



Attachment 4-1

Guidance for Developing Ecological Soil Screening Levels (Eco-SSLs)

*Exposure Factors and Bioaccumulation Models for Derivation of
Wildlife Eco-SSLs*

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Basic Equations

As discussed in Chapter 4 of the Eco-SSL guidance, wildlife receptors may be exposed to contaminants in soil by two main pathways: incidental ingestion of soil while feeding, and ingestion of food items that have become contaminated due to uptake from soil. The general equation used to estimate the risk from exposure via these two pathways is:

$$HQ_j = \frac{[FIR * (Soil_j * P_s + B_{ij})]}{TRV_j} \quad \text{Equation 4-2}$$

where:

HQ _j	=	Hazard Quotient for contaminant (j) (unitless)
Soil _j	=	Concentration of contaminant (j) in soil (mg/kg dry weight)
FIR	=	Food intake rate (kg of food [dry weight] per kg body weight per day)
P _s	=	Proportion of total food intake that is soil (kg soil/kg food)
B _{ij}	=	Concentration of contaminant in biota type "i" (mg/kg dry weight)
TRV _j	=	Toxicity Reference Value for contaminant (j) (mg chemical/kg body weight per day)

As described in Chapter 4, the concentration of contaminant (j) in biota or food type type (i) (B_{ij}) was related to the concentration in soil (Soil_j) by an uptake model which has one of the following forms:

Case 1)	B _{ij} = BAF _{ij} * Soil _j	(constant)
Case 2)	ln(B _{ij}) = I _{ij} + S _{ij} * ln(Soil _j)	(log-linear)
Case 3)	B _{ij} = I _{ij} + S _{ij} * Soil _j	(linear)

where:

BAF _{ij}	=	Soil-to-biota Bioaccumulation factor (BAF) for contaminant (j) for biota type (i)
I _{ij}	=	Intercept from bioaccumulation model for contaminant (j) for food type (i)
S _{ij}	=	Slope from bioaccumulation model for contaminant (j) for food type (i)

In instances where it was necessary to estimate small mammal tissue concentrations (B_i) based on dietary based BAFs or regressions, the uptake model may have one of the following forms:

$$\text{Case 4) } B_{ij} = C_{\text{diet}} * BAF_{\text{dm}}$$

$$\text{Case 5) } \ln(B_{ij}) = I_{ij} + S_{ij} * \ln(C_{\text{diet}})$$

$$\text{Case 6) } B_{ij} = I_{ij} + S_{ij} * C_{\text{diet}}$$

where:

BAF_{dm}	=	Diet-to-biota BAF for contaminant (j) in mammal or bird tissue
B_{ij}	=	Concentration of contaminant (j) in food type (i) (where i = small mammal)
C_{diet}	=	Concentration of contaminant (j) in diet where diet is 100% earthworms estimated as in Case 1, 2 or 3, above.

Given appropriate input values for TRV, FIR, P_s , and B_i , Eco-SSLs are calculated by solving the equation above to find the soil concentration (Soil_j) that corresponds to an HQ value of 1.

1.2 Dealing with Variability

In the equations above, most of the input terms are not constants but are variables whose values differ between different individuals within a species and between different species. As discussed in Section 4, the basic strategy used to deal with this variability is as follows:

- Divide wildlife receptors into six groups:
 1. Mammalian herbivores
 2. Mammalian carnivores
 3. Mammalian insectivores
 4. Avian granivores
 5. Avian carnivores
 6. Avian insectivores
- For each group of receptors, calculate a group-specific Eco-SSL based on exposure parameters for a surrogate species that is expected to be at the high end (most exposed) of the exposure distribution for the group, and a TRV that is expected to be at the low end (i.e., most sensitive) of the toxicity distribution for the group. Because the surrogate species is at the high end of the exposure distribution for the group and the TRV is at the low end of the distribution for the group, the species-specific Eco-SSL is expected to provide a high degree of protection to nearly all members of the group.
- Select the lowest group-specific Eco-SSL as the final Eco-SSL. This is expected to provide protection to nearly all types of wildlife (birds and mammals) receptors.

2.0 CALCULATION OF GROUP-SPECIFIC ECO-SSLs

As discussed in Section 4.2 of the Eco-SSL guidance, a surrogate species was selected to represent each group of wildlife receptors. The choice of surrogate species was based on a consideration of body weight (a low body weight is associated with high food intake per unit body weight) and behavior (dietary sources, amount of soil ingested). The surrogates selected are summarized below:

Group	Surrogate Species
Mammalian herbivores	Meadow vole
Mammalian carnivores	Long-tailed weasel
Mammalian insectivores	Short-tailed shrew
Avian granivores	Mourning dove
Avian carnivores	Red-tailed hawk
Avian insectivores	American woodcock

As noted above, calculation of an Eco-SSL for a surrogate species representing each group requires input on four variables:

- TRV
- Food Intake Rate (FIR)
- Proportion of total food intake that is soil (P_s)
- Concentration in Diet (B_i)

Attachments 4-2 thru 4-4 of the Eco-SSL guidance document the details of the approach used to derive the TRV for each group of receptors. The following sections detail the selection of the most appropriate inputs for FIR, P_s , and dietary concentration for each selected surrogate species.

2.1 Food Ingestion Rate (FIR)

Data on typical and high end food intake rate for each of the surrogate species were compiled from the Wildlife Exposure Factors Handbook (WEFH) (USEPA, 1993) and from other available sources. These data are summarized in Table 1. Raw data reported in units of wet weight (g wet wt/g bw/day) were converted to units of dry weight (g dw/g bw/day) using actual dietary water content (if reported) or assumed water content for dietary items as provided in the WEFH:

Dietary Type	Water Content
Plant Foliage	85%
Earthworms	84%
Seeds	9.3%
Small Mammals	68%

In order to ensure that the Eco-SSL for each surrogate will protect most of the individuals within the species, an effort was made to select a high-end point estimate of FIR for each species. Depending on the data available from each study, the high-end was estimated either as the high-end value reported in the study, by assuming the distribution of intakes was normal and by calculating the 90th percentile (90th = mean + 1.282 Astdev), or by assuming the high end was 1.25 times higher than the typical value. This is based on the observation that a typical coefficient of variation (CV) for food intake is approximately 15-20% for birds and mammals (Nagy, 2004)¹. An evaluation of CVs for food intake across multiple bird and mammal species, as calculated from data provided in the WEFH, also supports this estimate (USEPA, 1993).

Based on these alternative high-end estimates of FIR for each study in each surrogate species, a point estimate of FIR was selected based on the arithmetic mean across all high-end estimates. This final point estimate for each surrogate species is shown in the right-hand column of Table 1.

2.2 Soil Intake (P_s)

As noted above, ingestion of soil by wildlife species is usually estimated as a fraction of the dietary food ingestion rate:

$$\text{Soil Intake} = P_s \cdot \text{FIR}$$

Beyer et al. (1994) estimated the value of P_s by measuring the ash content of diet and scat in a number of different species, and calculating P_s using the following model:

$$P_s = (b - y + a \cdot c) / (a \cdot c - c + b)$$

where:

- P_s = proportion of soil in diet (g soil per g dry mass)
- a = digestibility of food (g absorbed per g dry mass ingested)

¹CV = standard deviation/mean

- b = concentration of acid-insoluble ash in food (g per g dry mass)
- c = concentration of acid-insoluble ash in soil (g per g dry mass)
- y = concentration of acid-insoluble ash in scat (g per g dry mass)

As above, in order to ensure that the calculation of the species-specific Eco-SSL is protective for a majority of all individuals in the surrogate species, it is necessary to estimate a high-end value for P_s for each surrogate species. This can be done by assigning a Probability Distribution Function (PDF) to each of the variables in the equation above (a, b, c, y) and using Monte Carlo simulation to estimate the 90th percentile of P_s . The distributions selected are summarized in Table 2.

Correlations among parameters in the soil ingestion model are possible. For example, the concentration of acid-insoluble ash in scat (y) is likely to be positively correlated with both ash in food (b) and ash in soil (c). Similarly, digestibility of food (a) is likely to be inversely related to both ash in food (b) and ash in scat (y). The potential importance of accounting for these correlations was investigated by performing Monte Carlo analyses with and without assumed correlations among variables, as follows:

Assumed Correlations	
Pair	r
a and b	-0.8
a and c	0
a and y	-0.6
b and c	0
b and y	0.6
c and y	0.8

Comparison of distributions resulting from Monte Carlo analyses with correlated and uncorrelated variables indicated no significant differences. Consequently, soil ingestion distributions resulting from the uncorrelated Monte Carlo analyses were used. The results are shown in Table 3. The 90th percentile value of the estimated distribution of P_s for each species is selected as the most appropriate high-end point estimate value to use in the calculation of Eco-SSL values.

3.0 ESTIMATING BIOACCUMULATION

As noted in Section 1, different forms of uptake models were used to predict the concentration of contaminants in dietary tissues as a function of the concentration in soil. Tables 4a to 4c summarize the bioaccumulation equations for plants, earthworms, and small mammals which were used for inorganics, non-ionic organics, and pentachlorophenol, respectively. A detailed discussion of the derivation and selection of each of these models is presented in the following subsections.

3.1 Uptake of Inorganics

Soil-to-biota bioaccumulation uptake equations, both as simple ratios (bioaccumulation factors (BAFs)) or as regression equations, have recently been developed from published data for earthworms, terrestrial plants, and small mammals, and are presented in Sample et al. (1999), Sample et al. (1998a), Sample et al. (1998b), and Bechtel-Jacobs (1998). Bioaccumulation equations presented in these reports were selected as the primary means for estimation of concentrations of inorganic contaminants in wildlife dietary items. If both a chemical-specific BAF and a chemical-specific regression equation were available for a given contaminant, the regression equation was selected for application provided the equation was significant (i.e., the slope differed significantly [$p \leq 0.05$] from 0) and the coefficient of determination (R^2) was greater than or equal to 0.2. If these criteria were not met, the median BAF was used to estimate bioaccumulation.

Table 4a summarizes the uptake equations that were used to estimate inorganic concentrations in plants, earthworms, and small mammals for all inorganics on the initial Eco-SSL list. Soil-to-biota bioaccumulation models were available from the sources referenced in the preceding paragraphs with some exceptions. The following subsections describe the values selected for antimony, beryllium, barium and nickel that could not be identified from the available sources.

3.1.1 Antimony

The available sources reviewed did not contain any bioaccumulation factors for antimony. Based on limited data presented in Bechtel-Jacobs (1998) and a recently published study by Baroni et al. (2000), a log-linear regression equation was developed for antimony uptake into plants (Figure 1; Appendix A). Because no earthworm bioaccumulation data were located for antimony, a default BAF of 1 was assumed.

Diet-to-biota factors (F_f) for cattle are provided in Baes et al. (1984). Use of uptake factors specific for beef is not optimal for estimating uptake into small mammals; however, these values are used where no other data were available. The BAF factors for antimony for small mammalian prey species (e.g., mouse), are derived from the F_f values in Baes et al. (1984) as follows:

$$\text{BAF}_{\text{diet-to-beef}} = F_f (\text{d/kg tissue}) \text{AFood intake (kg food/day)}$$

For cattle, the food (plant) intake rate assumed by Baes et al. (1984) was 50 kg/day. Thus:

$$\text{BAF}_{\text{diet-to-beef}} = 50 \text{AF}_f$$

Combining this equation with the soil-to-plant BAF (or soil-to-diet BAF) yields:

$$\text{BAF}_{\text{soil-to-beef}} = \text{BAF}_{\text{soil-to-diet}} \text{A}50 \text{AF}_f$$

3.1.2 Beryllium

The available sources reviewed did not contain any BAF values for the uptake of beryllium from soils by plants or small mammals. Based on a limited review of literature information (search of Toxline), a regression equation was developed for beryllium uptake into plants (Figure 2; Appendix A). The uptake of beryllium from soils into small mammals was estimated using the diet-to-biota factors (F_f) for cattle provided in Baes et al. (1984) as previously described for antimony in Section 3.1.1.

3.1.3 Barium

The available sources reviewed did not contain any BAF values for the uptake of barium from soils into small mammals. The uptake of barium from soils into small mammals was estimated using the diet-to-biota factors (F_f) for cattle provided in Baes et al. (1984) as previously described for antimony in Section 3.1.1.

3.1.4 Nickel

Between 1998 and 1999, authors (Sample et al., 1998b and Sample et al., 1999) attempted to develop a regression model to predict the bioaccumulation of nickel from soil by earthworms. Their analyses concluded that soil concentrations alone did not accurately predict nickel uptake in earthworms. This conclusion was supported by the contradiction of other studies. Neuhauser et al. (1995) indicated a significant positive relationship between soil nickel and concentrations in earthworm tissues while studies by Abdul Rada and Bouche (1995) and Beyer et al., (1982) indicate a negative relationship. An analysis of the Neuhauser et al. (1995) data combined with

data from other studies also shows a negative relationship (Sample et al., 1999). The authors conclude that the uptake of nickel is influenced by pH but this factor did not completely explain uptake and that more research is needed to understand the factors that influence bioaccumulation. The overall conclusion was that an accurate regression model could not be identified.

3.2 Uptake of Non-Ionic Organics

Soil-to-biota bioaccumulation uptake equations for earthworms, terrestrial plants, and small mammals were not available from the literature. For the non-ionic organic chemicals on the Eco-SSL contaminant of concern (COC) list (dieldrin, DDD, DDE, DDT, RDX, TNT and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)), data were compiled from the literature and an uptake value was derived.

A limited literature search was completed for bioaccumulation data (paired chemical concentrations for soil and food type). This included paired data for soil-to-plant, soil-to-soil invertebrate, soil-to-mammal, soil-to-bird, diet-to-mammal and diet-to-bird. The general search process included the following steps:

- 1) Review of information from existing reports that collected bioaccumulation data. These reports included Efrogmson (1998), Sample et al. (1998a) and Sample et al. (1998b).
- 2) Review of existing soil screening level guidelines including the Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines (CCME), and the Dutch Maximum Permissible Concentrations and Negligible Concentrations.
- 3) Search of the World Wide Web. The Web was searched for information on bioaccumulation in an attempt to identify other efforts to collect bioaccumulation data or other regulatory uses of bioaccumulation data.
- 4) Literature searches were performed in the Colorado Alliance of Research Libraries, an on-line computer system and through AGRICOLA, an on-line literature search engine. Searches were conducted using different combinations of the following keywords: bioaccumulation factor, bioaccumulation, bioaccumulate, bioaccumulative, bioaccumulated, biomagnify, biomagnification, accumulate, accumulation, accumulated, dieldrin, DDT, DDD, DDE, pentachlorophenol, and PAH.
- 5) Review of the literature identified in the search for toxicity data on wildlife (Attachment 4-1).

- 6) Chemical-specific observations of uptake of organic compounds from soil into plant tissue were assembled based on a review of the literature cited in Travis and Arms (1988).
- 7) In 2007, EPA completed the Eco-SSL document for PAHs and a decision was made to derive Eco-SSLs for two groups of PAHs as low molecular weight PAHs with aromatic rings of 3 or less and high molecular weight PAHs with aromatic rings of 4 or higher. The data for uptake of PAHs from soils into plant foliage was then segregated into LMW and HMW groups.

Table 4b summarizes the uptake equations for the non-ionic organic COCs on the initial Eco-SSL list (RDX, TNT, DDT, dieldrin, and PAHs) that were used to estimate concentrations in plants, earthworms, and small mammals. The following subsections provide a detailed discussion of the derivation of these equations for plants, earthworms, and small mammals. These subsections also serve as examples of how bioaccumulation can be evaluated for other contaminants not on the initial Eco-SSL list. For any additional contaminants, bioaccumulation data will be included in contaminant specific Eco-SSL documents.

3.2.1 Plants

Appendix B provides a summary of all the plant uptake data for non-ionic organic chemicals that were compiled as part of the Eco-SSL effort based on a review of the literature search results. Chemical-specific uptake data were used to derive an uptake equation for each Eco-SSL non-ionic organic COC. First a chemical-specific regression was attempted relating the transformed concentration in soil to the transformed concentration in plant. This regression is used to estimate bioaccumulation if it was identified as significant (i.e., the slope differed significantly [$p \leq 0.05$] from 0) and R^2 is greater than or equal to 0.2. If both of these criteria were not met, the median BAF was used to estimate bioaccumulation. These analyses are provided in Appendix C and the resulting uptake equations are summarized in Table 4b.

It was anticipated that the derivation of Eco-SSLs for PAHs would require the estimation of PAHs as a total in plants. Figure 3 presents correlation figures for the uptake of PAHs into unrinsed foliage (Panel A) and rinsed foliage (Panel B). The regression for rinsed foliage data is significant while the regression for unrinsed foliage is not. Uptake into rinsed foliage was considered appropriate for calculation of the Eco-SSLs as ingestion of soil particles or dust on leaves is included in the fraction of exposure associated with incidental soil ingestion. The data for uptake of PAHs from soils into plant foliage segregated into LMW and HMW groups are plotted in Figure 4.

The procedures provided in the Eco-SSL guidance are intended to be transparent for potential use in deriving Eco-SSLs for chemicals not on the initial Eco-SSL COC list. The use of chemical-specific empirical data is preferred for estimating uptake, however if data are unavailable then an inter-chemical extrapolation approach which relates $\log K_{ow}$ to $\log BAF$ can be used. Using this approach, a BAF (expressed as concentration in plant divided by the concentration in soil on a dry weight basis) is estimated from the $\log K_{ow}$ for the chemical of interest. Based on the data collected and reviewed in Appendix B, Figure 5 presents equations that can be used to predict a BAF based on the $\log K_{ow}$ for non-ionic organic chemicals with $\log K_{ow}$ values ranging from 3 to 8. This method was used to estimate a BAF value for acenaphthylene in Table 4b.

3.2.2 Earthworms

Uptake equations for non-ionic organic chemicals from soils into earthworm (soil invertebrate tissue) are either derived from chemical-specific empirical data or estimated using models. In the cases where empirical data were unavailable, uptake was estimated based on available models.

Empirical Data

Appendix D and E provide compilations of the soil invertebrate uptake data for DDT, DDD, DDE and dieldrin, respectively, compiled as part of the Eco-SSL effort. These chemical-specific uptake data were used to derive an uptake equation for each chemical. First a chemical-specific regression was attempted relating the transformed concentration in soil to the transformed concentration in soil invertebrate. Uptake regressions for DDT and metabolites from soil into soil invertebrates were derived for DDT, DDD and DDE separately and combined as provided in Figure 6. The uptake regression for dieldrin from soil into soil invertebrates is provided as Figure 7. The regression was used to estimate bioaccumulation if it is significant (i.e., the slope differed significantly [$p \leq 0.05$] from 0) and R^2 is greater than or equal to 0.2). If both of these criteria are not met, the median BAF is used to estimate bioaccumulation.

In cases where the back calculation of the Eco-SSL using the significant regression equations resulted in soil concentrations (Eco-SSL values) lower than the range of data used to derive the regressions, the median BAF was used to estimate bioaccumulation. This was the case for Total DDT (DDT, DDD and DDE) and dieldrin. The resulting selected uptake equations are summarized in Table 4b.

Models

Concentrations of non-ionic organic contaminants from soil into earthworms are assumed to be a function of partitioning between soil pore water and the earthworm tissues (Connell and Markwell 1990, Sample et al. 1997, Jager 1998):

$$C_{\text{worm}} = K_{\text{ww}} @ C_{\text{w}}$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} C_{\text{worm}} &= \text{concentration in worm (mg/kg dry weight)} \\ K_{\text{ww}} &= \text{biota to soil water partitioning coefficient (L soil pore water/kg ww tissue)} \\ C_{\text{w}} &= \text{concentration in soil pore water (mg/L)} \end{aligned}$$

For lipophilic chemicals, K_{ww} is a function of the octanol-water partition coefficient (K_{ow}) and the fraction lipid content of the organism. Jager (1998) derived the following regression equation for K_{ww} (L soil pore water/kg ww tissue) in earthworms based on data for 69 lipophilic chemicals (with $\log K_{\text{ow}}$ values ranging from 2 to 8):

$$\log(K_{\text{ww}}) = 0.87 @ \log(K_{\text{ow}}) - 2.0$$

K_{ww} (L soil pore water/kg ww tissue) was converted to L soil pore water/kg dw tissue by assuming 16% solids and dividing K_{ww} by 0.16.

The concentration of a chemical in soil pore water (C_{w}) is related to the concentration in soil as follows:

$$C_{\text{w}} = C_{\text{s}} / K_{\text{d}}$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} C_{\text{s}} &= \text{concentration in soil (mg/kg soil)} \\ K_{\text{d}} &= \text{soil to water partitioning coefficient (L soil pore water / kg dw soil)} \end{aligned}$$

For non-ionic organic compounds, K_{d} may be estimated as:

$$K_{\text{d}} = f_{\text{oc}} @ K_{\text{oc}}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} f_{\text{oc}} &= \text{fraction of organic carbon in soil (kg organic carbon/kg soil)} \\ K_{\text{oc}} &= \text{soil organic carbon to water partitioning coefficient (L soil pore water / kg organic carbon)} \end{aligned}$$

In cases where K_{ow} but not K_{oc} is available, the value of K_{oc} can be estimated using the class-specific models presented in Gerstl (1990). Table 5 provides a summary of the input parameters used to calculate BAFs for the uptake of non-ionic organic chemicals from soil into earthworms.

3.2.3 Small Mammals and Birds

The uptake of non-ionic organic chemicals from soil into small mammals or birds was estimated for the Eco-SSL COCs based on chemical-specific empirical data. Appendix D and E provide respective compilations of the mammal and bird uptake data for DDT, DDD, DDE and dieldrin compiled as part of the Eco-SSL effort. The data compiled represent the uptake of these organic chemicals from the diet into either whole body or carcass tissues. These chemical-specific uptake data were used to derive an uptake equation for each chemical. First a chemical-specific regression was attempted relating the transformed concentration in diet to transformed concentration in either bird or mammal carcass or whole body tissue. This regression was used to estimate bioaccumulation if it was considered significant (i.e., the slope differed significantly [$p \leq 0.05$] from 0) and R^2 is greater than or equal to 0.2. The uptake regressions for DDT from diet into mammals and birds (DDT, and DDE separate and combined) are provided as Figure 8. The uptake regression for dieldrin from diet into mammals and birds is provided as Figure 9.

In cases where the back calculation of the Eco-SSL using the significant regression equations resulted in soil concentrations (Eco-SSL values) lower than the range of data used to derive the regressions, the median BAF was used to estimate bioaccumulation. This was the case for Total DDT (DDT, DDD and DDE) and dieldrin.

No suitable mammalian bioaccumulation data were located for PAHs, RDX or TNT. However, due to the rapid metabolism of these compounds after ingestion by birds and mammals, bioaccumulation is expected to be minimal.

3.3 Uptake of Pentachlorophenol

Pentachlorophenol (PCP) can exist in soil as either a non-ionic species or as an organic anion. In the pH range relevant to most environmental scenarios, PCP can exist as both a neutral species and as an anionic species; however, the primary form is as the organic anion (Lee et al., 1990). The ionic form of PCP has a greater tendency relative to the neutral PCP to remain in the soil pore water, similar to metal anions. Because of this, PCP was evaluated separately from the non-ionic organic chemicals. Table 4c summarizes the uptake equations that were used to estimate PCP concentrations in plants, earthworms, and small mammals for PCP. The following subsections provide a detailed discussion of the derivation of these uptake equations.

3.3.1 *Plants and Earthworms*

Data on PCP uptake from soil into plants and earthworms were compiled from studies identified as part of the literature search previously described. Appendix F provides a summary of the bioaccumulation data for PCP in plants and earthworms. These data were used to derive an uptake regression from soil to earthworm (Figure 10) and a median BAF for the uptake of PCP from soil into plants (Appendix F).

In cases where the back calculation of the Eco-SSL using the significant regression equations resulted in soil concentrations (Eco-SSL values) lower than the range of data used to derive the regressions, the median BAF was used to estimate bioaccumulation. This was the case for PCP.

