

Acute and chronic effects of ammonia and copper on 2-month-old juvenile mussels

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Study objective

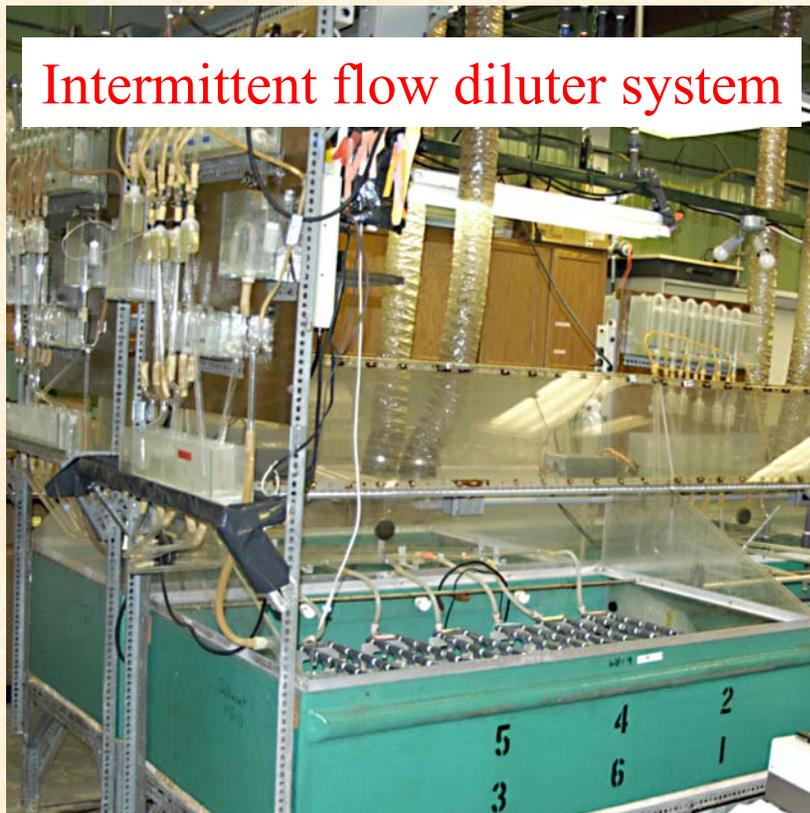
Evaluate acute and chronic toxicity of ammonia and copper to 2-month-old juvenile mussels in water-only exposure

Conditions for static tests with juvenile mussels



- Test species: Pink mucket, rainbow, fatmucket
- Test type: Static renewal
- Chemicals: Copper sulfate or ammonia chloride
- Test duration: 10 d (also check survival on Day 2 and 4)
- Temperature: $20\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Photoperiod: 16L:8D
- Test solution volume: 40 ml
- Age of organism: 2-month old
- # organisms/chamber: 5
- # replicates/concentration: 4
- Feeding: None
- Dilution water: ASTM hard (170 mg/L, pH 8.3)
- Dilution: Control and 5 concentrations
- Water quality: DO, pH, hardness, alkalinity, and conductivity
- Endpoint: Survival (foot movement)
- Acceptability: >90% survival in control

Conditions for flow-through tests with juvenile mussels



Test species: Rainbow, fatmucket, pink mucket

Test type: Flow-through

Test duration: 28 d (also check survival on Day 4, 10, or 21)

organisms/chamber: 10

replicates/concentration: 4

Temperature: $20 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$

Test solution volume: 200 ml

Feeding: Twice daily with instant algae

Dilution: Control and 5 concentrations

Water quality: DO, pH, hardness, alkalinity, conductivity, ammonia, and DOC

Endpoint: Survival (foot movement);

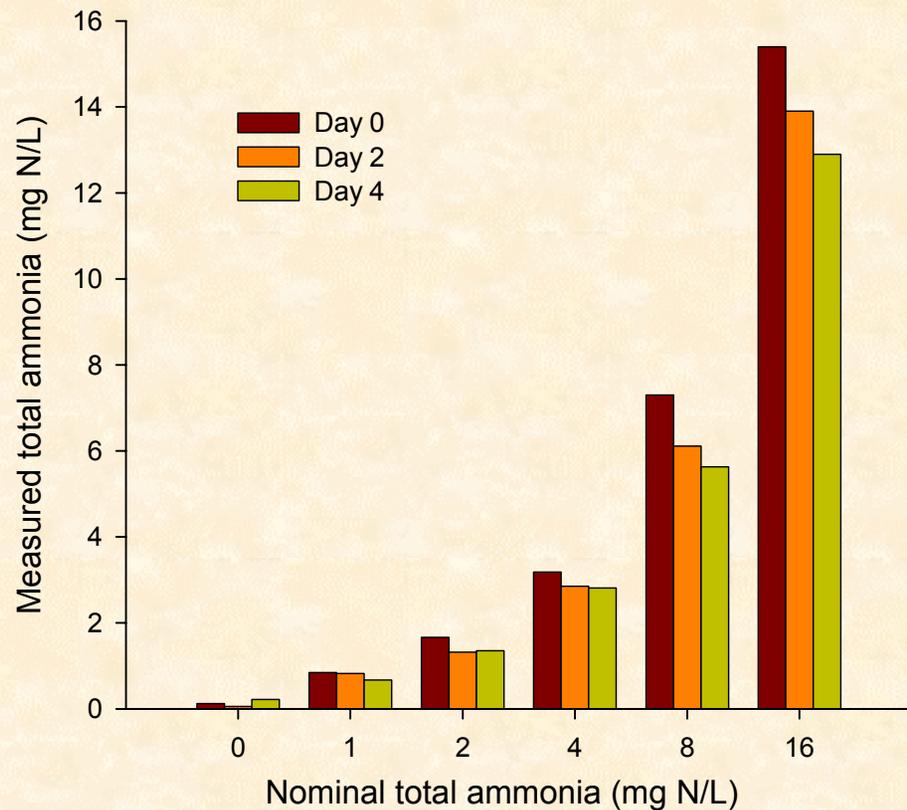
Growth (shell length)

