



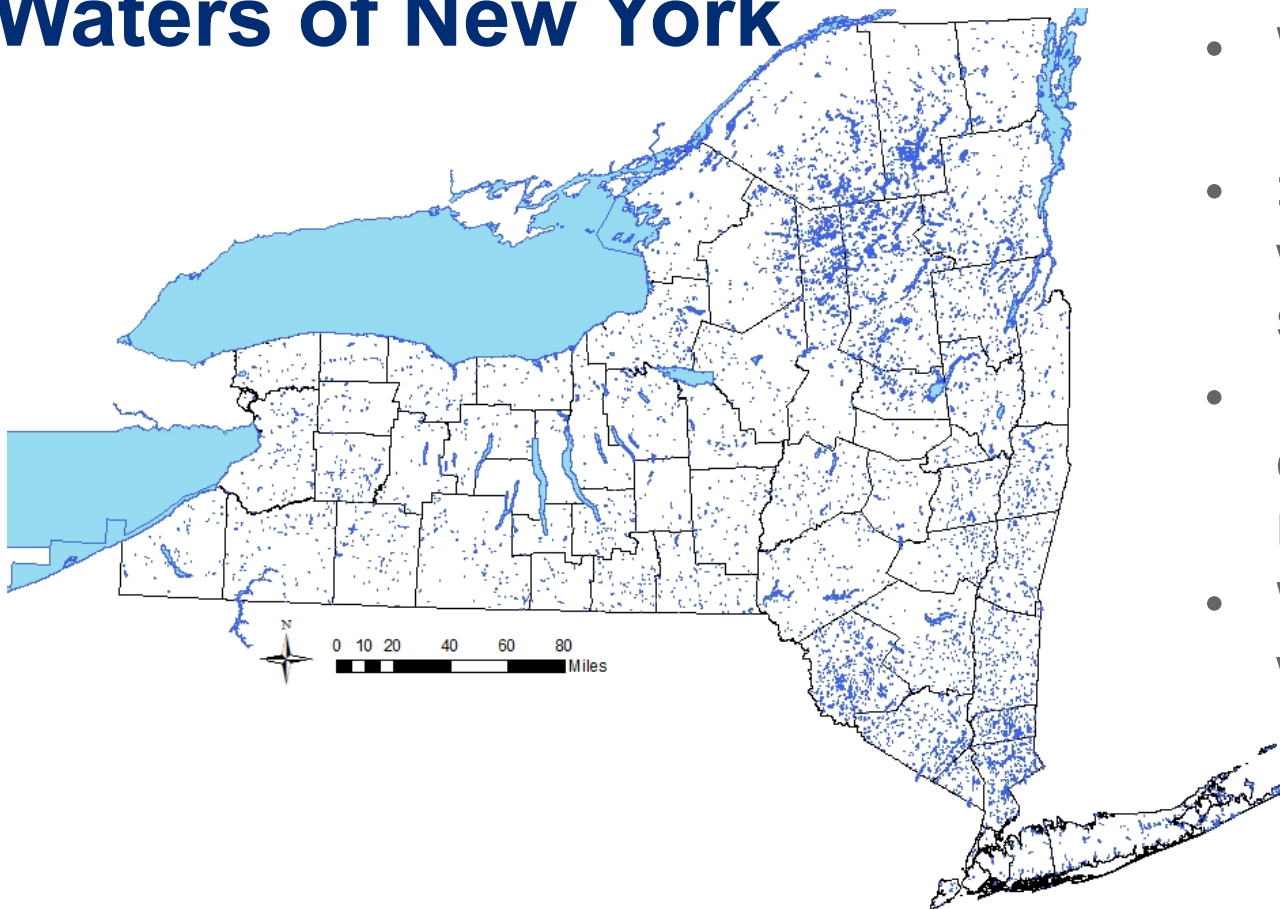
Department of
Environmental
Conservation

HABs monitoring and surveillance efforts in New York State

Rebecca M. Gorney, Ph.D.