3.3.2 *Small Mammals*

No data were located on the uptake of PCP into small mammal tissues. However, a study by Stedman et al. (1980) provides an uptake regression from diet into the chicken.

$$C_{\text{chicken}} = 0.00452 C_{\text{diet}} + 0.198$$

where:

C_{chicken} = concentration in the chicken (mg/kg dw)

C_{diet} = concentration in the diet of the chicken (mg/kg dw)

Assuming uptake into mammals is similar to that reported for chickens, and by assuming that the diet of the chicken consists primarily of earthworms, this equation was used to estimate PCP tissue concentrations in small mammals.

EPA has provided detailed bioaccumulation data and the derivation of uptake equations in this Attachment for the subset of initial Eco-SSL COCs that are non-ionic and ionic organic chemicals. Any additional bioaccumulation data used to derive Eco-SSLs should be summarized and provided as part of the contaminant specific documents.

4.0 REFERENCES

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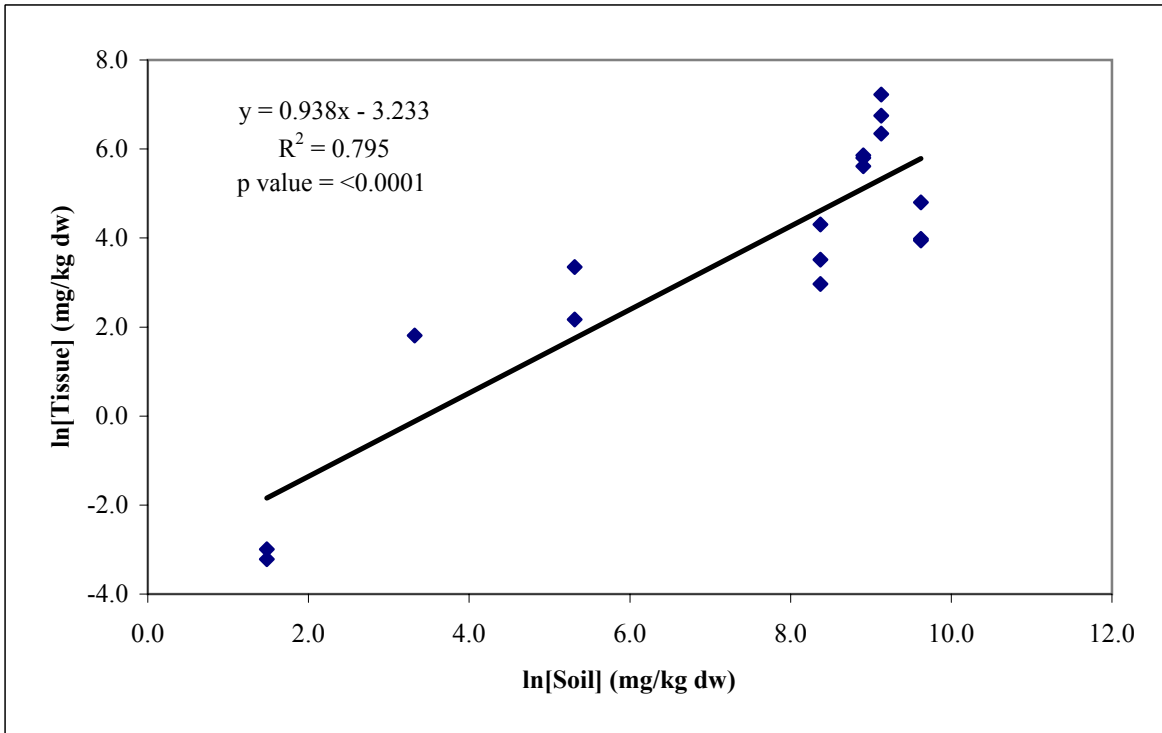


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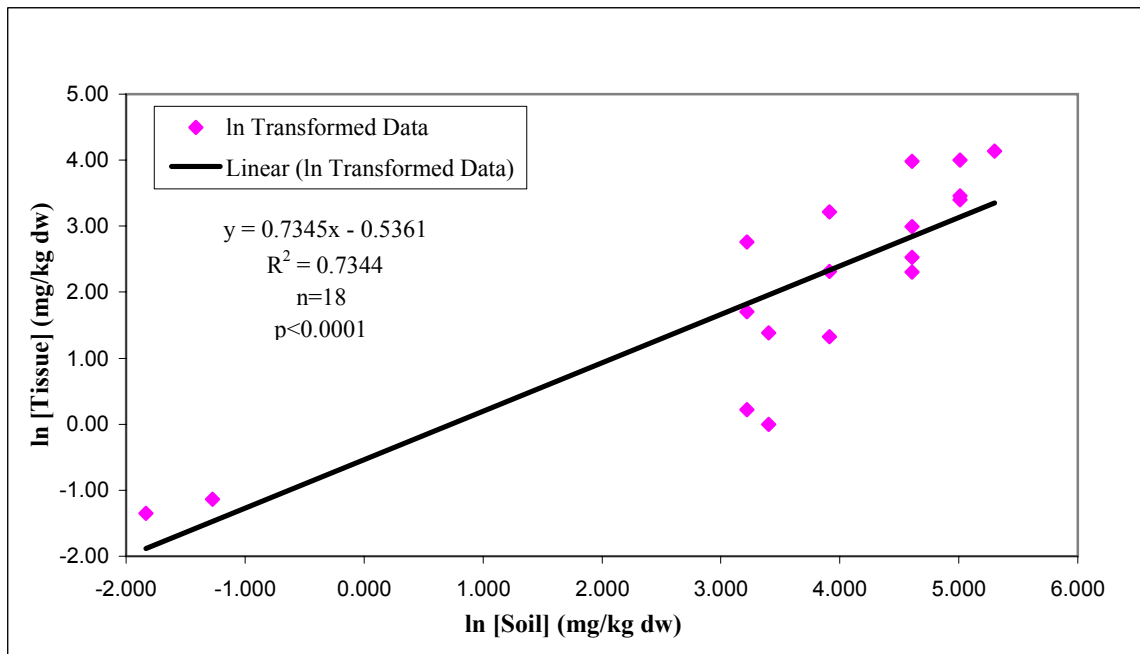
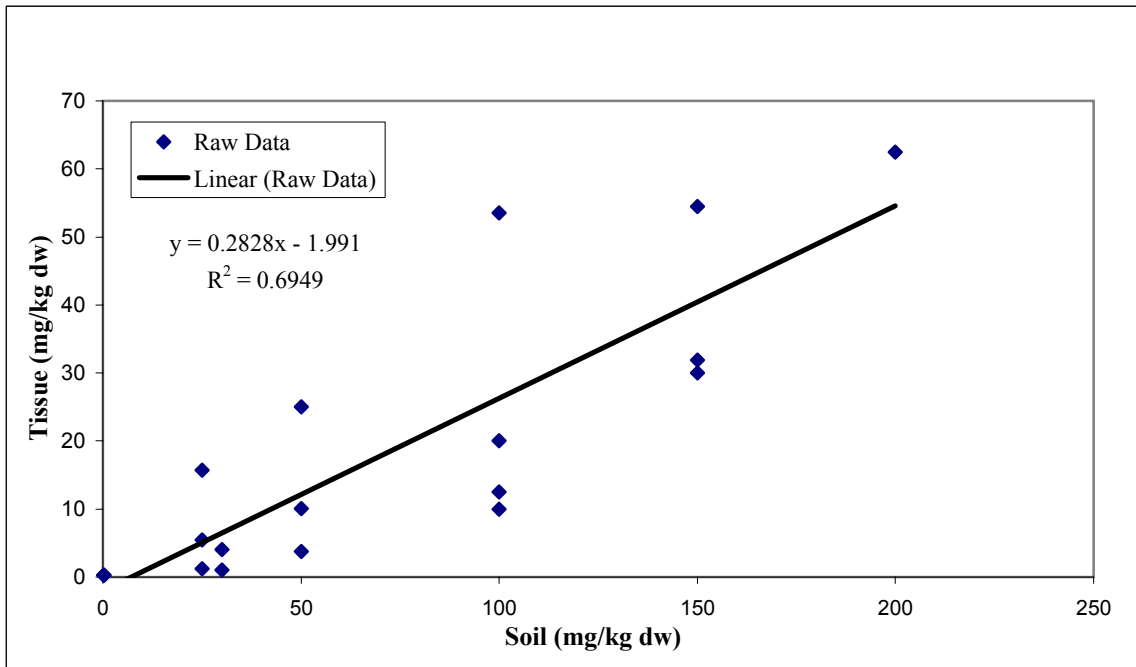
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Figure 1. Uptake of Antimony from Soil into Plant Foliage



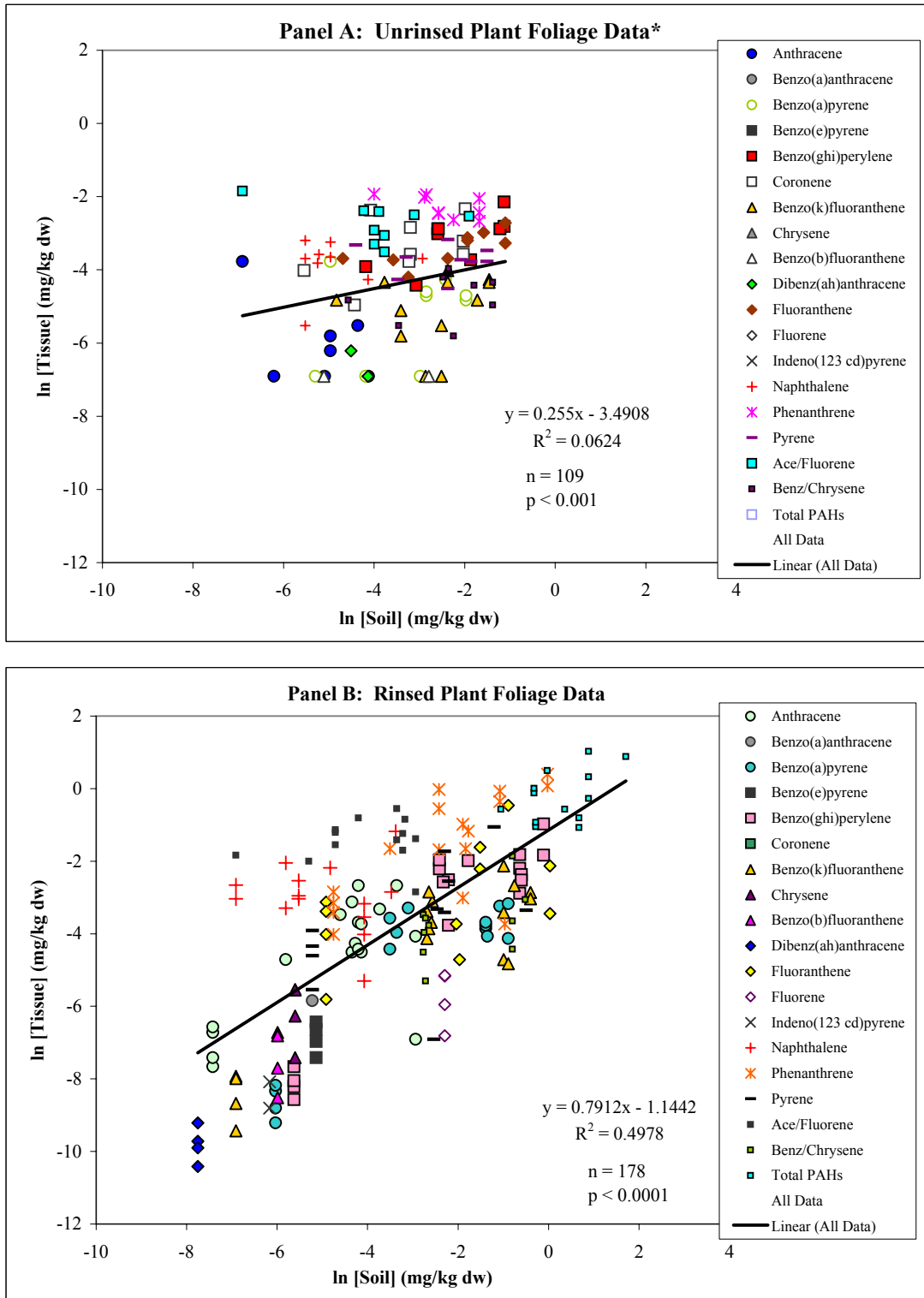
Raw data are provided in Appendix A.

Figure 2
Uptake of Beryllium from Soil into Plant Foliage



Raw data provided in Appendix A.

Figure 3. Uptake of PAHs from Soil into Plant Foliage for Unrinsed (Panel A) and Rinsed (Panel B) Plant Foliage



* Includes data for studies where rinsed status was not specified. Raw data provided in Appendix B.

Figure 4. Uptake of PAHs from Soil into Plant Foliage
Low versus High Molecular Weight PAHs

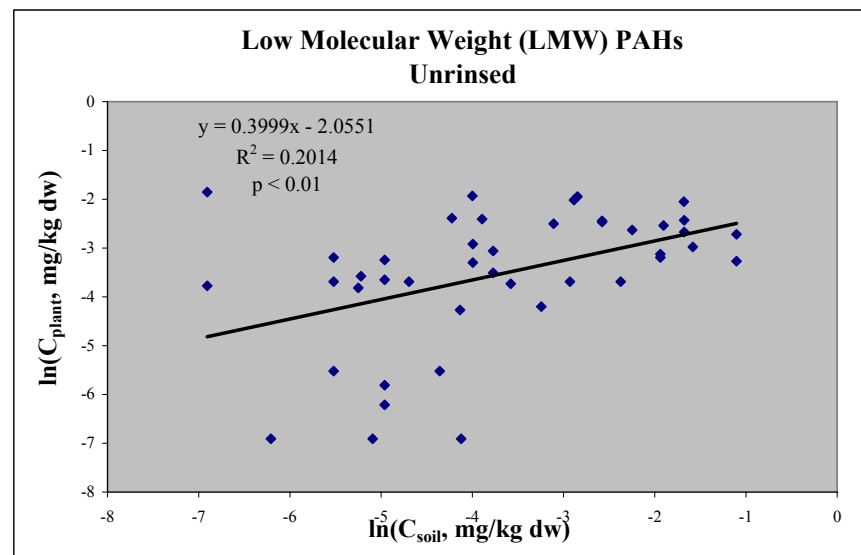
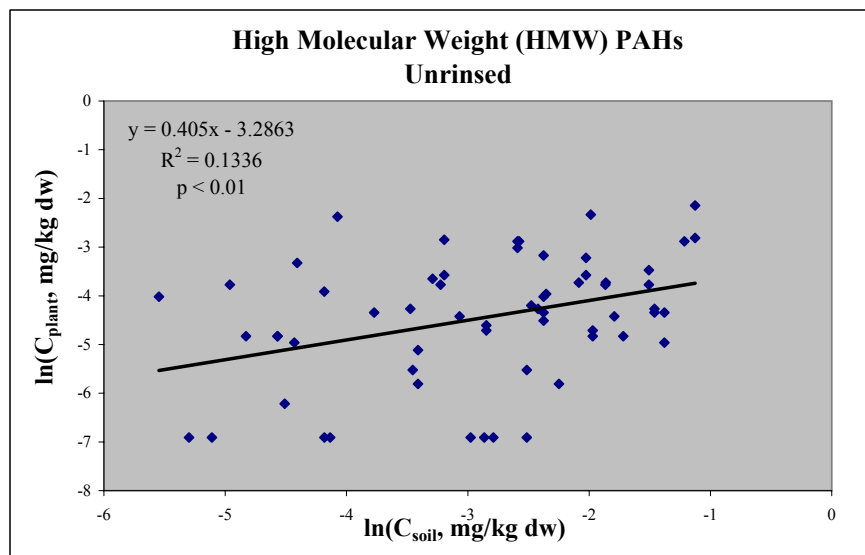
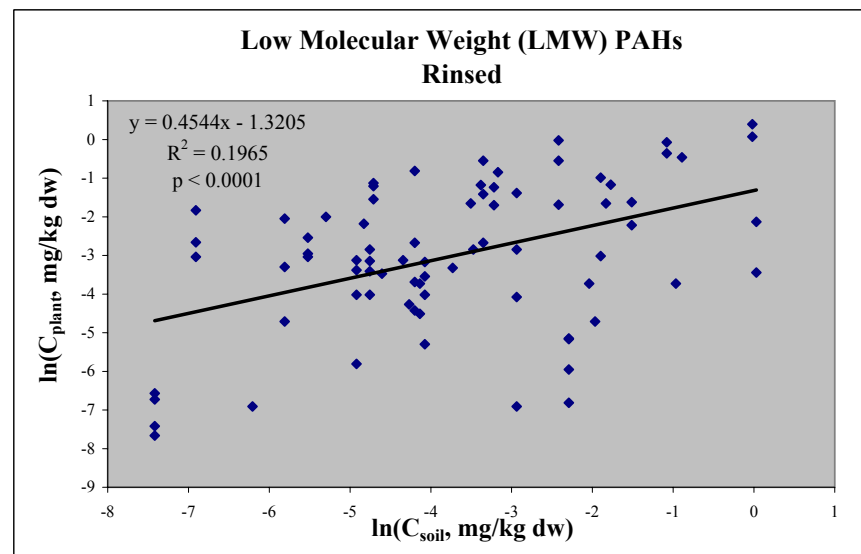
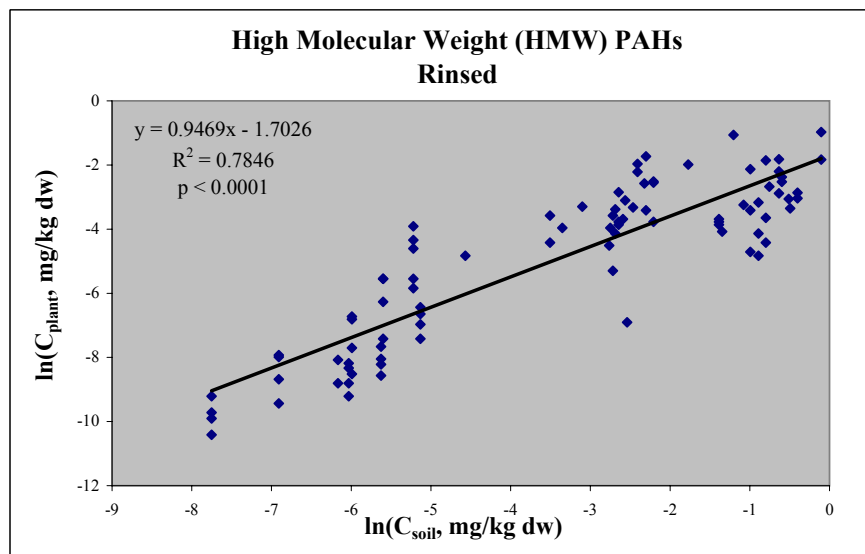
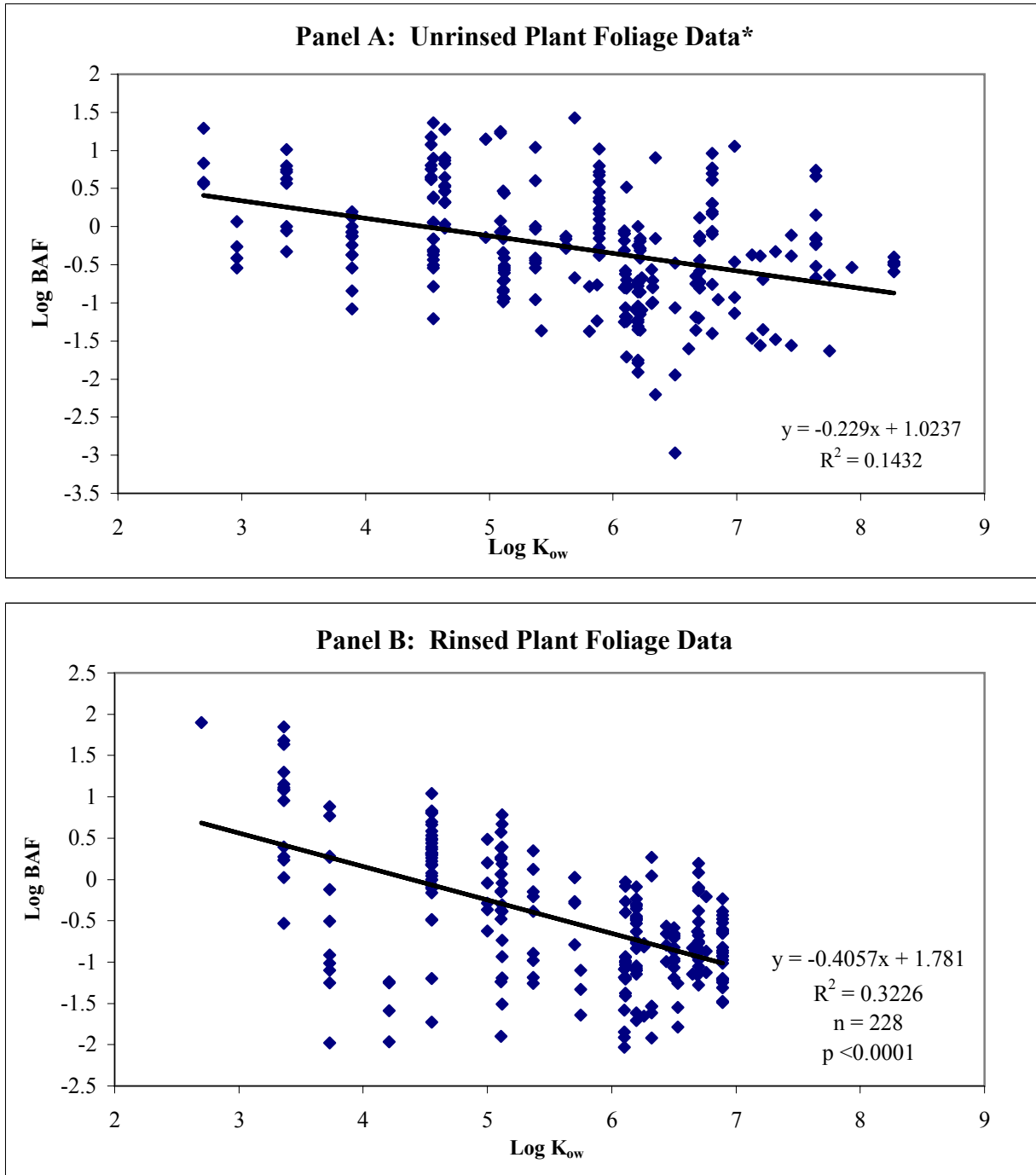
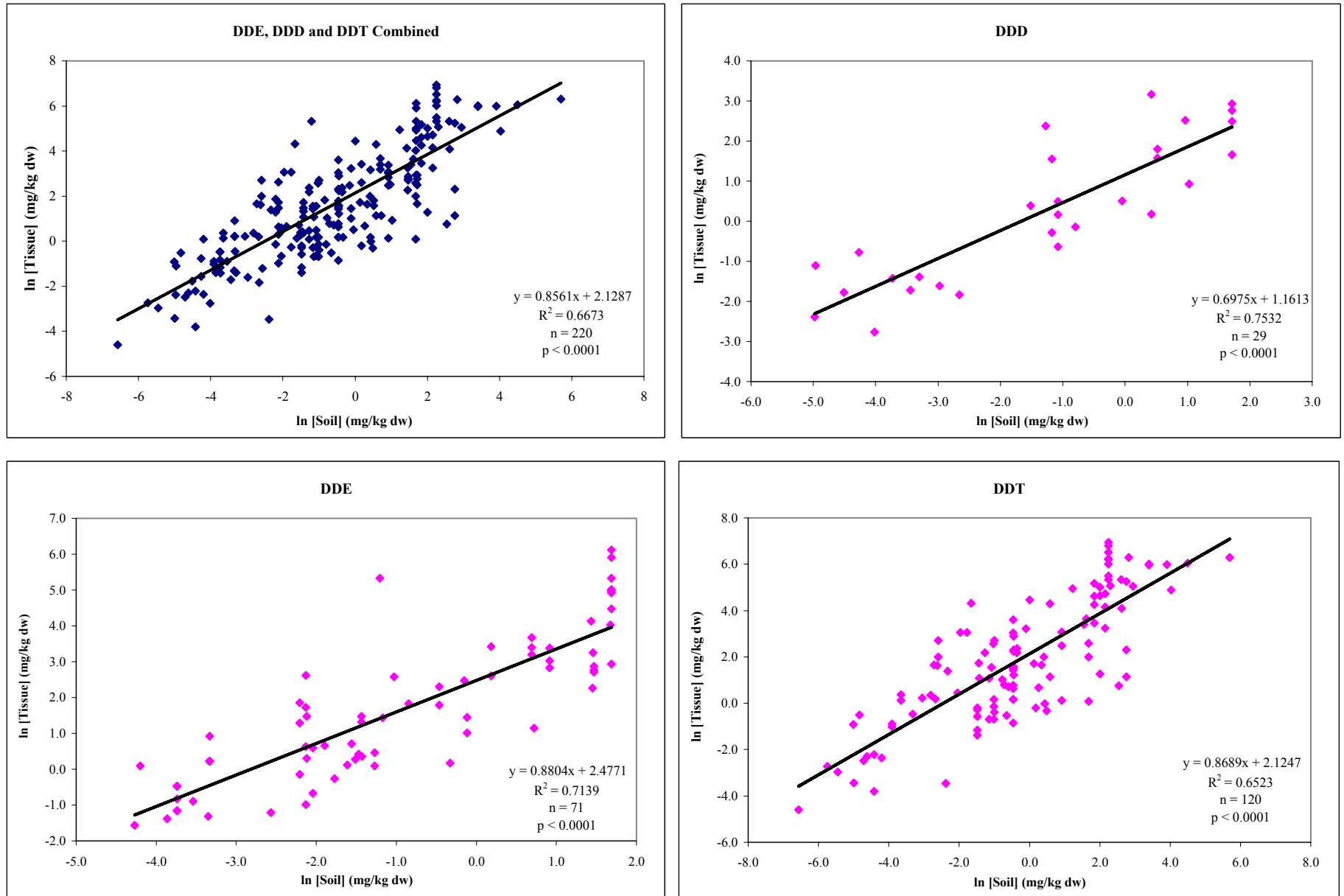


