
79 Elm Street
Hartford, Connecticut 06106-5127

(1) For composite samples, from other than automatic samplers, the instantaneous flow and the time of each aliquot sample collection shall be recorded and maintained at the POTW.

(B) Complete and accurate test data, including percent survival of test organisms in each replicate test chamber, LC_{50} values and 95% confidence intervals for definitive test protocols, and all supporting chemical/physical measurements performed in association with any aquatic toxicity test, shall be entered on the Aquatic Toxicity Monitoring Report form (ATMR) and sent to the Bureau of Water Management at the address specified above in Section 7 (A) of this permit by the 15th day of the month following the month in which samples are collected.

(C) The results of the process monitoring required above in Section 5 shall be entered on the Monthly Operating Report (MOR) and Nutrient Analysis Report (NAR) forms, included herein as Attachment 2, Tables A and B, respectively, and reported to the Bureau of Water Management. The MOR report shall also be accompanied by a detailed explanation of any violations of the limitations specified. The MOR and NAR must be received at the address specified above in Section 7 (A) of this permit by the 15th day of the month following the month in which the data and samples are collected.

(D) A complete and thorough report of the results of the chronic toxicity monitoring outlined in Section 6(C) shall be prepared as outlined in Section 10 of EPA-821-R-02-013 and submitted to the Department for review on or before December 31 of each calendar year to the address specified above in Section 7 (A) of this permit.

SECTION 8: RECORDING AND REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS, ADDITIONAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS, BYPASSES, MECHANICAL FAILURES, AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT FAILURES

(A) If any acute toxicity sample analysis indicates that an Aquatic toxicity effluent limitation has been exceeded, or that the test was invalid, a second sample of the effluent shall be collected and tested for Acute Aquatic Toxicity and associated chemical parameters, as described above in Section 5 and Section 6, and the results reported to the Bureau of Water Management (Attn: Aquatic Toxicity) via the ATMR form (see Section 7 (B)) within 30 days of the previous test. These test results shall also be reported on the next month's DMR report pursuant to Section 7 (A). The results of all toxicity tests and associated chemical parameters, valid and invalid, shall be reported.

(B) If any two consecutive test results or any three test results in a twelve month period indicates that the aquatic toxicity limit has been exceeded, the permittee shall immediately take all reasonable steps to eliminate toxicity wherever possible and shall submit a report, to the Bureau of Water Management (Attn: Aquatic Toxicity), for the review and written approval of the Commissioner in accordance with Section 22a-430-3(j)(10)(c) of the RCSA describing proposed steps to eliminate the toxic impact of the discharge on the receiving water body. Such a report shall include a proposed time schedule to accomplish toxicity reduction and the permittee shall comply with any schedule approved by the Commissioner.

(C) Section 22a-430-3(k) of the RCSA shall apply in all instances of bypass including a bypass of the treatment plant or a component of the sewage collection system planned during required maintenance. The Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Water Management, Planning and Standards Division, Municipal Facilities Section (860) 424-3704, the Department of Public Health, Water Supply Section (860) 509-7333 and Recreation Section (860) 509-7297, and the local Director of Health shall be notified within 2 hours of learning of the event by telephone during normal business hours. If the discharge or bypass occurs outside normal working hours (8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday), notification shall be made within 2 hours of learning of the event to the Emergency Response Unit at (860) 424-3338 and the Department of Public Health at (860) 509-8000. A written report shall be submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Water Management, Planning and Standards Division, Municipal Facilities Section within five days of each occurrence, or potential occurrence, of a discharge or bypass of untreated or partially treated sewage.

The written report shall contain:

(a) The nature and cause of the bypass, permit violation, treatment component failure, and/or equipment failure,

(b) the time the incident occurred and the anticipated time which it is expected to continue or, if the condition has been corrected, the duration,

(c) the estimated volume of the bypass or discharge of partially treated or raw sewage,

(d) the steps being taken to reduce or minimize the effect on the receiving waters, and

(e) the steps that will be taken to prevent reoccurrence of the condition in the future.

(D) Section 22a-430-3(j) of the RCSA shall apply in the event of any noncompliance with a maximum daily limit and/or any noncompliance that is greater than two times any permit limit. The permittee shall notify in the same manner as in paragraph C of this Section, the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Water Management, Planning and Standards Division, Municipal Facilities Section except, if the failure occurs outside normal working hours (8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday) the permittee may wait to make the verbal report until 10:30 am of the next business day.

