

APPENDIX A: ELEMENTAL CARBON, NITROGEN, AND PHOSPHORUS
COMPOSITION OF ZOOPLANKTON AND BENTHOS

1. Elemental carbon, nitrogen, and phosphorus composition (expressed as a percentage of the organism's dry weight) of various taxa of zooplankton and benthos is presented herein. The appendix abbreviations are defined as follows:

AFDW = ash-free dry weight

N = nitrogen

\bar{X} = mean

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCE |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| PHYLUM: MOLLUSCA | | | | | | |
| Mollusca | Marine | Range and \bar{x} of 12 spp. | | 7.3-12.5; 9.9 | | Twelve references cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| Mollusca | Marine | Range and \bar{x} of 6 spp. | | | 0.6-1.1; 0.8 | Six references cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Hytilus</u> sp. | Marine | January April July October December | | 5.7 10.1 8.2 9.3 8.2 | | Delff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Crassostrea virginica</u> | Marine | | | 7.2 | | Tully (1936) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Crassostrea piasa</u> | Marine | | | 7.9 | | |
| <u>Ostrea lurida</u> | Marine | | | 7.9 | | |
| <u>Physa fontinalis</u> | Freshwater | \bar{x} of specimens including shells | 32.2 | | | Salonen and Sarvala (1978) |
| <u>Radix peregra</u> | Freshwater | | 30.5 | | | |
| <u>Fisidium unicum</u> | Freshwater | | 22.5 | | | |
| <u>Lymnaea stagnalis</u> | Freshwater | | 25.6 | | | |
| <u>Anodonta piscinalis</u> | Freshwater | | 27.5 | | | |
| <u>Sphaerium corneum</u> | Freshwater | | 23.7 | | | |
| <u>Dreissena polymorpha</u> | Freshwater | July (Early) July (Middle) July (Late) August September | 37.9 45.1 42.6 44.0 42.2 | 11.6 11.7 11.9 11.8 11.3 | | Stanczykowska and Latusz (1976) |
| PHYLUM: ANNELIDA | | | | | | |
| Class: Polychaeta | | | | | | |
| Polychaeta | Marine | Yearly range and \bar{x} | 15.9-43.9; 29.9 | 4.4-11.2; 8.9 | 0.4-1.8; 1.0 | Beers (1966) |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCE |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| <u>Centroptilium luteolum</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1) | 49.7 | 9.1 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Heptagenia fusconitsea</u> | Freshwater | | 52.2 | 8.3 | | |
| Order: Odonata | | | | | | |
| <u>Cordulia aenea</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1) | 47.4 | 8.6 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| Order: Megaloptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Stialis</u> sp. | Freshwater | N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1) | 49.2 | 8.9 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| Order: Trichoptera | | | | | | |
| Limnephilidae | Freshwater | N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1) | 46.4 | 5.6 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Agrypnia obsolata</u> | Freshwater | | 47.3 | 7.6 | | |
| <u>Stenopsychea griseipennis</u> | Freshwater | | 51.1 | 10.0 | 1.3 | |
| Class: Crustacea | | | | | | |
| Crustacea | Freshwater | Range and \bar{x} | | 3.6-12.7; 8.6 | | Seven references cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| Crustacea | Marine | Yearly range and \bar{x} | 32.9-41.7; 36.9 | 7.0-8.9; 7.8 | | Bears (1966) |
| Subclass: Malacostraca | | | | | | |
| Order: Mysidacea | | | | | | |
| Euphausiids - mysids | Marine | Yearly range and \bar{x} | 35.4-43.4; 40.7 | 9.4-10.5; 10.0 | 1.4-1.6; 1.5 | Bears (1966) |
| <u>Siriella sequiremia</u> | Marine | | 42.4 | 11.0 | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Nysis flexuosa</u> | Marine | | | 11.9 | | Dolff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Nysis relicta</u> | Marine | N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1) | 50.0 | 9.1 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Neomysis rayii</u> | Marine | | | 8.7-11.4 | | Javed (1969) |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCE |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|--------|----------------|------------|--|
| Polychaeta | Marine | Range and \bar{X} of 20 spp. | | 7.5-15.4; 11.1 | | Brand (1927) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Nereis isponicus</u> | Marine | | | | 0.4 | Yamamura (1934) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Nereis diversicolor</u> | Marine | | | 10.1 | | Delff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Arenicola marina</u> | Marine | | | 9.7 | | |
| <u>Arenicola marina</u> | Marine | | | 5.2 | | Weigelt (1891) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| Class: Hirudinea | | | | | | |
| <u>Epiobdella octoculata</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 48.3 | 9.0 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| Class: Oligochaeta | | | | | | |
| <u>Limnodrilus sp.</u> | Freshwater | | | | 0.4 | Yamamura (1934) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| PHYLUM: ARTHROPODA | | | | | | |
| Class: Insecta | | | | | | |
| Order: Diptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Chironomus plumosus</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 45.1 | 8.3 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Chaoborus flavicans</u> | Freshwater | | 47.3 | 8.8 | | |
| Order: Hemiptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Halobates sericans</u> | Marine | | 52.6 | | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Notonecta glauca</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 50.0 | 9.9 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| Order: Ephemeroptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Leptophlebia vespertina</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 49.3 | 9.5 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCE |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| <u>Centroptilium luteolum</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 49.7 | 9.1 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Hopteronia fuscescens</u> | Freshwater | | 52.2 | 8.3 | | |
| Order: Odonata | | | | | | |
| <u>Cordulia aenea</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 47.4 | 8.6 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| Order: Megaloptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Stialis sp.</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 49.2 | 8.9 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| Order: Trichoptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Limnophilidae</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 46.4 | 5.6 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Acrynthia obsoleta</u> | Freshwater | | 47.3 | 7.6 | | |
| <u>Stenopsychea griseipennis</u> | Freshwater | | 51.1 | 10.0 | 1.3 | |
| Class: Crustacea | | | | | | |
| Crustacea | Freshwater | Range and \bar{X} | | 3.6-12.7; 8.6 | | Seven references cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| Crustacea | Marine | Yearly range and \bar{X} | 32.9-41.7; 36.9 | 7.0-8.9; 7.8 | | Bears (1966) |
| Subclass: Malacostraca | | | | | | |
| Order: Mysidacea | | | | | | |
| Euphausiids - mysids | Marine | Yearly range and \bar{X} | 35.4-43.4; 40.7 | 9.4-10.5; 10.0 | 1.4-1.6; 1.5 | Bears (1966) |
| <u>Siriella secuirensis</u> | Marine | | 42.4 | 11.0 | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Mysis flumosa</u> | Marine | | | 11.9 | | Dolff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Mysis relicta</u> | Marine | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 50.0 | 9.1 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Neomysis rayii</u> | Marine | | | 8.7-11.4 | | Javed (1969) |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCES |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|-----------|------------|---|
| Order: Isopoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Asellus aquaticus</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1) | 34.3 | 6.9 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Asellus aquaticus</u> | Freshwater | | 30.4 | 7.9 | | Meyer (1914) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| Order: Amphipoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Parathemisto japonica</u> | Marine | | 48.4 | 8.2 | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Platyscelus serratus</u> | Marine | | 25.9 | 4.4 | | |
| <u>Cyphocaris challengeri</u> | Marine | | 45.9 | 6.1 | | |
| <u>Gammarus locusta</u> | Freshwater | Table 234 | 38.1 | 7.8 | | Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Gammarus locusta</u> | | | | 9.7 | | Delff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Gammarus pulex locusta</u> | Freshwater | | | 9.2 | | Geng (1925) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Gammarus pulex</u> | Freshwater | | 40.3 | 8.1 | | Meyer (1914) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Pallasea quadrispinosa</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1) | 35.4 | 6.6 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Gammaracanthus lacustris</u> | Freshwater | | 41.7 | 7.6 | | |
| <u>Gammaracanthus lacustris</u> | Freshwater | | 44.9-49.5 | | | Salonen and Sarvala (1978) |
| Order: Euphausiacea | | | | | | |
| <u>Euphausia krohnii</u> | Marine | | 35.8 | | | Curl (1962) |
| <u>Euphausia pacifica</u> | Marine | Calculated from author's regression equation of total N on dry weight | | 11.6-11.7 | | Javed (1969) |
| <u>Euphausia pacifica</u> | Marine | | 38.7 | 10.7 | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Euphausia pacifica</u> | Marine | | 39.6 | 10.1 | | |
| <u>Tessarabrachion oculatus</u> | Marine | | 47.2 | 10.0 | | |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PROSPORUS | REFERENCE |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|--------|----------|-----------|---|
| Order: Decapoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Lucifer roynaudii</u> | Marine | | 41.1 | 9.5 | | Owori (1969) |
| Subclass: Brachiopoda | | | | | | |
| Order: Cladocera | | | | | | |
| <u>Daphnia hyalina</u> | Freshwater | Eggs | 53.6 | 9.3 | 1.2 | Baudoin and Ravers (1972) |
| | | New born | 42.8 | 9.7 | 1.6 | |
| | | Young 1 | 42.7 | 9.8 | 1.5 | |
| | | Young 2 | 43.5 | 10.7 | 1.3 | |
| | | Adult 1 | 44.2 | 9.6 | 1.2 | |
| | | Adult 2 | 44.5 | 9.6 | 1.1 | |
| | | Adult 3 | 42.8 | 9.1 | 1.0 | |
| | | Adult 4 | 42.0 | 8.8 | 1.2 | |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | Freshwater | | | 10.3 | | Geng (1925) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | Freshwater | | 37.9 | 8.0 | | Meyer (1914) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | Freshwater | | | 7.5 | | Birge and Juday (1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | Freshwater | | 43.1 | 10.1 | | Vinogradov (1933) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | Freshwater | | | | 1.3 | Cougill and Burns (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | Freshwater | | | 8.0 | | Knauthe (1907) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | Freshwater | | | | 1.3-1.9 | Rigler (1961b) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | Freshwater | | | | 1.6 | Cougill and Burns (1975) |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCES |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|--------|----------|------------|---|
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | Freshwater | Calculated from Table 5 | | | 0.2 | Rigler (1961b) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | Freshwater | Juveniles | 48.0 | | | Bogatova et al. (1971) |
| | | Adults | 47.7 | | | |
| <u>Daphnia cristata</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 50.7 | 6.8 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Mysis relicta</u> | Freshwater | | | | 1.3-1.9 | Gutel'mackher (1977) |
| <u>Mysis macrocope</u> | Freshwater | Calculated assuming 1 ug organic carbon = 10.98 calories | 49.4 | | | Bogatova et al. (1971) |
| <u>Coriodaphnia reticulata</u> | Freshwater | | 48.8 | | | |
| <u>Holopedium gibberum</u> | Freshwater | | | 8.4 | | Birge and Judey (1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Leptodora kindtii</u> | Freshwater | | | 8.9 | | |
| <u>Demina</u> sp. | Freshwater | | | 10.3 | | Knauth (1907) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| Subclass: Copepoda | | | | | | |
| Copepoda | Marine | | | 9.2 | | Brandt cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| Copepoda | Marine | | | 9.2 | | Krey (1958) |
| Copepoda | Marine | | 35.6 | | | Curl (1962) |
| Copepoda | Marine | January | 43.2 | 10.1 | 0.9 | Beers (1966) |
| | | February | 43.5 | 10.6 | 0.9 | |
| | | March | 42.9 | 10.0 | 0.8 | |
| | | April | 47.6 | 10.1 | 0.8 | |
| | | May | 44.2 | 8.8 | 0.9 | |
| | | June | 41.6 | 9.5 | 0.8 | |
| | | July | 39.8 | 8.3 | 0.7 | |
| | | August | 35.8 | 8.7 | 0.7 | |
| | | September | 35.2 | 8.8 | 0.7 | |
| | | October | 39.2 | 9.0 | 0.8 | |
| | | November | 42.5 | 11.1 | 0.8 | |
| | | December | 48.1 | 11.2 | 0.9 | |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | | | PHOSPHORUS | | | REFERENCES |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|------|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|--|
| Copepoda | Marine | Coastal Copepoda | 47.0 | 12.6 | | | | | | Itoh (1973) |
| | | Oceanic males and stage IV females | 57.0 | 10.9 | | | | | | |
| | | Oceanic females | 57.0 | 7.5 | | | | | | |
| <u>Calanus finmarchicus</u> | Marine | Table 236 | 45.9 | 10.2 | | | | | | Vinogradov (1933) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Calanus finmarchicus</u> | Marine | | 47.7 | 10.1 | | | | | | Brandt and Raben (1919-1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Calanus finmarchicus</u> | Marine | | 39.8-41.7 | | | | | | | Curli (1962) |
| <u>Calanus finmarchicus</u> | Marine | | | Female Male Juv. V | | | Female Male Juv. V | | | Butler et al. (1970) |
| | | January | | 11.2 | 9.7 | 8.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.7 | |
| | | February | | 12.4 | 11.1 | | | | | |
| | | March | | 13.9 | | | 1.1 | | | |
| | | April | | 11.0 | 8.6 | | 1.2 | | 0.8 | |
| | | May | | 11.1 | | | | | 1.3 | |
| | | June | | 9.3 | 7.6 | | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | |
| | | July | | 12.9 | 10.6 | | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.1 | |
| | | August | | 10.9 | 9.5 | | 1.2 | 0.7 | | |
| | | September | | 9.0 | | | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.6 | |
| | | December | | 11.9 | | | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.6 | |
| | | Seasonal \bar{x} | | 11.4 | 9.5 | | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 | |
| <u>Calanus finmarchicus</u> | Marine | | 67.5 | 9.3 | | | 0.7 | | | |
| <u>Calanus finmarchicus</u> | Marine | | 67.2-67.5 | 8.4-10 | | | | | | Maynaud (1976) |
| <u>Calanus cristatus</u> | Marine | | 60.9 | 6.3 | | | | | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Calanus cristatus</u> | Marine | | 39.0 | 7.6 | | | | | | |
| <u>Calanus cristatus</u> | Marine | | 59.0 | 5.9 | | | | | | |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCES |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|---|
| <u>Calanus cristatus</u> | Marine | Female geographical variations (north to south) | 60.9, 60.0, 61.8, 62.6, 62.7 | 7.5, 8.2, 6.8, 7.4, 8.6 | | Omori (1970) |
| | | Male geographical variations (north to south) | 35.9, 36.0, 36.1, 32.4, 34.1 | 10.5, 10.8, 11.2, 11.5, 11.9 | | |
| | | Copepodite V geographical variations (north to south) | 58.9, 58.3, 56.8, 53.9, 50.3 | 8.3, 9.5, 10.3, 10.7, 10.6 | | |
| | | Preservation methods: | | | | |
| | | Freezing | 59.9 | 6.7 | | |
| | | Drying | 57.3 | 7.1 | | |
| | Formalin | 55.5 | 7.5 | | | |
| <u>Calanus sinicus</u> | Marine | Rinse Type | Volume | | | Omori (1978) |
| | | Salt water | 0.3 ml/mg | 59.4 | 7.0 | |
| | | Distilled water | 0.3 ml/mg | 60.8 | 7.2 | |
| | | Ammonium formate | 0.3 ml/mg | 59.5 | 7.1 | |
| | | Salt water | 3.3 ml/mg | 56.5 | 5.5 | |
| | | Distilled water | 3.3 ml/mg | 58.2 | 6.1 | |
| | | Ammonium formate | 3.3 ml/mg | 56.7 | 6.0 | |
| | | Calculated from Table 1 | | | | |
| <u>Calanus plumchrus</u> | Marine | | 61.8 | 7.0 | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Calanus pacificus</u> | Marine | | 46.1 | 11.2 | | |
| <u>Calanus pacificus</u> | Marine | | 58.4 | 7.8 | | |
| <u>Calanus lighti</u> | Marine | | 48.0 | 12.7 | | |
| <u>Neocalanus burdigi burdigi</u> | Marine | | 49.9 | 7.6 | | |
| <u>Rhinocalanus nasutus</u> | Marine | | 52.2 | 9.9 | | |
| <u>Limnocalanus</u> sp. | Freshwater | | | 7.2 | | Birge and Juday (1922) cited by Vinogradov (1933) |
| <u>Limnocalanus macrurus</u> | Freshwater | N values converted from % APDW (Table 1) | 62.1 | 6.0 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Paruchaeta norvegica</u> | Marine | Eggs | 63.6 | 5.8 | | Nemoto et al. (1976) |
| | | Pre-spawning females | 53.0 | 10.3 | | |
| | | Spent females | 50.6 | 10.0 | | |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCES |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------------------|
| <u>Pareuchaeta birostrata</u> | Marine | | 58.4 | 7.0 | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Pareuchaeta sarsi</u> | Marine | | 66.6 | 5.1 | | |
| <u>Pleuromma niphiu</u> | Marine | | 47.5 | 13.1 | | |
| <u>Pleuromma niphiu</u> | Marine | Rinse Type | | | | Omori (1978) |
| | | Volume | | | | |
| | | Salt water 0.24 ml/mg | 39.9 | 12.6 | | |
| | | Distilled water 0.24 ml/mg | 40.6 | 12.7 | | |
| | | Ammonium formate 0.24 ml/mg | 41.7 | 12.9 | | |
| | | Calculated from Table 1 | | | | |
| <u>Centropages sp.</u> | Marine | | 38.5-38.7 | | | Curl (1962) |
| <u>Centropages hamatus</u> | Marine | | 36.3 | | | |
| <u>Centropages typicus</u> | Marine | \bar{x} of 5 ages; Spring | 37.2 | 9.1 | | Razouls (1977) |
| | | Summer | 42.3 | 9.3 | | |
| <u>Centropages typicus</u> | Marine | Male | 28.0 | 7.1 | | Boucher et al. (1976) |
| | | Female | 26.3 | 6.3 | | |
| <u>Lophogaster sp.</u> | Marine | | 46.8 | | | Curl (1962) |
| <u>Temora stylifera</u> | Marine | Fall | 50.3 | | | Razouls (1977) |
| | | Winter | 31.4 | | | |
| | | Copepodids II | 42.3 | | | |
| | | III | 39.3 | | | |
| | | IV | 35.1 | | | |
| | | V | 40.7 | | | |
| <u>Temora stylifera</u> | Marine | Male | 28.7 | 6.4 | | Boucher et al. (1976) |
| | | Female | 28.2 | 6.1 | | |
| <u>Megamycetiphanes norvegicus</u> | Marine | | 42.0 | | | Curl (1962) |
| <u>Nutrida okhotskensis</u> | Marine | | 63.5 | 5.8 | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Disseta palumbi</u> | Marine | | 51.0 | 10.7 | | |
| <u>Candacia setipica</u> | Marine | | 46.6 | 12.6 | | |