Figure 5. Log K_{ow} versus Log BAF for Non-Ionic Organics in Unrinsed (Panel A) and Rinsed (Panel B) Plant Foliage



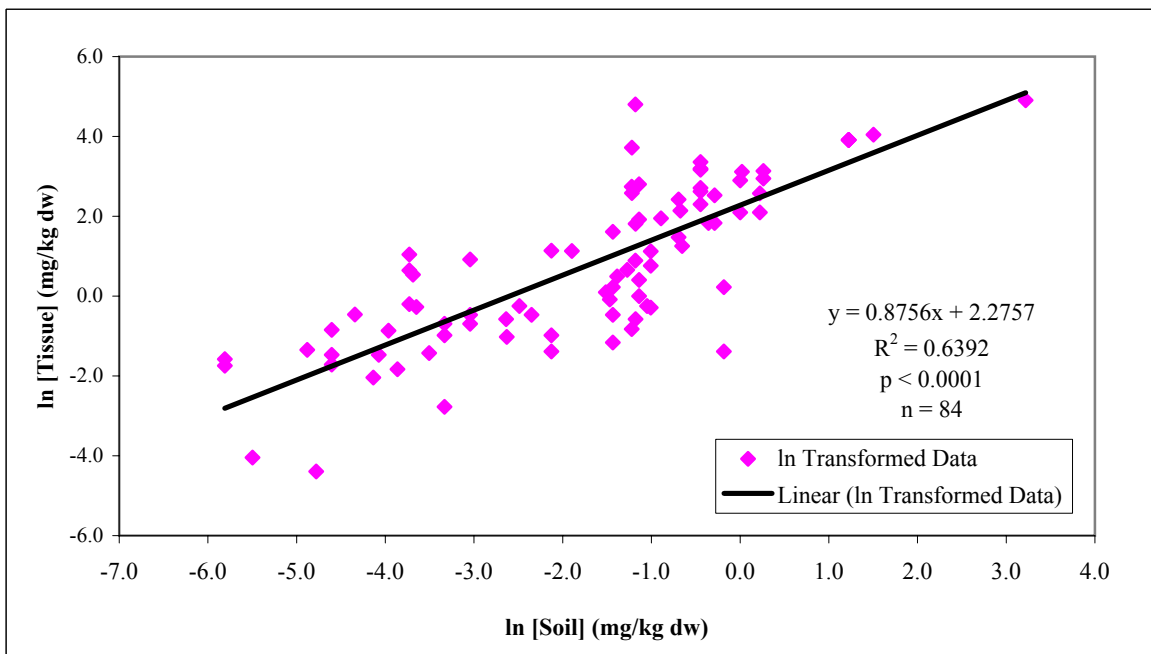
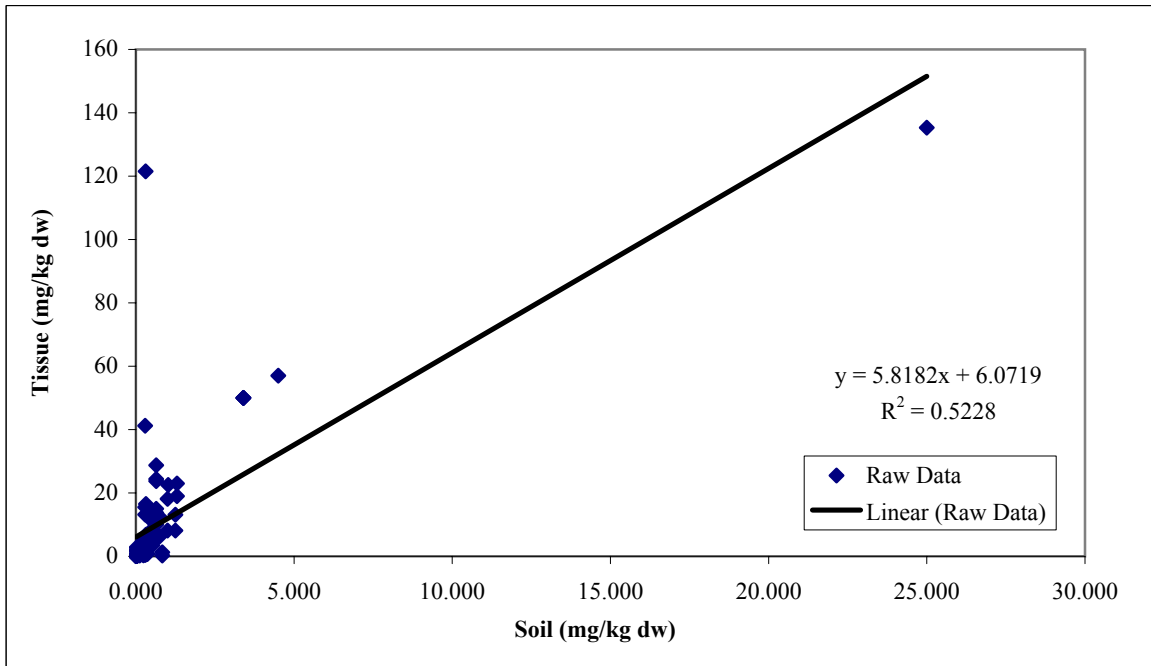
* Includes data for studies where rinsed status was not reported. Raw data provided in Appendix B.

Figure 6
Uptake of DDT, DDD and DDE from Soil by Soil Invertebrates



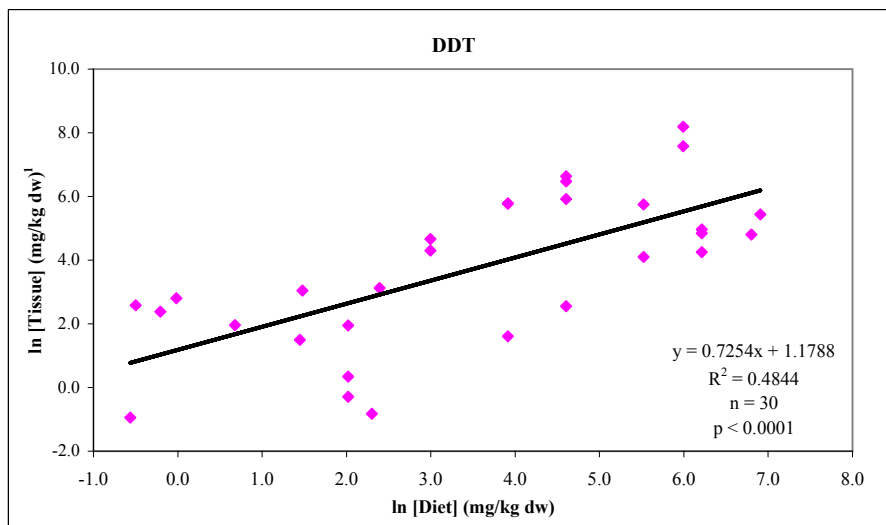
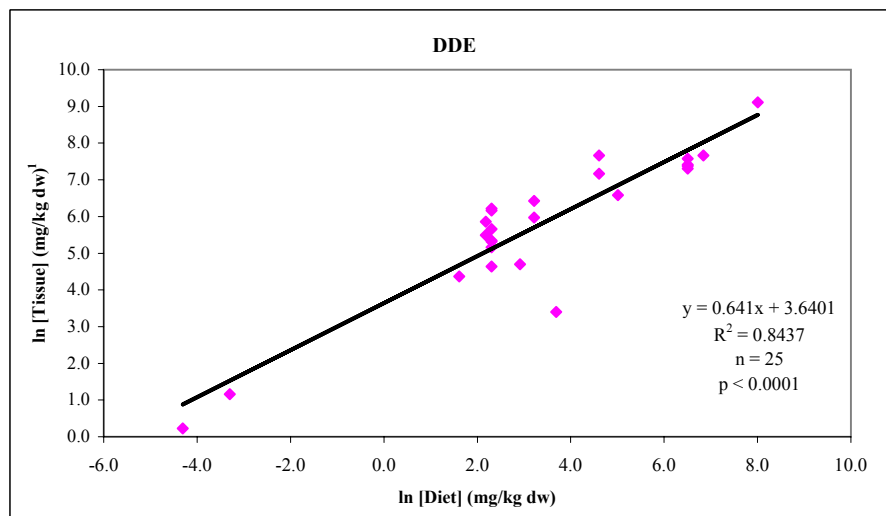
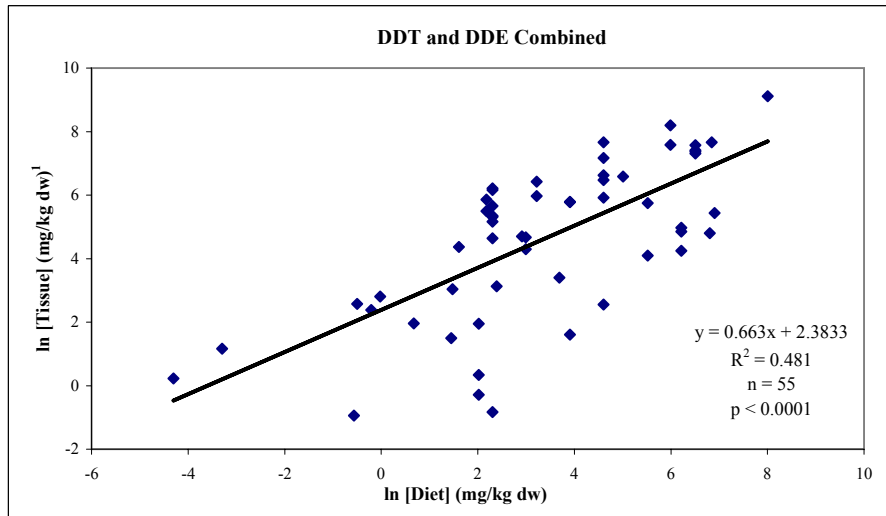
Raw data provided in Appendix D.

Figure 7
Uptake of Dieldrin from Soil by Soil Invertebrates



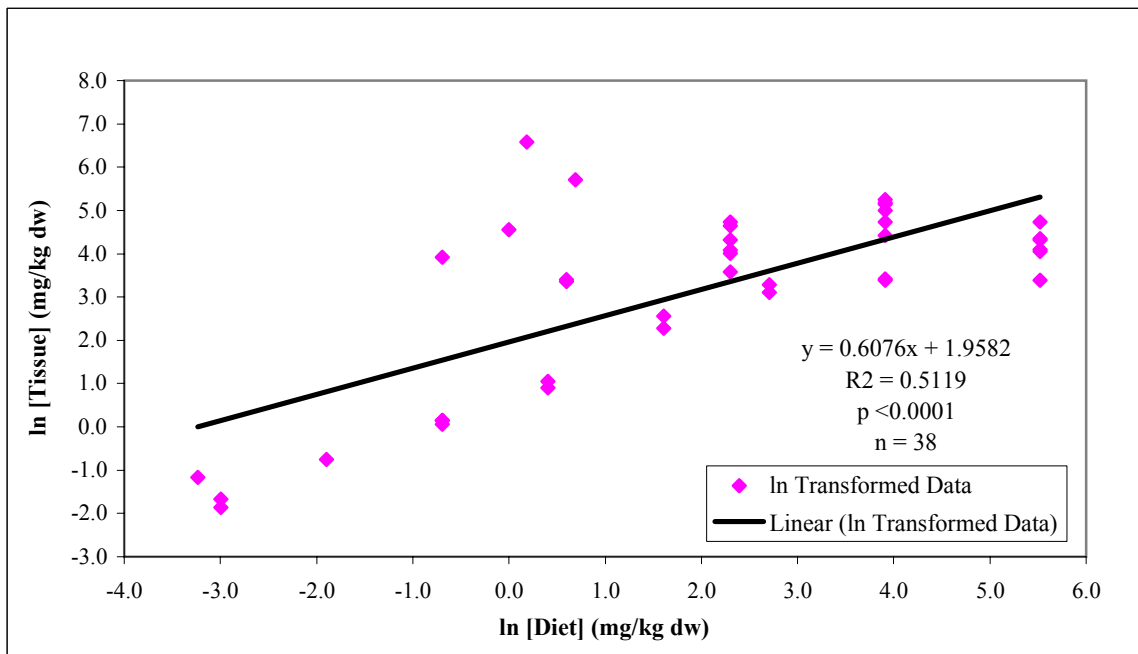
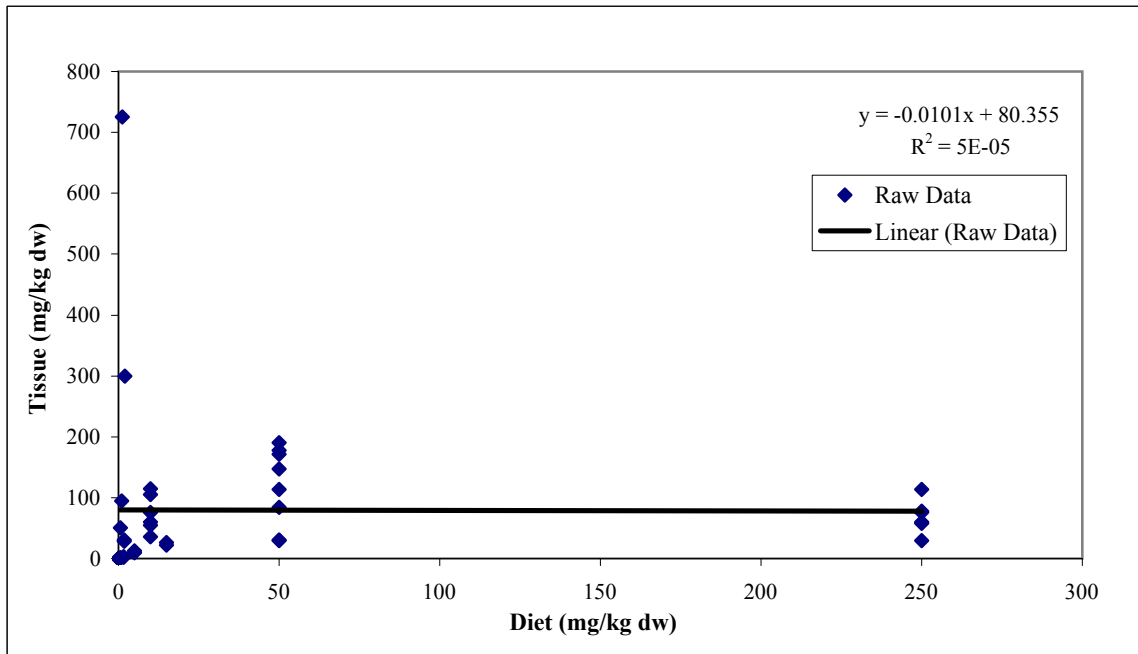
Raw data provided in Appendix E.

Figure 8
Concentration of DDT, and DDT in Diet versus
Mammal and Bird Whole Body or Carcass Tissue



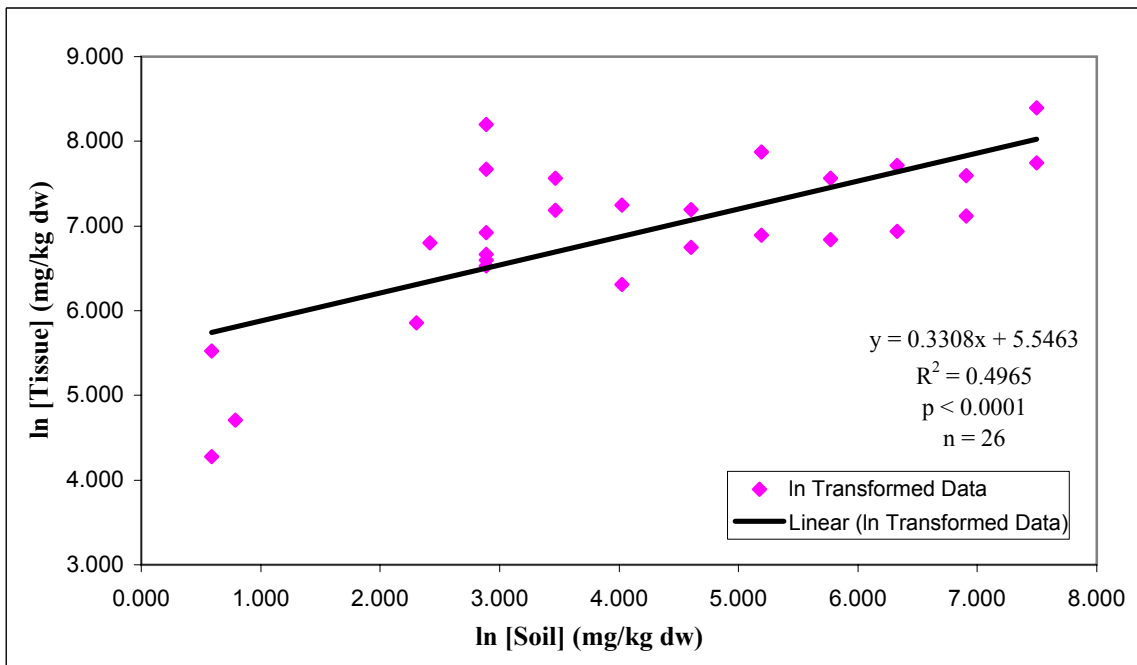
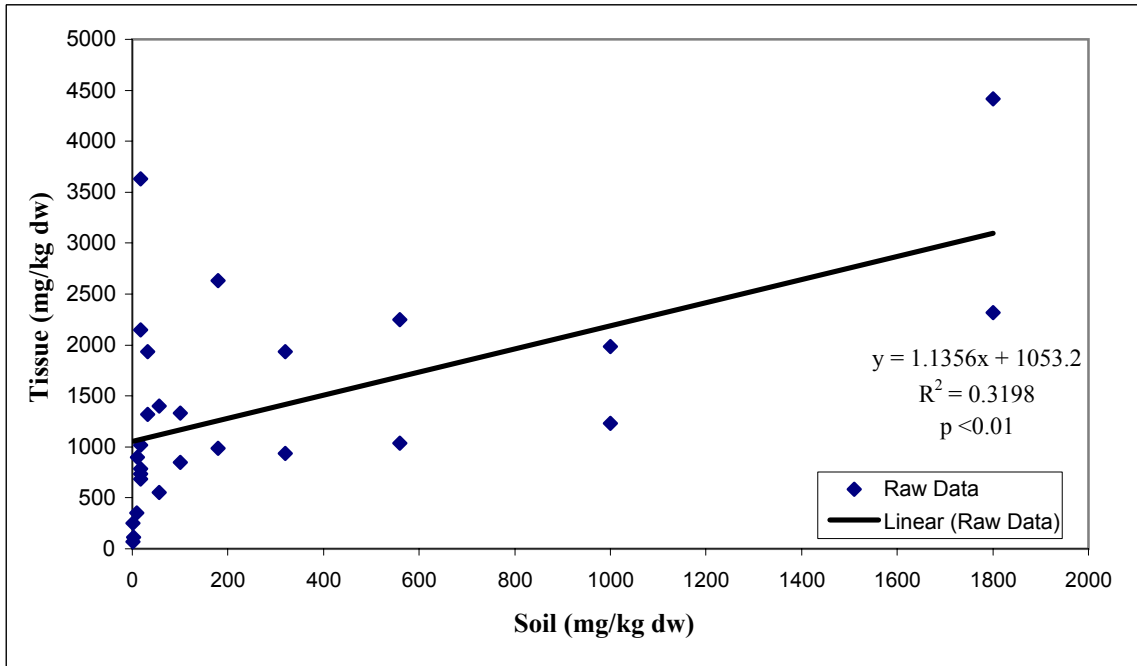
¹ Tissue type is either whole body or carcass. Raw data is provided in Appendix D.

Figure 9
Concentration of Dieldrin in Diet versus
Mammal or Bird Whole Body or Carcass Tissue



Raw data provided in Appendix E.

Figure 10
Uptake of Pentachlorophenol (PCP) from Soil by Soil Invertebrates



Raw Data Provided in Appendix F.