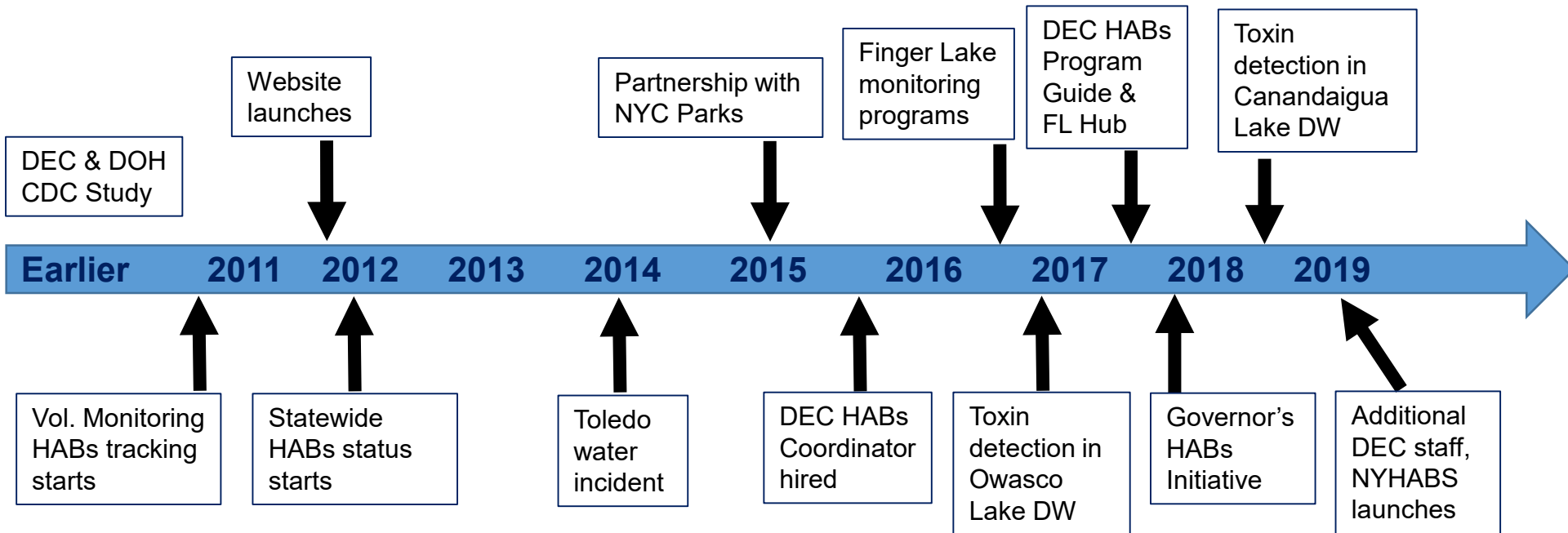
Bureau of Water Assessment and Management

Waters of New York



- Water covers over 10% of the state
- >16,000 ponded waters >0.1 acre in size
- No private/public distinction, “Home rule” applies
- Wide range in waterbody types

Timeline of NYS HABs Program



DOH – State Parks – DEC: Separate but overlapping

- DOH oversees drinking water testing & reporting, health concerns related to exposure to HABs
- DEC provides near real time interagency and public bloom notifications
- DEC, DOH and Parks operate regulated swimming areas; communicate HABs-related closures to DEC
- Agency staff communicate regularly

How does NYS define a bloom?

Know it, Avoid it, Report!

- If HAB accumulations are visually apparent, there is the potential for toxins and other harmful compounds to be present; contact should be avoided
- Visual scums are satisfactory criteria for beach closure and bloom notification procedures to occur



The NY DEC HABs Program



Surveillance & Sampling

- Paired water quality monitoring in many waterbodies (DEC LCI and citizen scientists in CSLAP)
- Both visual surveillance and grab sampling support program outreach and notifications
- HABs sampling mostly by trained volunteers, DEC staff, partnership programs
- Drinking water is the jurisdiction of DOH & local providers

The DEC HABs Program

Bloom Status

- Determine bloom status (**Suspicious**, **Confirmed**, or **Confirmed with High Toxins**) based on surveillance (visual evidence) and sampling data

