Groundwater Model Progress Report 08, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility JOINT BASE PEARL HARBOR-HICKAM, O'AHU, HAWAI'I

Administrative Order on Consent in the Matter of Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, EPA Docket Number RCRA 7003-R9-2015-01 and DOH Docket Number 15-UST-EA-01, Attachment A, Statement of Work Section 6.2, Section 7.1.2, Section 7.2.2, and Section 7.3.2

August 5, 2019 Revision 00



Comprehensive Long-Term Environmental Action Navy Contract Number N62742-17-D-1800, CTO18F0126

Groundwater Model Progress Report 08, Red Hill Bulk Fuel

Storage Facility

4 JOINT BASE PEARL HARBOR-HICKAM, O'AHU, HAWAI'I

- 5 Administrative Order on Consent in the Matter of Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage
- 6 Facility, EPA Docket Number RCRA 7003-R9-2015-01 and
- 7 DOH Docket Number 15-UST-EA-01, Attachment A, Statement of Work
- 8 Section 6.2, Section 7.1.2, Section 7.2.2, and Section 7.3.2
- 9 August 5, 2019
- 10 **Revision 00**

- 11 Prepared for:
- 12 Defense Logistics Agency Energy
- 13 8725 John J Kingman Rd Suite 4950
- 14 Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-6222
- 15 Prepared by:
- 16 **AECOM Technical Services, Inc.**
- 17 **1001 Bishop Street, Suite 1600**
- 18 Honolulu, HI 96813-3698
- 19 Prepared under:



- 20
- 21 Comprehensive Long-Term Environmental Action Navy
- 22 Contract Number N62742-17-D-1800, CTO18F0126

1		CONTENTS	
2	Acr	onyms and Abbreviations	v
3	1.	Introduction	1
4	2.	Work Completed this Reporting Period	1
5 6 7 8		 2.1 Current Status 2.1.1 Technical Progress 2.1.2 Technical Issues 2.2 Submittal of Modeling Deliverables 	1 2 8 8
9	3.	Anticipated Work for Next Reporting Period	9
10	4.	References	9
11	Арр	PENDIXES	
12	А	Boring Logs	
13	В	Hydrographs	
14	FIG	URES	
15 16 17	1	Existing and Proposed Groundwater Monitoring and Test Borehole Locations Red Hill Shaft Water Development Tunnel Alignment	13
17	2	Red Hill Shart water Development Tunnel Anglinent	15
18	TAE	BLES	
19	1	RHMW14 Westbay Zone Completion Summary	5
20	2	RHTB01 Grouted in Piezometer Zone Completion Summary	6

1		ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS
2	3D	three-dimensional
3	AOC	Administrative Order on Consent
4	bgs	below ground surface
5	BWS	Board of Water Supply, City and County of Honolulu
6	CF&T	contaminant fate and transport
7	CLN	connected linear network
8	COPC	chemical of potential concern
9	CSM	conceptual site model
10	CWRM	Commission on Water Resource Management
11	DLA	Defense Logistics Agency
12	DLNR	Department of Land and Natural Resources, State of Hawai'i
13	DOH	Department of Health, State of Hawai'i
14	DON; Navy	Department of the Navy, United States
15	EPA	Environmental Protection Agency, United States
16	ft	foot/feet
17	GMS	Geometric Mean Scheme
18	GWMWG	Groundwater Modeling Working Group
19	IRR	Investigation and Remediation of Releases
20	LNAPL	light non-aqueous-phase liquid
21	msl	mean seal level
22	PEST	Parameter Estimation software
23	QC	quality control
24	SME	subject matter expert
25	SOW	scope of work
26	TFN	transfer function-noise
27	TWG	Technical Working Group
28	U.S.	United States
29	UH	University of Hawai'i
30	WP	work plan