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Tables

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Table 1. Food Intake Data for Surrogate Species

Surrogate Species	Source	Raw Data Food Ingestion Rate (FIR) (g/g bw/day)						% Moisture		Food Intake Rate (g dw/g bw/d)		Comments	High End Point Est (e)	
		Typical	N	SEM	Stdev	High end	Weight Basis	Value	Source	Mean	High end		(g dw/g bw/d)	
Meadow Vole	Ognev (1950)	0.30 - 0.35	--	--	--	0.35	wet wt	85	reported in study	0.049	0.053	b	low and high ends of a range (cited in Johnson & Johnson 1982) 14 hr/day 10 hr/day	0.0875
	Dark et al. (1983)	0.095	9	0.002	0.006	a	--	dry wt	--	0.095	0.103	c		
	Dark et al. (1983)	0.085	12	0.005	0.017	a	--	dry wt	--	0.085	0.107	c		
Short-tailed Shrew	Morrison et al. (1957)	0.62	7	--	--	--	wet wt	80	assumed	0.124	0.155	d	fed beef liver; mean for adult M&F at 25°C	0.209
	Morrison et al. (1957)	0.77	7	--	--	--	wet wt	80	assumed	0.154	0.193	d	fed beef liver; mean for adult M&F at 5°C	
	Morrison et al. (1957)	0.96	7	--	--	--	wet wt	68	WEFH, mice	0.307	0.384	d	fed newborn rats; mean for adult M&F at 25°C	
	Richarson (1973)	0.54	10	--	--	--	wet wt	68	assumed	0.173	0.216	d	food type not described; mean	
	Barrett and Stuek (1976)	0.49	4	--	0.073	--	wet wt	84	WEFH, earthworm	0.078	0.098	c	mealworm diet; FIR calculated as IR/BW; each assumed normal, mean and stdev reported. Stdev FIR estimated by Monte Carlo assuming R=0.8 (professional judgement)	
Long-tailed Weasel	Quick (1951)	0.40	3	--	--	--	wet wt	68	WEFH, mice	0.128	0.160	d	calculated based on 4 mice/day @ 30g/mice and bw = 300 g	0.130
	Brown and Lasiewski (1972)	0.08	--	--	--	--	wet wt	68	WEFH, mice	0.026	0.032	d	calculated from caloric requirements and assumed diet	
	Fagerstone (1987)	0.17 - 0.33	--	--	--	0.7	wet wt	68	WEFH, mice	0.080	0.224	b		
	Sanderson (1949)	0.18 - 0.24	7	--	--	0.4	wet wt	74	assumed	0.05	0.104	b	captive animals	
Mourning Dove	Hanson and Kossack (1957a)	0.14	--	--	--	--	wet wt	9.3	WEFH, seeds	0.128	0.161	d	based on 17 g/day and body weight = 120 g	0.190
	Taber (1928)	0.16	22	--	--	0.241	wet wt	9.3	WEFH, seeds	0.146	0.219	b		
Red-Tailed Hawk	Craighead & Craighead (1956)	0.112	1	--	--	--	wet wt	68	WEFH, mice	0.036	0.045	d	mean for adult female hawk across 68 days (winter)	0.0353
	Craighead & Craighead (1956)	0.102	1	--	--	--	wet wt	68	WEFH, mice	0.033	0.041	d	mean for adult male hawk across 106 days (winter)	
	Craighead & Craighead (1956)	0.086	1	--	--	--	wet wt	68	WEFH, mice	0.028	0.034	d	mean for adult male hawk across 29 days (summer)	
	Duke et al. (1976)	0.013	6	--	0.007	--	dry wt	--	--	0.013	0.021	c	fed at 0900 hrs for 94 days	
	Duke et al. (1976)	0.021	6	--	0.009	--	dry wt	--	--	0.021	0.032	c	fed at 1100 hrs for 78 days	
	Duke et al. (1976)	0.055	--	--	--	--	wet wt	68	WEFH, mice	--	--	--	adult mean, value could not be corroborated	
American Woodcock	Sheldon (1967)	1.0	--	--	--	--	wet wt	84	WEFH, earthworm	0.160	0.200	d	mean for adult M&F (summer)	0.214
	Stickel et al. (1965)	0.77	23	--	--	1.43	wet wt	84	WEFH, earthworm	0.123	0.229	b	mean for treated M&F in heptachlor dosing study (winter)	

SEM = Standard Error on Mean

Stdev = Standard Deviation

WEFH = Wildlife Exposure Factors Handbook (USEPA, 1993)

(a) Calculated as SEM * SQRT(N)

(b) Reported

(c) Calculated as Typical + 1.282 * Stdev (estimated to be the 90th percentile assuming a normal distribution)

(d) High end assumed (estimated as Typical * 1.25)

(e) High end point estimate based on arithmetic mean of alternate high end values

Table 2. Input Parameters for the Estimation of Soil Ingestion Rate

Parameter	Variable	Assumed Distribution	vole	shrew	weasel ¹	dove ²	hawk ¹	woodcock	Source Notes
digestibility of food	a	Normal(mean,std)	mean=0.76 std=0.076	mean ³ =0.82 std ³ =0.048	mean=0.84 std=0.065	mean=0.59 std=0.13	mean=0.78 std=0.052	mean=0.72 std=0.051	Mean and stdev digestibility values taken from USEPA (1993) (Table 4-3) unless noted.
concentration of acid-insoluble ash in food	b	Uniform(min,max)	min=0 max=0.02	min=0 max=0.02	min=0 max=0.02	min=0 max=0.02	min=0 max=0.02	min=0 max=0.02	Assumed; based on Beyer et al. (1994)
concentration of acid-insoluble ash in soil	c	Uniform(min,max)	min=0.9 max=1.0	min=0.9 max=1.0	min=0.9 max=1.0	min=0.9 max=1.0	min=0.9 max=1.0	min=0.9 max=1.0	Assumed; based on Beyer et al. (1994)
concentration of acid-insoluble ash in scat	y	Normal(mean,std)	mean = 0.089 std = 0.032	mean ⁴ = 0.104 std ⁵ = 0.052	mean = 0.14 std = 0.069	mean = 0.16 std = 0.087	mean = 0.14 std = 0.069	mean = 0.22 std = 0.146	Mean and stdev are measured values from Beyer et al. (1994) unless noted.

¹ Soil ingestion data assumed to be comparable to the red fox reported in Beyer et al. (1994).

² Soil ingestion data assumed to be comparable to the wild turkey reported in Beyer et al. (1994).

³ Provided by Randolph (1973).

⁴ Acid insoluble ash in GI tracts of shrews from unpublished data provided by C. Garten, Oak Ridge National Laboratory.

⁵ Standard deviation estimated using an assumed coefficient of variation (CV) of 50% (selected based on the average CV of 51% across all other receptors).

Table 3. Estimated Distribution of P_S Values

Statistic	vole	shrew	weasel	dove	hawk	woodcock
Mean	1.3%	1.1%	1.6%	6.8%	2.6%	7.5%
Stdev	1.4%	1.5%	2.1%	5.3%	2.3%	6.9%
5th Percentile	-0.8%	-1.1%	-1.2%	-0.6%	-0.7%	-1.6%
10th Percentile	-0.4%	-0.7%	-0.8%	0.6%	-0.1%	-0.2%
15th Percentile	-0.1%	-0.4%	-0.4%	1.5%	0.3%	0.9%
20th Percentile	0.1%	-0.2%	-0.1%	2.2%	0.6%	1.9%
25th Percentile	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	2.9%	1.0%	2.7%
30th Percentile	0.5%	0.2%	0.4%	3.6%	1.3%	3.4%
35th Percentile	0.7%	0.4%	0.6%	4.2%	1.5%	4.2%
40th Percentile	0.9%	0.6%	0.8%	4.8%	1.8%	4.9%
45th Percentile	1.0%	0.8%	1.1%	5.5%	2.1%	5.7%
50th Percentile	1.2%	0.9%	1.3%	6.1%	2.4%	6.4%
55th Percentile	1.4%	1.1%	1.5%	6.7%	2.6%	7.2%
60th Percentile	1.6%	1.3%	1.8%	7.4%	2.9%	8.1%
65th Percentile	1.7%	1.5%	2.1%	8.2%	3.3%	9.0%
70th Percentile	1.9%	1.7%	2.4%	9.0%	3.6%	10.0%
75th Percentile	2.2%	2.0%	2.7%	9.9%	4.0%	11.2%
80th Percentile	2.4%	2.3%	3.2%	11.0%	4.5%	12.5%
85th Percentile	2.7%	2.6%	3.7%	12.3%	5.0%	14.2%
90th Percentile	3.2%	3.0%	4.3%	13.9%	5.7%	16.4%
95th Percentile	3.8%	3.7%	5.4%	16.6%	6.9%	20.1%

Results based on Monte Carlo simulation with 100,000 iterations.

Table 4a. Uptake Equations for Inorganics

Analyte	Soil to Plants		Soil to Earthworms		Soil to Small Mammals	
	Equation	Source	Equation	Source	Equation	Source
Antimony	$\ln(C_p) = 0.938 * \ln(C_s) - 3.233$	a	$C_e = C_s$	g	$C_m = 0.001 * 50 * C_d$	f
Arsenic	$C_p = 0.03752 * C_s$	b	$\ln(C_e) = 0.706 * \ln(C_s) - 1.421$	e	$\ln(C_m) = 0.8188 * \ln(C_s) - 4.8471$	d
Barium	$C_p = 0.156 * C_s$	b	$C_e = 0.091 * C_s$	c	$C_m = 0.00015 * 50 * C_d$	f
Beryllium	$\ln(C_p) = 0.7345 * \ln(C_s) - 0.5361$	h	$C_e = 0.045 * C_s$	c	$C_m = 0.001 * 50 * C_d$	f
Cadmium	$\ln(C_p) = 0.546 * \ln(C_s) - 0.475$	b	$\ln(C_e) = 0.795 * \ln(C_s) + 2.114$	e	$\ln(C_m) = 0.4723 * \ln(C_s) - 1.2571$	d
Chromium	$C_p = 0.041 * C_s$	b	$C_e = 0.306 * C_s$	e	$\ln(C_m) = 0.7338 * \ln(C_s) - 1.4599$	d
Cobalt	$C_p = 0.0075 * C_s$	b	$C_e = 0.122 * C_s$	c	$\ln(C_m) = 1.307 * \ln(C_s) - 4.4669$	d
Copper	$\ln(C_p) = 0.394 * \ln(C_s) + 0.668$	b	$C_e = 0.515 * C_s$	e	$\ln(C_m) = 0.1444 * \ln(C_s) + 2.042$	d
Lead	$\ln(C_p) = 0.561 * \ln(C_s) - 1.328$	b	$\ln(C_e) = 0.807 * \ln(C_s) - 0.218$	e	$\ln(C_m) = 0.4422 * \ln(C_s) + 0.0761$	d
Manganese	$C_p = 0.079 * C_s$	b	$\ln(C_e) = 0.682 * \ln(C_s) - 0.809$	e	$C_m = 0.0205 * C_s$	d
Nickel	$\ln(C_p) = 0.748 * \ln(C_s) - 2.223$	b	Not available	i	$\ln(C_m) = 0.4658 * \ln(C_s) - 0.2462$	d
Selenium	$\ln(C_p) = 1.104 * \ln(C_s) - 0.677$	b	$\ln(C_e) = 0.733 * \ln(C_s) - 0.075$	e	$\ln(C_m) = 0.3764 * \ln(C_s) - 0.4158$	d
Silver	$C_p = 0.014 * C_s$	b	$C_e = 2.045 * C_s$	c	$C_m = 0.004 * C_s$	d
Vanadium	$C_p = 0.00485 * C_s$	b	$C_e = 0.042 * C_s$	c	$C_m = 0.0123 * C_s$	d
Zinc	$\ln(C_p) = 0.554 * \ln(C_s) + 1.575$	b	$\ln(C_e) = 0.328 * \ln(C_s) + 4.449$	e	$\ln(C_m) = 0.0706 * \ln(C_s) + 4.3632$	d

Source:

- a. Regression derived from measured data [Appendix A]
- b. Bechtel-Jacobs 1998
- c. Sample et al. 1998b
- d. Sample et al. 1998a
- e. Sample et al. 1999
- f. Baes et al. 1984
- g. Assumed
- h. Regression derived from measured data [Appendix A].
- i. A reliable uptake equation could not be identified (see text)

Abbreviations:

- C_s = Concentration in soil (mg/kg)
 - C_p = Concentration in plant tissue (mg/kg dry weight)
 - C_e = Concentration in earthworm (mg/kg dry weight)
 - C_m = Concentration in small mammal tissue (mg/kg dry weight)
 - C_d = Concentration in diet (mg/kg dry weight)
- where small mammal diet is assumed to be 100% earthworms

Table 4b. Uptake Equations for Non-Ionic Organics

Chemical	Soil to Plants		Soil to Earthworms		Soil to Small Mammals	
	Equation	Source	Equation	Source	Equation	Source
Non-PAHs						
Dieldrin	$C_p = 0.41 * C_s$	a	$C_e = 14.7 * C_s$	h	$C_m = 1.2 * C_d$	h
DDT, DDD and DDE Combined	$\ln(C_p) = 0.7524 * \ln(C_s) - 2.5119$	b	$C_e = 11.2 * C_s$	h	$C_m = 4.83 * C_d$	h
DDT	<i>Not Available</i>		$\ln(C_e) = 0.8689 * \ln(C_s) + 2.1247$	b	$\ln(C_m) = 0.7254 * \ln(C_d) + 1.1788$	b
DDD	<i>Not Available</i>		$\ln(C_e) = 0.6975 * \ln(C_s) + 1.1613$	b	<i>Not Available</i>	
DDE	<i>Not Available</i>		$\ln(C_e) = 0.8804 * \ln(C_s) + 2.4771$	b	$\ln(C_m) = 0.641 * \ln(C_d) + 3.6401$	b
TNT	$C_p = 4.23 * C_s$	c	<i>Not Available</i>		$C_m = 0$	f
RDX	$C_p = 0.43 * C_s$	c	<i>Not Available</i>		$C_m = 0$	f
Low Molecular Weight (LMW) PAHs						
Total LMW PAHs	$\ln(C_p) = 0.4544 * \ln(C_s) - 1.3205$	d	$C_e = 3.04 * C_s$	i	$C_m = 0$	f
Acenaphthene	$\ln(C_p) = -0.8556 * \ln(C_s) - 5.562$	d	$C_e = 1.47 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Acenaphthylene	$\ln(C_p) = 0.791 * \ln(C_s) - 1.144$	g	$C_e = 22.9 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Anthracene	$\ln(C_p) = 0.7784 * \ln(C_s) - 0.9887$	d	$C_e = 2.42 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Fluoranthene	$C_p = 0.50 * C_s$	c	$C_e = 3.04 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Fluorene	$\ln(C_p) = -0.8556 * \ln(C_s) - 5.562$	d	$C_e = 9.57 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Naphthalene	$C_p = 12.2 * C_s$	c	$C_e = 4.40 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Phenanthrene	$\ln(C_p) = 0.6203 * \ln(C_s) - 0.1665$	d	$C_e = 1.72 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
High Molecular Weight (HMW) PAHs						
Total HMW PAHs	$\ln(C_p) = 0.9469 * \ln(C_s) - 1.7026$	d	$C_e = 2.6 * C_s$	i	$C_m = 0$	f
Benzo(a)anthracene	$\ln(C_p) = 0.5944 * \ln(C_s) - 2.7078$	d	$C_e = 1.59 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Benzo(a)pyrene	$\ln(C_p) = 0.9750 * \ln(C_s) - 2.0615$	d	$C_e = 1.33 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	$C_p = 0.310 * C_s$	c	$C_e = 2.60 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Benzo(e)pyrene	$C_p = 0.19 * C_s$	c	$C_e = 2.76 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Benzo(ghi)perylene	$\ln(C_p) = 1.1829 * \ln(C_s) - 0.9313$	d	$C_e = 2.94 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	$\ln(C_p) = 0.8595 * \ln(C_s) - 2.1579$	d	$C_e = 2.60 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Chrysene	$\ln(C_p) = 0.5944 * \ln(C_s) - 2.7078$	d	$C_e = 2.29 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Coronene	$C_p = 0.68 * C_s$	c	$C_e = 3.72 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Dibenz(ah)anthracene	$C_p = 0.13 * C_s$	c	$C_e = 2.31 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Indeno(123 cd)pyrene	$C_p = 0.11 * C_s$	c	$C_e = 2.86 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f
Pyrene	$C_p = 0.72 * C_s$	c	$C_e = 1.75 * C_s$	e	$C_m = 0$	f

Source:

- a. Regression derived from measured data [Appendix E].
- b. Regression derived from measured data [Appendix D].
- c. Median BAF calculated from measured data [Appendix C].
- d. Regression derived from measured data [Appendix C or Figure 4].
- e. Modeled from K_{ow} based on Jager (1998) [Table 5].
- f. Assumed to be negligible
- g. Modeled using the rinsed PAH-specific equation [Figure 3]
- h. Regression derived from measured data was significant but backcalculation of Eco-SSLs using the regression(s) resulted in a soil concentration lower than those used to derive the regression(s). Median BAF then used. The regressions are provided in Figures 6, 7, 8 and 9.
- i. Median of values estimated for either HMW or LMW PAHs in Table 5.

Abbreviations:

- C_s = Concentration in soil (mg/kg)
- C_p = Concentration in plant tissue (mg/kg dry weight)
- C_e = Concentration in earthworm (mg/kg dry weight)
- C_m = Concentration in small mammal or bird tissue (mg/kg dry weight)
- C_d = Concentration in diet (mg/kg dw) where diet is assumed to be 100% earthworms.

Table 4c. Uptake Equations for Pentachlorophenol (PCP)

Chemical	Soil to Plants		Soil to Earthworms		Soil to Small Mammals	
	Equation	Source	Equation	Source	Equation	Source
Pentachlorophenol	$C_p = 5.93 * C_s$	a	$C_e = 14.63 * C_s$	b	$C_m = 0.00452 * C_d + 0.198$	c

Source:

- a. Median BAF calculated from measured data in Appendix F.
- b. Regression derived from measured data was significant but backcalculation of Eco-SSLs using the regression resulted in a soil concentration lower than those used to derive the regression. Median BAF then used. The regressions is provided in Figure 10.
- c. Based on uptake from diet into chicken (Stedman et al. 1980).

Abbreviations:

- C_s = Concentration in soil (mg/kg)
- C_p = Concentration in plant tissue (mg/kg dry weight)
- C_e = Concentration in earthworm (mg/kg dry weight)
- C_m = Concentration in small mammal tissue (mg/kg dry weight)
- C_d = Concentration in diet (mg/kg dry weight)
where small mammal diet is assumed to be 100% earthworms

Table 5. Estimation of Soil to Earthworm Bioaccumulation Factors for Non-Ionic Organic Contaminants.

Chemical	K_{ow} : octanol to water partitioning coefficient			K_{ww} : worm to soil water partitioning coefficient			K_{oc} : water to soil organic carbon partitioning coefficient					K_d : soil to water partitioning coefficient	Soil to Earthworm BAF ⁵
	log K_{ow}	K_{ow}	Source	log K_{ww} ¹	K_{ww} (L/kg worm ww)	K_{ww} ² (L/kg worm dw)	slope	intercept	log K_{oc}	K_{oc} ³	Source	K_d ⁴ (L/kg soil dw)	
Low Molecular Weight (LMW) Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)													
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.7	5.01E+05	EPA 1996	2.96	9.10E+02	5.69E+03			5.55	3.58E+05	EPA 1996	3.58E+03	1.59
Benzo(a)pyrene	6.11	1.29E+06	EPA 1996	3.32	2.07E+03	1.29E+04			5.99	9.69E+05	EPA 1996	9.69E+03	1.33
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.2	1.58E+06	EPA 1996	3.39	2.48E+03	1.55E+04	0.762	1.051	5.78	5.96E+05	estimated (a)	5.96E+03	2.60
Benzo(e)pyrene	6.44	2.75E+06	SRC, PP	3.60	4.01E+03	2.50E+04	0.762	1.051	5.96	9.08E+05	estimated (a)	9.08E+03	2.76
Benzo(ghi)perylene	6.7	5.01E+06	EPA 1995	3.83	6.75E+03	4.22E+04	0.762	1.051	6.16	1.43E+06	estimated (a)	1.43E+04	2.94
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.2	1.58E+06	EPA 1996	3.39	2.48E+03	1.55E+04	0.762	1.051	5.78	5.96E+05	estimated (a)	5.96E+03	2.60
Chrysene	5.7	5.01E+05	EPA 1996	2.96	9.10E+02	5.69E+03	0.762	1.051	5.39	2.48E+05	estimated (a)	2.48E+03	2.29
Coronene	7.64	4.37E+07	SRC, PP	4.65	4.43E+04	2.77E+05	0.762	1.051	6.87	7.46E+06	estimated (a)	7.46E+04	3.72
Dibenzo(ah)anthracene	6.69	4.90E+06	EPA 1996	3.82	6.61E+03	4.13E+04			6.25	1.79E+06	EPA 1996	1.79E+04	2.31
Indeno(123 cd)pyrene	6.584	3.84E+06	SRC, PP	3.73	5.35E+03	3.34E+04	0.762	1.051	6.07	1.17E+06	estimated (a)	1.17E+04	2.86
Pyrene	4.88	7.59E+04	SRC, PP	2.25	1.76E+02	1.10E+03			4.80	6.27E+04	SRC, CF	6.27E+02	1.75
High Molecular Weight (HMW) Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)													
Acenaphthene	3.92	8.32E+03	EPA 1996	1.41	2.57E+01	1.61E+02	0.762	1.051	4.04	1.09E+04	estimated (a)	1.09E+02	1.47
Acenaphthylene	4.07	1.17E+04	SRC, PP	1.54	3.47E+01	2.17E+02			2.98	9.47E+02	SRC, CF	9.47E+00	22.9
Anthracene	4.55	3.55E+04	EPA 1996	1.96	9.09E+01	5.68E+02			4.37	2.35E+04	EPA 1996	2.35E+02	2.42
Fluoranthene	4.95	8.91E+04	SRC, PP	2.31	2.03E+02	1.27E+03			4.62	4.17E+04	SRC, CF	4.17E+02	3.04
Fluorene	4.18	1.51E+04	SRC, PP	1.64	4.33E+01	2.71E+02			3.45	2.83E+03	SRC, CF	2.83E+01	9.57
Naphthalene	3.36	2.29E+03	EPA 1996	0.92	8.38E+00	5.24E+01			3.08	1.19E+03	EPA 1996	1.19E+01	4.40
Phenanthrene	4.55	3.55E+04	EPA 1995	1.96	9.09E+01	5.68E+02	0.762	1.051	4.52	3.30E+04	estimated (a)	3.30E+02	1.72

¹ $\log K_{ww} = 0.87 * \log K_{ow} - 2.0$ [model from Jager, 1998]

² Converted from wet weight to dry weight assuming 16% solids (Jager, 1998)

³ Measured K_{oc} values from SRC Chem Fate Database or EPA, 1996 (n > 2).

If no measured K_{oc} values available, values modeled based on chemical class-specific models from Gerstl (1990).

where: $\log K_{oc} = \text{slope} * \log K_{ow} + \text{intercept}$

(a) slope and intercept for PAHs

⁴ $K_d = f_{oc} * K_{oc}$ (assumes an f_{oc} of 1% [0.01])

⁵ $BAF = K_{ww} \text{ (L/kg worm dw)} / K_d \text{ (L/kg soil dw)}$

Source Citations:

EPA (1995) = Internal report on summary of measured, calculated, and recommended Log Kow values. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Water, Washington, D.C. 38 pp.