Education

- Maintain website with HABs primer, FAQs, photo gallery and more (on.ny.gov/hab)
- Publish articles, respond to press inquiries, public presentations and training workshops

Outreach

- Regular updates to NYHABS website (statewide map) and weekly email newsletter (MakingWaves)

Diet for a Small Lake



Prepared by the New York State Federation of Lake Associations, Inc.
in cooperation with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation



HARMFUL ALGAL BLOOMS (HABS) PROGRAM GUIDE



2019 NYS HABs Partnerships

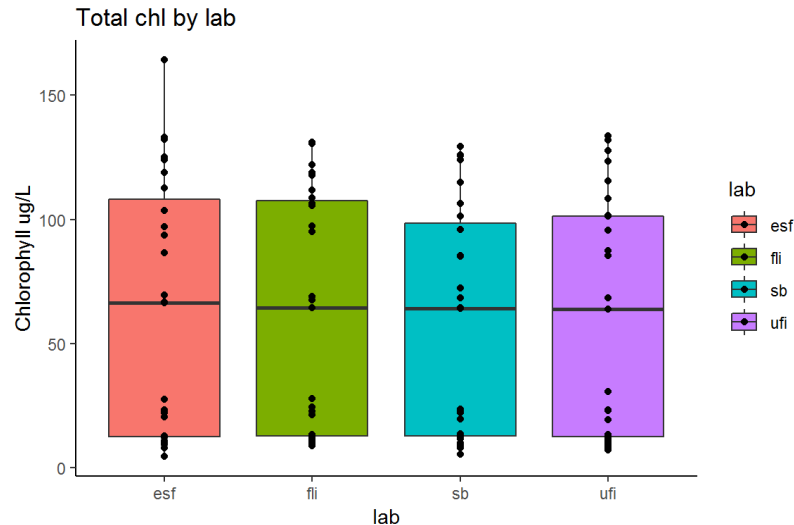
- CSLAP lake monitoring: **>150** lakes; 8x/summer
- DEC ambient lake monitoring : **~100** lakes; 1-4x/summer
- Enhanced shoreline surveys, individual lakes: **~10**; weekly
- Academic researchers: **>20** lakes; weekly
- VT DEC, USACE, NYC Parks, NYC DEP and others: **>30** lakes; variable frequency
- Regulated swimming areas: **>1,400** locations; nearly daily
- Research efforts: additional lakes and rivers; variable

What is measured by the labs?