(E) Section 22a-430-3(j) 8 of the RCSA shall apply in all instances of monitoring equipment failures that prevent meeting the requirements in this permit. In the event of any such failure of the monitoring equipment including, but not limited to, loss of refrigeration for an auto-sampler or lab refrigerator or loss of flow proportion sampling ability, the permittee shall notify in the same manner as in paragraph C of this Section, the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Water Management, Planning and Standards Division, Municipal Facilities Section except, if

the failure occurs outside normal working hours (8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday) the permittee may wait to make the verbal report until 10:30 am of the next business day after learning of the failure.

(F) In addition to the reporting requirements contained in Section 22a-430-3(i), (j), and (k) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies, the permittee shall notify in the same manner as in paragraph C of this Section, the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Water Management, Planning and Standards Division, Municipal Facilities Section concerning the failure of any major component of the treatment facilities which the permittee may have reason to believe would result in an effluent violation.

This permit is hereby issued on 12/28/05

Gina McCarthy
Commissioner

GM/sp

ATTACHMENT 1

Tables A through F

TABLE A

Discharge Serial Number (DSN): **001-1**	Monitoring Location: **1**
Wastewater Description: **Sanitary Sewage**	
Monitoring Location Description: **Final Effluent**	
Allocated Zone of Influence (ZOI): **32.93 cfs**	In-stream Waste Concentration (IWC): **27.3 %**

PARAMETER	Units	FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING				INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING			REPORT FORM	Minimum Level Analysis See Section 6
		Average Monthly Limit	Maximum Daily Limit	Sample Freq.	Sample type	Instantaneous Limit or Required Range[3]	Sample Freq.	Sample Type		
Alkalinity	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	------	Monthly	Grab	MOR	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5 day)	mg/l	30 mg/l and 15% of Influent [1]	50 mg/l	3/Week	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	DMR/MOR	
Copper, Total	mg/l	------	------	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	NA	DMR/MOR	*
Fecal Coliform (May 1st through October 31st)	per100 ml	NA	NA	NR	NA	see remarks (A) and (B) below	3/Week	Grab	DMR/MOR	
Flow, Average Daily	MGD	8.0	-----	Continuous[2]	Daily flow	NA	NR	NA	DMR/MOR	
Nitrogen, Ammonia (total as N)						NA	NR	NA	DMR/MOR/NAR	
April	mg/l	9.0		3/Week	Daily Composite					
May	mg/l	6.0	-----	3/Week	Daily Composite					
June	mg/l	4.0	------	3/Week	Daily Composite					
July	mg/l	3.0	------	3/Week	Daily Composite					
August	mg/l	3.0	------	3/Week	Daily Composite					
September	mg/l	3.0	-----	3/Week	Daily Composite					
October	mg/l	4.0	------	3/Week	Daily Composite					
Nitrogen, Ammonia (total as N) (November 1st through March 31st)	mg/l	NA	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	DMR/MOR/NAR	
Nitrogen, Nitrate (total as N)	mg/l	NA	------	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	NAR	
Nitrogen, Nitrite (total as N)	mg/l	NA	------	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	NAR	

Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	mg/l	NA	------	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	NAR	
Nitrogen, Total	mg/l	NA	------	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	NAR	
Oxygen, Dissolved	mg/l	NA	NA	NR	NA	≥ 7.0	Work Day	Grab	DMR/MOR	
pH	S.U.	NA	NA	NR	NA	6 - 9	Work Day	Grab	DMR/MOR	
Phosphate, Ortho	mg/l	NA	------	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	NAR	
Phosphorus, Total	mg/l	NA	------	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NR	NA	NAR	
Silver, Total	mg/l	------	------	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	NA	DMR/MOR	*
Solids, Settleable	ml/l	NA	NA	NA	NA	------	Work Day	Grab	MOR	
Solids, Total Suspended	mg/l	30 mg/l and 15% of Influent [1]	50 mg/l	3/Week	Daily Composite	NA	NA	NA	DMR/MOR	
Temperature	°F	NA	NA	NR	NA	------	Work Day	Grab	MOR	
Turbidity	NTU	NA	NA	NA	NA	------	Work Day	Grab	MOR	
Ultimate Oxygen Demand (UOD) (see remark C)										
May	mg/l	50.0	-----	NA	NA	NA	NR	NA	DMR/MOR	
June	mg/l	36.2	------							
July	mg/l	31.7	------							
August	mg/l	31.7	------							
September	mg/l	31.7	-----							
October	mg/l	36.2	------							
Zinc, Total	mg/l	-----	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	NA	DMR/MOR	*