EPA (1996) = Soil Screening Guidance: Technical Background Document. EPA/540/R-95/128

SRC, PP = Syracuse Research Corp. Physical Properties Database. <http://esc.syrres.com/interkow/PhysProp.htm>

SRC, CF = Syracuse Research Corp. Chem Fate Database. <http://www.syrres.com/esc/chemfate.htm>

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Eco-SSL Attachment 4-1
Appendix A
Bioaccumulation Data for Antimony and Beryllium in Plants

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Appendix A-1. Summary of Bioaccumulation Data for Uptake of Antimony from Soil into Plant Foliage

Soil Conc, (mg/kg dw)	ln(Soil)	Soil pH	Species	Tissue type	Plant Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln(Tissue)	Reference
4.4	1.5	6.6	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>	stem/leaf	0.04	-3.2	PTI 1995
4.4	1.5	6.6	<i>Bidens polylepsis</i>	stem/leaf	0.05	-3.0	PTI 1995
27.74	3.3	.	<i>Achillea ageratum</i>	leaves	6.09	1.8	Baroni et al. 2000
202.8	5.3	.	<i>Achillea ageratum</i>	leaves	8.75	2.2	Baroni et al. 2000
15112.94	9.6	.	<i>Achillea ageratum</i>	leaves	121.35	4.8	Baroni et al. 2000
4317.21	8.4	.	<i>Achillea ageratum</i>	leaves	74.27	4.3	Baroni et al. 2000
9197.5	9.1	.	<i>Achillea ageratum</i>	leaves	1367.29	7.2	Baroni et al. 2000
7364.27	8.9	.	<i>Achillea ageratum</i>	leaves	329.51	5.8	Baroni et al. 2000
202.8	5.3	.	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	leaves	28.45	3.3	Baroni et al. 2000
15112.94	9.6	.	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	leaves	53.64	4.0	Baroni et al. 2000
4317.21	8.4	.	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	leaves	33.58	3.5	Baroni et al. 2000
9197.5	9.1	.	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	leaves	569.34	6.3	Baroni et al. 2000
7364.27	8.9	.	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	leaves	274.63	5.6	Baroni et al. 2000
15112.94	9.6	.	<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	leaves	51.77	3.9	Baroni et al. 2000
4317.21	8.4	.	<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	leaves	19.45	3.0	Baroni et al. 2000
9197.5	9.1	.	<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	leaves	853.75	6.7	Baroni et al. 2000
7364.27	8.9	.	<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	leaves	349.62	5.9	Baroni et al. 2000

ln(tissue) = slope * ln(soil) + intercept

slope	0.938
intercept	-3.233
R ²	0.795
p value	1.57E-06

Appendix A-2 Bioaccumulation Data for Uptake of Beryllium from Soil into Plant Foliage

Species Information		Exposure		Plant Tissue Information								Soil Information						BAF		Reference	
Common Name (Genus/Species)	Field (F)/ Lab (L)	Duration	Tissue Type	Reported Tissue Conc.	Reported Tissue Conc. Units	Wet weight or Dry Weight ¹	% Moisture Tissue ²	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Tissue Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Tissue Conc. mg/kg dw)	Rinsed?	Reported Soil Conc.	Reported Soil Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight?	% Moisture Soil ³	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Soil Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Soil Conc. mg/kg dw)	R/C		BAF (Tissue mg/kg dw /Soil mg/kg dw)
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	60 d	Foliage	1.25	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1.25	0.22	NR	25	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	25	3.219	C	0.050	Sajwan et al., 1996
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	60 d	Foliage	3.75	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	3.75	1.32	NR	50	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	0.075	Sajwan et al., 1996
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	60 d	Foliage	12.5	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	12.5	2.53	NR	100	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	100	4.605	C	0.125	Sajwan et al., 1996
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	60 d	Foliage	30	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	30	3.40	NR	150	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	150	5.011	C	0.200	Sajwan et al., 1996
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	60 d	Foliage	15.75	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	15.75	2.76	NR	25	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	25	3.219	C	0.630	Sajwan et al., 1996
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	60 d	Foliage	25	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	25	3.22	NR	50	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	0.500	Sajwan et al., 1996
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	60 d	Foliage	53.5	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	53.5	3.98	NR	100	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	100	4.605	C	0.535	Sajwan et al., 1996
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	60 d	Foliage	54.5	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	54.5	4.00	NR	150	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	150	5.011	C	0.363	Sajwan et al., 1996
Collard (<i>Brassica oleracea</i>)	L	98 d	Foliage	5.5	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	5.5	1.70	NR	25	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	25	3.219	C	0.220	Kaplan et al., 1990
Collard (<i>Brassica oleracea</i>)	L	98 d	Foliage	10.1	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	10.1	2.31	NR	50	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	0.202	Kaplan et al., 1990
Collard (<i>Brassica oleracea</i>)	L	98 d	Foliage	31.9	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	31.9	3.46	NR	150	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	150	5.011	C	0.213	Kaplan et al., 1990
Collard (<i>Brassica oleracea</i>)	L	98 d	Foliage	62.5	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	62.5	4.14	NR	200	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	200	5.298	C	0.313	Kaplan et al., 1990
Grass	F	NR	Foliage	0.32	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.32	-1.14	NR	0.28	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	0.28	-1.273	C	1.143	Meehan and Smythe, 1967
Grass	F	NR	Foliage	0.26	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.26	-1.35	NR	0.16	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	0.16	-1.833	C	1.625	Meehan and Smythe, 1967
Oats (<i>Avena sativa</i>)	L	NR	Foliage	1	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1	0.00	NR	30	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	30	3.401	C	0.033	Bohn and Seekamp, 1979
Oats (<i>Avena sativa</i>)	L	NR	Foliage	20	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	20	3.00	NR	100	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	100	4.605	C	0.200	Bohn and Seekamp, 1979
Oats (<i>Avena sativa</i>)	L	NR	Foliage	10	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	10	2.30	NR	100	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	100	4.605	C	0.100	Bohn and Seekamp, 1979
Oats (<i>Avena sativa</i>)	L	NR	Foliage	4	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	4	1.39	NR	30	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	30	3.401	C	0.133	Bohn and Seekamp, 1979

¹ If not reported, assumed to be wet weight (ww).

² If not reported, assumed to be 15% dry matter.

³ If not reported, assumed to be dry weight (dw).

C = BAF calculated

d = day

dw = dry weight

NR = Not Reported

R = Reported

R/C = BAF reported and either tissue concentration or soil concentration calculated

ww = wet weight

$\ln(\text{tissue}) = \text{slope} * \ln(\text{soil}) + \text{intercept}$

slope 0.7345

intercept -0.536

R² 0.7344

p value <0.0001

Appendix A Antimony and Beryllium References

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Eco-SSL Attachment 4-1
Appendix B
Bioaccumulation Data for Non-Ionic Organic Contaminants in
Plants

February 2005
Revised April 2007

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Appendix B
Bioaccumulation Data for Uptake of Non-Ionic Organic Chemicals from Soil into Plant Foliage

Reference	Chemical Class	Chemical Name	CAS No	logK _{ow}	logK _{ow} Ref	Rinsed?	Plant Species	Exposure Duration	Exposure Units	Field/Lab	Exp / Test	Source of Soil Data	Reported organic conc in Soil	Reported Units for Soil	Wet or Dry Weight	Conversion Factor to mg/kg	Organic Conc in Soil (mg/kg dw)	Source of Vegetation Data	Reported organic conc in Vegetation	Reported Units for Vegetation	Wet or Dry Weight	Conversion Factor to mg/kg	Conversion factor to dw	Organic Conc in Plant (mg/kg dw)	BAF (Tissue/Soil)	logBAF
Lichenstein, 1960	Cyclodienes	Heptachlor	76448	6.26	EPA 1995	Yes	Lettuce	60	d	Field	1959, 25 lb/acre	Table II	4.22	mg/kg	dry weight	none	4.2	Table II	ND	mg/kg	wet weight					
Wild et al. 1990, 1992	PAHs	Naphthalene	91203	3.36	EPA 1995	Yes	Beet	1	season	field	1984, Woburn Market Gardern, cont	Table III	0	ug/kg	Not Stated dry assumed	0.001	0	Table 2	60	ug/kg	dry weight					
Wild et al. 1990, 1992	PAHs	Naphthalene	91203	3.36	EPA 1995	Yes	Carrot	1	season	field	1984, Woburn Market Gardern, cont	Table III	0	ug/kg	Not Stated dry assumed	0.001	0	Table 2	1	ug/kg	dry weight					

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Eco-SSL Attachment 4-1

Appendix C

*Bioaccumulation Factors (BAFs) and Regression Equations for
the Uptake of Eco-SSL Non-Ionic Organic Contaminants into
Plant Foliage*

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Appendix C
Bioaccumulation Factors (BAF) and Regression Equations Soil to Plant Foliage for Non-Ionic Organic Chemicals

Chemical Name	Rinsed/ Unrinsed	Plant Species	Soil Conc (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{soil}) mg/kg dw)	Plant Conc ¹ (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{plant}) mg/kg dw)	BAF (Plant/Soil)	Median BAF (Plant/Soil)		Regression statistics ln(C _{plant}) versus ln (C _{soil})									
										Slope	Intercept	R2	p value						
DDE	Rinsed	Grass	0.44	-0.8	0.060	-2.81	0.14	0.136	R	0.7524	-2.5119	0.5334	< 0.05						
DDE	Rinsed	Grass	1.2	0.2	0.090	-2.41	0.075												
DDE	Rinsed	Grass	4.5	1.5	2.8	1.03	0.62												
DDT	Rinsed	Grass	2.5	0.9	0.040	-3.22	0.016	0.037	R										
DDT	Rinsed	Grass	0.63	-0.5	0.050	-3.00	0.079												
DDT	Rinsed	Grass	1.5	0.4	0.070	-2.66	0.047												
DDT	Rinsed	Grass	12	2.5	0.28	-1.27	0.023												
DDT	Rinsed	Grass	5.8	1.8	0.32	-1.14	0.055												
DDT	Rinsed	Grass	43	3.7	1.2	0.18	0.028												
DDT	Rinsed	Grass	43	3.7	1.2	0.18	0.028												
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Alfalfa	0.98	0.0	0.400	-0.92	0.4	0.41	R	0.0728	-0.8566	0.0042	NC						
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Alfalfa	4.18	1.4	0.533	-0.63	0.13												
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Grass	0.77	-0.3	0.050	-3.00	0.1												
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Grass	1.73	0.5	0.180	-1.71	0.10												
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Grass	7.30	2.0	0.40	-0.92	0.05												
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.66	-0.4	0.47	-0.76	0.71												
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.36	-1.0	0.800	-0.22	2.222												
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Lettuce	1.8	0.6	1.13	0.13	0.62												
Dieldrin	Rinsed	Lettuce	1.3	0.3	1.73	0.55	1.323												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Corn	0.60	-0.5	0.067	-2.71	0.11							0.39	U	1.0307	-0.3073	0.5573	NC
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Corn	0.55	-0.6	0.20	-1.61	0.36												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Corn	1.2	0.2	0.33	-1.10	0.28												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Corn	0.72	-0.3	0.67	-0.41	0.93												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Wheat	0.42	-0.9	4.6	1.53	11.0												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Barley	2.08	0.7	8.3	2.11	4.0												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Legume	0.05	-3.0	0.0	-4.09	0.3												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Wheat	1.1	0.1	1.1	0.13	1.0												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Wheat	18.4	2.9	7.1	1.96	0.4												
Dieldrin	Not Specified	Wheat	18.4	2.9	7.1	1.96	0.4												
TNT	Rinsed	blacklocust	1	-0.7	4.4	1.48	8.46	4.23	R										
TNT	Rinsed	smoothbromegrass	11,000	9.3	0.76	-0.27	0.000069												
RDX	Rinsed	blacklocust	1.6	0.5	17	2.84	11	0.430	R	0.1888	2.3829	0.1981	NC						
RDX	Rinsed	blacklocust	114	4.7	39	3.65	0.34												
RDX	Rinsed	goldenrod	46	3.8	5.6	1.73	0.12												
RDX	Rinsed	goldenrod	9.0	2.2	24	3.16	2.6												
RDX	Rinsed	goldenrod	57	4.0	35	3.56	0.61												
RDX	Rinsed	goldenrod	1,100	7.0	38	3.63	0.034												
RDX	Rinsed	Grass	19	3.0	10	2.31	0.52												
RDX	Rinsed	milkweed	46	3.8	89	4.48	1.9												
RDX	Rinsed	Pigweed	60	4.1	3.6	1.28	0.060												
RDX	Rinsed	Pigweed	3.8	1.3	11	2.37	2.8												
RDX	Rinsed	Ragweed	166	5.1	33	3.51	0.20												
RDX	Rinsed	Ragweed	702	6.6	74	4.30	0.11												
RDX	Rinsed	redcedar	17	2.8	42	3.74	2.5												
RDX	Rinsed	smartweed	3.2	1.2	5.0	1.62	1.6												
RDX	Rinsed	smartweed	2.5	0.9	51	3.94	20												
RDX	Rinsed	smoothbromegrass	1,800	7.5	42	3.73	0.023												
RDX	Rinsed	smoothbromegrass	5,010	8.5	72	4.28	0.014												
RDX	Rinsed	sunflower	46	3.8	8.6	2.15	0.19												

Appendix C
Bioaccumulation Factors (BAF) and Regression Equations Soil to Plant Foliage for Non-Ionic Organic Chemicals

Chemical Name	Rinsed/ Unrinsed	Plant Species	Soil Conc (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{soil}) mg/kg dw)	Plant Conc ¹ (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{plant}) mg/kg dw)	BAF (Plant/Soil)	Median BAF (Plant/Soil)		Regression statistics ln(C _{plant}) versus ln (C _{soil})							
										Slope	Intercept	R2	p value				
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0230	-3.8	0.030	-3.51	1.3	2.0	U	-0.1632	-3.3635	0.1710	NC				
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0184	-4.0	0.037	-3.30	2.0										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0230	-3.8	0.047	-3.06	2.0										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0184	-4.0	0.054	-2.92	2.9										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0010	-6.9	0.157	-1.85	157										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0204	-3.9	0.090	-2.41	4.4										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0146	-4.2	0.092	-2.39	6.3										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0446	-3.1	0.082	-2.50	1.8										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.15	-1.9	0.079	-2.54	0.53										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0400	-3.2	0.183	-1.70	4.6	7.3	R					-0.8556	-5.5620	0.2998	< 0.001
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0530	-2.9	0.250	-1.39	4.7										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0090	-4.7	0.299	-1.21	33										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0350	-3.4	0.243	-1.41	6.9										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0090	-4.7	0.213	-1.55	24										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0400	-3.2	0.290	-1.24	7.3										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0530	-2.9	0.058	-2.85	1.1										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0350	-3.4	0.577	-0.55	16										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0090	-4.7	0.323	-1.13	36										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.0420	-3.2	0.428	-0.85	10										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.0050	-5.3	0.135	-2.00	27										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0010	-6.9	0.160	-1.83	160										
Acenaphthene/Fluorene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0150	-4.2	0.444	-0.81	30										
Fluorene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.10	-2.3	0.0011	-6.81	0.011										
Fluorene	Rinsed	endive	0.10	-2.3	0.0057	-5.17	0.056										
Fluorene	Rinsed	leek	0.10	-2.3	0.0026	-5.95	0.026										
Fluorene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.10	-2.3	0.0058	-5.15	0.057										
Anthracene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0070	-5.0	0.0020	-6.21	0.29	0.31	U	-0.6027	-9.1585	0.2776	NC				
Anthracene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0162	-4.1	0.0010	-6.91	0.062										
Anthracene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0070	-5.0	0.0030	-5.81	0.43										
Anthracene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0128	-4.4	0.0040	-5.52	0.31										
Anthracene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0010	-6.9	0.023	-3.77	23										
Anthracene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0020	-6.2	0.0010	-6.91	0.50										
Anthracene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0061	-5.1	0.0010	-6.91	0.16										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0020	-6.2	0.001	-6.91	0.50	1.50	R					0.7784	-0.9887	0.5188	< 0.001
Anthracene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0150	-4.2	0.012	-4.42	0.80										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0530	-2.9	0.017	-4.07	0.32										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0160	-4.1	0.024	-3.73	1.5										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0150	-4.2	0.069	-2.67	4.6										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.00060	-7.4	0.00060	-7.42	1.0										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0530	-2.9	0.0010	-6.91	0.019										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0160	-4.1	0.011	-4.51	0.69										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0150	-4.2	0.025	-3.69	1.7										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0130	-4.3	0.044	-3.12	3.4										
Anthracene	Rinsed	endive	0.00060	-7.4	0.0012	-6.73	2.0										
Anthracene	Rinsed	leek	0.00060	-7.4	0.00047	-7.66	0.78										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.00060	-7.4	0.0014	-6.57	2.3										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.0350	-3.4	0.069	-2.67	2.0										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Soybean	0.0140	-4.3	0.014	-4.27	1.0										
Anthracene	Rinsed	Soybean	0.0100	-4.6	0.031	-3.47	3.1										
Anthracene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0030	-5.8	0.0090	-4.71	3.0										
Anthracene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0240	-3.7	0.036	-3.32	1.5										

Appendix C

Bioaccumulation Factors (BAF) and Regression Equations Soil to Plant Foliage for Non-Ionic Organic Chemicals

Chemical Name	Rinsed/ Unrinsed	Plant Species	Soil Conc (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{soil}) mg/kg dw)	Plant Conc ¹ (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{plant}) mg/kg dw)	BAF (Plant/Soil)	Median BAF (Plant/Soil)		Regression statistics ln(C _{plant}) versus ln (C _{soil})			
										Slope	Intercept	R2	p value
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0104	-4.6	0.008	-4.83	0.77	0.13	U	0.1101	-4.4680	0.0500	NC
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.25	-1.4	0.013	-4.34	0.052						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.25	-1.4	0.007	-4.96	0.028						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0950	-2.4	0.019	-3.96	0.20						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0840	-2.5	0.015	-4.20	0.18						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.17	-1.8	0.012	-4.42	0.072						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0104	-4.6	0.008	-4.83	0.77						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0316	-3.5	0.004	-5.52	0.13						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.11	-2.2	0.003	-5.81	0.028						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0104	-4.6	0.008	-4.83	0.77	0.32	R	0.5944	-2.7078	0.7007	< 0.0001
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	Beet	0.45	-0.8	0.012	-4.42	0.027						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0660	-2.7	0.028	-3.58	0.42						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	Beet	0.45	-0.8	0.026	-3.65	0.058						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0630	-2.8	0.011	-4.51	0.17						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0660	-2.7	0.005	-5.30	0.076						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.45	-0.8	0.156	-1.86	0.35						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.0640	-2.7	0.019	-3.96	0.30						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0710	-2.6	0.023	-3.77	0.32						
Benzo(a)anthracene/Chrysene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.60	-0.5	0.047	-3.06	0.078						
Chrysene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0037	-5.6	0.00060	-7.42	0.16						
Chrysene	Rinsed	endive	0.0037	-5.6	0.0039	-5.55	1.05						
Chrysene	Rinsed	leek	0.0037	-5.6	0.0019	-6.27	0.51						
Chrysene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0037	-5.6	0.0039	-5.55	1.05						
Benzo(a)anthracene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0054	-5.2	0.0029	-5.84	0.54						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.14	-2.0	0.0080	-4.83	0.057	0.16	U	0.3620	-4.1052	0.1290	NC
Benzo(a)pyrene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0580	-2.8	0.0090	-4.71	0.16						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.14	-2.0	0.0090	-4.71	0.065						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0580	-2.8	0.010	-4.61	0.17						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0888	-2.4	0.014	-4.27	0.16						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0070	-5.0	0.023	-3.77	3.3						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0050	-5.3	0.0010	-6.91	0.20						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0153	-4.2	0.0010	-6.91	0.066						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0509	-3.0	0.0010	-6.91	0.020						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0350	-3.4	0.019	-3.96	0.54	0.10	R	0.9750	-2.0615	0.7954	< 0.0001
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.25	-1.4	0.023	-3.77	0.092						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.25	-1.4	0.025	-3.69	0.10						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0300	-3.5	0.028	-3.58	0.93						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.41	-0.9	0.042	-3.17	0.10						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0024	-6.0	0.00010	-9.21	0.042						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0300	-3.5	0.012	-4.42	0.40						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.41	-0.9	0.016	-4.14	0.039						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.25	-1.4	0.021	-3.86	0.084						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	endive	0.0024	-6.0	0.00024	-8.33	0.10						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	leek	0.0024	-6.0	0.00015	-8.80	0.063						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0024	-6.0	0.00028	-8.18	0.12						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.26	-1.3	0.017	-4.07	0.065						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0450	-3.1	0.037	-3.30	0.82						
Benzo(a)pyrene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.34	-1.1	0.039	-3.24	0.11						
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0060	-5.1	0.0010	-6.91	0.17	0.091	U	NC	NC	NC	NC
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0615	-2.8	0.0010	-6.91	0.016						
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0025	-6.0	0.00020	-8.52	0.080	0.310	R	NC	NC	NC	NC
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Rinsed	endive	0.0025	-6.0	0.0012	-6.73	0.48						
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Rinsed	leek	0.0025	-6.0	0.00045	-7.71	0.18						
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0025	-6.0	0.0011	-6.81	0.44						
Benzo(e)pyrene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0059	-5.1	0.00060	-7.42	0.10	0.19	R	NC	NC	NC	NC
Benzo(e)pyrene	Rinsed	endive	0.0059	-5.1	0.0013	-6.65	0.22						
Benzo(e)pyrene	Rinsed	leek	0.0059	-5.1	0.00094	-6.97	0.16						
Benzo(e)pyrene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0059	-5.1	0.0016	-6.44	0.27						
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0750	-2.6	0.056	-2.88	0.75	0.361	U	0.4530	-2.1637	0.4492	NC
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.32	-1.1	0.12	-2.15	0.36						
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0750	-2.6	0.049	-3.02	0.65						
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.32	-1.1	0.060	-2.81	0.19						
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0760	-2.6	0.056	-2.88	0.74						
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.30	-1.2	0.056	-2.88	0.19						
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0465	-3.1	0.012	-4.42	0.26						
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0153	-4.2	0.020	-3.91	1.3						
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.16	-1.9	0.024	-3.73	0.15						

Appendix C

Bioaccumulation Factors (BAF) and Regression Equations Soil to Plant Foliage for Non-Ionic Organic Chemicals

Chemical Name	Rinsed/ Unrinsed	Plant Species	Soil Conc (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{soil}) mg/kg dw)	Plant Conc ¹ (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{plant}) mg/kg dw)	BAF (Plant/Soil)	Median BAF (Plant/Soil)		Regression statistics ln(C _{plant}) versus ln (C _{soil})			
										Slope	Intercept	R2	p value
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Beet	0.11	-2.2	0.023	-3.77	0.21	0.21	R	1.1829	-0.9313	0.8693	< 0.0001
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Beet	0.53	-0.6	0.056	-2.88							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0900	-2.4	0.14	-1.97							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Beet	0.90	-0.1	0.16	-1.83							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Beet	0.53	-0.6	0.16	-1.82							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0036	-5.6	0.00032	-8.05							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.11	-2.2	0.081	-2.51							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0900	-2.4	0.11	-2.22							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.53	-0.6	0.11	-2.20							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.90	-0.1	0.38	-0.97							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	endive	0.0036	-5.6	0.00027	-8.22							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	leek	0.0036	-5.6	0.00047	-7.66							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0036	-5.6	0.00019	-8.57							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.55	-0.6	0.093	-2.38							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.17	-1.8	0.14	-1.99							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0980	-2.3	0.076	-2.58							
Benzo(ghi)perylene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.55	-0.6	0.080	-2.53							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0810	-2.5	0.0040	-5.52	0.076	0.076	U	0.1668	-4.6482	0.0280	NC
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0330	-3.4	0.0060	-5.12							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.23	-1.5	0.014	-4.27							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0930	-2.4	0.018	-4.02							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0810	-2.5	0.0010	-6.91							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0330	-3.4	0.0030	-5.81							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0930	-2.4	0.013	-4.34							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.23	-1.5	0.013	-4.34							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0570	-2.9	0.0010	-6.91							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0080	-4.8	0.0080	-4.83							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.18	-1.7	0.0080	-4.83							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0230	-3.8	0.013	-4.34							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Beet	0.37	-1.0	0.0090	-4.71	0.235	0.235	R	0.8595	-2.1579	0.8146	< 0.0001
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Beet	0.37	-1.0	0.033	-3.41							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0680	-2.7	0.034	-3.38							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Beet	0.67	-0.4	0.057	-2.86							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0710	-2.6	0.058	-2.85							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0010	-6.9	0.000080	-9.43							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0680	-2.7	0.016	-4.14							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0710	-2.6	0.021	-3.86							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.67	-0.4	0.048	-3.04							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.37	-1.0	0.12	-2.13							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	endive	0.0010	-6.9	0.00036	-7.93							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	leek	0.0010	-6.9	0.00017	-8.68							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0010	-6.9	0.00034	-7.99							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.41	-0.9	0.0080	-4.83							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.0750	-2.6	0.025	-3.69							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0770	-2.6	0.045	-3.10							
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.47	-0.8	0.069	-2.67							
Coronene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0410	-3.2	0.028	-3.58	0.68	0.68	U	0.3171	-2.3620	0.2161	NC
Coronene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.13	-2.0	0.028	-3.58							
Coronene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.13	-2.0	0.040	-3.22							
Coronene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0410	-3.2	0.058	-2.85							
Coronene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0170	-4.1	0.093	-2.38							
Coronene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.14	-2.0	0.097	-2.33							
Coronene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0119	-4.4	0.0070	-4.96							
Coronene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0039	-5.5	0.018	-4.02							
Coronene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0397	-3.2	0.023	-3.77							

Appendix C

Bioaccumulation Factors (BAF) and Regression Equations Soil to Plant Foliage for Non-Ionic Organic Chemicals