Acceptability: $>80\%$ survival in control

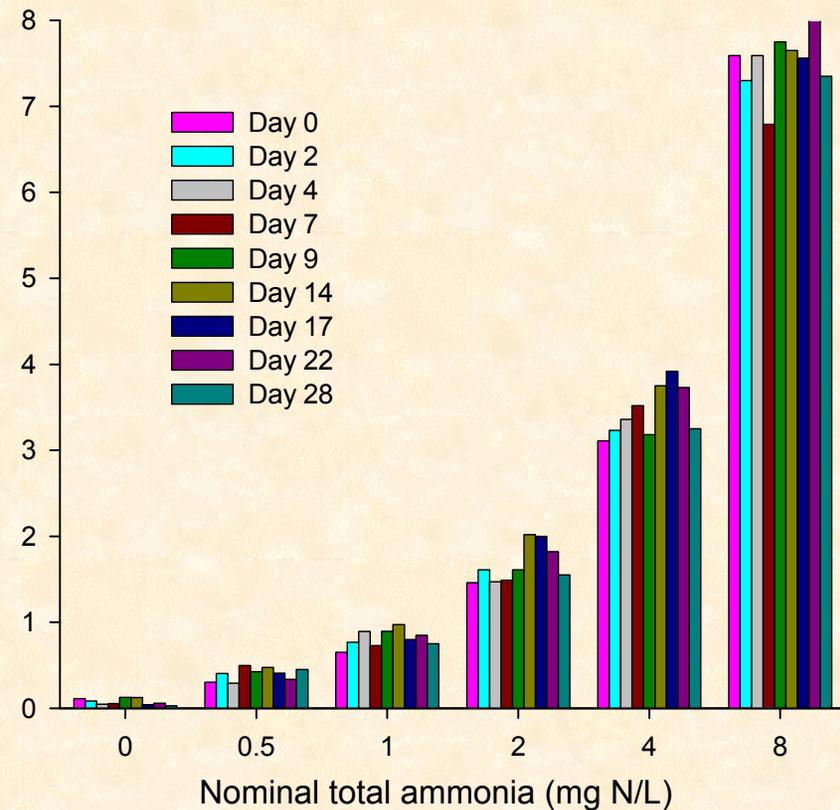


Measured total ammonia concentrations during 4- and 28-d test with juveniles of rainbow mussels