TABLE A – CONDITIONS

Footnotes:

1. The discharge shall meet 30 mg/l and 15 % of the average monthly influent BOD_5 and suspended solids (Table D, Monitoring Location G).

2. The permittee shall record and report on the monthly operating report the minimum, maximum and total flow for each day of discharge and the average daily flow for each sampling month. The permittee shall report, on the discharge monitoring report, the average daily flow for each sampling month.

3. The instantaneous limits in this column are maximum limits except for Dissolved Oxygen, which is a minimum limit.

Remarks:

(A) The geometric mean of the fecal coliform bacteria values for the effluent samples collected in a period of thirty (30) consecutive days during the period from May 1st through October 31st shall not exceed 200 per 100 milliliters.

(B) The geometric mean of the fecal coliform bacteria values for the effluent samples collected in a period of seven (7) consecutive days during the period from May 1st through October 31st shall not exceed 400 per 100 milliliters.

(C) The UOD limit, which is reported monthly, is based on a calculation using average monthly BOD5 and Ammonia Nitrogen results; UOD (mg/l) = (1.5 x BOD_5, average monthly (mg/l)) + (4.6 x NH_3-N, average monthly (mg/l)).

(D) The Average Weekly discharge Limitation for BOD_5 and Total Suspended Solids shall be 1.5 times the Average Monthly Limit listed above.

(E) UV disinfection shall be operated as designed from May 1st through October 31st.

TABLE B

Discharge Serial Number (DSN): **001-1**					Monitoring Location: **T**	
Wastewater Description: **Sanitary Sewage**						
Monitoring Location Description: **Final effluent—**						
Allocated Zone of Influence (ZOI): **32.93 cfs**			In-stream Waste Concentration (IWC): **27.3%**			
PARAMETER	**Units**	**Maximum Daily Limit**	**Sampling Frequency**	**Sample Type**	**Reporting form**	**Minimum Level Analysis See Section 6**
Antimony, Total	mg/l	------	Annually	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Aquatic Toxicity, *Daphnia pulex* [1]	%	NOAEL=100	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR/DMR	
Aquatic Toxicity, *Pimephales promelas* [1]	%	NOAEL=100	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR/DMR	
Arsenic, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Beryllium, Total	mg/l	------	Annually	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
BOD5	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	
Cadmium, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Chromium, Hexavalent	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Chromium, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Copper, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Cyanide, Amenable	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Cyanide, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Lead, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Mercury, Total	mg/l	------	Annually	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Nickel, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Nitrogen, Ammonia (total as N)	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	
Nitrogen, Nitrate, (total as N)	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	
Nitrogen, Nitrite, (total as N)	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	
Phenols, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	
Selenium, Total	mg/l	------	Annually	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Silver, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Suspended Solids, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	
Thallium, Total	mg/l	------	Annually	Daily Composite	ATMR	*
Zinc, Total	mg/l	------	Quarterly	Daily Composite	ATMR	*

TABLE B - CONDITIONS

Remarks:

1. The results of the Toxicity Tests are recorded in % survival, however, the permittee shall report pass/fail on the DMR based on criteria in Section 6(B) of this permit.

TABLE C

Discharge Serial Number: **001-1**							Monitoring Location: **G**
Wastewater Description: **Sanitary Sewage**							
Monitoring Location Description: **Influent**							
PARAMETER	**Units**	**DMR REPORTING FORMAT**	**FLOW/TIME BASED MONITORING**		**INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING**		**REPORTING FORM**
			Sample Frequency	**Sample Type**	**Sample Frequency**	**Sample Type**	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5 day)	mg/l	Monthly Average	3/Week	Daily Composite	NA	NA	DMR/MOR
Copper, Total	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	DMR/MOR
Nitrogen, Ammonia (total as N)	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	MOR/NAR
Nitrogen, Nitrate (total as N)	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	NAR
Nitrogen, Nitrite (total as N)	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	NAR
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	NAR
Nitrogen, Total	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	MOR/NAR
Phosphorus, Total	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	MOR
pH	S.U.	-----	NA	NA	Work Day	Grab	MOR
Silver, Total	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	DMR/MOR
Solids, Total Suspended	mg/l	Monthly Average	3/Week	Daily Composite	NA	NA	DMR/MOR
Temperature	°F	-----	NA	NA	Work Day	Grab	MOR
Zinc, Total	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Daily Composite	NA	NA	DMR/MOR