Chemical Name	Rinsed/ Unrinsed	Plant Species	Soil Conc (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{soil}) mg/kg dw)	Plant Conc ¹ (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{plant}) mg/kg dw)	BAF (Plant/Soil)	Median BAF (Plant/Soil)		Regression statistics ln(C _{plant}) versus ln (C _{soil})			
										Slope	Intercept	R2	p value
Dibenz(ah)anthracene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0160	-4.1	0.0010	-6.91	0.063	0.12	U	NC	NC	NC	NC
Dibenz(ah)anthracene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0110	-4.5	0.0020	-6.21	0.18						
Dibenz(ah)anthracene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.00043	-7.8	0.00010	-9.21	0.23	0.13	R	NC	NC	NC	NC
Dibenz(ah)anthracene	Rinsed	endive	0.00043	-7.8	0.00060	-9.72	0.14						
Dibenz(ah)anthracene	Rinsed	leek	0.00043	-7.8	0.000050	-9.90	0.12						
Dibenz(ah)anthracene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.00043	-7.8	0.000030	-10.41	0.070						
Fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.14	-1.9	0.044	-3.12	0.31	0.28	U	0.2825	-2.7221	0.5567	NC
Fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.33	-1.1	0.066	-2.72	0.20						
Fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.33	-1.1	0.038	-3.27	0.11						
Fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.14	-1.9	0.041	-3.19	0.28						
Fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0390	-3.2	0.015	-4.20	0.38						
Fluoranthene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.21	-1.6	0.051	-2.98	0.25						
Fluoranthene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0279	-3.6	0.024	-3.73	0.86						
Fluoranthene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0092	-4.7	0.025	-3.69	2.7						
Fluoranthene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0932	-2.4	0.025	-3.69	0.27						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Beet	0.14	-2.0	0.0090	-4.71	0.064	0.50	R	0.4008	-2.1454	0.2981	> 0.05
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Beet	1.0	0.0	0.032	-3.44	0.031						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Beet	0.22	-1.5	0.20	-1.62	0.90						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0073	-4.9	0.0030	-5.81	0.41						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.22	-1.5	0.11	-2.22	0.50						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Carrot	1.0	0.0	0.12	-2.13	0.12						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.41	-0.9	0.63	-0.46	1.5						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	endive	0.0073	-4.9	0.044	-3.12	6.0						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	leek	0.0073	-4.9	0.018	-4.02	2.5						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0073	-4.9	0.034	-3.38	4.7						
Fluoranthene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.13	-2.0	0.024	-3.73	0.18						
Indeno(123 cd)pyrene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0021	-6.2	0.00015	-8.80	0.071	0.11	R	NC	NC	NC	NC
Indeno(123 cd)pyrene	Rinsed	endive	0.0021	-6.2	0.00031	-8.08	0.15						
Naphthalene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0070	-5.0	0.039	-3.24	5.6	5.4	U	0.0646	-3.5336	0.0062	NC
Naphthalene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0040	-5.5	0.041	-3.19	10						
Naphthalene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0040	-5.5	0.025	-3.69	6.3						
Naphthalene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0070	-5.0	0.026	-3.65	3.7						
Naphthalene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0040	-5.5	0.0040	-5.52	1.0						
Naphthalene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0054	-5.2	0.028	-3.58	5.2						
Naphthalene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0160	-4.1	0.014	-4.27	0.88						
Naphthalene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0052	-5.3	0.022	-3.82	4.2						
Naphthalene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0534	-2.9	0.025	-3.69	0.47						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0040	-5.5	0.052	-2.96	13	12.2	R	-0.0987	-3.4794	0.0145	> 0.05
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0310	-3.5	0.058	-2.85	1.9						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0010	-6.9	0.070	-2.66	70						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0040	-5.5	0.079	-2.54	20						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0170	-4.1	0.0050	-5.30	0.29						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0010	-6.9	0.048	-3.04	48						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0040	-5.5	0.048	-3.04	12						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	endive	0.0170	-4.1	0.029	-3.54	1.7						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	leek	0.0170	-4.1	0.018	-4.02	1.1						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0170	-4.1	0.042	-3.17	2.5						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.0030	-5.8	0.13	-2.05	43						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.0340	-3.4	0.31	-1.18	9.1						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0030	-5.8	0.037	-3.30	12						
Naphthalene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0080	-4.8	0.11	-2.18	14						
Phenanthrene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0760	-2.6	0.087	-2.44	1.1	1.1	U	-0.2295	-2.8525	0.3384	NC
Phenanthrene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.19	-1.7	0.088	-2.43	0.47						
Phenanthrene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.19	-1.7	0.069	-2.67	0.37						
Phenanthrene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0760	-2.6	0.085	-2.47	1.1						
Phenanthrene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.11	-2.2	0.072	-2.63	0.68						
Phenanthrene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0580	-2.8	0.14	-1.94	2.5						
Phenanthrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.19	-1.7	0.13	-2.05	0.69						
Phenanthrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0558	-2.9	0.13	-2.02	2.4						
Phenanthrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0183	-4.0	0.15	-1.93	7.9						

Appendix C
Bioaccumulation Factors (BAF) and Regression Equations Soil to Plant Foliage for Non-Ionic Organic Chemicals

Chemical Name	Rinsed/ Unrinsed	Plant Species	Soil Conc (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{soil}) mg/kg dw)	Plant Conc ¹ (mg/kg dw)	ln(C _{plant}) mg/kg dw)	BAF (Plant/Soil)	Median BAF (Plant/Soil)		Regression statistics ln(C _{plant}) versus ln (C _{soil})			
										Slope	Intercept	R2	p value
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0890	-2.4	0.19	-1.69	2.1	2.1	R	0.6203	-0.1665	0.4642	< 0.01
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.15	-1.9	0.37	-0.99	2.5						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.0890	-2.4	0.58	-0.55	6.5						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.34	-1.1	0.70	-0.36	2.1						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.98	0.0	1.1	0.07	1.1						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0086	-4.8	0.018	-4.02	2.1						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.15	-1.9	0.049	-3.02	0.33						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.34	-1.1	0.93	-0.07	2.7						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.0890	-2.4	0.98	-0.02	11						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.98	0.0	1.5	0.40	1.5						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	endive	0.0086	-4.8	0.043	-3.15	5.0						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	leek	0.0086	-4.8	0.033	-3.41	3.8						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0086	-4.8	0.058	-2.85	6.7						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.38	-1.0	0.024	-3.73	0.063						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.16	-1.8	0.19	-1.66	1.2						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0300	-3.5	0.19	-1.66	6.4						
Phenanthrene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.17	-1.8	0.31	-1.17	1.8						
Pyrene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.0930	-2.4	0.011	-4.51	0.12	0.19	U	-0.0204	-3.7931	0.0022	NC
Pyrene	Unrinsed	Clover	0.22	-1.5	0.031	-3.47	0.14						
Pyrene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.22	-1.5	0.023	-3.77	0.10						
Pyrene	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.0930	-2.4	0.042	-3.17	0.45						
Pyrene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.0310	-3.5	0.014	-4.27	0.45						
Pyrene	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.15	-1.9	0.023	-3.77	0.15						
Pyrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.12	-2.1	0.024	-3.73	0.19						
Pyrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0372	-3.3	0.026	-3.65	0.70						
Pyrene	Not Specified	Carrot	0.0122	-4.4	0.036	-3.32	3.0						
Pyrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.11	-2.2	0.078	-2.55	0.71	0.72	R	0.4756	-2.2170	0.2565	> 0.05
Pyrene	Rinsed	Beet	0.10	-2.3	0.18	-1.73	1.8						
Pyrene	Rinsed	Cabbage	0.0054	-5.2	0.0039	-5.55	0.72						
Pyrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.10	-2.3	0.033	-3.41	0.33						
Pyrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.61	-0.5	0.035	-3.35	0.057						
Pyrene	Rinsed	Carrot	0.30	-1.2	0.35	-1.06	1.2						
Pyrene	Rinsed	endive	0.0054	-5.2	0.013	-4.34	2.4						
Pyrene	Rinsed	leek	0.0054	-5.2	0.010	-4.61	1.9						
Pyrene	Rinsed	Lettuce	0.0054	-5.2	0.020	-3.91	3.7						
Pyrene	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.0850	-2.5	0.036	-3.32	0.42						
Pyrene	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.0790	-2.5	0.0010	-6.91	0.013						
Total PAHs	Unrinsed	Clover	0.75	-0.3	0.351	-1.05	0.47	0.43	U	-0.1062	-0.8303	0.1006	
Total PAHs	Unrinsed	Clover	2.0	0.7	0.446	-0.81	0.23						
Total PAHs	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	2.0	0.7	0.341	-1.08	0.17						
Total PAHs	Unrinsed	Ryegrass	0.75	-0.3	0.395	-0.93	0.52						
Total PAHs	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	0.35	-1.1	0.568	-0.57	1.6						
Total PAHs	Unrinsed	Tim_grass	1.4	0.4	0.568	-0.57	0.40						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Beet	0.97	0.0	1.675	0.52	1.7	1.2	R	0.3015	0.0830	0.3103	< 0.05
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Beet	5.5	1.7	1.719	0.54	0.31						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Beet	2.4	0.9	1.382	0.32	0.57						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Beet	0.73	-0.3	0.888	-0.12	1.2						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Beet	2.4	0.9	0.760	-0.27	0.31						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Carrot	0.97	0.0	1.641	0.50	1.7						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Carrot	5.5	1.7	2.415	0.88	0.44						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Carrot	0.73	-0.3	1.004	0.00	1.4						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Carrot	2.4	0.9	2.800	1.03	1.2						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Ryegrass	3.1	1.1	1.090	0.09	0.35						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	Ryegrass	0.74	-0.3	0.940	-0.06	1.3						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	SugarBeet	0.50	-0.7	0.608	-0.50	1.2						
Total PAHs	Rinsed	SugarBeet	3.1	1.1	1.177	0.16	0.38						

Entire Non-Ionic Organic Raw Data Set is provided in Appendix B.

Shading indicates selected value.

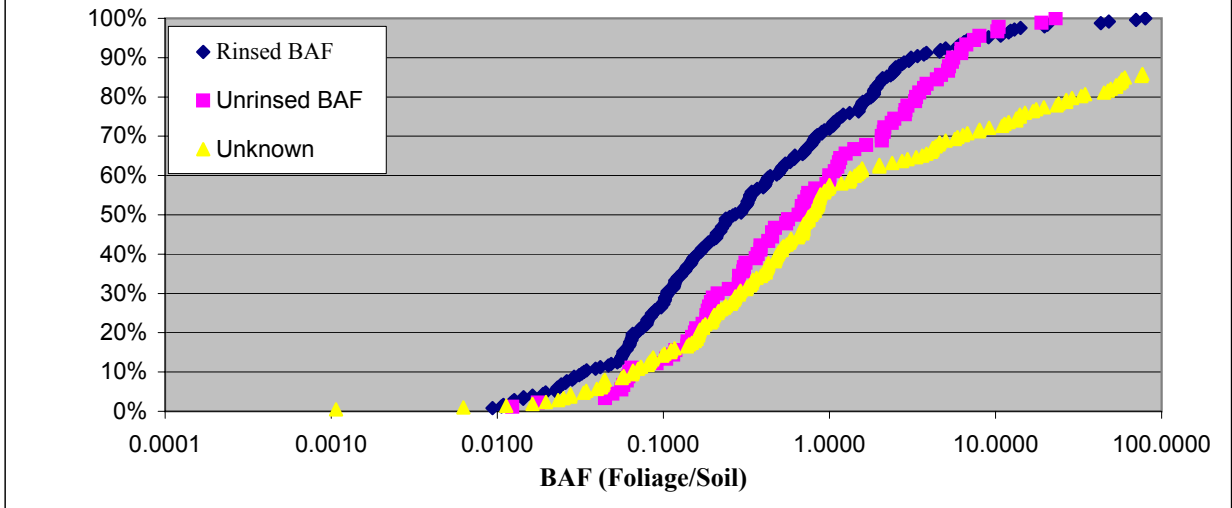
NC = Not Calculated. A regression analysis was performed only if n > 5. A p value was calculated only for rinsed data sets if R² > 0.2.

R = Rinsed; U = Unrinsed

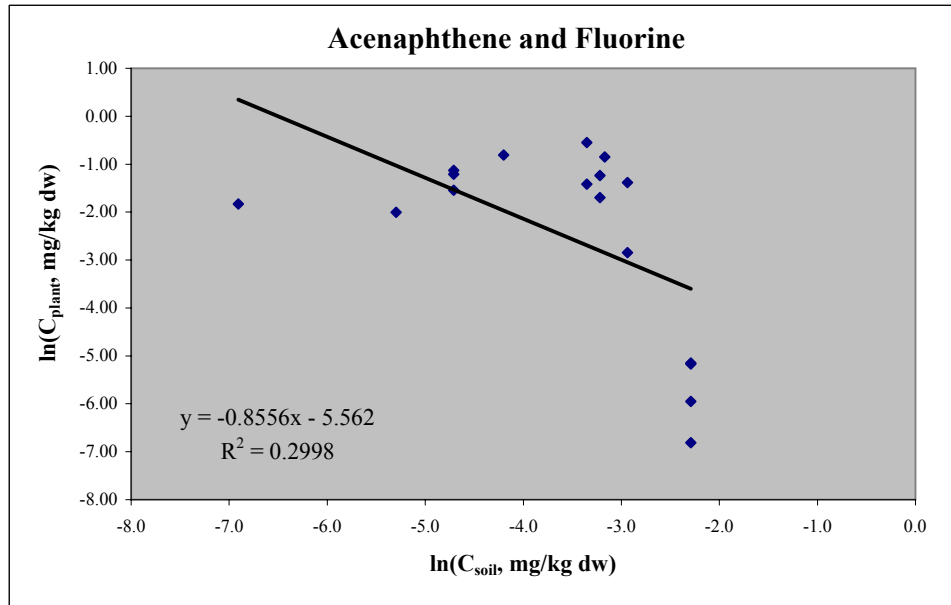
Where rinsed status was unknown, the data was grouped with the unrinsed data. This was based on the distribution of data as plotted in Figure C-1.

Values were selected, if available, from rinsed data sets.

Figure C-1
Cumulative Frequency Distribution of BAF Values



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$\ln(C_{soil}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{plant}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
-3.2	-1.70
-2.9	-1.39
-4.7	-1.21
-3.4	-1.41
-4.7	-1.55
-3.2	-1.24
-2.9	-2.85
-3.4	-0.55
-4.7	-1.13
-3.2	-0.85
-5.3	-2.00
-6.9	-1.83
-4.2	-0.81
-2.3	-6.81
-2.3	-5.17
-2.29	-5.95
-2.293	-5.15

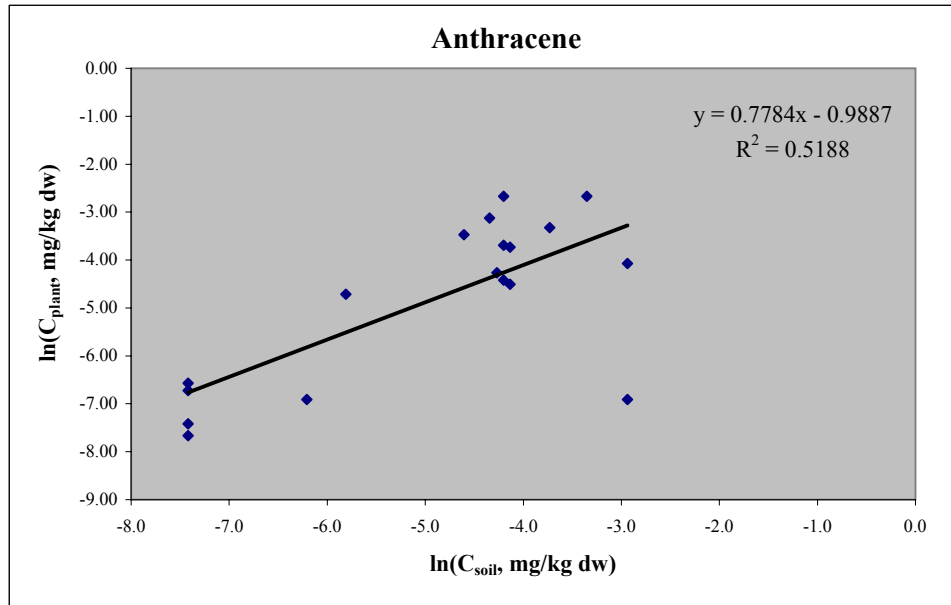
SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.547516532
R Square	0.299774353
Adjusted R Square	0.253092643
Standard Error	1.727224424
Observations	17

ANOVA

	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	1	19.15778345	19.15778	6.421666	0.02290831
Residual	15	44.74956315	2.983304		
Total	16	63.9073466			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>	<i>Lower 95.0%</i>	<i>Upper 95.0%</i>
Intercept	-5.562017641	1.298732294	-4.28265	0.000654	-8.33019999	-2.79384	-8.3302	-2.7938353
X Variable 1	-0.855612699	0.337639589	-2.5341	0.022908	-1.57527444	-0.13595	-1.5752744	-0.13595095



$\ln(C_{soil}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{plant}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
-6.2	-6.91
-4.2	-4.42
-2.9	-4.07
-4.1	-3.73
-4.2	-2.67
-7.4	-7.42
-2.9	-6.91
-4.1	-4.51
-4.2	-3.69
-4.3	-3.12
-7.4	-6.73
-7.4	-7.66
-7.4	-6.57
-3.4	-2.67
-4.27	-4.27
-4.605	-3.47
-5.809	-4.71

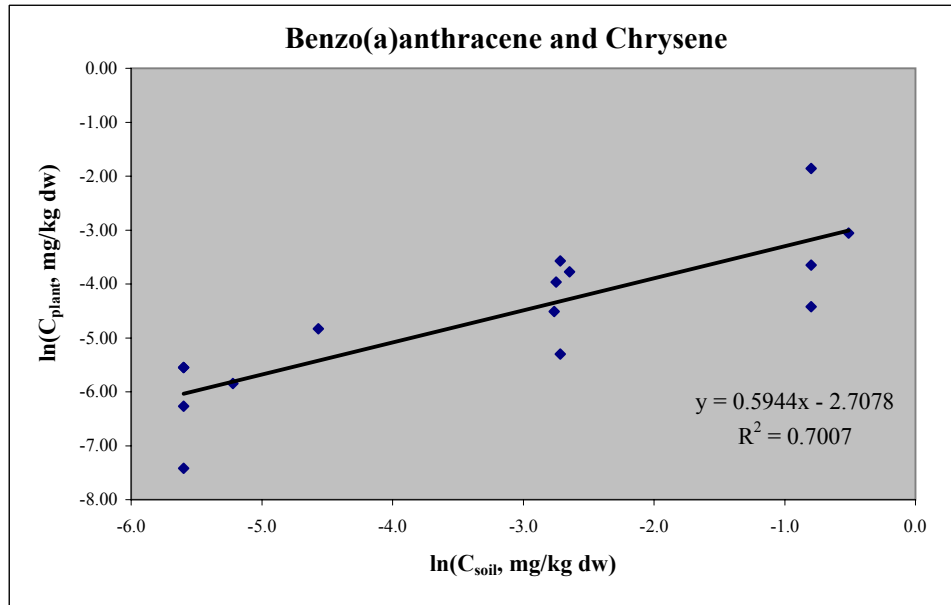
SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.720289655
R Square	0.518817188
Adjusted R Square	0.488743262
Standard Error	1.22604928
Observations	18

ANOVA

	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	1	25.93224315	25.93224	17.2514	0.00074786
Residual	16	24.0511494	1.503197		
Total	17	49.98339255			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>	<i>Lower 95.0%</i>	<i>Upper 95.0%</i>
Intercept	-0.988716072	0.968007462	-1.02139	0.322265	-3.04080021	1.063368	-3.0408002	1.06336806
X Variable 1	0.778394279	0.187407738	4.15348	0.000748	0.38110762	1.175681	0.3811076	1.17568093



$\ln(C_{soil}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{plant}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
-4.6	-4.83
-0.8	-4.42
-2.7	-3.58
-0.8	-3.65
-2.8	-4.51
-2.7	-5.30
-0.8	-1.86
-2.7	-3.96
-2.6	-3.77
-0.5	-3.06
-5.6	-7.42
-5.6	-5.55
-5.6	-6.27
-5.6	-5.55
-5.2	-5.84

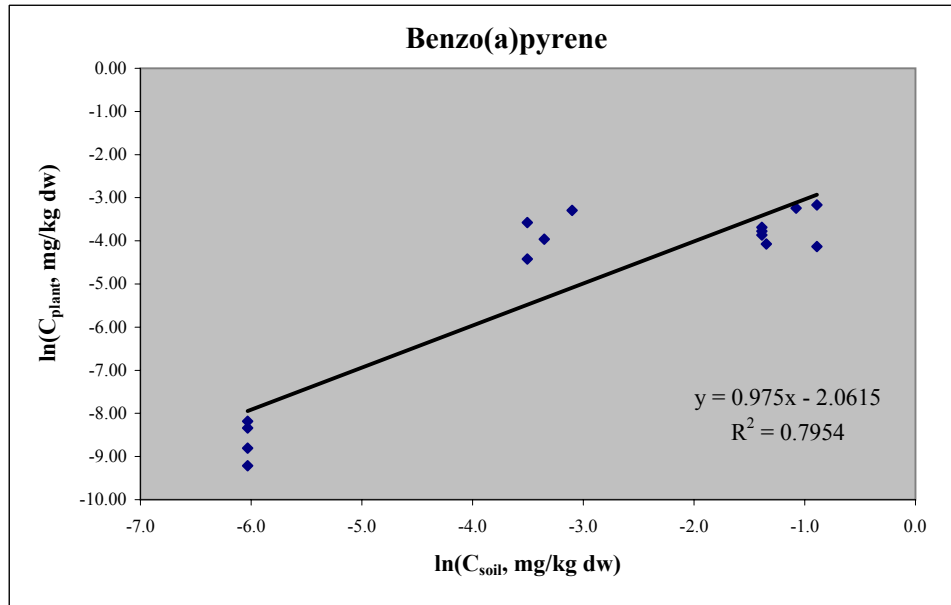
SUMMARY OUTPUT

Regression Statistics	
Multiple R	0.729492059
R Square	0.532158664
Adjusted R Square	0.510893149
Standard Error	0.806873825
Observations	24

ANOVA

	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F
Regression	1	16.29207805	16.29208	25.02449	5.2373E-05
Residual	22	14.32299814	0.651045		
Total	23	30.61507619			

	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%	Upper 95.0%
Intercept	-3.204568852	0.338645676	-9.4629	3.26E-09	-3.906877	-2.50226	-3.906877	-2.50226071
X Variable 1	0.487240432	0.097400392	5.002448	5.24E-05	0.28524438	0.689236	0.2852444	0.68923648



$\ln(C_{\text{soil}}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{\text{plant}}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
-3.4	-3.96
-1.4	-3.77
-1.4	-3.69
-3.5	-3.58
-0.9	-3.17
-6.0	-9.21
-3.5	-4.42
-0.9	-4.14
-1.4	-3.86
-6.0	-8.33
-6.0	-8.80
-6.0	-8.18
-1.3	-4.07
-3.1	-3.30
-1.1	-3.24

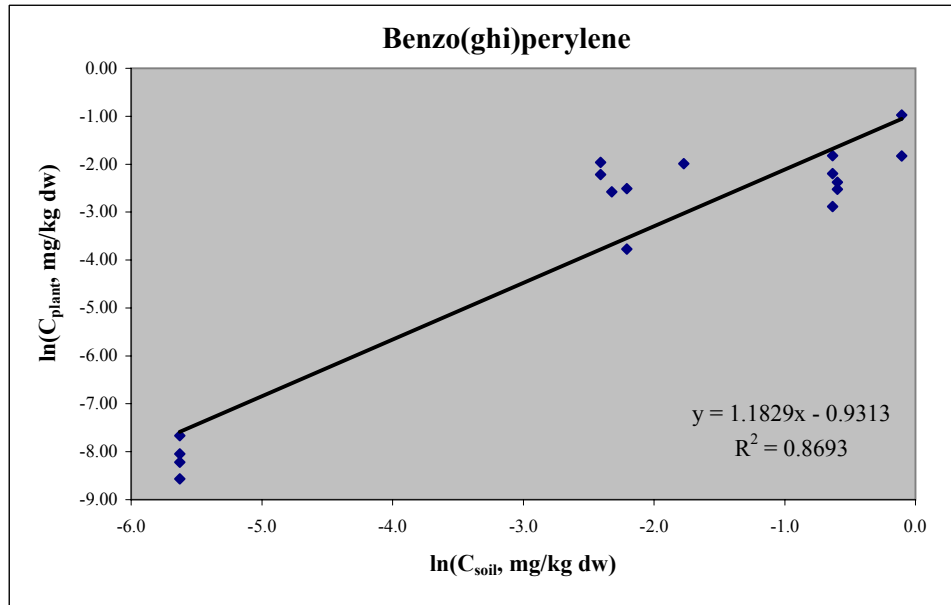
SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.891839745
R Square	0.79537813
Adjusted R Square	0.779637986
Standard Error	1.066763516
Observations	15

ANOVA

	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	1	57.50442387	57.50442	50.53182	7.9494E-06
Residual	13	14.7937972	1.137984		
Total	14	72.29822107			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>	<i>Lower 95.0%</i>	<i>Upper 95.0%</i>
Intercept	-2.061528487	0.502501933	-4.10253	0.001247	-3.14711791	-0.97594	-3.1471179	-0.97593906
X Variable 1	0.97500356	0.137158816	7.108574	7.95E-06	0.67868995	1.271317	0.67869	1.27131717