1 **1. Introduction**

2 This Groundwater Model Progress Report 08 is the eighth in a series of modeling progress reports 3 that describe the technical status of the groundwater modeling effort being conducted for the 4 Investigation and Remediation of Petroleum Product Releases and Groundwater Protection and 5 Evaluation project at the Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility ("Facility"), Joint Base Pearl Harbor-6 Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i. The progress report is a component of the overall project reporting as 7 specified in the project work plan (WP)/scope of work (SOW) (DON 2017b). The WP/SOW presents 8 the process, tasks, and deliverables that address the goals and requirements of AOC Statement of Work 9 Sections 6 and 7 of the Administrative Order on Consent (AOC) In the Matter of Red Hill Bulk Fuel 10 Storage Facility, EPA Docket No: RCRA 7003-R9-2015-01; DOH Docket No: 15-UST-EA-01 (EPA 11 Region 9 and DOH 2015). Submittal of Groundwater Model Progress Reports at a minimum of every 12 4 months is stipulated in AOC Statement of Work Section 7.1.2.

13 The objective of AOC Statement of Work Sections 6 and 7 is to take steps to ensure that the drinking 14 water resources in the vicinity of the Facility are protected and to ensure that the Facility is operated 15 and maintained in an environmentally protective manner. Work to support Section 6 is being conducted in response to the January 2014 release from Tank 5, and to evaluate potential remediation 16 17 methods for the January 2014 Tank 5 release as well as any potential future releases. Work to support 18 Section 7 is being conducted to monitor and characterize the flow of groundwater in the vicinity of the 19 Facility and includes groundwater modeling. The collective work conducted under Section 7 will be 20 used to inform changes to the current Red Hill Groundwater Protection Plan (DON 2014).

Reporting Period 08 covered in this report represents progress for the eighth approximately 4-month
period (April 4, 2019 – July 15, 2019) following conditional approval of the project WP/SOW by the
Regulatory Agencies, which was received by the United States (U.S.) Department of the Navy (DON;
Navy) on December 5, 2016 (EPA Region 9 and DOH 2016). *Groundwater Flow Model Progress Reports 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06* and 07 were submitted previously (DON 2017c, 2017d, 2017f, 2018a,
2018b, 2018d, 2019a).

27 2. Work Completed this Reporting Period

28 **2.1 CURRENT STATUS**

29 Groundwater Modeling Working Group (GWMWG). The GWMWG is composed of representatives from the Navy, Defense Logistics Agency (DLA), U.S. Geological Survey, 30 31 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), State of Hawai'i Department of Health (DOH), State 32 of Hawai'i Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) Commission on Water Resource 33 Management (CWRM), City and County of Honolulu Board of Water Supply (BWS), and the 34 University of Hawai'i (UH). The working group was formed to coordinate the Navy's development of 35 accurate and reliable groundwater flow and contaminant fate and transport (CF&T) models, and to 36 solicit technical feedback from stakeholders during the model development process. Each meeting 37 includes a review of the modeling objectives and responses to previous meeting action items.

No GWMWG meetings were held during this reporting period. Future scheduled GWMWG meetingsinclude:

40 • *GWMWG Meeting #15, August 1,2019*

AOC Parties and Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) Meetings. The AOC Parties Technical Working
 Group (TWG) met four times during this reporting period, on April 17, April 22, May 17, and July 11,
 2019. The main topics covered at each meeting are described below:

4 • *TWG Meeting #16, April 17, 2019:*

5	_	Groundwater modeling timeline considerations
6 7	_	Potential simplified three-dimensional (3D) light non-aqueous-phase liquid (LNAPL) model
8	_	LNAPL conceptual site model (CSM)
9	_	Alignment discussions
10	• <i>TV</i>	VG Meeting #17, April 22, 2019:
11 12	_	DOH presented an estimate of the extent of groundwater impacts derived from a data- driven (non-modeling) approach
13	• <i>TV</i>	VG Meeting #18, May 17, 2019:
14	_	Current status of evaluation of the LNAPL modeling approach
15		 AOC agreements
16		 Deliverables extension – applicability to LNAPL modeling
17		 Navy currently evaluating possibly conducting modeling
18	_	Model limitations and use of model
19 20	_	Navy presentation of possible simplified 3D LNAPL modeling approach and parameterization table
21	_	Water development tunnel alignment discussions
22	• <i>TV</i>	VG Meeting #19, July 11, 2019:
23	_	Review of Aloha Terminal data
24	_	MAGNAS modeling by DOH
25	_	Regulatory review discussion of Navy's proposed LNAPL transport model
26	Future sch	eduled AOC Party/SME meetings include:
27	• <i>TV</i>	<i>WG Meeting #20, July 26, 2019</i>
28	• <i>TV</i>	VG Meeting #21, Day 1, July 30, 2019
29	• <i>TV</i>	VG Meeting #22, Day 2, July 31,2019
30	2.1.1	Technical Progress