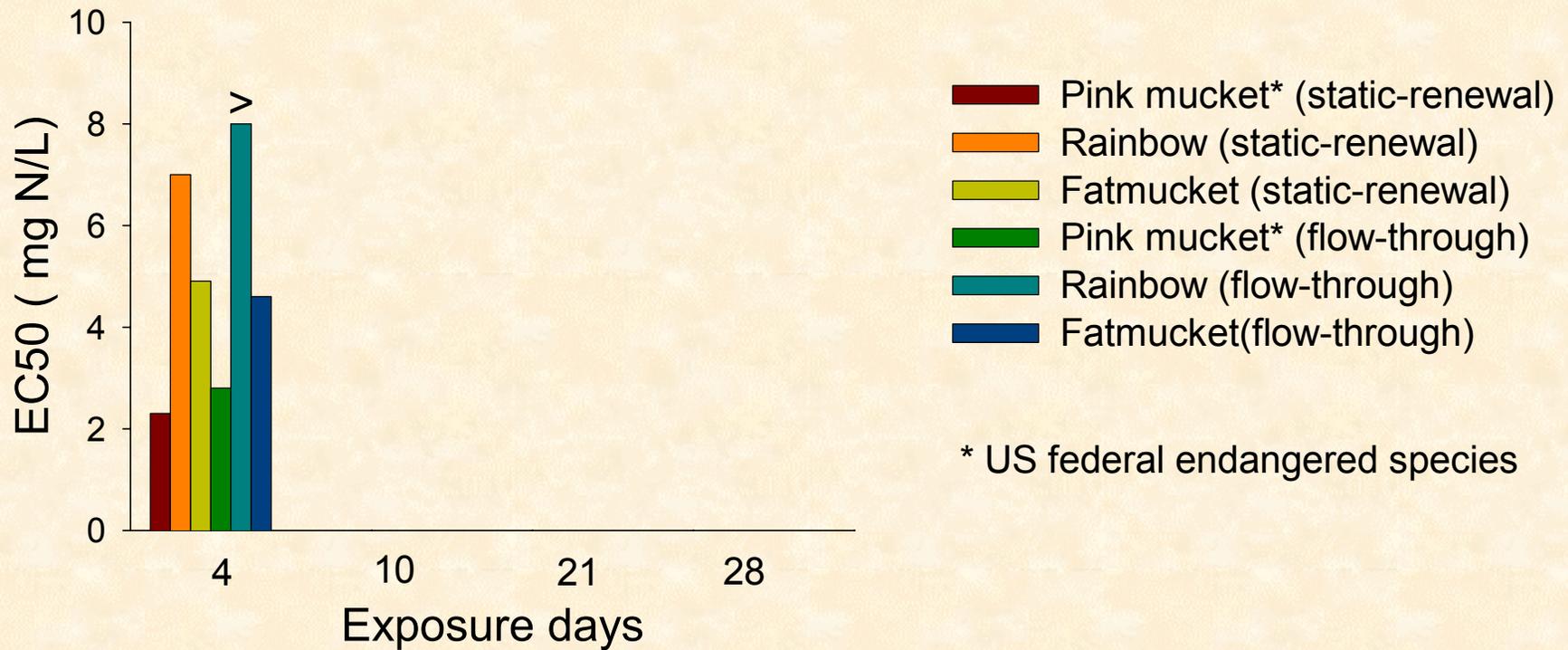
4-d static-renewal test



28-d flow-through test

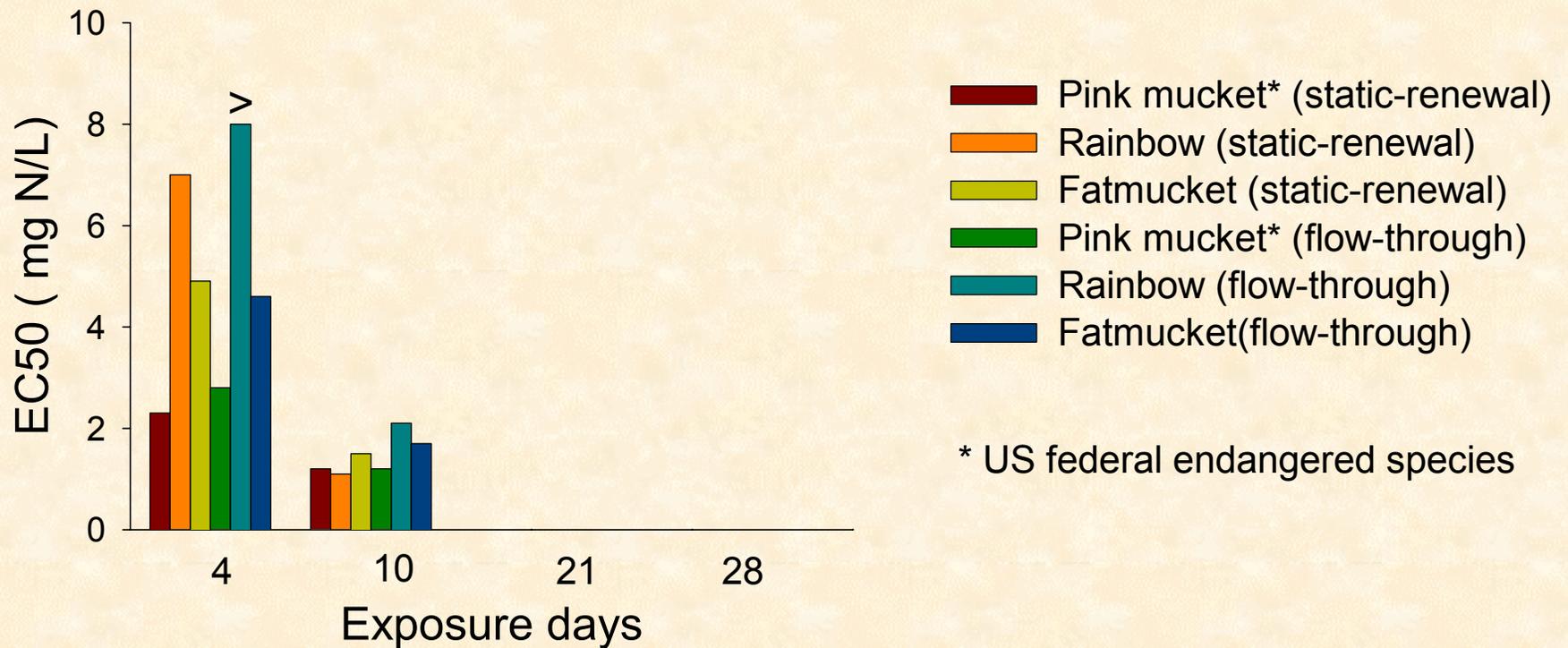


Total ammonia EC50s for survival of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



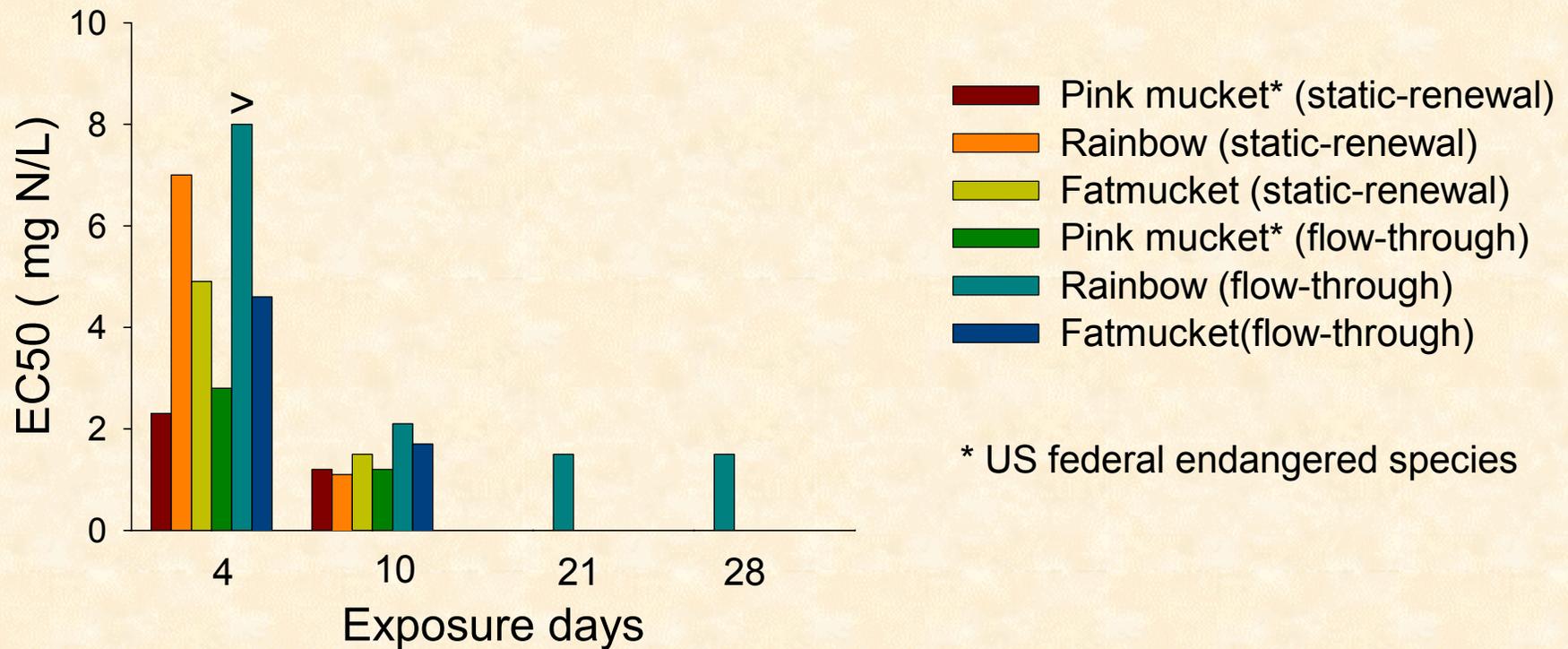
USGS 2005

Total ammonia EC50s for survival of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