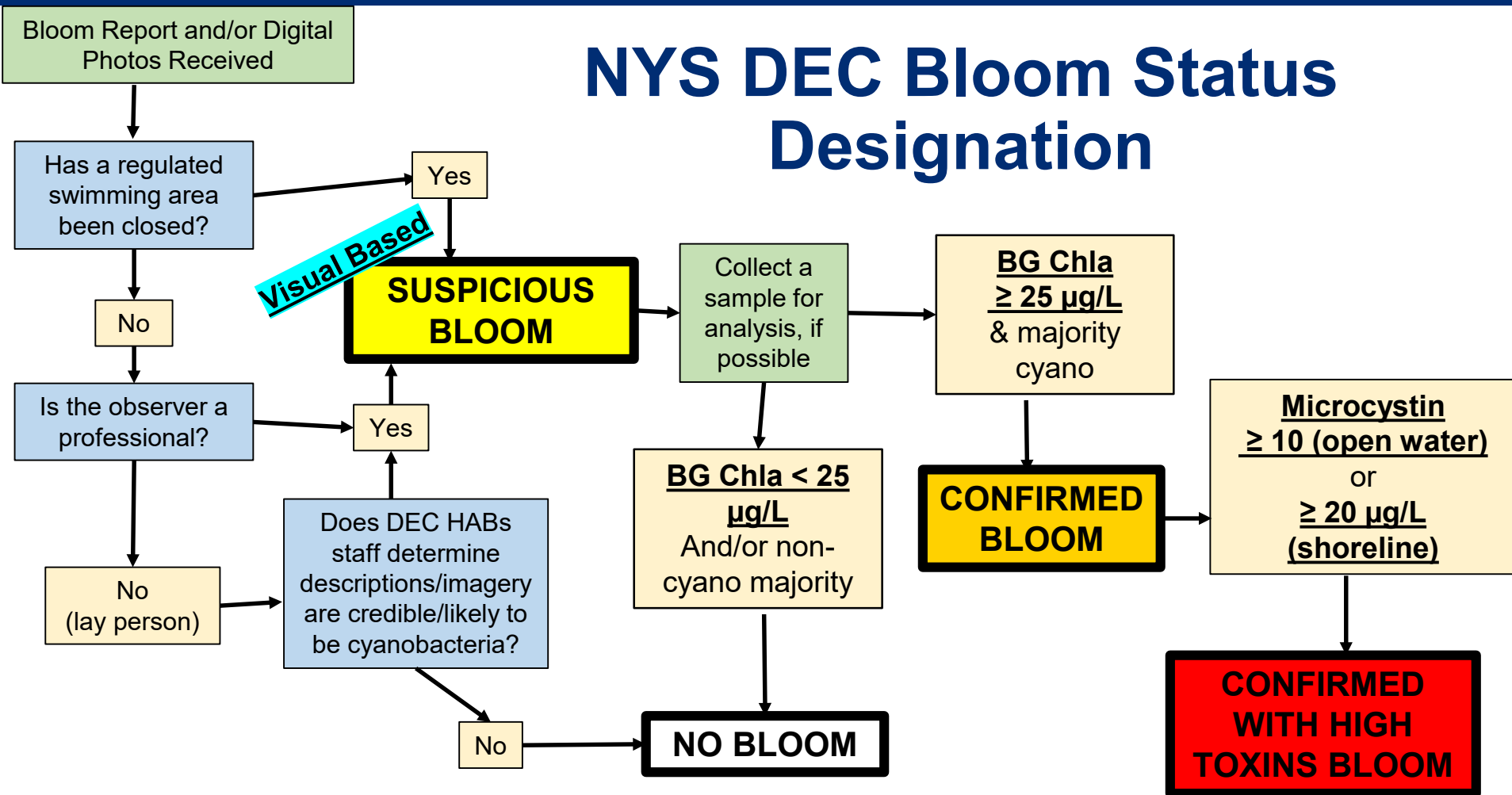
- **Fluoroprobe Chlorophyll** – Measures chlorophyll by algal type (total, **blue green**, diatoms, green algae)
- **Microscopy** – Quick qualitative scan, list most common taxa
- **Total microcystins**– ELISA
- **Other toxins** - Anatoxin-a, Cylindrospermopsin, BMAA, microcystin congeners LC-MSMS



