DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility Name: University of Maryland

Facility Address: 7505 Yale Avenue, College Park, Maryland 20742

Facility EPA ID #: MDD980829873

1.	Has all available relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, groundwater, surface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determination?					
	<u>X</u>	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.				
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or				
		if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.				

BACKGROUND

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

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	Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air media known or reasonably suspected to be " contaminated " above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, a well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?					
	Groundwater Air (indoors) ² Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft) Surface Water	<u>Yes</u>	No _x _x_ _x_ _x_ _x_	<u>?</u> 	Rationale / Key Contaminants	
	Sediment Subsurf. Soil (e.g., >2 ft) Air (outdoors)		_x_ _x_ _x_ _x_			
	X If no (for all media) - skip to #6, and enter "YE," status code after providing or citing appropriate "levels," and referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating that these "levels" are not exceeded.					
	If yes (for any media) - continue after identifying key contaminants in each "contaminated" medium, citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the determination that the medium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing supporting documentation.					
	If unknown (for any media) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.					
	Rationale and Reference(s): <u>RCRA Facility Investigation Report</u> , <u>August 1996</u> ; <u>Golf Course Washpad Cleanup Report</u> , <u>April 1996</u> ; <u>University of Maryland Phase I Report</u> , <u>January 1997</u> ; <u>Diesel Fuel Tank Removal and Replacement Report</u> , <u>September 1997</u> . <u>Excavation of contaminated soils were performed the Diesel Fuel Tank Area and at the Golf Course Wash Pad</u> . <u>Confirmatory samples taken at these areas confirmed that all contaminated soil was excavated</u> . <u>Soil samples results from other areas investigated at the facility show that contaminants are not present at concentrations above risk-based levels</u> .					

Footnotes:

¹ "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

²Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

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3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

Potential **<u>Human Receptors</u>** (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated" Me	dia Residents Workers Day-Care Construction Trespassers Recreation Food ³
Groundwater	
Air (indoors)	
Soil (surface, e.g., <2	ft)
Surface Water	
Sediment	
Soil (subsurface e.g., 2	>2 ft)
Air (outdoors)	
Instructions for Summ	ary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table:
	specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not d") as identified in #2 above.
	" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media Human abination (Pathway).
Media - Human Recep	s the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" of tor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces (""). While these be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be
skip in-p each	o (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) - to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) lace, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from a contaminated medium (e.g., use optional <u>Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet</u> to analyze or pathways).
	es (pathways are complete for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor bination) - continue after providing supporting explanation.
	nknown (for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - skip to #6 enter "IN" status code
Rationale and Referen	ce(s):
3 Indirect Dethwey/Page	contor (o.g. vagatables fruits arons most and dairy products fish shallfish ata)

³ Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

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4.	Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be " significant " (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?					
	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."					
	If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."					
	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code Rationale and Reference(s):					

⁴ If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

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Can the "significant" exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable limits?
If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying wh all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")- continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" statucode
Rationale and Reference(s):

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6.	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control EI event code (CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (and attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility):						
	<u>X</u>	YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this EI Determination, "Current Human Exposures" are expected to be "Under Control" at the <u>University of Maryland</u> facility, EPA ID # <u>MDD980829873</u> , located at <u>7505 Yale Avenue</u> , <u>College Park</u> , <u>Maryland</u> <u>20742</u> under current and reasonably expected conditions. This determination will be reevaluated when the Agency/State becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.					
		NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."					
		IN - More information is needed to make a d	etermination.				
	Completed by	(signature) (print) Wanda Martinez (title) Remedial Project Manager	Date: <u>2-14-02</u>				
	Supervisor	(signature) (print) Robert E. Greaves (title) Chief, General Operations Branch (EPA Region or State) EPA Region 3	Date: <u>2-14-02</u>				
	Locations where References may be found:						
	EPA Region 3						
	Contact telepho	ne and e-mail numbers					
	, ,	Wanda Martinez #) 215-814-3434 Martinez.wanda@epa.gov					

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.