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| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCE |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------|--------------|--------------|---|
| <u>Condeelis columbica</u> | Marine | | 46.6 | 11.2 | | Omori (1969) |
| <u>Pontellina plumata</u> | Marine | | 44.3 | 12.2 | | |
| <u>Lebidocera actifrons</u> | Marine | | 45.8 | 12.9 | | |
| <u>Lebidocera acuta</u> | Marine | | | | 0.1 | Krishnamurthy (1962) |
| <u>Sapphirina nigromaculata</u> | Marine | | | | 0.1 | |
| <u>Anomalocera patersoni</u> | Marine | | | 11.6 | | Delff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Anomalocera patersoni</u> | Marine | | 43.0 | 10.6 | | Bramdt and Raben (1919-1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Calanocia lucasi</u> | Freshwater | Seasonal range and \bar{X} N value = protein/7.3 | 30.5-56.4; 43.6 | 6.5 | | Green (1976) |
| <u>Eudiaptomus gracilis</u> | Freshwater | N value calculated from % AFDW (Table 1) | 49.8 | 9.6 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| <u>Eudiaptomus gracilis</u> | Freshwater | | | | 2.3 | Cowgill and Burns (1975) |
| <u>Diptomus</u> sp. | Freshwater | | | 10.4 | | Birge and Juday (1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953) |
| <u>Cyclops</u> sp. | Freshwater | | | 9.6 | | |
| <u>Macrocyclus albidus</u> | Freshwater | N value calculated from % AFDW (Table 1) | 48.2 | 9.7 | | Salonen et al. (1976) |
| PHYLUM: ROTATORIA | | | | | | |
| <u>Branchionus calyciflorus</u> | Freshwater | Calculated assuming 1 mg organic carbon = 10.98 calories | 52.5 | | | Bogotova et al. (1971) |
| PHYLUM: CHAETOGNATHA | | | | | | |
| <u>Chaetognaths</u> | Marine | Yearly range and \bar{X} | 21.0-34.3; 28.3 | 6.3-9.4; 7.8 | 0.5-0.7; 0.6 | Bears (1966) |