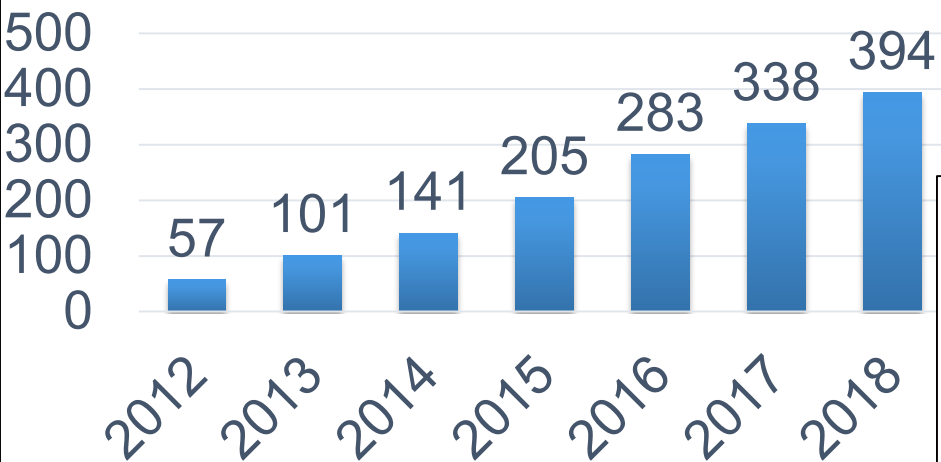
Bbe moldaenke
Fluoroprobe



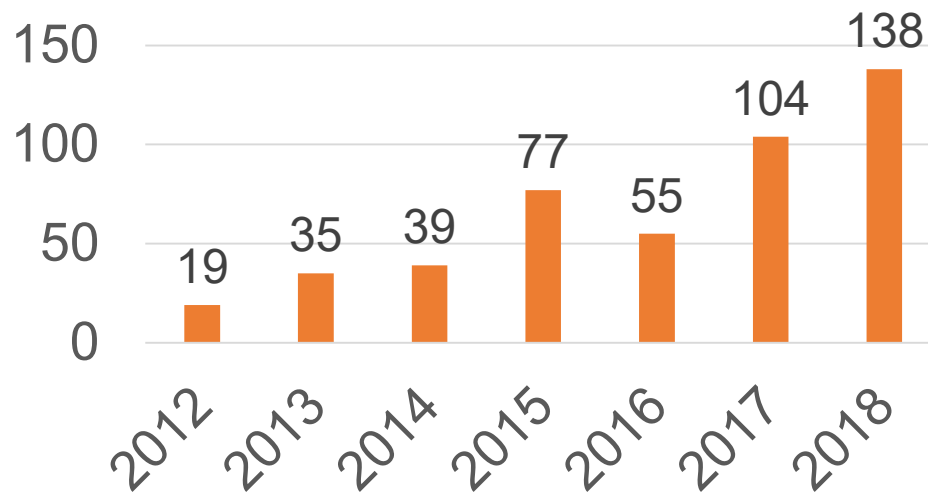
NYS DEC Bloom Status Designation



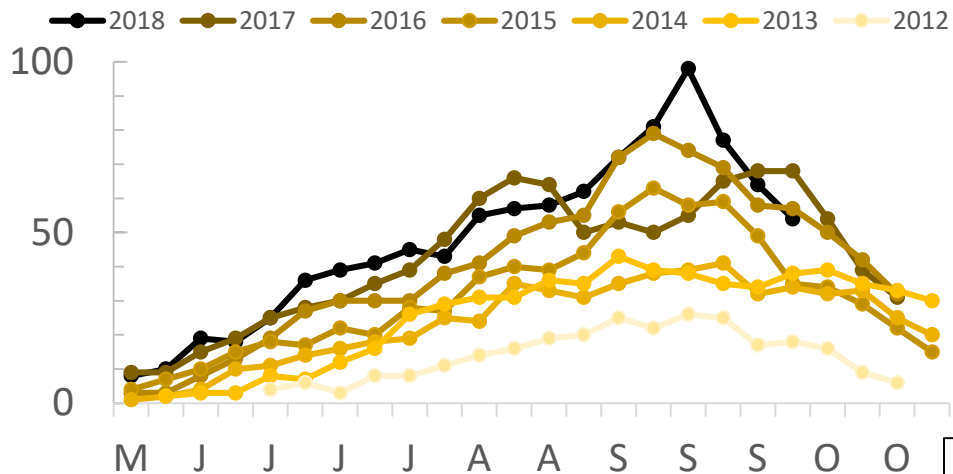
Cumulative # of Waterbodies with HABs



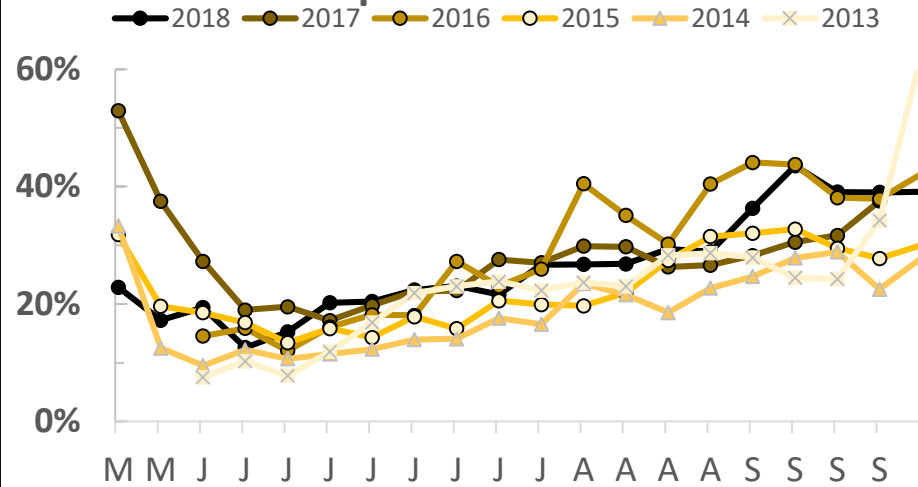
Annual # of Beach Closures



of Waterbodies with HABs



% of Sampled Lakes with HABs



NYS Microcystin Advisory Thresholds

USEPA
Method
546 (ELISA)
at a NY
ELAP
Certified
Lab

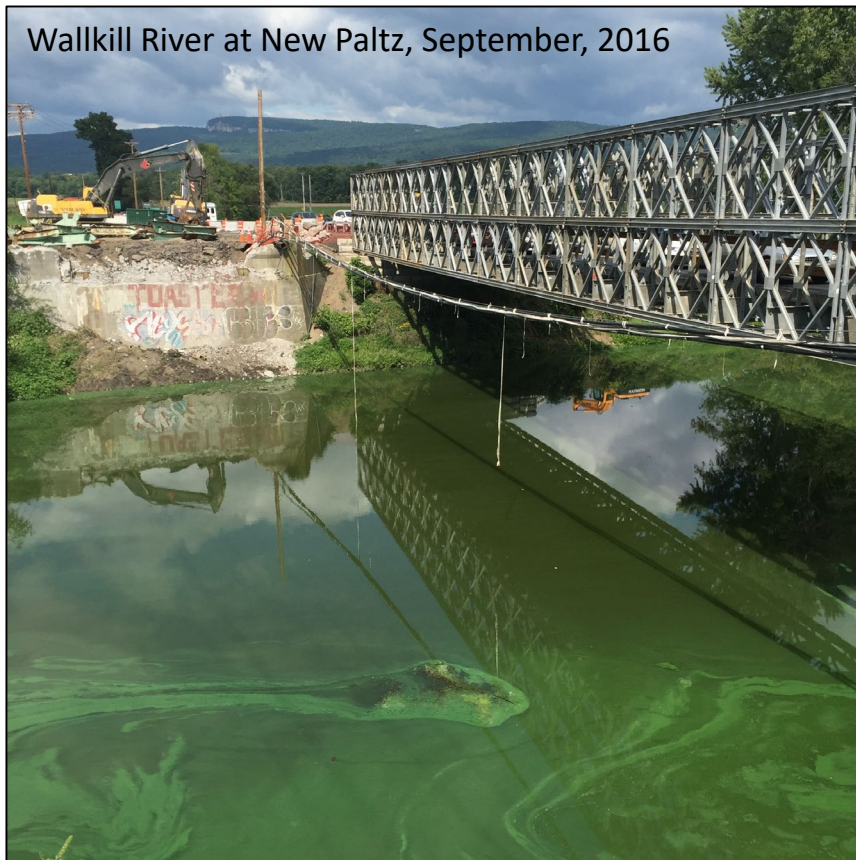
>20 $\mu\text{g/L}$: Shoreline water ambient water sample;
DEC Confirmed with High Toxins Bloom

>10 $\mu\text{g/L}$: Open water ambient water; DEC Confirmed
with High Toxins Bloom

<4 $\mu\text{g/L}$: Regulated swimming area can re-open; shoreline
ambient water sample from a facility that has been clear of
HAB for at least 24 hours

High Profile Events

- Finished drinking water detections & threats
- HABs in all 11 Finger Lakes
- Over 30 miles of the Walkill River, 2016
- Illness reporting tracked by DOH
- Record 98 waterbodies with HABs on 9/14/18