$\ln(C_{soil}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{plant}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
-2.2	-3.77
-0.6	-2.88
-2.4	-1.97
-0.1	-1.83
-0.6	-1.82
-5.6	-8.05
-2.2	-2.51
-2.4	-2.22
-0.6	-2.20
-0.1	-0.97
-5.6	-8.22
-5.6	-7.66
-5.6	-8.57
-0.6	-2.38
-1.77	-1.99
-2.323	-2.58
-0.598	-2.53

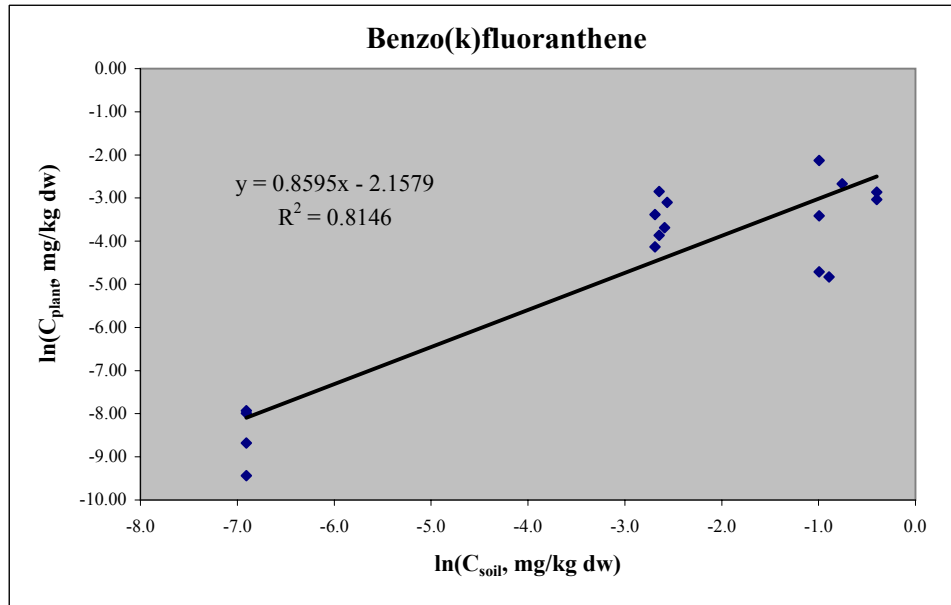
SUMMARY OUTPUT

Regression Statistics	
Multiple R	0.93234326
R Square	0.869263954
Adjusted R Square	0.860548218
Standard Error	0.979163541
Observations	17

ANOVA

	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F
Regression	1	95.62205092	95.62205	99.735	5.0849E-08
Residual	15	14.38141861	0.958761		
Total	16	110.0034695			

	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%	Upper 95.0%
Intercept	-0.931299783	0.361637942	-2.57523	0.021114	-1.70211281	-0.16049	-1.7021128	-0.16048676
X Variable 1	1.182915248	0.118448574	9.986741	5.08E-08	0.93044809	1.435382	0.9304481	1.43538241



$\ln(C_{soil}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{plant}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
-1.0	-4.71
-1.0	-3.41
-2.7	-3.38
-0.4	-2.86
-2.6	-2.85
-6.9	-9.43
-2.7	-4.14
-2.6	-3.86
-0.4	-3.04
-1.0	-2.13
-6.9	-7.93
-6.9	-8.68
-6.9	-7.99
-0.9	-4.83
-2.59	-3.69
-2.564	-3.10
-0.755	-2.67

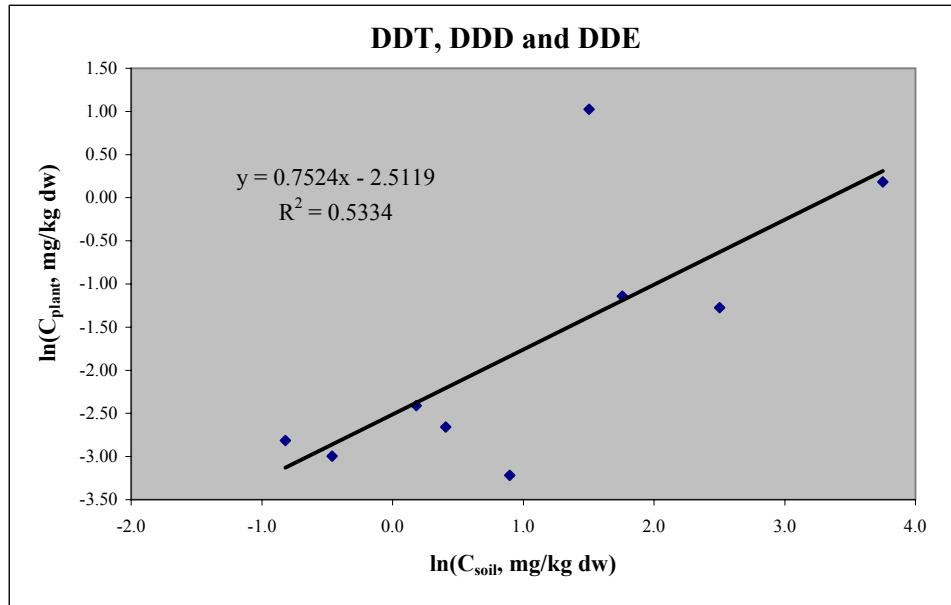
SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.902579601
R Square	0.814649936
Adjusted R Square	0.802293265
Standard Error	1.040939846
Observations	17

ANOVA

	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	1	71.43660592	71.43661	65.92795	7.1692E-07
Residual	15	16.25333645	1.083556		
Total	16	87.68994237			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>	<i>Lower 95.0%</i>	<i>Upper 95.0%</i>
Intercept	-2.157869032	0.395465007	-5.45654	6.62E-05	-3.00078274	-1.31496	-3.0007827	-1.31495533
X Variable 1	0.859537607	0.105859566	8.119603	7.17E-07	0.63390328	1.085172	0.6339033	1.08517193



$\ln(C_{soil}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{plant}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
-0.8	-2.81
0.2	-2.41
1.5	1.03
0.9	-3.22
-0.5	-3.00
0.4	-2.66
2.5	-1.27
1.8	-1.14
3.7	0.18

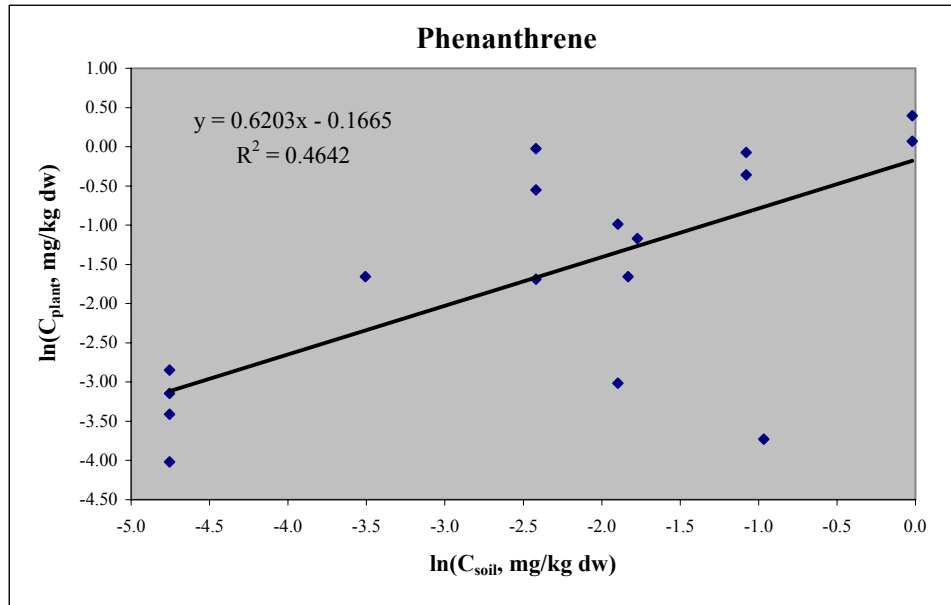
SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.730321659
R Square	0.533369725
Adjusted R Square	0.466708258
Standard Error	1.098986582
Observations	9

ANOVA

	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	1	9.663584966	9.663585	8.00117	0.02545601
Residual	7	8.454400559	1.207772		
Total	8	18.11798553			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>	<i>Lower 95.0%</i>	<i>Upper 95.0%</i>
Intercept	-2.511937879	0.465410395	-5.39725	0.001011	-3.61245858	-1.41142	-3.6124586	-1.41141717
X Variable 1	0.752355338	0.265978334	2.828634	0.025456	0.12341652	1.381294	0.1234165	1.38129416



$\ln(C_{\text{soil}}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{\text{plant}}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
-2.4	-1.69
-1.9	-0.99
-2.4	-0.55
-1.1	-0.36
0.0	0.07
-4.8	-4.02
-1.9	-3.02
-1.1	-0.07
-2.4	-0.02
0.0	0.40
-4.8	-3.15
-4.8	-3.41
-4.8	-2.85
-1.0	-3.73
-1.8	-1.66
-3.51	-1.66
-1.772	-1.17

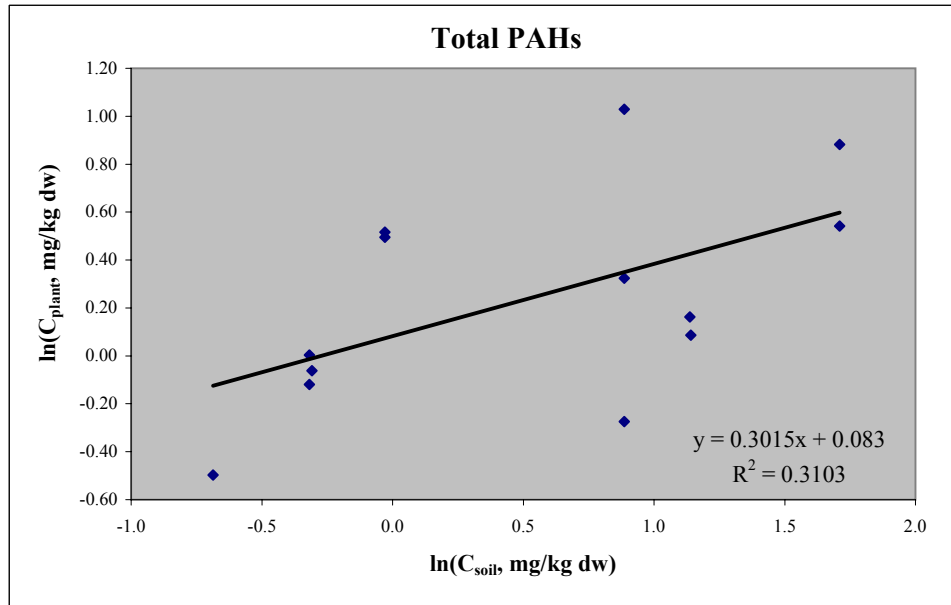
SUMMARY OUTPUT

Regression Statistics	
Multiple R	0.681293808
R Square	0.464161253
Adjusted R Square	0.428438669
Standard Error	1.108606538
Observations	17

ANOVA

	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F
Regression	1	15.96911685	15.96912	12.9935	0.00260075
Residual	15	18.43512685	1.229008		
Total	16	34.4042437			

	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%	Upper 95.0%
Intercept	-0.16651164	0.488996405	-0.34052	0.738189	-1.2087828	0.87576	-1.2087828	0.87575952
X Variable 1	0.620257058	0.172071404	3.604649	0.002601	0.25349554	0.987019	0.2534955	0.98701857



$\ln(C_{\text{soil}}, \text{mg/kg dw})$	$\ln(C_{\text{plant}}, \text{mg/kg dw})$
0.0	0.52
1.7	0.54
0.9	0.32
-0.3	-0.12
0.9	-0.27
0.0	0.50
1.7	0.88
-0.3	0.00
0.9	1.03
1.1	0.09
-0.3	-0.06
-0.7	-0.50
1.1	0.16

SUMMARY OUTPUT

<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.557010992
R Square	0.310261245
Adjusted R Square	0.247557722
Standard Error	0.386981558
Observations	13

ANOVA

	<i>df</i>	<i>SS</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>Significance F</i>
Regression	1	0.740996445	0.740996	4.948067	0.04799237
Residual	11	1.647301988	0.149755		
Total	12	2.388298432			

	<i>Coefficients</i>	<i>Standard Error</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>	<i>Lower 95%</i>	<i>Upper 95%</i>	<i>Lower 95.0%</i>	<i>Upper 95.0%</i>
Intercept	0.082971219	0.127862385	0.64891	0.529711	-0.19845199	0.364394	-0.198452	0.36439443
X Variable 1	0.301466221	0.135525452	2.224425	0.047992	0.00317671	0.599756	0.0031767	0.59975573



Eco-SSL Attachment 4-1
Appendix D
Bioaccumulation Data for DDT, DDD and DDE

February 2005
Revised April 2007

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Appendix D-1 Bioaccumulation Data for the Uptake of DDT, DDD and DDE from Soil into Invertebrates

Species Information		Exposure				Invertebrate Tissue Information								Soil Information						BAF		Reference
Common Name (<i>Genus/Species</i>)	Field (F)/ Lab (L)	Chemical Form	Group	Duration	Reported Tissue Conc.	Reported Tissue Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight?¹	% Moisture Tissue²	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Tissue Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Tissue Conc. mg/kg dw)	Depurated?	Reported Soil Conc.	Reported Soil Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight?³	% Moisture Soil	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Soil Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Soil Conc. mg/kg dw)	R/C	BAF (Tissue /Soil (mg/kg dw))	
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	NR	0.17	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.17	-1.7720	NR	0.011	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.011	-4.5099	C	15.5	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	NR	0.4	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.4	-0.9163	NR	0.0067	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.0067	-5.0056	C	59.7	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	0.21	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.21	-1.5606	NR	0.014	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.014	-4.2687	C	15.0	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	0.24	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.24	-1.4271	NR	0.024	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.024	-3.7297	C	10.0	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	0.6	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.6	-0.5108	NR	0.008	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.008	-4.8283	C	75.0	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	0.25	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.25	-1.3863	NR	0.021	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.021	-3.8632	C	11.9	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	0.18	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.18	-1.7148	NR	0.032	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.032	-3.4420	C	5.63	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	1.14	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.14	0.1310	NR	0.026	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.026	-3.6497	C	43.85	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	3 yr	2.03	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	2.03	0.7080	NR	0.21	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.21	-1.5606	C	9.67	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	3 yr	1.21	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.21	0.1906	NR	0.069	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.069	-2.6736	C	17.5	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	NR	0.11	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.11	-2.2073	NR	0.012	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.012	-4.4228	C	9.17	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	0.86	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.86	-0.1508	NR	0.11	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.11	-2.2073	C	7.82	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	0.25	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.25	-1.3863	NR	0.037	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.037	-3.2968	C	6.76	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	0.41	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.41	-0.8916	NR	0.02	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.02	-3.9120	C	20.5	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	0.33	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.33	-1.1087	NR	0.007	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.007	-4.9618	C	47.1	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	10 yr	0.1	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.1	-2.3026	NR	0.0099	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.0099	-4.6152	C	10.1	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	NR	11.85	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	11.85	2.4723	NR	0.86	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.86	-0.1508	C	13.8	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	NR	23.8	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	23.8	3.1697	NR	1.52	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.52	0.4187	C	15.7	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	NR	75.54	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	75.54	4.3247	NR	0.19	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.19	-1.6607	C	398	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	NR	0.3	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.3	-1.2040	NR	0.077	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.077	-2.5639	C	3.90	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	NR	0.16	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.16	-1.8326	NR	0.07	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.07	-2.6593	C	2.29	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	NR	0.63	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.63	-0.4620	NR	0.036	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.036	-3.3242	C	17.5	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	2.5 yr	0.063	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.063	-2.7646	NR	0.018	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.018	-4.0174	C	3.50	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	NR	0.092	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.092	-2.3860	NR	0.0069	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.0069	-4.9762	C	13.3	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	NR	0.41	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.41	-0.8916	NR	0.029	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.029	-3.5405	C	14.1	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	NR	0.46	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.46	-0.7765	NR	0.014	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.014	-4.2687	C	32.9	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	NR	0.083	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.083	-2.4889	NR	0.009	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.009	-4.7105	C	9.22	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	17.63	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	17.63	2.8696	NR	4.36	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.36	1.4725	C	4.04	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	18.76	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	18.76	2.9317	NR	5.56	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.56	1.7156	C	3.37	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	1.09	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.09	0.0862	NR	5.38	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.38	1.6827	C	0.20	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	9.58	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	9.58	2.2597	NR	4.28	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.28	1.4540	C	2.24	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	5.23	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.23	1.6544	NR	5.56	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.56	1.7156	C	0.94	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	0.73	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.73	-0.3147	NR	1.64	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.64	0.4947	C	0.45	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	2.74	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	2.74	1.0080	NR	0.89	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.89	-0.1165	C	3.08	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	1.13	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.13	0.1222	NR	2.5	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	2.5	0.9163	C	0.45	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	1.13	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.13	0.1222	NR	0.2	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.2	-1.6094	C	5.65	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	0.59	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.59	-0.5276	NR	0.52	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.52	-0.6539	C	1.13	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	1.31	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.31	0.2700	NR	0.22	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.22	-1.5141	C	5.95	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	2.03	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	2.03	0.7080	NR	0.55	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.55	-0.5978	C	3.69	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	56.01	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	56.01	4.0255	NR	5.33	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.33	1.6734	C	10.5	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	2.12	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	2.12	0.7514	NR	12.73	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	12.73	2.5440	C	0.17	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	1.19	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.19	0.1740	NR	0.72	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.72	-0.3285	C	1.65	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	1.66	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.66	0.5068	NR	0.95	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.95	-0.0513	C	1.75	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	5.56	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.56	1.7156	NR	1.14	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.14	0.1310	C	4.88	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	NR	0.27	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.27	-1.3093	NR	0.035	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.035	-3.3524	C	7.71	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	NR	0.2	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.2	-1.6094	NR	0.051	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.051	-2.9759	C	3.92	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	NR	1.45	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.45	0.3716	NR	0.026	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.026	-3.6497	C	55.8	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	NR	0.51	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.51	-0.6733	NR	0.13	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.13	-2.0402	C	3.92	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	NR	4.7	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.7	1.5476	NR	0.34	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.34	-1.0788	C	13.8	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	1.94	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.94	0.6627	NR	0.15	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.15	-1.8971	C	12.9	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	1.63	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.63	0.4886	NR	0.34	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.34	-1.0788	C	4.79	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	21.39	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	21.39	3.0629	NR	0.17	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.17	-1.7720	C	126	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	5.99	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.99	1.7901	NR	0.63	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.63	-0.4620	C	9.51	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	4.86	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.86	1.5810	NR	1.68	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.68	0.5188	C	2.89	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	20.85	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	20.85	3.0374	NR	0.63	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.63	-0.4620	C	33.1	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	1.35	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.35	0.3001	NR	0.12	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.12	-2.1203	C	11.3	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	0.75	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.75	-0.2877	NR	0.31	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.31	-1.1712	C	2.42	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	7.37	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	7.37	1.9974	NR	0.075	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.075	-2.5903	C	98.3	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	1.43	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.43	0.3577	NR	0.24	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.24	-1.4271	C	5.96	Gish, 1970

Appendix D-1 Bioaccumulation Data for the Uptake of DDT, DDD and DDE from Soil into Invertebrates

Species Information		Exposure				Invertebrate Tissue Information							Soil Information						BAF		Reference	
Common Name (<i>Genus/Species</i>)	Field (F)/ Lab (L)	Chemical Form	Group	Duration	Reported Tissue Conc.	Reported Tissue Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight? ¹	% Moisture Tissue ²	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Tissue Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Tissue Conc. mg/kg dw)	Depurated?	Reported Soil Conc.	Reported Soil Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight? ³	% Moisture Soil	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Soil Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Soil Conc. mg/kg dw)	R/C		BAF (Tissue /Soil (mg/kg dw))
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	p,p'-DDT	DDT	NR	0.54	mg/kg	NR	NR	6.25	3.38	1.2164	NR	0.64	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.635	-0.4537	R/C	5.31	Wheatley and Hardeman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	o,p'-DDT	DDT	NR	0.068	mg/kg	NR	NA	6.25	0.43	-0.8557	NR	0.14	mg/kg	ww	NA	1	0.63	-0.4620	R/C	5.36	Wheatley and Hardeman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	DDT	DDT	Resident	9.5	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	59.38	4.0839	NR	13.8	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	13.8	2.6247	C	4.30	Hunt and Sacho, 1969
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	DDE	DDE	Resident	10	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	62.5	4.1352	NR	4.2	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	4.2	1.4351	C	14.9	Hunt and Sacho, 1969
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	DDT	DDT	Resident	11.3	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	70.63	4.2574	NR	6.3	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	6.3	1.8405	C	11.2	Hunt and Sacho, 1969
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	DDE	DDE	Resident	4.8	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	30	3.4012	NR	2.0	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	2	0.6931	C	15.0	Hunt and Sacho, 1969
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	L	DDT	DDT	6 mo	4	ug/g	NR	NA	6.25	25	3.2189	Y	0.9	ug/g	NR	NR	1	0.9	-0.1054	C	27.8	Edwards and Jeffis, 1974
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	DDT	DDT	Resident	4.1	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	25.63	3.2436	NR	8.6	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	8.6	2.1518	C	2.98	Hunt and Sacho, 1969
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	DDE	DDE	Resident	2.7	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	16.88	2.8258	NR	2.5	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	2.5	0.9163	C	6.75	Hunt and Sacho, 1969
Earthworm (<i>mixed</i>)	F	DDE	DDE	NR	73	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	456.3	6.1230	NR	5.4	ug/g	dw	NR	1	5.4	1.6864	C	84.5	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (<i>mixed</i>)	F	DDT	DDT	NR	79	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	493.8	6.2020	NR	9.5	ug/g	dw	NR	1	9.5	2.2513	C	52.0	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (<i>Octolailium cyaneum</i>)	F	p,p'-DDT	DDT	NR	0.67	mg/kg	NR	NA	6.25	4.19	1.4321	NR	0.64	mg/kg	ww	NA	1	0.63	-0.4620	R/C	784	Wheatley and Hardeman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Octolailium cyaneum</i>)	F	o,p'-DDT	DDT	NR	0.19	mg/kg	NR	NA	6.25	1.19	0.1719	NR	0.14	mg/kg	ww	NA	1	0.63	-0.4620	R/C	6.65	Wheatley and Hardeman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Octolailium lacteum</i>)	F	DDE	DDE	NR	22	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	137.5	4.9236	NR	5.4	ug/g	dw	NR	1	5.4	1.6864	C	25.5	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (<i>Octolailium lacteum</i>)	F	DDT	DDT	NR	82	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	512.5	6.2393	NR	9.5	ug/g	dw	NR	1	9.5	2.2513	C	53.9	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (<i>Pheretima posthuma</i>)	L	Total DDT	DDT	10 w	12	mg/kg	NR	NR	7.14	85.71	4.4510	Yes	1	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	1	0.0000	C	85.7	Yadav et al. 1976
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDE	DDE	NR	3	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	18.8	2.9312	NR	5.4	ug/g	dw	NR	1	5.4	1.6864	C	3.47	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDT	DDT	2 w	87.0	ug/g	NR	NR	6.25	543.8	6.2985	NR	298.1	ug/g	NR	NR	1	298.1	5.6974	C	1.82	Boykins, 1966
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	67.7	ug/g	NR	NA	6.25	423.1	6.0477	NR	90.1	ug/g	NR	NA	1	90.1	4.5009	C	4.70	Boykins, 1966
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDT	DDT	1.5 yr	63.6	ug/g	NR	NA	6.25	397.5	5.9852	NR	50.1	ug/g	NR	NA	1	50.1	3.9140	C	7.93	Boykins, 1966
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	F	DDT	DDT	1.5 yr	62.9	ug/g	NR	NA	6.25	393.1	5.9741	NR	30.1	ug/g	NR	NA	1	30.1	3.4045	C	13.1	Boykins, 1966
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDT	DDT	NR	65	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	406.3	6.0070	NR	9.5	ug/g	dw	NR	1	9.5	2.2513	C	42.8	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDE	DDE	NR	23	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	143.8	4.9681	NR	5.4	ug/g	dw	NR	1	5.4	1.6864	C	26.6	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDT	DDT	NR	109	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	681.3	6.5239	NR	9.5	ug/g	dw	NR	1	9.5	2.2513	C	71.7	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDE	DDE	NR	33	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	206.3	5.3291	NR	0.3	ug/g	dw	NR	1	0.3	-1.2040	C	688	Barker, 1958
Earthworm (unidentified)	F	DDT	DDT	NR	86	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	537.5	6.2869	NR	16.9	ug/g	dw	NR	1	16.9	2.8273	C	31.8	Barker, 1958
Slugs	F	p,p'-DDT	DDT	NR	14.55	mg/kg	NR	84	7.14	103.9	4.6437	NR	7.40	mg/kg	NR	NA	1	7.4	2.0015	C	14.0	Davis and Harrison, 1966
Slugs	F	o,p'-DDT	DDT	NR	1.5	mg/kg	NR	84	7.14	10.7	2.3716	NR	0.70	mg/kg	NR	NA	1	0.7	-0.3567	C	15.3	Davis and Harrison, 1966
Slugs	F	p,p'-DDE	DDE	NR	1.9	mg/kg	NR	84	7.14	13.6	2.6080	NR	1.20	mg/kg	NR	NA	1	1.2	0.1823	C	11.3	Davis and Harrison, 1966
Slugs	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	14.96	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	14.96	2.7054	NR	4.36	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.36	1.4725	C	3.43	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	12.18	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	12.18	2.4998	NR	5.56	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.56	1.7156	C	2.19	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	7.33	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	7.33	1.9920	NR	5.38	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.38	1.6827	C	1.36	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	15.93	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	15.93	2.7682	NR	4.36	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.36	1.4725	C	3.65	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	15.93	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	15.93	2.7682	NR	5.56	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.56	1.7156	C	2.87	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	13.26	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	13.26	2.5848	NR	5.38	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	5.38	1.6827	C	2.46	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	4.24	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.24	1.4446	NR	0.89	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.89	-0.1165	C	4.76	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	11.93	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	11.93	2.4791	NR	2.5	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	2.5	0.9163	C	4.77	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	10	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	10	2.3026	NR	0.63	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.63	-0.4620	C	15.9	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	6.03	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	6.03	1.7967	NR	1.68	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	1.68	0.5188	C	3.59	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	36.67	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	36.67	3.6020	NR	0.63	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.63	-0.4620	C	58.2	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDE	DDE	1 yr	4.37	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.37	1.4748	NR	0.12	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.12	-2.1203	C	36.4	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDD	DDD	1 yr	4.75	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	4.75	1.5581	NR	0.31	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.31	-1.1712	C	15.3	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	DDT	DDT	1 yr	15	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	15	2.7081	NR	0.075	mg/kg	dw	NA	1	0.075	-2.5903	C	200	Gish, 1970

¹ If not reported, wet weight is assumed.