APPENDIX A (Continued)

| TAXON | MARINE OR FRESHWATER | COMMENTS | CARBON | NITROGEN | PHOSPHORUS | REFERENCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|----------------------|--|---|------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------|--|--|--|--------------|
| <u>Sagitta elegans</u> | | | 38.2 40.7 42.7 | 10.9 12.8 14.0 | | Maysaud (1976) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Sagitta elegans</u> <u>Sagitta hispida</u> | Marine Marine | April May June September October X | 39.0 | 15.1 11.7 13.8-15.3 14.0 15.0-15.5 13.5 14.1 | 0.8 | Reeve et al. (1970) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Sagitta nages</u> | Marine | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Rinse Type</th> <th>Volume</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Salt water</td> <td>0.14 ml/mg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Distilled water</td> <td>0.14 ml/mg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ammonium formate</td> <td>0.14 ml/mg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Salt water</td> <td>1.35 ml/mg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Distilled water</td> <td>1.35 ml/mg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ammonium formate</td> <td>1.35 ml/mg</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Data calculated from Table 1 | Rinse Type | Volume | Salt water | 0.14 ml/mg | Distilled water | 0.14 ml/mg | Ammonium formate | 0.14 ml/mg | Salt water | 1.35 ml/mg | Distilled water | 1.35 ml/mg | Ammonium formate | 1.35 ml/mg | 39.9 41.0 41.3 43.4 46.5 43.8 | 12.2 12.6 13.0 11.4 11.6 11.5 | | Omori (1978) |
| Rinse Type | Volume | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salt water | 0.14 ml/mg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Distilled water | 0.14 ml/mg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ammonium formate | 0.14 ml/mg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salt water | 1.35 ml/mg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Distilled water | 1.35 ml/mg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ammonium formate | 1.35 ml/mg | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Zooplankton | Marine | Many medusae and ctenophora present Range and X | 6-30; 14.3 | | | Platt et al. (1969) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Zooplankton | Marine | Few medusae and other watery forms present | 33.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Zooplankton | Marine | January January April April July November X | | 10.8 10.0 9.3 8.4 9.8 5.6 8.9 | 1.0 0.9 0.7 0.7 1.1 0.6 0.8 | Heris and Riley (1956) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

**APPENDIX B: FILTERING RATES REPORTED FOR FRESHWATER
ZOOPLANKTERS**

1. Literature data are presented on the filtering rates of freshwater filter-feeding zooplankton herein. Columnar headings of the appendix are described as follows.

TAXON. The arrangement is by family then by species. Within a family, entries are in alphabetical order with general results listed at the end of the appropriate taxon. Some taxonomic corrections have been made to the original data.

LENGTH AND WEIGHT. Organism length in millimetres (mm) and weight in milligrams (mg) are presented, if known. Weights are expressed as either dry weight (mg dry) or as wet weight (mg wet). In some cases estimates of these values were made.

LIFE STAGE. The developmental stage of the organism is presented. For Copepods, development proceeds from nauplius to copepodie to adult stages.

TEST LOCALITY. Laboratory studies are indicated by "Lab." Field studies give the field locality by water body and state abbreviation if it is in the U. S., otherwise by water body and country.

TEST METHOD. The basic experimental method used to determine filtering or feeding rates is listed.

TEMPERATURE. The experimental temperature in degrees Celsius is given.

TYPE OF FOOD. The food type used during the experiments is given. Field studies using the entire available food spectrum are designated "natural assemblage."

RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED. Values are presented as cells per millilitre (cells/ml) unless otherwise indicated. Field studies in which the food concentration was not actually measured have been designated as "in situ." Many values were approximated from figures presented by the author.

RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES. All values are expressed as millilitres per animal per day (ml/animal/day). We have converted values presented in other time frames to a daily basis. Many values were approximated from figures presented by the author. Mean filtering values are also indicated when known.

REFERENCE. The sources of the data are presented.

2. In addition to the definitions described above, the following abbreviations and symbols with their definitions have been used in the appendix.

- a. The following abbreviations have been used to describe Life Stage:

A = Adult
AS = All sizes
AF = Adult female
F = Female, age not stated
AM = Adult male
M = Male, age not stated
CI-CVI = Copepodid stages I through VI

- b. The following abbreviations have been used to describe the Test Method used:

32P = Radioactive tracer technique using phosphorus 32
14C = Radioactive tracer technique using carbon 14
CC = Cell count
CCC = Coulter counter
PL = Phytoplankton loss
OD = Oxygen depletion

- c. The following abbreviations have been used to describe Temperature:

RT = Room temperature
AB = Ambient temperature
V = Variable temperature

- d. Other abbreviations used include:

? = Unknown
 \bar{X} = Mean value
Ca. = Approximately
avg. max. = Average maximum value
C = Carbon
 μ = Micron = 10^{-6} metres
 μ^3 = Cubic microns
< = Less than
> = Greater than
NA = No significant filtering occurred

3. Appendix footnotes a through n are described below:

- a. Filaments of Anabaena supp., Aphanizomenon flos-aquae, and Oscillatoria tenuis and/or Gleatilia sp.
- b. Based on Ivanova (1970).
- c. Based on Monakov and Sorokin (1960).
- d. Ivanova (1970) says the temperature was 20°C, Monakov (1972) says it was 15°C.
- e. Includes Diaptomus graciloides.
- f. Includes Diaptomus gracilis.

- g. Ivanova (1970).
- h. It was assumed that the experiments were conducted at the same temperature that the algal cultures were incubated, but this is not stated by the authors.
- i. Includes Diaptomus oregonensis.
- j. Includes Diaptomus
- k. Based on a summary of data from other authors.
- l. Daphnia cucullata and Daphnia hyalina.
- m. This entry may be based on the same data from Erman (1956) and reported by Pilarska (1977a) under the name B. uriceolaris although the measured filtering rates are slightly different.
- n. Kryutchkova and Rybak (1974) say the food was Scenedesmus sp. at a concentration of 13.6×10^3 cells/ml.