USGS 2005

Total ammonia EC50s for survival of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



USGS 2005

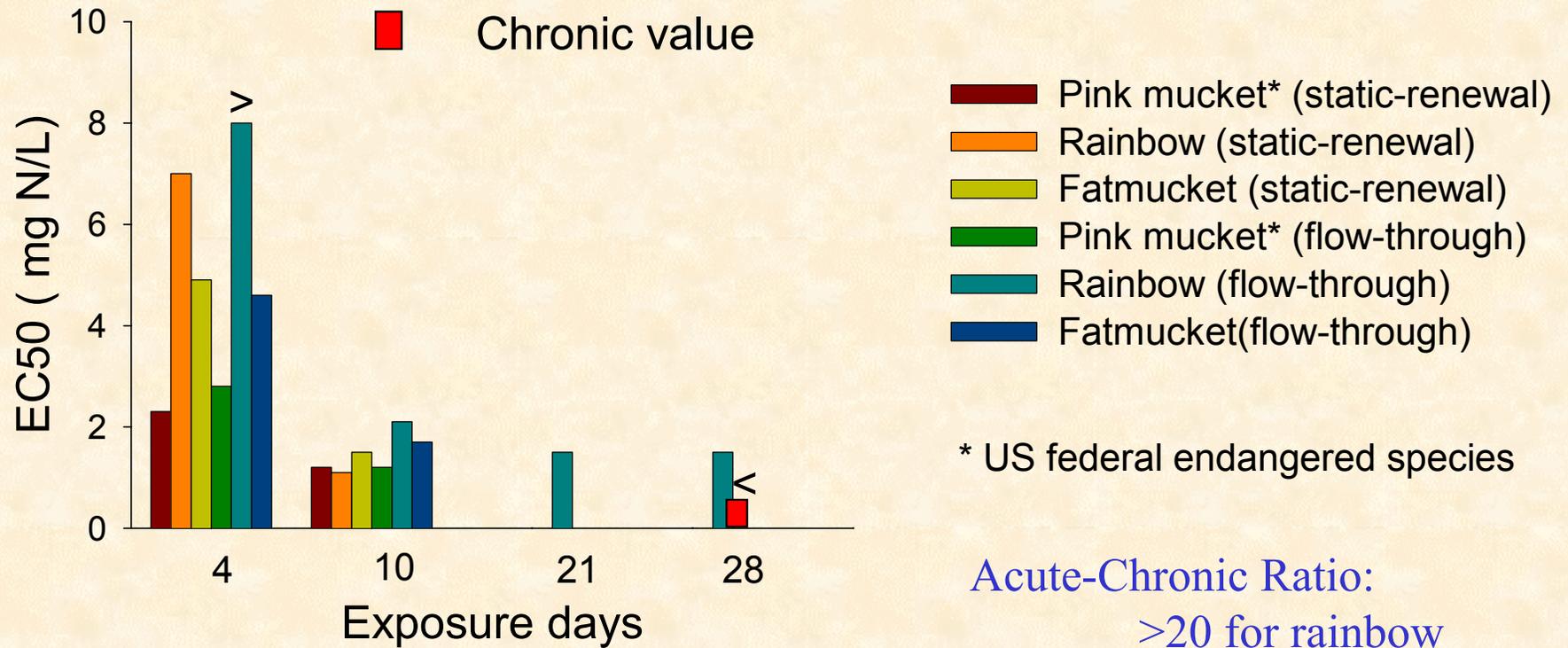
Mean (\pm SD) survival and shell length of mussels by the end of 28-d ammonia tests

Total ammonia (mg N/L)	Rainbow	
	Survival (%)	Length (mm)
Control	100 (0)	1.52 (0.11)
0.5	98 (5)	1.32 (0.05) *
1	98 (5)	1.10 (0.08) *
2	15 (24) *	
4	0 *	
8	0 *	
NOEC	1.0	<0.5
LOEC	2.0	0.5
Chronic Value	1.4	<0.5
IC10	1.1	<0.5

* significant reduction relative to controls (Dunnett's test, $p < 0.05$)