TABLE D

Discharge Serial Number: **001-1**							Monitoring Location: **P**
Wastewater Description: **Primary Effluent**							
Monitoring Location Description: **Primary Sedimentation Basin Effluent**							
PARAMETER	**Units**	**REPORTING FORMAT**	**TIME/FLOW BASED MONITORING**		**INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING**		**REPORTING FORM**
			Sample Frequency	**Sample Type**	**Sample Frequency**	**Sample type**	
Alkalinity, Total	mg/l	-----	NA	NA	Monthly	Grab	MOR
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5 day)	mg/l	Monthly Average	Weekly	Composite	NA	NA	MOR
Nitrogen, Ammonia (total as N)	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Composite	NA	NA	MOR/NAR
Nitrogen, Nitrate (total as N)	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Composite	NA	NA	NAR
Nitrogen, Nitrite (total as N)	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Composite	NA	NA	NAR
Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Composite	NA	NA	NAR
Nitrogen, Total	mg/l	-----	Monthly	Composite	NA	NA	MOR/NAR
PH	S.U.	-----	NA	NA	Monthly	Grab	MOR
Solids, Total Suspended	mg/l	Monthly Average	Weekly	Composite	NA	NA	MOR

TABLE E

Discharge Serial Number: **001-1**	Monitoring Location: S		
Wastewater Description: **Digester Sludge**			
Monitoring Location Description: **At sludge draw off**			
PARAMETER	**INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING**		**REPORTING FORM**
	Units	**Grab Sample Freq.**	
Arsenic, Total	Mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Beryllium, Total	Mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Cadmium, Total	Mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Chromium, Total	Mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Copper, Total	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Lead, Total	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Mercury, Total	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Nickel, Total	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Nitrogen, Ammonia *	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR*
Nitrogen, Nitrate (total as N) *	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR*
Nitrogen, Organic *	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR*
Nitrogen, Nitrite (total as N) *	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR*
Nitrogen, Total *	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR*
pH *	S.U.	Bi-Monthly	DMR*
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Solids, Fixed	%	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Solids, Total	%	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Solids, Volatile	%	Bi-Monthly	DMR
Zinc, Total	mg/kg	Bi-Monthly	DMR
(*) required for composting or land application only Testing for inorganic pollutants shall follow "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods", EPA Publication SW-846 as updated and/or revised.			

TABLE F

Discharge Serial Number: **001-1**	Monitoring Location: L		
Wastewater Description: **Digested sludge**			
Monitoring Location Description: **Each Anaerobic Digestion Unit**			
PARAMETER	**INSTANTANEOUS MONITORING**		**REPORTING FORM**
	Sample Frequency	Sample Type	
Temperature	Weekly	Grab	MOR
Alkalinity	Weekly	Grab	MOR
Volatile Acids	Weekly	Grab	MOR
pH	Weekly	Grab	MOR

ATTACHMENT 2

MONTHLY OPERATING REPORT FORM
AND
NUTRIENT ANALYSIS REPORT

Return To: Bureau of Water Management
Planning & Standards
Department of Environmental Protection
79 Elm Street
Hartford, CT 06106-5127

FACILITY I.D. #: 148-001
PERMIT #: CT0100617
TOWN OF WALLINGFORD

Date	FLOW MAX.	FLOW MIN.	FLOW TOTAL	SEPTIC FLOW	SLUDGE GALLONS	SLUDGE SOLIDS	SLUDGE POUNDS	SOLIDS LBS IN	SOLIDS LBS OUT	STS INF.	STS EFF.	BOD INFL.	BOD PRI. EFF.	BOD EFF.	TSS INF	TSS PRI. EFF.	TSS EFF.
Minimum																	
Maximum																	
Total																	
Average																	