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or Weight (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCES |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|--|---|--|
| ORDER: CLADOCERA | | | | | | | | | |
| Family: Sidaidae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u> | 0.0053 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u> | 6×10^{-5} mg dry wt/ml | 10 | Sushchenya (1958a,b) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u> | ? | ? | L. Erken, Sweden | ? | ? | Nanoplankton | In situ | 1 | Nauwerck (1959) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u> | ? | A | Lab | ? | ? | ? | ? | 15.6 | Beljackaja-Potaenko (1964) as reported by Gliwicz (1970) |
| <u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u> | 0.9-1.4 mm | AS | Heart L., Canada | ³² P | AB | Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer | In situ | 0-5.7 (\bar{X} =1.6) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u> | ? | AS | Drowned Bog L., Canada | ³² P | AB | Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer | In situ | 0.98-1.4 (\bar{X} =1.2) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u> | ? | ? | Lab | ¹⁴ C | V | Nanoplankton 33 | Variable | ca. 0.45-2.73 (\bar{X} =1.33) | Gulati (1978) |
| Family: Holopedidae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Holopedium gibberum</u> | ? | AS | Drowned Bog L., Canada | ³² P | AB | Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer | In situ | 7.5-12.4 (\bar{X} =9.4) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Holopedium gibberum</u> | 1.00 mm 0.074 mg wet | ? | Lab | ¹⁴ C | 17.9-21.1 | Natural assemblage from L. Krivoje, USSR | Natural concentration | 6.33-22.87 | Gutel'mackher (1973) |
| Family: Chydoridae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Chydorus sphaericus</u> | ? | A | Lab | ? | ? | ? | ? | 9.8 | Beljackaja-Potaenko (1964) as reported by Gliwicz (1970) |
| <u>Chydorus sphaericus</u> | 0.1-0.2 | AS | Heart L., Canada | ³² P | AB | Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer | In situ | 0.03-0.42 (\bar{X} =0.18) | Haney (1973) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCES |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|---|---|
| Family: Bosminidae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Bosmina longirostris</u> | 0.002 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u> | 1.5×10^{-4} mg dry wt/ml | 2.6 | Sushchenya (1958a,b) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Bosmina longirostris</u> | 0.44 mm 0.013 mg wet | ? | Lab | 14C | 17.9-21.1 | Natural assemblage from L. Krivoye, USSR | Natural concentration | 1.61-4.93 | Gutel'mackher (1973) |
| <u>Bosmina longirostris</u> | 0.4-0.6 mm | AS | Heart L., Canada | 32p | AB | Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer | In situ | 0.009-0.9(\bar{X} =0.44) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Bosmina longirostris</u> | ? | AS | Drowned Bog L., Canada | 32p | AB | Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer | In situ | 0.45-0.46(\bar{X} =0.46) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Bosmina longirostris</u> | ? | ? | Lab | 14C | V | Nanoplankton 33 | Variable | ca. 0.3-7.2(\bar{X} =2.0) | Gulati (1978) |
| <u>Bosmina longirostris</u> | 0.4 mm | A | Lab | 32p | RT | Natural assemblage ^a <u>Lyngbya</u> sp, mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. | ? | 0.6-1.0(\bar{X} =0.8) 0.4 | Webster and Peters (1978) |
| <u>Bosmina coregoni</u> | 0.01 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | Bacteria | 2×10^{-4} mg dry wt/ml | 10 | Manuilova (1958) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Bosmina coregoni</u> | ? | ? | L. Erken, Sweden | ? | ? | Nanoplankton | In situ | 1 | Nauwerck (1959) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Bosmina coregoni</u> | ? | A | Lab | ? | ? | ? | ? | 40.1 | Beljackaja-Potsenko (1964) as reported by Gliwicz (1970) |
| Family: Daphnidae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Simocephalus vetulus</u> | 0.09 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u> | 5×10^{-5} mg dry wt/ml | 133 | Sushchenya (1958a,b) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Simocephalus vetulus</u> | 0.012 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | Bacteria | 2×10^{-4} mg dry wt/ml | 26 | Manuilova (1958) as reported Jorgensen (1966) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCES |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------|---------------|--|---|---|---|
| <u>Simocephalus vetulus</u> | 0.7-2.5 mm 0.007-0.127 mg dry | ? | Lab | ? | 22 | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. | 1.8×10^6 - 4.5×10^6 | 0.13-18.0 | Ivanova and Klekowski (1972) |
| <u>Simocephalus vetulus</u> | 1.8 mm | A | Lab | 32P | RT | Natural assemblage ^a <u>Lyngbya</u> sp. mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. | Variable | 21-48(\bar{X} =33) 3.9 | Webster and Peters (1978) |
| <u>Ceriodaphnia pulchella</u> | ? | ? | Lab | 14C | V | Nanoplankton 33 | Variable | ca. 0.6-3.0 (\bar{X} =1.82) | Gulati (1978) |
| <u>Ceriodaphnia quadrangula</u> | 0.7-0.9 mm | AS | Heart L., Canada | 32P | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 0.4-7.7(\bar{X} =4.6) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Ceriodaphnia quadrangula</u> | 0.7 mm | A | Lab | 32P | RT | Natural assemblage ^a <u>Lyngbya</u> sp. mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. | Variable | 4.8(\bar{X} =5.7) 1.1 | Webster and Peters (1978) |
| <u>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</u> | 0.8 mm | ? | Pond water taken to lab, Michigan | 14C | 25 | Natural assemblage | 1.4×10^3 - 5.9×10^5 particles/ml | 0.38-5.95 | O'Brien and DeNoyelles (1974) |
| <u>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</u> | 0.00003 mg | ? | Lab | 14C | 15-27 | <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> | 1.0×10^5 | 0.79-2.06 | Coppen (1976) |
| <u>Daphnia ambigua</u> | 1.2 mm | A | Lab | 32P | RT | Natural assemblage ^a <u>Lyngbya</u> sp. mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. | Variable | 4-13(\bar{X} =8.2) 7.7 | Webster and Peters (1978) |
| <u>Daphnia carinata</u> | 0.070 mg dry | A | Lab | CC | 27 | <u>Escherichia coli</u> and <u>Flavobacterium</u> sp. | 2.6×10^4 - 3.1×10^8 | 6.2-21.6 | Tezuka (1971) |
| <u>Daphnia cucullata</u> | 0.0055 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | Bacteria | 2×10^{-4} mg dry wt/ml | 14 | Manuilova (1958) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Daphnia cucullata</u> | ? | A | Lab | ? | ? | ? | ? | 43 | Beljacksja-Potaenko (1964) as reported by Gilwicz (1970) |
| <u>Daphnia galeata mendotae</u> | 1.30-1.53 mm | ? | Heart L., Canada water taken to lab | 32P | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 3.7 | Burns and Rigler (1967) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCES |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| <u>Daphnia galeata mendotae</u> | ca. 0.8-2.2 mm ca. 0.006-0.095 mg dry | AS | Lab | ³² P | 15-25 | <u>Rhodotorula glutinus</u> | 2.5×10^4 | ca. 2.3-45.4 | Burns (1969b) |
| <u>Daphnia galeata</u> | 1.5-1.7 mm | AS | Heart L., Canada | ³² P | AS | Natural assemblage | In situ | 1.9-20.8 ($\bar{X}=6.4$) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Daphnia galeata</u> | 0.91-1.29 mm | ? | L. George, NY water taken to lab | ¹⁴ C | 19-24 | Natural assemblage | In situ | 2.6-11.0 | Bogdan and McNaught (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia galeata</u> | 1.4 mm | AS | Wintergreen L., MI | ³² P | AS | Natural assemblage | In situ | 0.8-5.4 | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia galeata</u> | 1.1-2.1 mm | AS | Lawrence L., MI | ³² P | AS | Natural assemblage | In situ | 6.2-20.3 | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia galeata</u> | ? | AS | Little Mill L., MI | ³² P | AS | Natural assemblage | In situ | 2.5-16.2 | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia galeata</u> | 1.3-1.7 mm | A | Three Lakes, MI | ³² P | AS | Natural assemblage | In situ | 47 avg. max. | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia longispina</u> | 0.0083 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | Bacteria | 2×10^{-4} mg dry wt/ml | 23 | Manuilova (1958) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Daphnia longispina hyalina</u> | ? | ? | L. Erken, Sweden water taken to lab | ¹⁴ C | ? | Nanoplankton | In situ | 0.5-4.6 ($\bar{X}=2.3$) | Nauerck (1963) as reported by Burns and Rigler (1967) |
| <u>Daphnia longispina</u> | 0.12 mg wet ^b | ? | Lab ^c | ¹⁴ C ^c | 15 ^d | <u>Chlorococcum</u> sp. Bacteria | 5.5×10^3 - 92×10^3 2.4×10^6 - 79×10^6 | 2.9-17.2 0.2-5.4 | Monakov and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Monakov (1972) |
| <u>Daphnia longispina</u> | 0.0116 mg dry | ? | ? | ¹⁴ C | ? | ? | 2.2×10^{-3} mg dry wt/ml | 4.8 | Shushkina and Peceni' (1964) as reported by Ivanova (1970) |
| <u>Daphnia longispina</u> | 0.011 mg dry | A | Lab | CC | 20 | Mixed bacteria | 3.3×10^4 - 4.4×10^4 | 1.7-19 | Tezuka (1971) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u> | 7×10^{-2} mg dry wt/ml | 8 | Lefevre (1942) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCES |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|---|---|
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | 2.5-2.9 mm 0.095-0.135 mg dry | AF | Lab | CC | 18-20 | <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> <u>Navicula pelliculosa</u> <u>Scenedesmus quadricauda</u> | 5x10 ⁴ -6x10 ⁵ 5x10 ⁴ -5x10 ⁵ 4x10 ⁴ -4.6x10 ⁵ | 4.4-79.6 10.6-48.5 8.3-25.7 | Ryther (1954) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | 0.13 mg dry | A | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u> | 2x10 ⁻³ mg dry wt/ml | 7 | Sushchenya (1958a,b) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | 0.23-0.27 mg dry | AF | Lab | 32p | ? | <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u> | ca. 5x10 ³ -9.6x10 ⁵ | ca. 7-96 | Rigler (1961a) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | 1.25-3.54 mm 0.01-0.44 mg dry 2.8-3.3 mm 0.22-0.34 mg dry | AF | Lab | 32p | 20 5-35 | <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u> | 1x10 ⁴ -2x10 ⁵ 1x10 ⁴ -6x10 ⁵ | ca. 10.8-104.4 ca. 0.9-143.3 | McMahon (1965) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | 2.8-3.3 mm 0.22-0.34 mg dry | AF | Lab | 32p | 20 | <u>Escherichia coli</u> <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u> <u>Tetrahymena pyriformis</u> | 5x10 ⁵ -1x10 ⁷ 1x10 ⁴ -1x10 ⁶ ca. 2x10 ⁴ -1x10 ⁶ ca. 1x10 ⁴ -3x10 ³ | ca. 13.4-81.6 ca. 12.6-67.2 ca. 5.2-24.0 ca. 20-84 | McMahon and Rigler (1965) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | ca. 1.3-3.3 ca. 0.023-0.28 mg dry | AS | Lab | 32p | 15-25 | <u>Rhodotorula glutinus</u> | 2.5x10 ⁴ | ca. 6.5-141.3 | Burns (1969b) |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | 0.112-0.164 mg dry | ? | Lab | CLC | 18 | <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> | ca. 0.6x10 ³ 3- 22x10 ³ 3/ml | ca. 36-98 | Kersting and Leeuw-Leegwater (1976) |
| <u>Daphnia middendorffiana</u> | 1.3-2.6 mm | A | Lab | 14C | 5.2-11.5 | Natural assemblage w/ <u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u> added as a tracer | ca. 2.6x10 ³ -83x10 ³ | ca. 3-177 | Chisholm, Scross, and Nobbs (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia parvula</u> | 0.7-1.2 | AS | Heart L., Canada | 32p | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 2.5-5.2(\bar{X} -3.8) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Daphnia parvula</u> | ? | AS | Drowned Bog L., Canada | 32p | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 1.6 | Haney (1973) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCES |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|---|---|