Combating HABs in NYS

Governor Cuomo's 2018 HABs 4-point initiative

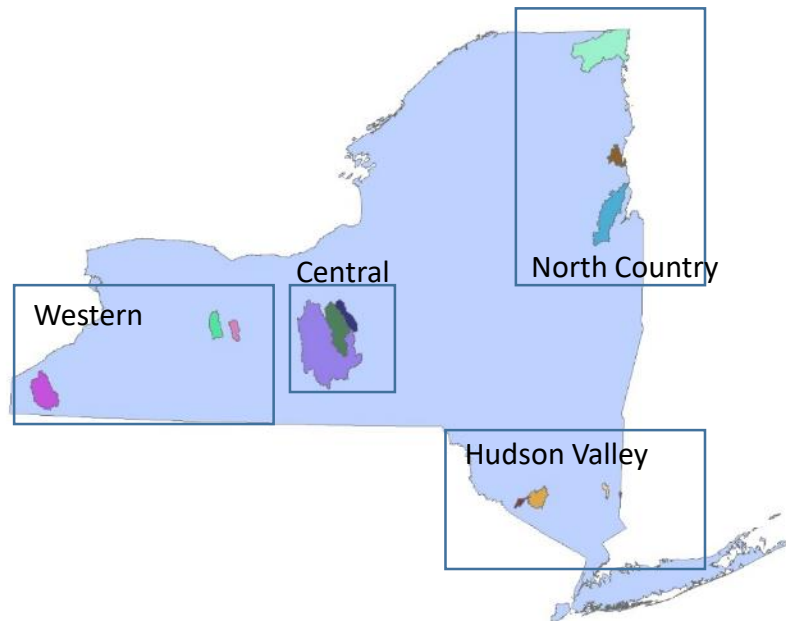
1. Selection of priority lakes
2. Regional HABs summits
3. Completion of Action Plans
4. Pilot new methods of treatment and monitoring



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Conservation

Selection of Priority Lakes

- Lakes are water supplies or critical tourism drivers
 - **Western Group:** Conesus; Honeoye; Chautauqua Lakes
 - **Central Group:** Owasco; Skaneateles; Cayuga Lakes
 - **North Country Group:** Parts of Lake Champlain; Lake George
 - **Greater Hudson Valley Group:** Lake Carmel; Palmer Lake; Putnam Lake; Monhagen Brook watershed (five small reservoirs)




Regional HABs Summits

- Daytime private/Evening open to the public
- 12 lakes divided into 4 regions
- National experts brought in
- Presentations and discussions on:
 - Sources of nutrients
 - Nutrient Reduction Strategies
 - Algal ecology
 - HABs treatment
 - Regionally specific topics



HABs Action Plans


 NEW YORK
STATE OF OPPORTUNITY

Department of
Environmental
Conservation

Department
of Health

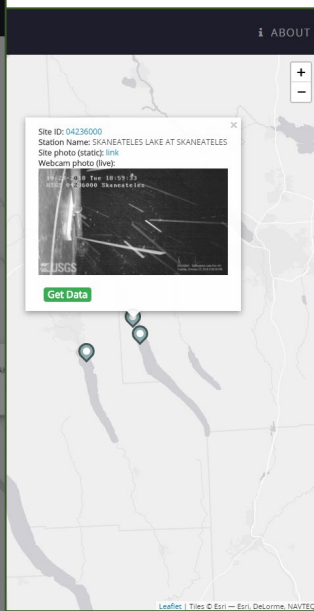
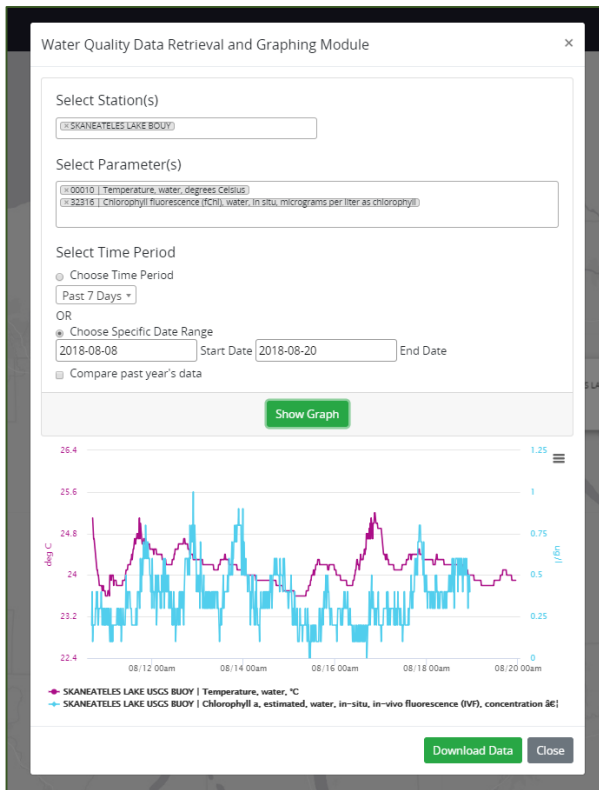
Agriculture
and Markets