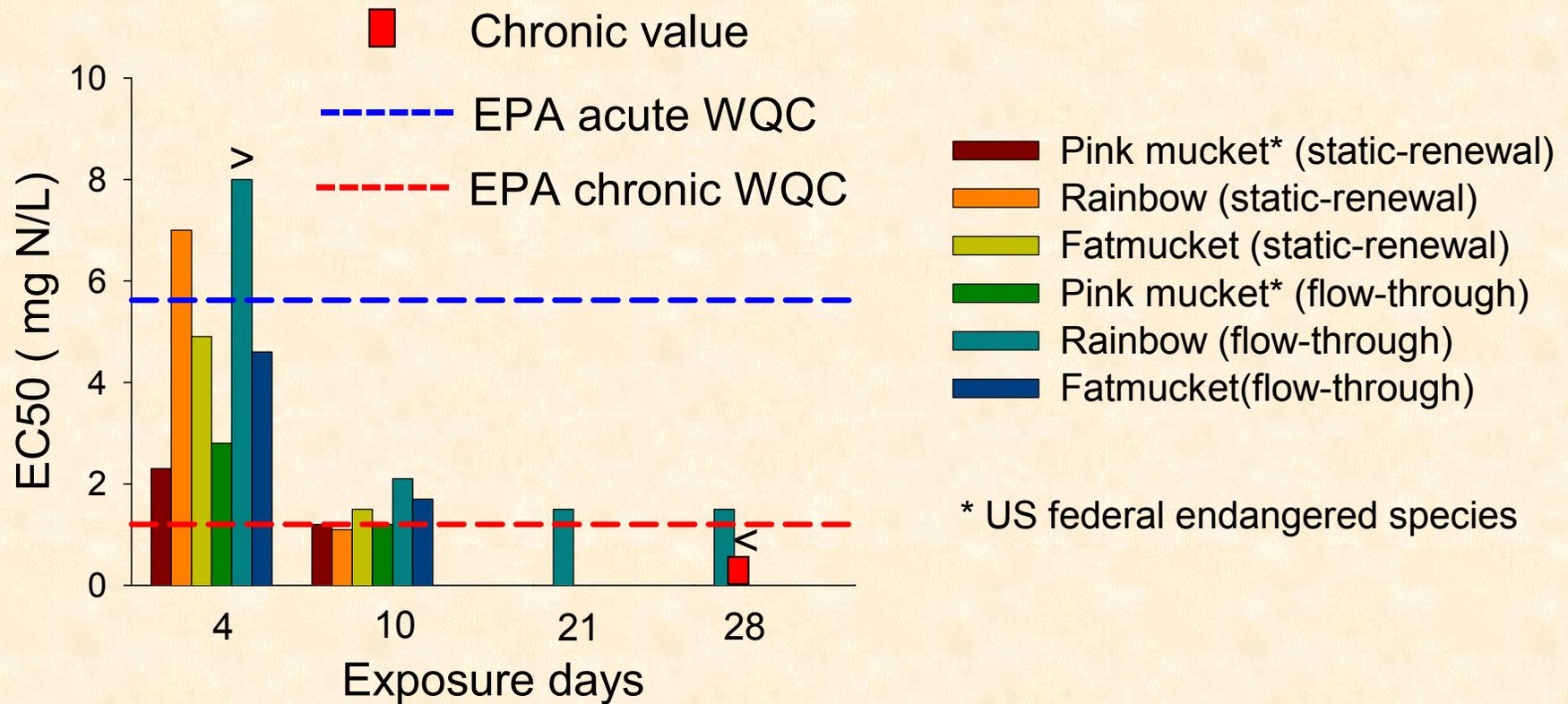
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Total ammonia EC50s for survival and chronic values for survival and growth of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



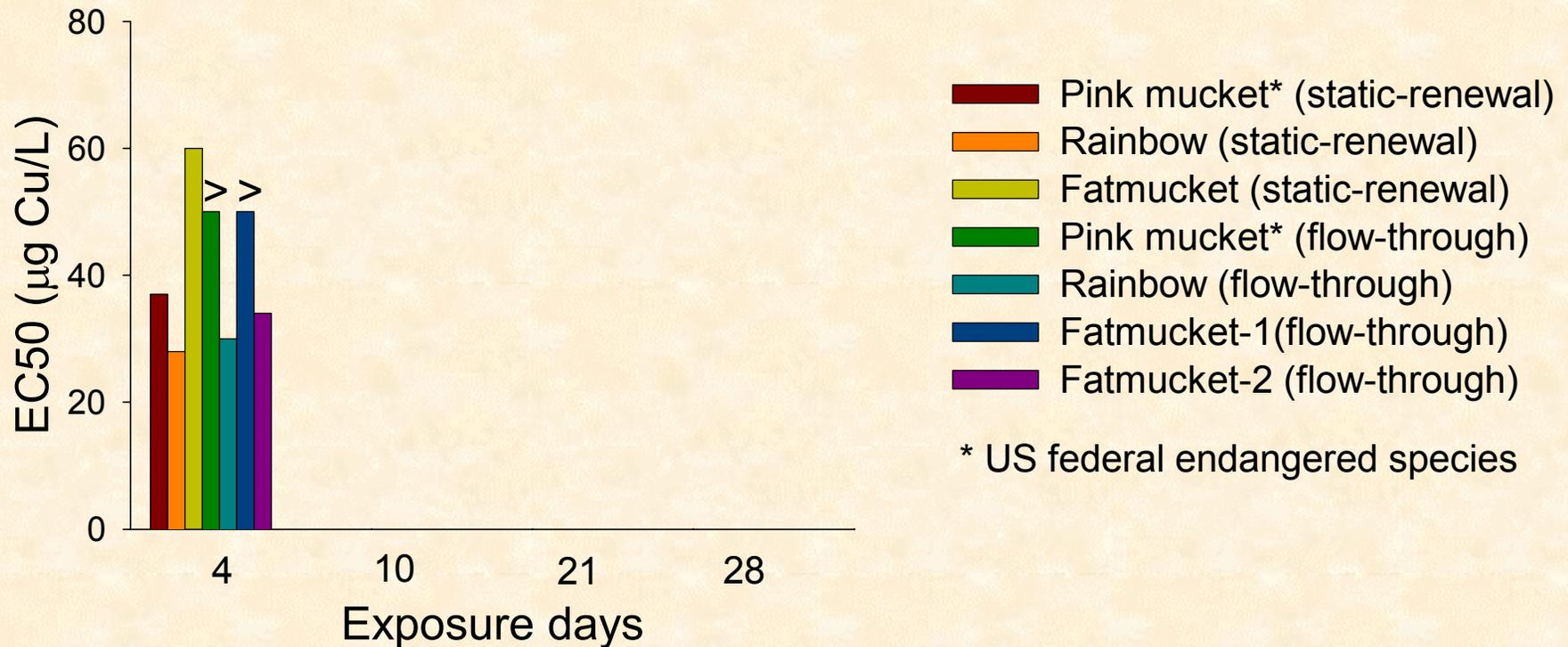
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Total ammonia EC50s and chronic values for 2-month-old juvenile mussels