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 0.68-1.86 mm 0.003-0.03 mg dry | F | Lab | CC | 20 | <u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u> | 25×10^3 - 100×10^3 | 0.8-5.5 | Richman (1958) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 0.32 mg wet | ? | Lab | ? | 15 ^d | <u>Chlorococcum</u> sp. | 3×10^{-7} - 1.4×10^{-5} mg dry wt/ml ^e | 3-64 ⁸ | Monakov and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Monakov (1972) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | Variable | A | Lab | CC | 21 ^h | <u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u> | 2×10^5 - 5×10^5 | 0.5-6.2 | Stross, et. al. (1965) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | ca. 0.6-1.5 mm ca. 0.003-0.034 mg dry | AS | Lab | 32 _p | 15-25 | <u>Rhodotorula glutinus</u> | 2.5×10^4 | ca. 1.2-15.5 | Burns (1969b) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex obtusa</u> | ca. 0.8-3.0 mm ca. 0.027-1.40 mg dry | AS | Lab | CC | 22.2 | <u>Scenedesmus abandans</u> | 6.8×10^5 - 20.4×10^5 | 32.3-45.5 | Kryutchkova and Sladeczek (1969) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 0.036 mg dry | A | Lab | CC | 25 | Bacteria mixed w/ <u>Microcystis aeruginosa</u> <u>Escherichia coli</u> | 3.1×10^4 - 2.6×10^5 40 - 1.3×10^4 | 4.8-6.2 5.5-14.2 | Tezuka (1971) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 0.7-2.8 mm 0.003-0.056 mg dry | AF | Lab | CC | 22 | <u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u> | 3×10^4 | ca. 1-200 | Bulkema (1973) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 2.0 mm | AF | Lab | 32 _p | 20 | <u>Rhodotorula</u> sp. with and without seston | Variable | ca. 6-37 | Crowley (1973) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 0.7-3.5 mm | F | Lab | 14 _C | 15 | <u>Scenedesmus cutus</u> | ca. 1×10^{-4} - 3.3×10^{-3} C/ml | ca. 2.2-52.3 | Geller (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 0.8-2.4 mm | AS | Little Mill L., MI | 32 _p | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 2.8-25.6 | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 1.5-2.7 mm | AS | Three Lakes, MI | 32 _p | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 2.5-125.0 | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | ? | A | Lab | 32 _p | 12-18 | <u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u> | 5×10^5 | 3.1-9.1 | Starkweather (1975) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/8hr/ml/day) | REFERENCES |
|--|--|---------------|--|----------------|---------------|--|---|---|--|
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 1.8 mm | AF | Lab | CC | 20 | <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. | ca. 1×10^4 | 1.3 | Hayward and Gallup (1976) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 1.9 mm | A | Lab | 32P | RT | Natural assemblage ^a <u>Lyngbya</u> sp. mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. | ? Variable | 20.45 ($\bar{X}=35$) 9.6 | Webster and Peters (1978) |
| <u>Daphnia rosea</u> | 0.64-1.85 mm | AS | Lab | 32P | 20 | <u>Rhodotorula glutinis</u> | 2.5×10^4 - 5×10^5 | 1.9-42.0 | Burns and Rigler (1967) |
| <u>Daphnia rosea</u> | 1.15-1.38 mm | ? | Heart L., Canada water taken to lab | 32P | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 3.6 | Burns and Rigler (1967) |
| <u>Daphnia rosea</u> | 1.65-1.85 mm | A | Lab | 32P | 5-25 | <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. | 2.5×10^4 | ca. 0.9-1.4 | Kibby (1971a) |
| <u>Daphnia rosea</u> | 1.3-1.6 mm | AS | Heart L., Canada | 32P | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 1.7-20.8 ($\bar{X}=5.5$) | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Daphnia schodleri</u> | ca. 0.8-2.5 mm ca. 0.006-0.13 mg dry | AS | Lab | 32P | 15-25 | <u>Rhodotorula glutinis</u> | 2.5×10^4 | ca. 2.3-64.9 | Burns (1969b) |
| <u>Daphnia schodleri</u> | 1.2-2.4 mm 1.5-2.0 mm | AF, AM AF | Lab | CC | 5-30 | <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. <u>Frustulia</u> sp. <u>Anabaena</u> sp. <u>Aphanizomenon</u> sp. | ca. 1.7×10^3 - 1.2×10^4 ca. 3×10^4 ca. 8.9×10^3 ? ? | ca. 3.6-49.2 ca. 24 max. ca. 26 max. NS NS | Hayward and Gallup (1976) |
| <u>Daphnia</u> ^l spp. | ? | ? | Lab | 14C | V | Nanoplankton 33 | Variable | ca. 1.3-9.1 ($\bar{X}=3.8$) | Gulati (1978) |
| Mixed community but primarily <u>Daphnia</u> spp. | 0.037 mg dry | AS | Canyon Ferry Reservoir, MT | PL | AB | Natural assemblage | 3.8×10^{-4} - 9.0×10^{-4} mg dry wt/ml | ca. 39 | Wright (1958) |
| Generalized cladoceran ^k | 0.001-0.01 mg dry | ? | ? | OD | ? | Variable | 2×10^{-4} - 4×10^{-2} mg dry wt/ml | 0.1-11.5 | Ivanova (1970) |
| ORDER: COPEPODA | | | | | | | | | |
| Family: Diaptomidae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> ^e | 0.011 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlorococcus</u> sp. | ? | 4.1 | Malovitskaya and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCES |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------|---|----------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Melosira</u> sp. and <u>Asterionella</u> sp. | 24.2x10 ³ -198.0x10 ³ | 0.68-1.96 | Malovitskaya and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974) |
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> | ? | F, M | Queen Elizabeth II Reservoir, G. B., water taken to lab | 14C | 4-14.5 | Natural assemblage | 2x10 ² -7.3x10 ³ | 0.83-2.40 | Kibby (1971b) |
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> | ? | F, M | King George IV Reservoir, G.B., water taken to lab | 14C | 7-15 | Natural assemblage | 9.7x10 ² -8.2x10 ³ | 1.09-1.97 | Kibby (1971b) |
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> | ? | F, M | Lab | 14C | 5-20 12-20 20 | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. <u>Diplospira</u> sp. <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. <u>Carteria</u> sp. <u>Mitochondria</u> sp. <u>Pediastrum</u> sp. <u>Haematozoon</u> sp. Bacteria | 3x10 ⁴ | 0.61-2.40 0.94-1.32 1.76-2.54 1.61-2.45 0.87 1.96 0.02 2.16 0.19 | Kibby (1971b) |
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> | ? | AM, AF | L. Balaton, Hungary | 14C | AB | Natural assemblage | 0.42-1.90 gC/ml | 0.01-3.27 | Zankai and Pomyi (1976) |
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> | ? | ? | Lab | 14C | V | Nanoplankton 33 | Variable | ca. 1.8-20.0(\bar{X} -5.6) | Gulati (1978) |
| <u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> | 0.01 mg dry | ? | L. Erken, Sweden | ? | AB | Natural assemblage | ? | 0.3-3 | Nauwerck (1959 as reported by Jorgensen (1966) and Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974) |
| <u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> ^f | 0.011 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlorococcus</u> sp. ⁿ | 13.6x10 ³ n | 4.1 | Malovitskaya and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Jorgensen (1966) |
| <u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> | ? | A | Lab | ? | ? | ? | ? | 35.0 | Beljackaja-Potsenko (1964) as reported by Gliwicz (1970) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCES |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------|---|-----------------|---------------|--|--|---|--|
| <u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> | 1.04 mm 0.010 mg wet | ? | Lab | ¹⁴ C | 17.9-21.1 | Natural assemblage from L. Krivoye, USSR | In situ | 0.41-1.00 | Gutel'mackher (1973) |
| <u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> | 0.253-0.959 mm | AS | Lab | ? | 17.5-24.5 | <u>Chlamydomonas eugametos</u> | 1x10 ³ - 12x10 ³ | 2.4-3.4 | Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974) |
| <u>Diaptomus leptopus</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. | 50x10 ³ | 1.0-1.8 | Schindler and Comita (1966) as reported by Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974) |
| <u>Diaptomus minutus</u> | 0.87-0.97 mm X=0.003 mg dry | ? | ? | ? | ? | Plankton | ? | 0.5-2.9 | Bogdan and McNaught (1975) |
| <u>Diaptomus pallidus</u> | ? | AF, AM | Little Mill L., MI | ³² P | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 0.60-1.54 | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Diaptomus pallidus</u> ⁱ | ? | A | Three Lakes, MI | ³² P | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 0.26-1.66(\bar{X} =0.83) | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> | 0.011 mg dry | AF | L. Winnebago, WI | ¹⁴ C | 22-23 | Nanoplankton (90% <u>Chlorella</u> sp.) | In situ (30-1x10 ⁵) | 0.058-0.074 | Richman (1964) |
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> | 0.011 mg dry | AF | Lab | ¹⁴ C | 22-23 | Nanoplankton | 30-1x10 ⁵ | 0.097-0.139 | Richman (1964) |
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> | ? | ? | Lab | ¹⁴ C | 20? | <u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u> <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> | 1.5x10 ³ -5x10 ⁵ 2.5x10 ³ -4.1x10 ⁵ | ca. 0.1-3.5 ca. 0.1-3.0 | Richman (1966) |
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> | ? | CV, AF | Marion L., B. C., water taken to lab | CLC | 18 | Natural assemblage 70 | 175-7,461 | 1.49-12.90 | McQueen (1970) |
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> | ? | CV, AF | Lab | CLC | 18 | <u>Chromulina scherfelli</u> <u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u> <u>Ochromonas</u> sp. <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. <u>Chryptomonas</u> sp. <u>Navicula</u> spp. | 2,100 20,700 20,000 23,000 19,700 247-22,675 | 1.50 1.33 1.68 1.43 1.07 0 2.07 | McQueen (1970) |
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> | 1.0-1.4 mm | AS | Heart L. Canada | ³² P | A | Natural assemblage | In situ | 0-1.4(\bar{X} =0.48) | Haney (1973) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCE |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|-----------------|---------------|---|--|---|---|
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> | ? | AS | Drowned Bog L., Canada | 32 _P | A | Natural assemblage | In situ | 2.1-2.2 | Haney (1973) |
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> ^j | ? | AS | Three Lakes, MI | 32 _P | A | Natural assemblage | In situ | 0.26-1.66 (\bar{X} -0.83) | Haney and Hall (1975) |
| <u>Diaptomus sicioides</u> | ? | F | Lab | CLC | 10-20 | <u>Pandorina morum</u> or <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. | ? | 1-2 | Comita (1964) |
| Family: Centropagidae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Bosckella delicata</u> | 0.0101 mg dry for AF, AM | AS | L. Koutu, New Zealand, water taken to lab | 14 _C | 20? | Natural assemblage w/ yeast tracer | 1.2x10 ⁵ | 0.043-0.419 | Green (1975) |
| <u>Calamoecia lucasi</u> | ca. 0.00015- 0.00123 mg dry | AS | Lab | 14 _C | 20 | <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u> | 1x10 ³ -6x10 ⁴ | ca. 0.01-1.43 | Green (1975) |
| <u>Calamoecia lucasi</u> | ? | AS | Campus Pond, New Zealand, water taken to lab | 14 _C | 20? | Natural assemblage w/ yeast tracer | ? | 0.006-0.753 | Green (1975) |
| <u>Calamoecia lucasi</u> | ? | F, M | L. Koutu, New Zealand, water taken to lab | 14 _C | 20? | Natural assemblage w/ yeast tracer | 1.2x10 ⁶ | 0.506-0.549 | Green (1975) |
| <u>Limnocalanus macrurus</u> | ? | CI-CVI, Lab A | | 32 _P | 0.2 | <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. or <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. | Natural range found in Char and Resolute Lakes, Canada | 0.42-3.05 | Kibby and Rigler (1973) |
| PHYLUM: ROTATORIA | | | | | | | | | |
| Family: Branchionidae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Branchionus calyciflorus</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | 20 | Variable | ? | 0.0312-0.319 | Erman (1962) as reported by Doohan (1973) and Pourriot (1977) |