**HARMFUL ALGAL BLOOM
ACTION PLAN
CHAUTAUQUA LAKE**



- 12 plans, one for each priority waterbody
- Summary of lake, water quality and HABs history
- Waterbody and statewide analysis of HAB triggers
- Lake and watershed implementation projects to address HABs
- <http://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/113733.html>

HABs Mitigation & Monitoring Pilots



- Evaluation of mitigation methods
 - Nutrient inactivants
 - Hydrogen peroxide
 - Ultrasonic devices
- DEC & USGS collaboration: deployment of advanced monitoring platforms
<https://ny.water.usgs.gov/maps/habs/>



Lessons Learned

- HABs are occurring with a greater frequency than just a few years ago
- Waterbodies with a HAB are very likely to see future recurrences
- About ~30% of HABs have microcystin levels of concern for recreation
- Previous email-based notification model was unsustainable
- Visual bloom reports can serve much of the same functions as sample collection with regard to public notification

Introducing... NYHABS – The NY HABs System

- Interactive map of HAB reports, updated daily*
- Reports include status, extent, reported by, exact location
- Reports will remain Current on map for 2 weeks
- After 2 weeks, all HABs will be visible as Archived
- User can filter by lake or county and export reports

on.ny.gov/nyhabs

About NYHABS

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Press the ... above to minimize the info tab.

In this map:

- Yellow points are HABs reported within the last two weeks.
- Grey points are archived HABs reported this year.

Click on any point to view HAB report data.

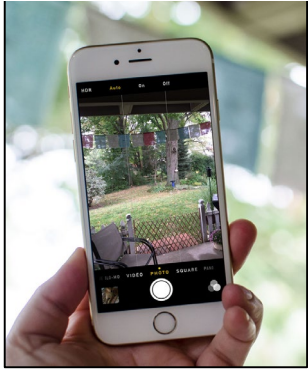
HABs may be present in other places, or conditions may have changed since the HAB was reported. HABs may be present in all or parts of a waterbody.

The Lake in Central Park

Date of Report	5/20/2019, 9:15 AM
HAB Status	Suspicious
Extent	Small Localized
Reported by	NYC Parks
County	New York County (Manhattan)

Due to the variable nature of HAB formation, conditions reported here may not reflect current conditions.

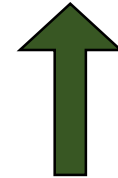
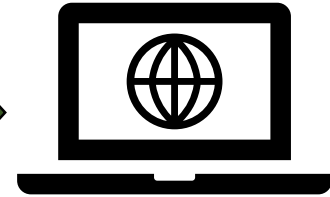
Attachments:
[image1.jpeg](#)
[image2.jpeg](#)
[Zoom to](#)



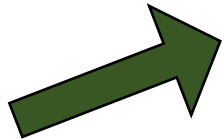
DEC Evaluation



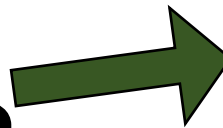
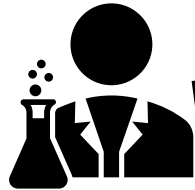
NYHABS



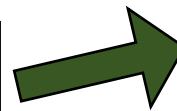
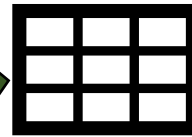
Sample



Lab
Analysis



Results



DEC Evaluation

Thank You/Questions

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Acknowledgements:

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NYS Federation of Lake Associations



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