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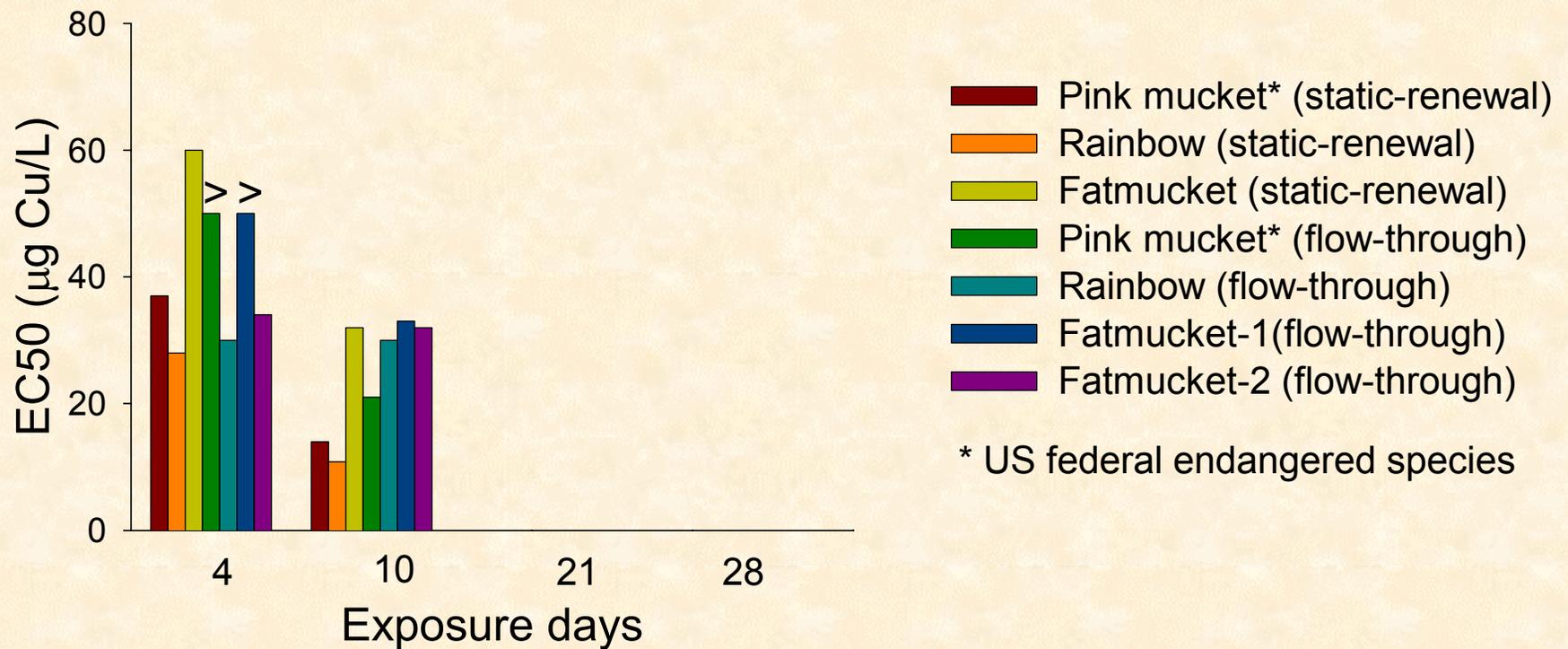
Copper EC50s for survival of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



* US federal endangered species

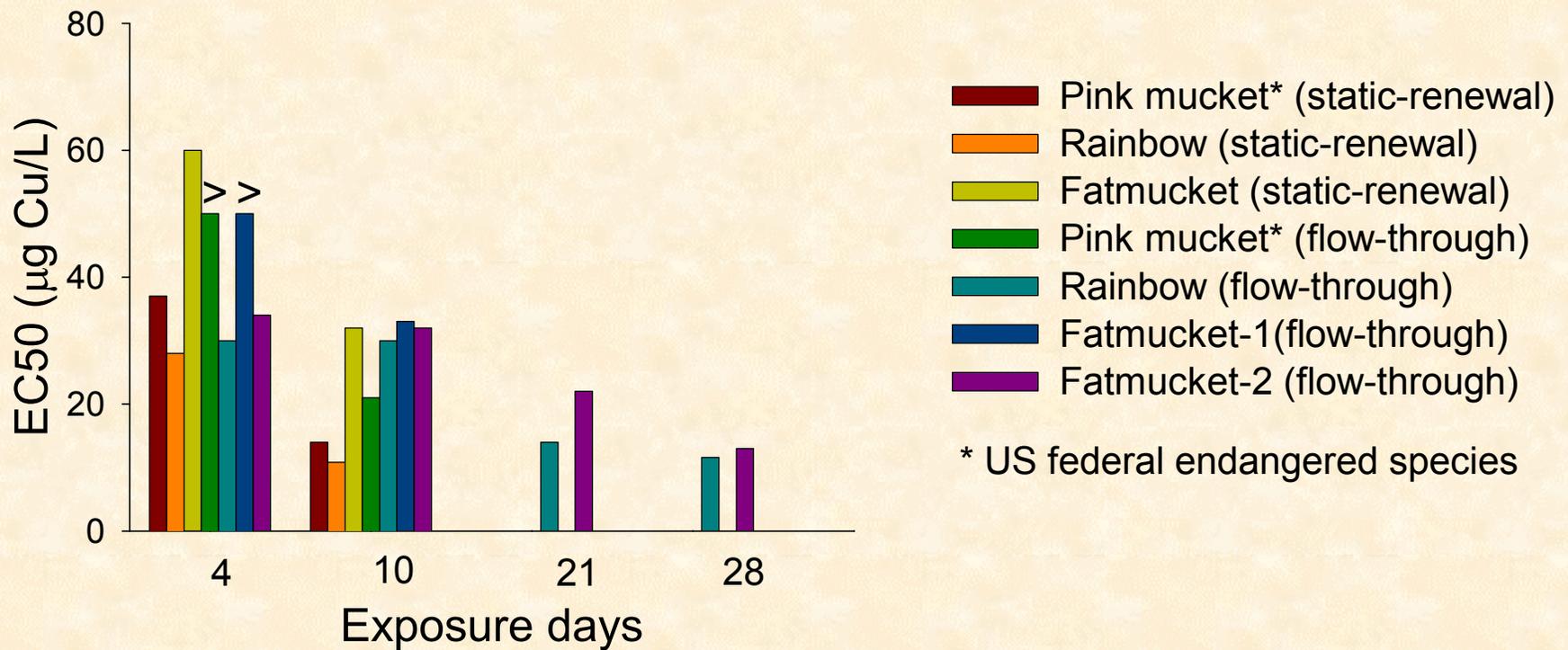
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Copper EC50s for survival of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