APPENDIX B (Continued)

| TAXON | LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg) | LIFE STAGE | TEST LOCALITY | TEST METHOD | TEMP. (°C) | TYPE OF FOOD | RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml) | RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day) | REFERENCE |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|
| <u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u> | ? | ? | ? | CC | 19-20 | <u>Scenedesmus obliquus</u> | 5×10^5 | ca. 0.024 | Galkovskaya (1963) |
| <u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | 0.576 | Galkovskaya (1965) as reported by Pilarska (1977a) |
| <u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u> | 5×10^5 | 0.0142-0.087 | Halbach and Halbach-Keup (1974) as reported by Pilarska (1977a) |
| <u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u> | ? | A | Lab | ^{32}P | ? | <u>Euglena gracilis</u> | 5×10^4 | 0.024-0.025 | Starkweather and Gilbert (1977) |
| <u>Brachionus pilcatilis</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Synechococcus</u> sp. | 8×10^6 | 0.073 | Ito (1955) as reported by Doohan (1973) |
| <u>Brachionus pilcatilis</u> | 0.000158 mg for adults | ? | Lab | ^{14}C | 20 | <u>Dunaliella salina</u> | $5.9 \times 10^5 - 1.44 \times 10^6$ | 0.015-0.036 | Doohan (1973) |
| <u>Brachionus rubens</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | 5×10^5 | ca. 0.024 | Erman (1956) as reported by Doohan (1973) |
| <u>Brachionus rubens</u> ^m | ? | ? | ? | ? | 20 | <u>Scenedesmus acuminatus</u> | 1×10^4 coenobia | 0.106 maximum | Erman (1956) as reported by Pourriot (1977) |
| <u>Brachionus rubens</u> | 0.00013 mg dry | AF | Lab | ^{14}C | 20 | <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> | $1.2 \times 10^4 - 1.0 \times 10^7$ | ca. 0.002-0.270 | Pilarska (1977a) |
| <u>Brachionus arceolaris</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | <u>Scenedesmus acuminatus</u> | 1×10^4 coenobia | 0.015-0.120 | Erman (1956) as reported by Pilarska (1977a) |
| <u>Keratella cochlearis</u> | ? | A | Lab | ? | ? | ? | ? | 0.168 | Erman (1956) as reported by Gliwicz (1970) |
| <u>Kellicottia</u> sp. | ? | ? | Drowned Bog L., Canada | ^{32}P | AB | Natural assemblage | In situ | 0.007 | Haney (1973) |
| Family: Philodinaeidae | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Philodina roseola</u> | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | ? | 0.024 | Erman (1956) as reported by Pourriot (1977) |

**APPENDIX C: ZOOPLANKTON AND BENTHOS
ASSIMILATION EFFICIENCIES**

Definitions of Abbreviations and Symbols
Used in Appendix C

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| A | assimilation |
| G | consumption |
| A/G | assimilation efficiency (mg C/mg C/day) x 100 |
| E | excretion |
| F | egestion |
| R | respiration |
| P | total production |
| Pg | production as growth |
| Pev | production as exuvia |
| Pr | production as reproduction |
| Ps | production as secretion |
| ¹⁴ C | carbon 14 radioisotope |
| ¹⁴ CO ₂ | labeled carbon dioxide respired (may be used to represent excretion) |
| cpm | counts per minute (radioactivity) |
| VS | varied seasonally |
| °C | degrees Centigrade |
| ca | approximately |
| ml | millilitre |
| mg | milligram |
| cm ² | square centimeter |
| ℓ | litre |
| @ | at |
| ? | unknown or could not be determined from data |
| \bar{X} | mean value |
| % | percent |
| < | less than |
| AFDW | ash-free dry weight |

Definitions of Experimental Methods Listed
in Appendix C

- Method 1. $A/G = (G - F)/G$
- Method 2. $A/G = ({}^{14}\text{HC in body} + {}^{14}\text{CO}_2)/({}^{14}\text{C in body} + {}^{14}\text{CO}_2 + F)$
- Method 3. $A/G = {}^{14}\text{CO}_2/({}^{14}\text{CO}_2 + F)$
- Method 4. $A/G = (PG + Pr + R)/G$
- Method 5. Radiosotope (type not specified)
- Method 6. $A/G = (G - F - E)/G$
- Method 7. $A.G = (PG + R)/G$
- Method 8. $A/G = (Pg + Pev + Ps + R)/G$
- Method 9. $A/G = ({}^{14}\text{C ingested} - F)/{}^{14}\text{C ingested}$
- Method 10. $A/G = (Pg + Pev + R)/G$
- Method 11. $A/G = {}^{14}\text{C in body}/({}^{14}\text{C in body} + F + E)$
- Method 12. $A/G = ((\text{calories/cpm } {}^{14}\text{C})({}^{14}\text{C/individual}))/(({}^{14}\text{C consumed})$
 $(\text{calories/cpm } {}^{14}\text{C}))$
- Method 13. $A/G = {}^{14}\text{C in body}/{}^{14}\text{C consumed}$
- Method 14. $A/G = {}^{32}\text{P in body}/{}^{32}\text{P consumed}$
- Method 15. $A/G = ({}^{14}\text{C in body} + {}^{14}\text{CO}_2)/{}^{14}\text{C consumed}$
- Method 16. Ash-ratio (see text for details)
- Method 17. $A.G = ({}^{32}\text{P in body and eggs})/({}^{32}\text{P in body} + F)$
- Method 18. $A.G = (Pr + R)/G$
- Method 19. $A/G = ({}^{14}\text{C consumed} - F - {}^{14}\text{CO}_2)/{}^{14}\text{C consumed}$