FACILITY I.D. #: 148-001
PERMIT #: CT0100617
TOWN OF WALLINGFORD

Date	TURB.	pH INF.	pH EFF.	EFF D.O.	DIG. GAS	NH3 INF.	NH3 PRI. EFF.	NH3 EFF.	NO3 INF.	NO3 PRI. EFF.	NO3 EFF.	NO2 INF.	NO2 PRI. EFF.	NO2 EFF.	TKN INF.	TKN PRI. EFF.	TKN EFF.	TOTAL PHOS. INF.	TOTAL PHOS. EFF.
Minimum																			
Maximum																			
Total																			
Average																			

FACILITY I.D. #: 148-001
PERMIT #: CT0100617
TOWN OF WALLINGFORD

Date	ORTHO PHOS. EFF.	PRI. DIG #1 pH	PRI. DIG #2 pH	SEC. DIG. pH	PRI. DIG #1 ALK.	PRI. DIG #2 ALK.	SEC. DIG. ALK.	PRI. DIG #1 TEMP.	PRI. DIG #2 TEMP.	PRI. DIG #1 V.A.	PRI. DIG #2 V.A.	SEC. DIG. V.A.	F.C.	EFF. ZN	EFF. CU	EFF. AG	UOD
Minimum																	
Maximum																	
Total																	
Average																	

Nutrient Analysis Report

for compliance with NPDES permit

Town of Wallingford Permit # CT0100617 Flow Rate _____ mgd Sampling Date __/__/__

Parameter	Raw Influent		Primary Effluent		Final Effluent		Plant Efficiency
	mg/l	Lbs/day	mg/l	lbs/day	mg/l	lbs/day	%
Ammonia							
Nitrite							
Nitrate							
TKN							
Total Nitrogen = TKN + nitrite + nitrate							
Orthophosphates							
Total Phosphorus							

Notes: lbs/day = 8.34 x flow (mgd) x mg/l of pollutant
Flow = Total daily flow on sampling date (mgd)
Plant Efficiency = 100% x (raw influent – final effluent) / raw influent

DATA TRACKING AND TECHNICAL FACT SHEET

Permittee: Town of Wallingford, Sewer District **PAMS Company ID**: 92473

PERMIT, ADDRESS, AND FACILITY DATA

PERMIT #: CT0100617 **APPLICATION #:** 200402791 **FACILITY ID.** 148-001

Billing Mailing Address:	Location Address:
Street: 377 South Cherry Street	Street: 155 John Street
City: Wallingford ST: CT Zip: 06492	City: Wallingford ST: CT Zip: 06492
Contact Name: William Phelan	Contact Name: James Kirkland
Phone No.: 203-949-2677	Phone No.: 203-949-2688

PERMIT INFORMATION

DURATION 5 YEAR _X_ 10 YEAR __ 30 YEAR ___

TYPE New _ Reissuance _X_ Modification __

CATEGORIZATION POINT (X) NON-POINT ( ) GIS #

NPDES (X) PRETREAT () GROUND WATER(UIC) ( )GROUND WATER (OTHER) ( )

NPDES MAJOR(MA) _X_
NPDES SIGNIFICANT MINOR or PRETREAT SIU (SI) ___
NPDES or PRETREATMENT MINOR (MI) ___

COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE YES__ NO_X
POLLUTION PREVENTION __ TREATMENT REQUIREMENT__
WATER QUALITY REQUIREMENT __ OTHER ___

OWNERSHIP CODE
Private __ Federal __ State __ Municipal (town only) _X_ Other public__

DEP STAFF ENGINEER: Stacy Pappano

PERMIT FEES

Discharge Code	DSN Number	Annual Fee
111000e	001-1	$2,557.50

FOR NPDES DISCHARGES
Drainage Basin Code: 5200 Present/Future Water Quality Standard: C/B

NATURE OF BUSINESS GENERATING DISCHARGE
Municipal Sanitary Sewage Treatment

PROCESS AND TREATMENT DESCRIPTION (by DSN)

DSN 001-1: Primary Settling, Rotating Biological Contactor Tanks, Secondary Settling, Denitrification, Anaerobic Digestion, UV Disinfection