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Copper EC50s for survival of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



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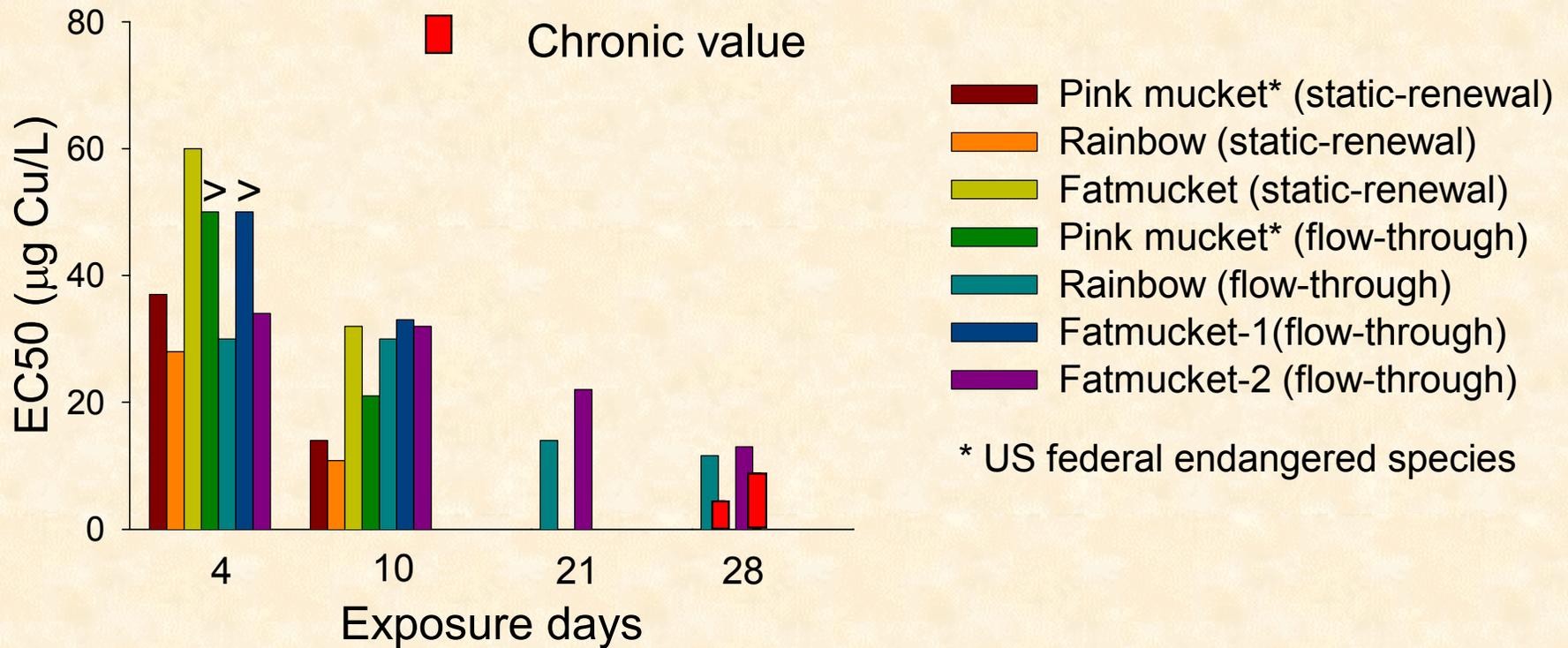
Mean (\pm SD) survival and shell length of mussels by the end of 28-d copper tests

Copper (ug/L)	Rainbow		Fatmucket	
	Survival (%)	Length (mm)	Survival (%)	Length (mm)
Control	88 (10)	1.31 (0.11)	98 (5)	1.15 (0.11)
3.125	96 (7.5)	1.34 (0.11)	80 (14)	1.30 (0.19)
6.25	68 (13)	1.13 (0.05) *	80 (12)	1.09 (0.12)
12.5	48 (29) *		58 (17) *	
25	13 (19) *		5 (10) *	
50	0 *		0 *	
NOEC	6.1	3.1	6.3	6.3
LOEC	12.5	6.3	12.5	12.5
Chronic Value	8.7	4.4	8.8	8.8
IC10	4.3	5.3	<3.125	5.9

* significant reduction relative to controls (Dunnett's test, $p < 0.05$)

