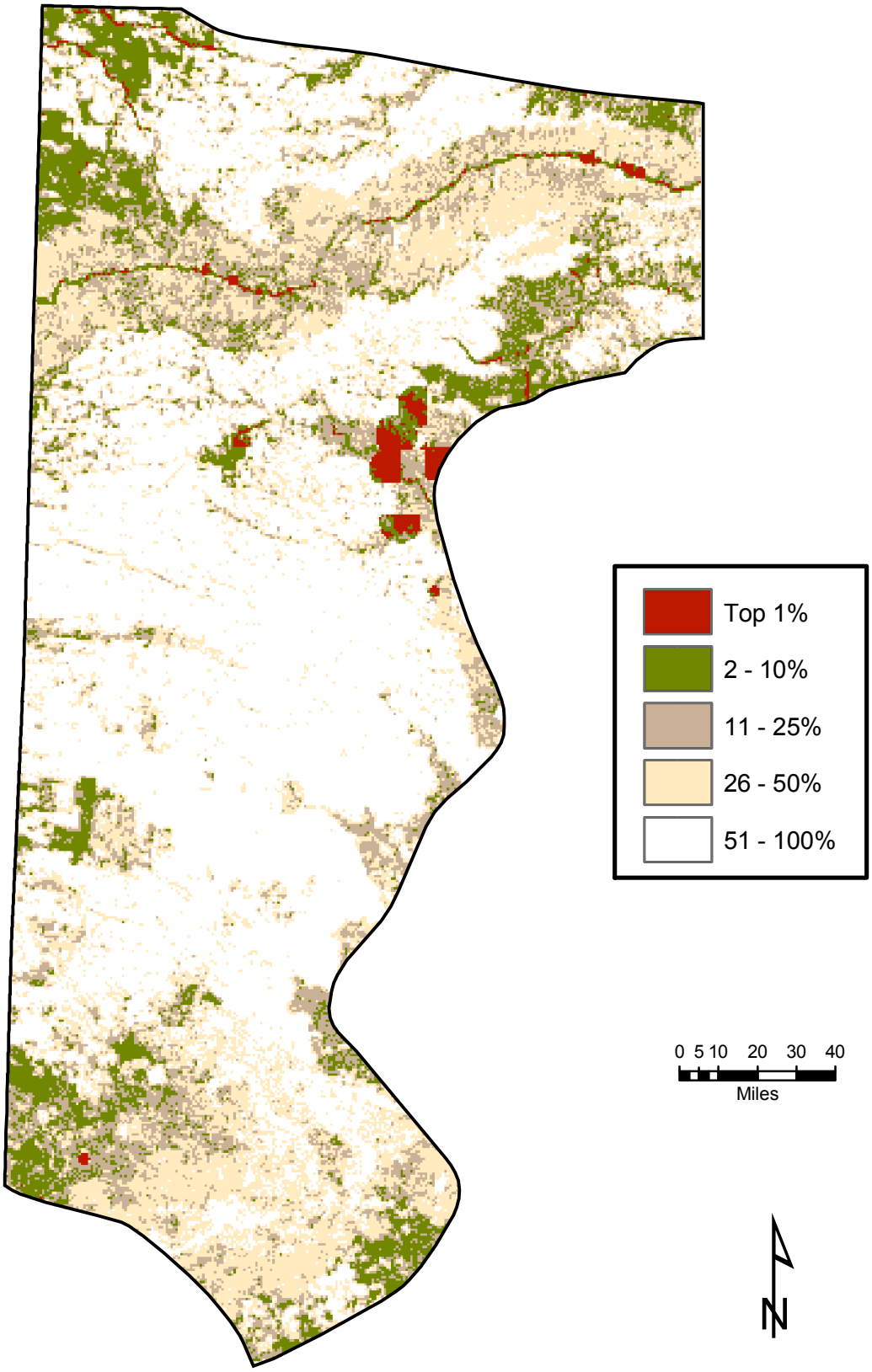

Figure 10. Texas High Plains composite map. A separate figure (Figure 8) shows the entire state. Those areas identified in red as the top 1% represent higher ecological importance, those identified in white as 51-100% represent lower ecological importance.