RESOURCES USED TO DRAFT PERMIT

_X_ *Federal Effluent Limitation Guideline* *40CFR 133*
Secondary Treatment Category

_X_ *Department File Information*

_X_ *Connecticut Water Quality Standards*

BASIS FOR LIMITATIONS, STANDARDS OR CONDITIONS

_X_ *Secondary Treatment*
DSN001-1: Biochemical Oxygen Demand, Dissolved Oxygen, Total Suspended Solids, Fecal Coliform, pH

_X_ *Section 22a-430-4(r) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies*
DSN001-1: Biochemical Oxygen Demand, Total Suspended Solids, Fecal Coliform, pH

_X_ *In order to meet in-stream water quality (See General Comments)*
DSN001-1: Ammonia Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen, Total Silver (monitoring only)

_X_ *Case-by-Case Determination (See Other Comments)*
DSN001-1: Total Copper, Total Silver, Total Zinc

GENERAL COMMENTS

The need for inclusion of water quality based discharge limitations in this permit was evaluated consistent with Connecticut Water Quality Standards and criteria, pursuant to 40 CFR 122.44(d). Each parameter was evaluated for consistency with the available aquatic life criteria (acute and chronic) and human health (fish consumption only) criteria, considering the zone of influence allocated to the facility where appropriate. The statistical procedures outlined in the EPA Technical Support Document for Water Quality-based Toxics Control (EPA/505/2-90-001) were employed to calculate the need for such limits. Comparison of monitoring data and its inherent variability with the calculated water quality based limits indicates a low statistical probability of exceeding such limits, with the exception of ammonia. Therefore, water quality based limits for ammonia was included in the permit at this time.

The water quality spreadsheet calculations, utilizing ATMR and DMR monitoring data from the past five years, identified limitations for cadmium, nickel, and silver. Limitations for metals are based on the water quality limits and available dilution in the Quinnipiac River. However upon review of the data and spreadsheet analysis it was determined that limitations for these parameters would not be required for the following reasons as further discussed below.

The limitation for cadmium was caused because one data point utilized higher detection limit (reported as <3.0 mg/l) than the allowed concentration for the water body. Historically this parameter has been reported between <0.1 and <0.4 mg/l, therefore, a determination not to require effluent limitations for cadmium was made. In addition, a minimum detection level for cadmium has been specified in the permit.

The limitation for nickel was triggered by one high value (87 mg/l) that occurred in March 2002, which occurred during a seasonally high flow period and when high dilution exists. This high value was not consistent with the monitoring data reported throughout the five years of the permit issuance (average of 11.5 mg/l). The continued quarterly monitoring requirements for aquatic toxicity will be sufficient to ensure protection to the waters of the state. Therefore, it was determined not to include effluent monitoring limitations for nickel.

Detectable levels of silver have been reported throughout the history of the previous permit; however, the limitation requirement identified by the spreadsheet calculation was caused by two historic values that occurred in 2000 and 2001. In addition minimum detection levels used could not determine compliance with a proposed limit. It is recommended that monitoring for this parameter remain in the permit for two purposes; a future TMDL with waste load allocations will be developed for the Quinnipiac and the detection of silver although historically low values has demonstrated a potential for pollution. The continued monitoring at the minimum levels specified in the permit will give more accurate characterization of the wastewater generated.

OTHER COMMENTS

Although detectable levels have occurred during the previous five years for the copper and zinc parameters, the water quality spreadsheets utilizing DMR data did not identify these parameters as requiring limits. However, since loading to the Quinnipiac River is sensitive and a future TMDL and waste load allocations will be determined, monitoring for copper and zinc will continue in this permit issuance.

The timeframe for UV disinfection and associated fecal coliform monitoring has been extended an additional month from September to October to accommodate recreational use of the Quinnipiac River. This was done in response to a request from the Quinnipiac River Watershed Association, whom identified activities along and on the River in the month of October.

This permit maintains the requirement of 365 days for the calculations of the arithmetic mean for section 4 paragraphs m and l as in the previous issued permit. This determination was made for this facility in response to a report submitted by the permittee to support maintaining the requirements of 365 days in lieu of a change to 180 days. This report submitted and discussed with the Department on November 29, 2005, satisfies any requirement that would be required by these sections.

WATER QUALITY LIMIT CALCULATIONS

See attached