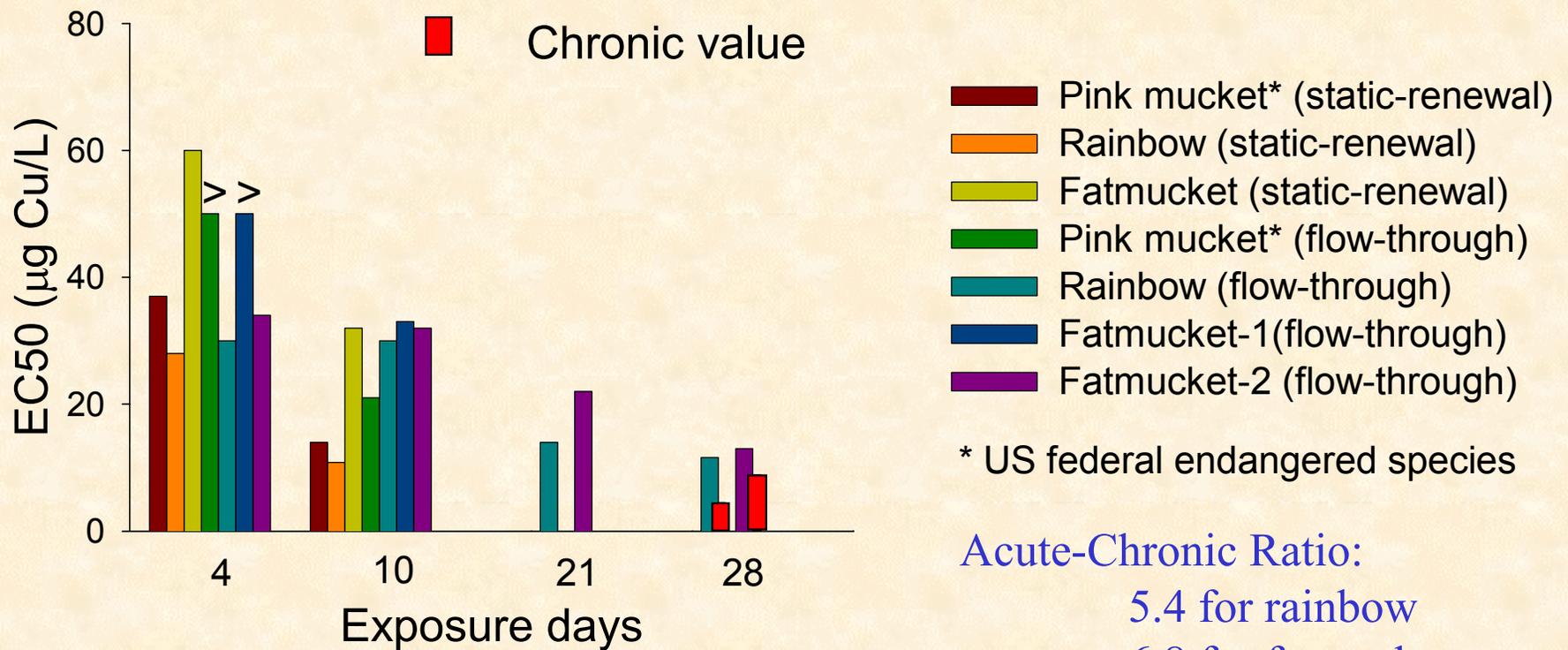
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Copper EC50s for survival and chronic values for survival and growth of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



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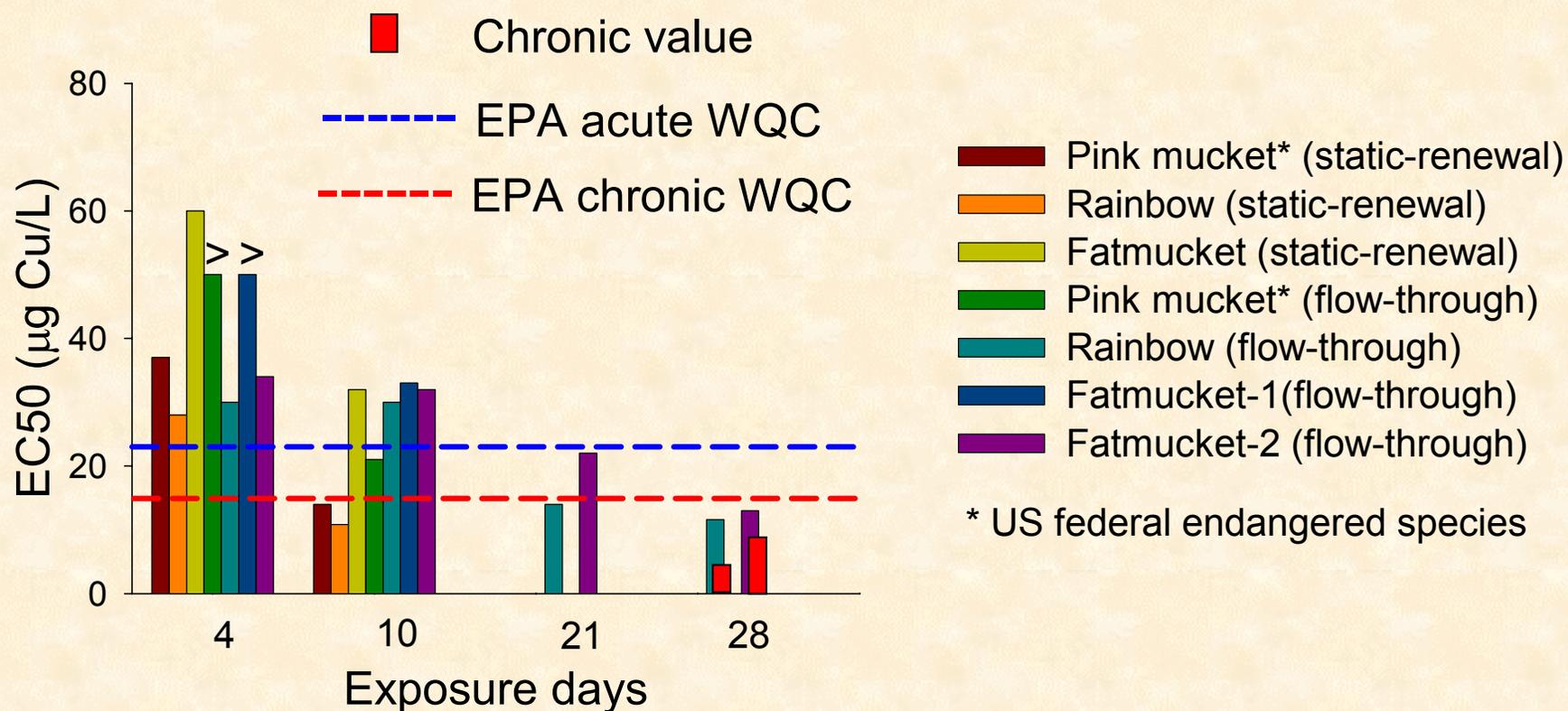
Copper EC50s for survival and chronic values for survival and growth of 2-month-old juvenile mussels



Acute-Chronic Ratio:
 5.4 for rainbow
 6.8 for fatmucket

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Copper EC50s and chronic values for 2-month-old juvenile mussels



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Conclusions

- Control survival met test acceptability requirements outlined in ASTM E2455-05
- Growth was generally more sensitive than survival in chronic tests
- Effect concentrations decreased with exposure period during the 28-d ammonia and copper tests

Conclusions (cont)

- 96-h copper EC50s were above the EPA acute WQC, whereas 96-h ammonia EC50s were at or below the WQC
- Chronic effect concentrations of copper and ammonia were below the EPA chronic WQC