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation efficiency (%) | Reference |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|--|------------------------------|---|
| PHYLUM: MOLLUSCA | | | | | | |
| Class: Pelecypoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Scrobicularia plana</u> | 0.5-22.5 | organic sediment | 1 | Based on field population energy budget | 60.6 | Hughes (1970) |
| <u>Dreissena polymorpha</u> | ? | bacteria @ 5×10^6 cells/ml | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G is inversely proportional to age | 44.1-57.8 ($\bar{X}=49.4$) | Sorokin (1969) |
| Class: Gastropoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Ancylus fluviatilis</u> | 7-25 | algae | 1 | Based on a field population carbon budget | 49.4-54.6 | Streit (1976) |
| <u>Bittium varium</u> | ? | sterilized detritus unsterilized detritus | 3 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; three-day experimental period | 46.3 48.6 | Adams and Angelovic (1970) |
| <u>Littorina irrorata</u> | ? | detritus | ? | | 45.0 | Odum and Smalley (1959) as cited by Hughes (1970) |
| <u>Lymnaea palustris</u> | 14.9-15.2 | aufwuchs | 1 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 44.0-71.9 ($\bar{X}=59.9$) | Hunter (1975) |
| <u>Valvata pulchella</u> | ? | dead <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 14 | Monakov and Sorokin (1972) |
| PHYLUM: NEMATODA | | | | | | |
| Class: Adenophorea | | | | | | |
| <u>Plectus palustris</u> | 20 | bacteria @ 6.7-13.5 calories/ml | 4 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; ^{14}C used to determine C | 12 | Duncan et al. (1974) |
| PHYLUM: ANNELIDA | | | | | | |
| Class: Oligochaeta | | | | | | |
| <u>Tubifex tubifex</u> | 16-18 | sediment | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 47.1-60.0 ($\bar{X}=50.4$) | Ivlev (1939) |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| Class: Polychaeta | | | | | | |
| <u>Neanthes virens</u> | 13-17 | <u>Nephtys hombergii</u> | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 82.1-88.9 | Kay and Brafield (1972) |
| PHYLUM: ARTHROPODA | | | | | | |
| Class: Insecta | | | | | | |
| Order: Diptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Hedriodiscus truquii</u> | 35-41 | algae | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; instars I-III | 56.0-67.5 | Sweeney and Schnack (1977) |
| <u>Simulium</u> sp. | ? | ? | 5 | | 9.4-65.7 | McCullough (1975) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977) |
| <u>Tipula abdominalis</u> | ? | ? | 5 | | 33 | Vannote (1969) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977) |
| Order: Ephemeroptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Hexagenia limbata</u> | 19.5-26.5 | surface sediment | 6 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 62-72 ($\bar{X}=68$) | Zimmerman et al. (1975) |
| <u>Stenonema puichellum</u> | 20 | <u>Navicula minima</u> | 7 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 46.4-56.9 ($\bar{X}=53.1$) | Trana (1972) |
| <u>Tricorythodes minutes</u> | ? | ? | 5 | | 6.4-55.2 | McCullough (1975) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977) |
| Order: Tricoptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Neophylax concinnus</u> | ? | ? | ? | | 20.6-54.7 | Sedell (1971) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977) |
| <u>Cheumatopsyche</u> sp. | ? | ? | 5 | | 45.9-49.1 | McCullough (1975) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977) |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---|------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
| <u>Glossoma nigriflor</u> | VS | algae | 7 | Based on a field population energy budget; winter summer | 13.6-20.6 31.5-32.3 | Cummins (1975) |
| <u>Potamophylax cingulatus</u> | VS | leaf litter detritus | 8 | Based on a field population energy budget; October November December January February March April May June July | 29 28 27 17 10 10 11 19 25 26 | Otto (1975) |
| Order: Megaloptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Corydalus cornutus</u> | | chironomids | | Mean of 5 acclimation groups | 85.8 | Brown (1978) |
| Order: Odonata | | | | | | |
| <u>Pyrrhosoma nymphula</u> | 4 | <u>Daphnia</u> sp. | 1 | Based on a dry weight biomass budget for an individual | 85.2 | Lawton (1970) |
| | 10 | <u>Daphnia</u> sp. | | | 86.2 | |
| | 15 | <u>Daphnia</u> sp. | | | 81.2-87.2 | |
| | 15 | Chironomidae | | | 84.0 | |
| | 15 | <u>Aeolus</u> sp. | | | 76.9 | |
| | 15 | <u>Cloeon</u> sp. | | | 90.6 | |
| | 15 | <u>Daphnia</u> sp. | 1 | | 86.2-86.8 | |
| | 15 | Chironomidae | | | 86.8 | |
| | 15 | <u>Aeolus</u> sp. | | | 82.8 | |
| | 15 | <u>Cloeon</u> sp. | | | 91.3 | |
| <u>Lestes sponsa</u> | 20 | <u>Daphnia magna</u> and <u>Tubifex tubifex</u> | 7 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 35-46 | Fischer (1972) |
| Order: Plecoptera | | | | | | |
| <u>Acroneuria californica</u> | 17 | <u>Hydropsyche</u> and <u>Simulium</u> sp. | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; A/G miscalculated in Table 2 of reference | 80.8 | Reiman and Knight (1975) |
| | 18 | <u>Simulium</u> sp. | | | 89.2-94.6 | |
| | 18 | <u>Hydropsyche</u> sp. | | | 86.8 | |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|---------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| <u>Pteronarcys scotti</u> | 5-10 | leaves | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 8.5-15.9 ($\bar{X}=10.6$) | McDiffett (1970) |
| Class: Crustacea | | | | | | |
| Subclass: Malacostraca | | | | | | |
| Order: Mysidacea | | | | | | |
| <u>Mysis stenolepis</u> | ? | hay-detritus cellulose | 9 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 20-35 35-50 | Foulds and Mann (1978) |
| <u>Neomysis mirabilis</u> | 19.9-21.1 | algae @ 0.01-0.1 mg dry weight/l | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 85 | Pechen'-Finenko (1977) |
| Order: Euphausiacea | | | | | | |
| <u>Euphausia pacifica</u> | ca. 10 | Three marine algal species and nauplii of <u>Artemia</u> sp. | 5 and 10 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 66-95 ($\bar{X} = 84$) | Lasker (1966) |
| Order: Decapoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Palaemonetes pugio</u> | 26 | <u>Nitzschia closterium</u> | 1 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 78-79 | Johannes and Satomi (1967) |
| <u>Palaemonetes pugio</u> | ? | detritus detritus and bacteria | 3 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; three-day experimental period | 28.3-72.7 82.0-90.9 | Adams and Angelovic (1970) |
| Order: Isopoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Asellus aquaticus</u> | 10 | slightly decayed alder leaves | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; | | Prus (1971) |
| | | | | nonovigerous females | 40.8 | |
| | | | | ovigerous females | 43.6 | |
| | | | | male | 33.2 | |
| | | | | density: 1/12.6 cm ² | 30.3 | |
| | | | | 5/33.2 cm ² | 35.2 | |
| | | | | 10/33.2 cm ² | 40.2 | |
| | | | | 20/33.2 cm ² | 40.2 | |
| | | | | annual mean | 30.0 | |
| | | | 16 | | 55.8 | |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---|---------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| Order: Amphipoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Calliopius laeviusculus</u> | 12 | <u>Calanus</u> sp. | 1 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 87-95 | Dagg (1976) |
| | 12 | <u>Cosiniscus angatii</u> | | | 92-96 | |
| | 8 | <u>Calanus</u> sp. | | | 83-95 | |
| | 15 | <u>Calanus</u> sp. | | | 90 | |
| <u>Gammarus pseudolimnaeus</u> | 17 | elm leaves maple leaves fungi | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 18.6 17.2 | Barlocher and Kendrick (1975) |
| <u>Gammarus pulex</u> | 2-15 | alder leaves beech leaves | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 67.9-83.2 ($\bar{x}=76.9$) | |
| <u>Hyalella azteca</u> | 15 | surface sediment and microflora | 11 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 30-40 0-35 | Nilsson (1974) |
| Subclass: Brachiopoda | | | | | | |
| Order: Anostraca | | | | | | |
| <u>Artemia salina</u> | 17.9-21.1 | algae @ 0.11-27.9 calories/l | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G constant over wide range of food concentrations | 73 | Pechen'-Finenko (1977) |
| <u>Branchinecta gigas</u> | 15-20 | <u>Diaptomus nevadensis</u> and <u>Branchinecta mackini</u> | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; male female | 67.2 93.9 | Daborn (1975) |
| Order: Cladocera | | | | | | |
| <u>Polyphemus pediculus</u> | ? | juvenile <u>Polyphemus pediculus</u> | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 42 | Monakov and Sorokin (1972) |
| <u>Leptodora kindtii</u> | VS | natural prey | estimate | Only P and yield were directly measured | 40 | Cummins et al. (1969) |
| <u>Leptodora kindtii</u> | 16-17 | primarily Cladocera | 4 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 87 | Hillbricht-Ilkowska and Karabin (1970) |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|---------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| <u>Daphnia longispina</u> | 15 | Microcystis sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Oocystis sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Elakatothrix sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Cloecocystis sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Anabaena sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Tribonema sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Coelastrum sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Oscillatoria sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Asterionella sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Ankistrodesmus sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Cryptomonas sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml | 12 | | 17.9 | Schindler, J. E. (1971) |
| | | | | | 10.5 | |
| | | | | | ca. 100 | |
| | | | | | 13.6 | |
| | | | | | 50.8 | |
| | | | | | 68.6 | |
| | | | | | 20.8 | |
| | | | | | 25.6 | |
| | | | | | 38.4 | |
| | | | | | ca. 100 | |
| | | | | | 91.6 | |
| | | | | | <u>Daphnia longispina</u> | |
| <u>Daphnia longispina</u> | ? | Chlorella sp. bacteria | 2 | | 42 50 | Monakov and Sorokin (1972) |
| <u>Daphnia longispina</u> | 15 | Chlorella sp. | ? | | 42.5 | Sorokin (1966a) as cited by Monakov (1972) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | ? | sterile dissolved organic matter dissolved organic matter and microflora | 2 | A/E is inversely related to food concentration | 2 24 | Monakov and Sorokin (1972) |
| <u>Daphnia pulex</u> | 20 | Chlamydomonas sp. @ 25,000 cells/ml @ 50,000 cells/ml @ 75,000 cells/ml @ 100,000 cells/ml | 4 | Based on a field population energy budget | 31.7 | Richman (1958) |
| | | | | | 20.2 | |
| | | | | | 16.8 | |
| | | | | | 14.2 | |
| <u>Daphnia magna</u> | 20 | Chorella sp. @ 1 mg/l @ 2.5 mg/l @ 5 mg/l @ 10 mg/l | 12 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; estimated from Figure 9 of reference | 60-84 | Schindler, D. W. (1968) |
| <u>Daphnia schodleri</u> | 10 | Ankistrodesmus sp. @ 10,000 cells/ml @ 20,000 cells/ml @ 30,000 cells/ml @ 40,000 cells/ml | 13 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; A/C is inversely related to food concentration | 90 | Hayward and Gallup (1976) |
| | | | | | 88 | |
| | | | | | 73 | |
| | | | | | 60 | |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|---|--|--|
| <u>Daphnia schodleri</u> (Cont.) | 20 | <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. @ 10,000 cells/ml @ 20,000 cells/ml @ 30,000 cells/ml @ 40,000 cells/ml | | | 70 77 99 76 | |
| <u>Daphnia</u> sp. | ? | algae | 14 | C was estimated from cell counts | 8-25 | Cohn (1958) as cited by Conover (1964) |
| <u>Bosmina longirostris</u> | 17.9-21.1 | phytoplankton bacteria | 15 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 22.5-31.9 8.7-10.2 | Gutel'mackher (1973) |
| <u>Bosmina longirostris</u> | 15 | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. | 2 | | 43 | Sorokin (1966a) as cited by Monakov (1972) |
| <u>Bosmina coregoni</u> | 19-21 | <u>Stephanodiscus</u> sp. <u>Chlorella</u> sp. bacteria detritus <u>Diatoma</u> sp. <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. <u>Staurastrum</u> sp. <u>Anabaena</u> sp. <u>Oscillatoria</u> sp. <u>Microcystis</u> sp. <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. | 2 | | 47.1 45.3 35.3-55.0 24.2 51.2 52.7 34.2 10.4 77.4 9.5 10.7 | Semenova (1974) |
| <u>Holopedium gibberum</u> | 17.9-21.1 | phytoplankton bacteria | 15 | | 32.8-47.3 10.3-10.8 | Gutel'mackher (1973) |
| <u>Simocephalus vetulus</u> | 22 | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. | 7 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; 1 day old 4 days old 7 days old 9 days old 12 days old 16 days old 20 days old | 44.0 74.3 72.4 54.1 41.0 34.8 31.7 | Ivanova and Klekowski (1972) as cited by Klekowski et al. (1972) |
| <u>Simocephalus aspinosus</u> | 15 | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. up to 10 mg/l | 15 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 46.1 | Sorokin (1969) |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| <u>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</u> | ? | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Scenedesmus obliquus</u> <u>Chlamydomonas nivalis</u> <u>Ankistrodesmus falcatus</u> | 7 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 75.5-91.2 (\bar{X} =85.7) 47.0-71.4 (\bar{X} =62.6) 6.2-13.1 (\bar{X} =9.6) 66.3-88.8 (\bar{X} =80.6) | Czeczuga and Bobiatynska-Ksok (1972) |
| <u>Sida crystallina</u> | ? | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Aphanizomenon</u> sp. <u>Anabaena</u> sp. <u>Microcystis</u> sp. | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; estimated from Figure 4 of reference | 99 75 20 17 | Monakov and Sorokin (1972) |
| <u>Eurycerus lamellatis</u> | 17 | detritus | 1 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; 1-7 days old 8-12 days old | 7.7 32.2 | Smirnov (1962) |
| Subclass: Copepoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Calanus hyperboreus</u> | 2 5 8 | <u>Thalassiosira fluviatilis</u> @ 1.2×10^9 - 3.0×10^9 cells/animal | 1 | Based on a dry weight biomass budget for an individual | 13.0-38.9 (\bar{X} =27.6) 19.0-49.7 (\bar{X} =32.7) 13.4-29.9 (\bar{X} =21.7) | Conover (1962) |
| <u>Calanus hyperboreus</u> | 4 | <u>Exuviaella</u> sp. @ 1.8 mg/ml | 1 16 | Based on a dry weight biomass budget for an individual | 72.1 69.0 | Conover (1966a) |
| <u>Calanus hyperboreus</u> | 2 5 4 | <u>Thalassiosira fluviatilis</u> @ 6.4 mg dry weight/l; @ 1.7 mg dry weight/l <u>Ditylum brightwellii</u> @ 0.6 mg dry weight/l <u>Thalassiosira fluviatilis</u> @ 6.7 mg dry weight/l; @ 1.7 mg dry weight/l <u>Thalassiosira nordenskioldii</u> @ 2.6 mg dry weight/l <u>Rhizosolenia setigera</u> @ 1.4 mg dry weight/l <u>Thalassiosira fluviatilis</u> @ 0.3 mg dry weight/l; @ 1.8 mg dry weight/l | ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? | Copepodid IV Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid IV Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V | 44.0 47.6 71.1 53.0 52.7 50.9 64.1 39.6 63.1 57.2 56.2 | Conover (1964) |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|--|------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| <u>Calanus firmarchicus</u> | 14.5 | <u>Skeletonema</u> sp. @ 2.6×10^5 cells/ml | 17 | Based on biomass balance for an individual; copepodid I | 48.0-91.5 (\bar{x} =68.9) | Marshall and Orr (1956) |
| | | <u>Ditylum</u> sp. @ 57 cells/ml | | | 77.8-82.6 (\bar{x} =80.8) | |
| <u>Calanus firmarchicus</u> | 10-20 | <u>Skeletonema costatum</u> @ 14 cells/ml | 17 | Based on a biomass balance for an individual; adults | 93.3-95.9 (\bar{x} =94.7) | Marshall and Orr (1955b) |
| | | @ 72 cells/ml | | | 51.4-66.2 (\bar{x} =51.5) | |
| | | @ 288 cells/ml | | | 49.9-68.1 (\bar{x} =57.3) | |
| | | <u>Syracosphaera</u> sp. @ 720 cells/ml | | | 40.1-67.9 (\bar{x} =54.5) | |
| | | <u>Bacillus globigii</u> spores @ 9520 cpm/ml | | | 96.9-99.1 (\bar{x} =98.1) | |
| | | <u>Chaetocerns</u> sp. @ 11,500 cells/ml | | | 4.0-12.8 (\bar{x} =8.7) | |
| | | diatoms @ 10,500 cells/ml | | | 72.1-94.5 (\bar{x} =80.2) | |
| | | @ 343 cells/ml | | | 96.7-99.0 (\bar{x} =97.5) | |
| | | <u>Ditylum</u> sp. @ 122 cells/ml | | | 96.8-98.2 (\bar{x} =97.5) | |
| | | <u>Lauderia borealis</u> @ 6-1,590 cells/ml | | | 67.0 | |
| flagellates @ $20-2.4 \times 10^6$ cells/ml | 49.0-95.0 (\bar{x} =78.1) | | | | | |
| dinoflagellates @ $5-2.0 \times 10^4$ cells/ml | 15.0-98.7 (\bar{x} =77.0) | | | | | |
| <u>Calanus</u> sp. | ? | diatoms, flagellates, <u>Artemia</u> sp. nauplii | 1 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 10-99 | Mullin (1963) as cited by Conover (1964) |
| <u>Acartia clausi</u> | 17.9-21.1 | algae @ 0.04-30.0 mg dry weight/l | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 66-73 | Fechen'-Finenko (1977) |
| <u>Calamoecia lucasi</u> | 20 | yeast | ? | Males | 63.5 | Green (1975) |
| | | | | Females | 67.4 | |
| <u>Diaptomus siciloides</u> | 20 | <u>Pandorina morum</u> or <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. | 18 | Based on a field population energy budget; the experimental period was 24 hours | 40.0-82.9 (\bar{x} =60.0) | Comita (1964) |
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> | 15 | <u>Microcystis</u> sp. | 12 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 45.3 | Schindler, J. E. (1971) |
| | | <u>Oocystis</u> sp. | | | 13.7 | |
| | | <u>Elakatothrix</u> sp. | | | 31.3 | |
| | | <u>Gloeocystis</u> sp. | | | 44.2 | |
| | | <u>Anabaena</u> sp. | | | 73.5 | |
| | | <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. | | | 49.4 | |
| | | <u>Tribonema</u> sp. | | | 19.9 | |
| | | <u>Coelastrum</u> sp. | | | 29.1 | |
| | | <u>Oscillatoria</u> sp. | | | 29.7 | |
| | | <u>Asterionella</u> sp. | | | 20.1 | |
| <u>Cryptomonas</u> sp. | ca. 100 | | | | | |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|---|---------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|--------|------|
| <u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> | 20 | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. @ < 30,000 cells/ml | 19 | | 68.4 | Kibby (1971b) | | |
| | 12 | | | | 67.3 | | | |
| | 5 | 64.2 | | | | | | |
| | 20 | <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. | | | 39.7 | | | |
| | 12 | <u>Diplosphaeria</u> sp. | | | 41.3 | | | |
| | 20 | | | | 78.0 | | | |
| | 12 | | | | 69.2 | | | |
| | 20 | <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. | | | 74.3 | | | |
| | 12 | mixed algae @ 213 cells/ml | | | 69.1 | | | |
| | ca. 5 | | | | March | | 38.3 | |
| | ca. 7 | | | | @ 4336 cells/ml | | April | 44.2 |
| | ca. 12 | | | | @ 636 cells/ml | | May | 63.3 |
| | ca. 14 | | | | @ 1233 cells/ml | | June | 58.4 |
| | ca. 17 | | | | @ 7313 cells/ml | | July | 60.7 |
| | ca. 17 | | | | @ 689 cells/ml | | August | 39.0 |
| ca. 16 | @ 513 cells/ml | | September | 44.5 | | | | |
| ca. 15 | @ 204 cells/ml | | October | 44.7 | | | | |
| <u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> | 22-23 | ? | estimate | Only filtering rate and R were measured | 77 | Richman (1964) | | |
| <u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> | 20 | <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. @ 0.5-10 mg wet weight/l and <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> @ 0.5-5 mg wet weight/l | 4 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; nauplius copepodid adult mean | 14-33 ($\bar{X}=23.7$) 16-64 ($\bar{X}=34.0$) 8-28 ($\bar{X}=18.3$) 13-52 ($\bar{X}=29.0$) | Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974) | | |
| <u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> | 17.9-21.1 | algae @ 0.04-30.0 mg dry weight/l | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G is constant over wide range of food concentrations | 81 | Pechen'-Finenko (1977) | | |
| <u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> | 17.9-21.1 | phytoplankton bacteria | 14 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 81.5-93.6 21.7-24.4 | Guteľmacker (1973) | | |
| <u>Macrocyclus albidus</u> | 21 | <u>Paramecium</u> sp. @ 100/l | 7 | Based on a field population energy budget | 45-50 | Klekowski and Shushkina (1966a) | | |
| <u>Cyclops vicinus</u> | ? | infusoria | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 80 | Monakov and Sorokin (1972) | | |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---|------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| <u>Cyclops strenuus</u> | 15 | <u>Daphnia</u> sp. | 12 | Based on an energy budget for an individual | 50 | Schindler, J. E. (1971) |
| Subclass: Ostracoda | | | | | | |
| <u>Cypridopsis vidua</u> | 15 | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Potamogeton</u> sp. fungi <u>Potamogeton</u> sp. as detritus <u>Potamogeton</u> sp. as sterile detritus | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 69.2 88.1 63.1 84.6 61.5 | Luferova and Sorokin (1970) as cited by Monakov (1972) |
| <u>Dolerocypris fasciata</u> | 15 | <u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Potamogeton</u> sp. fungi yeast | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 44.2 72.7 62.7 66.9 | Luferova and Sorokin (1970) as cited by Monakov (1972) |
| <u>Dolerocypris fasciata</u> | 15 | bacteria | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G is inversely related to age | 43-57 (\bar{x} =48.8) | Monakov and Sorokin (1972) |
| Entomostraca | ? | ? | ? | | | |
| Entomostraca | VS | bacteria and phytoplankton | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 58.4 51.7 | Sushchenya (1969) Sorokin (1972) |
| PHYLUM: ROTATORIA | | | | | | |
| Rotatoria | VS | bacteria and phytoplankton | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; average of several species | 53 | Sorokin (1972) |
| <u>Asplanchna</u> sp. | ? | variable | 2 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G is inversely related to food concentration | 16-22 | Sorokin and Mordukhai-Boltovskaya (1962) |
| <u>Brachionus plicatilis</u> | 20 | <u>Dunaliella salina</u> @ 4.4 calories/ml | 13 | Based on a carbon budget for an individual | 19.4 | Doohan (1973) |