² If not reported, 16% solids assumed.

³ If not reported, dry weight assumed.

NA = Not applicable

NR = Not reported

dw = dry weight

ww = wet weight

R = Reported

C = Calculated

d = days

$\ln(\text{tissue}) = \text{slope} * \ln(\text{soil}) + \text{intercept}$

slope 0.8561

intercept 2.1287

R² 0.6673

p value <0.0001

Median BAF = 11.3

Appendix D DDT, DDD and DDE References

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Appendix E
Bioaccumulation Data for Dieldrin

February 2005
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Appendix E-1 Bioaccumulation Data for Uptake of Dieldrin from Soil into Soil Invertebrates

Species Information		Exposure		Invertebrate Tissue Information							Soil Information							BAF		Reference
Common Name (<i>Genus/Species</i>)	Field (F)/ Lab (L)	Duration	Reported Tissue Conc.	Reported Tissue Conc. Units	Wet weight or Dry Weight ¹	% Moisture Tissue ²	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Tissue Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Tissue Conc. mg/kg dw)	Depurated?	Reported Soil Conc.	Reported Soil Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight ³	% Moisture Soil ¹	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Soil Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Soil Conc. mg/kg dw)	R/C	BAF (Tissue /Soil (mg/kg dw))	
Earthworm	F	1 yr	0.16	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.16	-1.833	NR	0.021	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.021	-3.8632328	C	7.62	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	1 yr	22.54	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	22.5	3.115	NR	1.02	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1.02	0.01980263	C	22.10	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	NR	1.71	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1.71	0.536	NR	0.025	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.025	-3.6888795	C	68.40	Gish, 1970
Slugs	F	1 yr	0.43	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.43	-0.844	NR	0.01	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.01	-4.6051702	C	43.00	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	1 yr	0.23	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.23	-1.470	NR	0.01	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.01	-4.6051702	C	23.00	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	1 yr	0.23	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.23	-1.470	NR	0.017	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.017	-4.0745419	C	13.53	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	2 yr	1.91	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1.91	0.647	NR	0.024	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.024	-3.7297014	C	79.58	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F	2 yr	1.1	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1.1	0.095	NR	0.22	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.22	-1.5141277	C	5.00	Gish, 1970
Earthworm	F		23	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	23	3.135	N	1.3	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1.3	0.26236426	C	17.7	Beyer and Gish, 1980
Earthworm	F		57	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	57	4.043	N	4.5	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	4.5	1.5040774	C	12.7	Beyer and Gish, 1980
Earthworm	F		50	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	50	3.912	N	3.4	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	3.4	1.22377543	C	14.7	Beyer and Gish, 1980
Earthworm	F		50	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	50	3.912	N	3.4	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	3.4	1.22377543	C	14.7	Beyer and Gish, 1980
Earthworm	F		50	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	50	3.912	N	3.4	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	3.4	1.22377543	C	14.7	Beyer and Gish, 1980
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus rubellus</i>)	L	30 d	1	ug/kg	ww	NR	6.25	6.25	1.833	N	0.7	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.7	-0.3566749	C	8.93	Lord et al., 1980
Earthworm	F	20 d	21.65	ug/kg	ww	NR	6.25	135	4.908	N	25	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	25	3.21887582	C	5.41	Jefferies and Davis, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora longa</i>)	F	NR	0.033	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	0.21	-1.579	NR	0.003	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.003	-5.809143	C	68.8	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora chlorotica</i>)	F	NR	0.028	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	0.18	-1.743	NR	0.003	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.003	-5.809143	C	58.3	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora longa</i>)	F	NR	0.7	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	4.38	1.476	NR	0.500	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.5	-0.6931472	C	8.8	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora chlorotica</i>)	F	NR	1.8	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	11.25	2.420	NR	0.500	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.5	-0.6931472	C	22.5	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora longa</i>)	F	NR	1.0	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	6.25	1.833	NR	0.750	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.75	-0.2876821	C	8.3	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora chlorotica</i>)	F	NR	2.0	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	12.5	2.526	NR	0.750	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.75	-0.2876821	C	16.7	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora longa</i>)	F	NR	1.3	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	8.13	2.095	NR	1.00	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1	0	C	8.1	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora chlorotica</i>)	F	NR	2.9	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	18.1	2.897	NR	1.00	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1	0	C	18.1	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora longa</i>)	F	NR	1.3	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	8.13	2.095	NR	1.25	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1.25	0.22314355	C	6.5	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora chlorotica</i>)	F	NR	2.1	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.25	13.1	2.575	NR	1.25	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1.25	0.22314355	C	10.5	Wheatley & Hardman, 1968
Cricket (<i>Gryllus assimilis</i>)	F	Resident	0.07	mg/kg	ww	68.37	6.25	0.438	-0.827	NR	0.23	mg/kg	ww	21.95	1.281	0.295	-1.2219	C	1.48	Korschgen, 1970
Cricket (<i>Gryllus assimilis</i>)	F	Resident	0.16	mg/kg	ww	68.37	6.25	1.0	0.000	NR	0.25	mg/kg	ww	21.95	1.281	0.320	-1.1385	C	3.12	Korschgen, 1970
Beetle (<i>Harpalus pennsylvanicus</i>)	F	Resident	0.39	mg/kg	ww	59.95	6.25	2.44	0.891	NR	0.25	mg/kg	ww	21.95	1.281	0.307	-1.1809	C	7.94	Korschgen, 1970
Beetle (<i>Harpalus pennsylvanicus</i>)	F	Resident	2.11	mg/kg	ww	59.95	6.25	13.19	2.579	NR	0.25	mg/kg	ww	21.95	1.281	0.295	-1.2208	C	44.7	Korschgen, 1970
Beetle (<i>Harpalus pennsylvanicus</i>)	F	Resident	0.24	mg/kg	ww	59.95	6.25	1.5	0.405	NR	0.25	mg/kg	ww	21.95	1.281	0.320	-1.1394	C	4.69	Korschgen, 1970
Beetle (<i>Poecilus chalcites</i>)	F	Resident	19.44	mg/kg	ww	59.95	6.25	121.5	4.800	NR	0.25	mg/kg	ww	21.95	1.281	0.307	-1.1809	C	396	Korschgen, 1970
Beetle (<i>Poecilus chalcites</i>)	F	Resident	6.59	mg/kg	ww	59.95	6.25	41.19	3.718	NR	0.25	mg/kg	ww	21.95	1.281	0.295	-1.2208	C	140	Korschgen, 1970
Beetle (<i>Poecilus chalcites</i>)	F	Resident	2.64	mg/kg	ww	59.95	6.25	16.5	2.803	NR	0.25	mg/kg	ww	21.95	1.281	0.320	-1.1394	C	51.56	Korschgen, 1970

¹ If not reported, wet weight is assumed.

NA = Not applicable

ww = wet weight

² If not reported, 16% solids assumed.

NR = Not reported

R = Reported

³ If not reported, dry weight assumed.

dw = dry weight

C = Calculated

d = days

$$\ln(\text{tissue}) = \text{slope} * \ln(\text{soil}) + \text{intercept}$$

slope 0.8756

intercept 2.276

R² 0.6392

p value <0.0001

Median = 14.71

Appendix E-2 Bioaccumulation Data for Uptake of Dieldrin from Diet into Mammals and Birds

Species Information	Exposure			Tissue Information								Oral Exposure Information						BAF		Reference	
	Common Name (<i>Genus/Species</i>)	Field (F)/ Lab (L)	Exposure Route	Duration	Tissue Type	Reported Tissue Conc.	Reported Tissue Conc. Units ^a	Wet Weight or Dry Weight ³	% Moisture Tissue ²	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Tissue Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln(Tissue Conc.)	Reported Diet Conc.	Reported Diet Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight ³	Moisture Content Diet ^d	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Diet Exposure (mg/kg dw)	ln(Diet Exposure)		R/C
Short-tailed shrew (<i>Blarina brevicauda</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	61	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	191	5.250	50	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	50	3.9120	C	3.8	Blus, 1978
Short-tailed shrew (<i>Blarina brevicauda</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	55	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	172	5.147	50	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	50	3.9120	C	3.4	Blus, 1978
Sheep (<i>Ovis aries</i>)	L	Diet	1 yr	Carcass	110	mg/kg fat	dw	NA	0.456	50	3.915	0.5	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.5	-0.6931	C	100	Davison 1970
Sheep (<i>Ovis aries</i>)	L	Diet	1 yr	Carcass	203	mg/kg fat	dw	NA	0.468	95	4.554	1	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1	0.0000	C	95	Davison 1970
Sheep (<i>Ovis aries</i>)	L	Diet	1 yr	Carcass	752	mg/kg fat	dw	NA	0.398	299	5.701	2	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	2	0.6931	C	150	Davison 1970
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	15.9	mg/kg	ww	73.55	3.781	60.1	4.096	250	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	250	5.521	C	0.24	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	17	mg/kg	ww	70.4	3.378	57.4	4.051	250	ppm	NR	NR	1	250	5.521	C	0.23	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	23.85	mg/kg	ww	69.2	3.247	77.4	4.349	250	ppm	NR	NR	1	250	5.521	C	0.31	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	8.04	mg/kg	ww	72.9	3.690	29.7	3.390	250	ppm	NR	NR	1	250	5.521	C	0.12	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	7.8	mg/kg	ww	73.73	3.807	29.7	3.391	50	ppm	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	0.59	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	25.4	mg/kg	ww	69.72	3.303	83.9	4.429	50	ppm	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	1.68	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	33.92	mg/kg	ww	70.17	3.352	113.7	4.734	50	ppm	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	2.27	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	9.95	mg/kg	ww	72.39	3.622	36.0	3.585	10	ppm	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	3.60	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	21.23	mg/kg	ww	71.78	3.544	75.2	4.321	10	ppm	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	7.52	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	30.4	mg/kg	ww	70.94	3.441	104.6	4.650	10	ppm	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	10.5	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	22.42	mg/kg	ww	70.28	3.365	75.4	4.323	250	ppm	NR	NR	1	250	5.521	C	0.30	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	34.72	mg/kg	ww	69.52	3.281	113.9	4.735	250	ppm	NR	NR	1	250	5.521	C	0.46	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	51.1	mg/kg	ww	71.29	3.483	178.0	5.182	50	ppm	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	3.56	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	9.43	mg/kg	ww	69.24	3.251	30.7	3.423	50	ppm	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	0.61	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	50.09	mg/kg	ww	65.98	2.939	147.2	4.992	50	ppm	NR	NR	1	50	3.912	C	2.94	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	35.71	mg/kg	ww	68.74	3.199	114.2	4.738	10	ppm	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	11.4	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	21.67	mg/kg	ww	63.69	2.754	59.7	4.089	10	ppm	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	5.97	Stickel et al., 1969
Japanese quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	18.03	mg/kg	ww	67.04	3.034	54.7	4.002	10	ppm	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	5.47	Stickel et al., 1969
American kestrel (<i>Falco sparverius</i>)	L	Diet	NR	Carcass	0.1	ug/g	ww	NR	3.125	0.3125	-1.1631508	0.015	ug/g	ww	62	2.632	0.0395	-3.232	C	7.92	Lowe and Stendell, 1991
Barn owl (<i>Tyto alba</i>)	L	Diet	2 yr	Carcass	9.6	mg/kg	ww	NR	3.125	30.0	3.401	0.58	mg/kg	ww	NR	3.125	1.8125	0.595	C	5.297	Mendenhall et al. 1983
Barn owl (<i>Tyto alba</i>)	L	Diet	2 yr	Carcass	9.2	mg/kg	ww	NR	3.125	28.75	3.359	0.58	mg/kg	ww	NR	3.125	1.8125	0.595	C	5.076	Mendenhall et al. 1983
American kestrel (<i>Falco sparverius</i>)	L	Diet	60 d	Carcass	232	mg/kg	ww	NR	3.125	725	6.586	1.2	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	1.2	0.182	C	193	Stendell et al., 1989
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	0.06	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	0.1875	-1.674	0.05	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	0.05	-2.996	C	1.20	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	0.05	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	0.15625	-1.856	0.05	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	0.05	-2.996	C	1.00	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	0.34	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	1.0625	0.061	0.5	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	0.5	-0.693	C	0.68	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	0.37	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	1.15625	0.145	0.5	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	0.5	-0.693	C	0.74	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	0.37	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	1.15625	0.145	0.5	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	0.5	-0.693	C	0.74	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	0.91	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	2.84375	1.045	1.5	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	1.5	0.405	C	0.61	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	0.79	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	2.46875	0.904	1.5	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	1.5	0.405	C	0.53	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	4.12	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	12.875	2.555	5.0	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	5	1.609	C	0.82	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	3.13	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	9.78125	2.280	5.0	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	5	1.609	C	0.63	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	8.5	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	26.5625	3.280	15.0	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	15	2.708	C	0.57	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	7.1	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	22.1875	3.100	15.0	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	15	2.708	C	0.47	Wiese et al., 1968
Crowned Guinea-Fowl (<i>Numida meleagris L.</i>)	L	Diet	21 m	Carcass	0.15	mg/kg	NR	NR	3.125	0.46875	-0.758	0.15	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	0.15	-1.897	C	1.0	Wiese et al., 1968

¹ If not specified, wet weight is assumed

NA=Not Applicable

R=Reported

² If not reported, 32% solids is assumed.

NR = Not Reported

³ If not specified, dry weight is assumed

C=Calculated

$$\ln(\text{tissue}) = \text{slope} * \ln(\text{diet}) + \text{intercept}$$

slope 0.6076

intercept 1.9582

R² 0.5119

p value <0.0001

Median BAF = 1.2

Appendix E Dieldrin References

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Eco-SSL Attachment 4-1
Appendix F
Bioaccumulation Data for Pentachlorophenol

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Appendix F-1 Bioaccumulation Data for Uptake of Pentachlorophenol from Soil into Plant Foliage

Species Information		Exposure		Plant Tissue Information									Soil Information						BAF		Reference
Common Name (Genus/Species)	Field (F)/ Lab (L)	Duration	Tissue Type	Reported Tissue Conc.	Reported Tissue Conc. Units	Wet weight or Dry Weight? ¹	% Moisture Tissue ²	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Tissue Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Tissue Conc. mg/kg dw)	Rinsed?	Reported Soil Conc.	Reported Soil Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight?	% Moisture Soil ³	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Soil Conc. (mg/kg dw)	ln (Soil Conc. mg/kg dw)	R/C	BAF (Tissue mg/kg dw /Soil (mg/kg dw))	
Fescue	F	NR	Foliage	0.03672	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.03672	-3.30	NR	5.1	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	5.1	1.629	C	0.0072	Bellin and O'Connor, 1990
Fescue	F	NR	Foliage	0.00051	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.00051	-7.58	NR	5.1	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	5.1	1.629	C	0.0001	Bellin and O'Connor, 1990
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	90 d	Foliage	5.21	ug/g	ww	NR	6.67	34.7	3.55	NR	10	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	3.47	Casterline et al., 1985
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	90 d	Foliage	3.47	ug/g	ww	NR	6.67	23.1	3.14	NR	10	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	2.31	Casterline et al., 1985
Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>)	L	90 d	Foliage	11.74	ug/g	ww	NR	6.67	78.3	4.36	NR	10	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	7.83	Casterline et al., 1985
Spinach (<i>Spinacia oleracea</i>)	L	64 d	Foliage	9.3	ug/g	ww	NR	6.67	62.0	4.13	NR	10	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	6.20	Casterline et al., 1985
Barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)	L	7 d	Foliage	5.1	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.67	34.0	3.53	NR	6	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	6	1.792	C	5.67	Scheunert et al., 1986
Barley (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)	L	7 d	Foliage	2.1	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.67	14.0	2.64	NR	1	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	1	0.000	C	14.01	Scheunert et al., 1986
Corn (<i>Zea mays</i>)	L	7 d	Foliage	13.8	mg/kg	ww	NR	6.67	92.0	4.52	NR	2	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	2	0.693	C	46.02	Scheunert et al., 1986
Corn (<i>Zea mays</i>)	L	14 d	NR	1.008	mg/kg	NR	NR	6.67	6.7	1.91	NR	0.2375	mg/kg	dw	NR	1	0.2375	-1.438	C	28.31	Lu et al.,

¹ If not reported, assumed to be wet weight (ww).

² If not reported, assumed to be 15% dry matter.

³ If not reported, assumed to be dry weight (dw).

C = BAF calculated

dw = dry weight

m = month

NA = Not Applicable

NR = Not Reported

R = Reported

R/C = BAF reported and either tissue concentration or soil concentration calculated

w = week

ww = wet weight

Median BAF	5.93
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Regression statistics

slope 0.0787

intercept 1.5822

R² 0.0006

Appendix F-2 Bioaccumulation Data for the Uptake of Pentachlorophenol from Soil into Soil Invertebrates

Species Information		Information		Invertebrate Tissue Information							Soil Information							BAF		Reference
Common Name (Genus/Species)	Field (F)/ Lab (L)	Duration	Reported Tissue Conc.	Reported Tissue Conc. Units	Wet weight or Dry Weight? ¹	% Moisture Tissue ²	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Tissue Conc. (mg/kg dw)	In (Tissue Conc. mg/kg dw)	Depurated?	Reported Soil Conc.	Reported Soil Conc. Units	Wet Weight or Dry Weight? ³	% Moisture Soil	Conversion Factor to mg/kg dw	Soil Conc. (mg/kg dw)	In (Soil Conc. mg/kg dw)	R/ C	BAF (Tissue (mg/kg/dw) /Soil (mg/kg dw))	
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus rubellus</i>)	L	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR		NR		NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR			R	8.00	van Gestel and Ma, 1988
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida andrei</i>)	L	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR		NR		NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR			R	3.40	van Gestel and Ma, 1988
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora caliginosa</i>)	L	14 d	17.7	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	111	4.706	No	2.2	ug/g	dw	NR	1	2.2	0.788	C	50.3	Haque and Ebing, 1988
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora caliginosa</i>)	L	14 d	144	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	900	6.802	No	11.2	ug/g	dw	NR	1	11.2	2.416	C	80.4	Haque and Ebing, 1988
Earthworm (<i>Allolobophora caliginosa</i>)	L	131 d	11.5	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	71.9	4.275	No	1.8	ug/g	NR	NR	1	1.8	0.588	C	39.9	Haque and Ebing, 1988
Earthworm (<i>Lumbricus terrestris</i>)	L	131 d	40	ug/g	ww	NR	6.25	250	5.521	No	1.8	ug/g	NR	NR	1	1.8	0.588	C	138.9	Haque and Ebing, 1988
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	2.65	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	4417	8.393	NR	1800	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	1800	7.496	C	2.45	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.74	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1233	7.117	NR	1000	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	1000	6.908	C	1.23	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.62	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1033	6.941	NR	560	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	560	6.328	C	1.85	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.56	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	933	6.839	NR	320	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	320	5.768	C	2.92	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.59	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	983	6.891	NR	180	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	180	5.193	C	5.46	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.8	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1333	7.195	NR	100	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	100	4.605	C	13.3	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.33	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	550	6.310	NR	56	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	56	4.025	C	9.82	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.79	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1317	7.183	NR	32	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	32	3.466	C	41.1	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.44	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	733	6.598	NR	18	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	18	2.890	C	40.7	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.21	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	350	5.858	NR	10	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	10	2.303	C	35.0	Fitzgerald et al. 1997
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	1.39	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	2317	7.748	NR	1800	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	1800	7.496	C	1.29	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	1.19	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1983	7.593	NR	1000	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	1000	6.908	C	1.98	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	1.35	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	2250	7.719	NR	560	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	560	6.328	C	4.02	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	1.16	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1933	7.567	NR	320	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	320	5.768	C	6.04	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	1.58	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	2633	7.876	NR	180	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	180	5.193	C	14.6	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.51	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	850	6.745	NR	100	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	100	4.605	C	8.50	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	0.84	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1400	7.244	NR	56	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	56	4.025	C	25.0	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	1.16	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1933	7.567	NR	32	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	32	3.466	C	60.4	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia foetida</i>)	L	28 d	1.29	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	2150	7.673	NR	18	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	18	2.890	C	119	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia eugeniae</i>)	L	28 d	0.41	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	683	6.527	NR	560	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	18	2.890	C	38.0	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>Eisenia eugeniae</i>)	L	28 d	0.61	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	1017	6.924	NR	180	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	18	2.890	C	56.5	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>L. terrestris</i>)	L	28 d	0.47	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	783	6.664	NR	560	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	18	2.890	C	43.5	Fitzgerald et al. 1996
Earthworm (<i>L. terrestris</i>)	L	28 d	2.18	mmol/kg	NR	NR	1666.66	3633	8.198	NR	180	mg/kg	NR	NR	1	18	2.890	C	201.9	Fitzgerald et al. 1996

¹ If not reported, wet weight is assumed.

² If not reported, 16% solids assumed.

³ If not reported, dry weight assumed.

NA = Not applicable

NR = Not reported

dw = dry weight

ww = wet weight

R = Reported

C = Calculated

d = days

ln(tissue) = slope * ln(soil) + intercept

slope 0.3308

intercept 5.546

R² 0.4965

p value <0.0001

Median BAF = 14.6

Appendix F Pentachlorophenol References

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