APPENDIX C (Continued)

| Taxon | Temperature (°C) | Food and concentration | Experimental method | Comments | Assimilation Efficiency (%) | Reference |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|--------------------|
| <u>Brachionus rubens</u> | 20 | <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> @ 1.2×10^4 - 1×10^7 cells/ml | 4 | Based on an energy budget for an individual; age I age II age III ovigerous females | 12.2-52.0 12.2-55.8 13.2-57.8 15.1-68.8 | Pilarska (1977a) |
| | | | | Based on a carbon budget for an individual; age I - III ovigerous females | 23.0-23.8 30.8-32.3 | |
| <u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u> | 19-20 | <u>Scenedesmus obliquus</u> and <u>Lagerheimia ciliata</u> | 7 | Based on a field population energy budget; A/G was inversely related to food concentration | 21-52 | Galkovskaya (1963) |
| <u>Brachionus sp.</u> | VS | natural assemblage | 6 | Based on a field population energy budget; calculations based on 2 species | 52.6 | Comita (1972) |
| <u>Keratella quadrata</u> | VS | natural assemblage | 6 | Based on a field population energy budget | 73.4 | Comita (1972) |
| <u>Keratella cochlearis</u> | VS | natural assemblage | 6 | Based on a field population energy budget | 38.3 | Comita (1972) |
| <u>Polyarthra vulgaris</u> | VS | natural assemblage | 6 | Based on a field population energy budget | 81.8 | Comita (1972) |
| <u>Filina longiseta</u> | VS | natural assemblage | 6 | Based on a field population energy budget | 56.9 | Comita (1972) |