31 2.1.1.1 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

During this reporting period, the Navy performed the Second Quarter 2019 groundwater monitoring
event. The following monitoring locations were sampled during this event: RHMW2254-01,
RHMW01, RHMW02, RHMW03, RHMW04, RHMW05, RHMW06, RHMW07, RHMW08,
RHMW09, RHMW10, RHMW11 Zone 5, HDMW2254-01, and OWDFMW01. The parameters were
the same as the previous sampling event.

1 2.1.1.2 FIELD ACTIVITIES

2 The Navy conducted the following field work during this reporting period (see Figure 1 for well and3 test boring locations):

4	•	RHMW11: Purged water from Westbay Zone 7.
5 6	•	RHMW14: Completed installation of Westbay multilevel well. Data collection and evaluation are ongoing. Details are discussed in Section 2.1.1.3. Additional completed activities include:
7		 Performed plumbness and alignment survey.
8		 Performed well development.
9		 Installed Westbay multilevel well.
10		 Installed transducers in Zones 2–8.
11		 Downloaded transducer data every 2–3 weeks.
12		– Purged water from Westbay Zones 3, 4, 5, and 7.
13 14 15	•	RHTB01: Completed installation of vibrating wire transducers. Data collection and evaluation are ongoing. Details are discussed in Section 2.1.1.3. Additional completed activities include:
16		- Completed video and geophysical logging, and plumbness and alignment survey.
17		 Installed vibrating wire transducers at four different depths.
18		- Grouted borehole.
19		 Conducted piezometer acceptance test.
20		 Downloaded transducers every 2–3 weeks.
21 22		 Confirmed proper location of transducers using a Megger TDR900 Portable Handheld Time Domain Reflectometer.
23 24 25 26	•	RHMW15: Resumed drilling of RHMW15 on February 11, 2019 by reaming the borehole and installing 5-inch steel conductor casing to 265 feet (ft) below ground surface (bgs) on February 12, 2019. Resumed drilling of RHMW15 with PQ coring from 265 ft bgs on July 1, 2019.
27		 Completed PQ coring from 265 to 590 ft bgs.
28		- Conducted well development.
29		– Performed video logging, geophysical logging, and plumbness and alignment survey.
30		RHMW15 planned future activities:
31		 Meet with DOH SME for RHMW15 core review and preliminary well design.
32		 Meet with DLNR/CWRM and DOH SME to review and finalize well design.
33		– Install Westbay multilevel well.
34	•	RHMW12: Commenced drilling operations at RHMW12 on May 8, 2019:
35		 Field verified absence of subsurface utilities at drill site to 4.3 ft bgs.
36		 Advanced hollow-stem augers from 4.3 to 9 ft bgs.

1	_	Completed HQ coring from 9 to 129 ft bgs.
2	_	Conducted detailed geologic logging while coring.
3	_	Reamed hole with 17.5-inch bit to 13 ft bgs.
4	_	Expanded hole with 24-inch core bucket bit to 58.5 ft bgs.
5	_	Installed 18-inch steel surface casing and grouted to 56.5 ft bgs.
6	_	Reamed hole with 17-inch bit to 123.2 ft bgs.
7	_	Installed 10-inch steel conductor casing to 122.7 ft bgs.
8	_	Completed HQ coring from 129 ft bgs to 210 ft bgs.
9	_	Bailed open hole (123–210 ft bgs).
10	_	Monitored water levels inside open hole.
11	_	Conducted video logging.
12 13	_	Reamed borehole with $9^{7}/_{8}$ -inch bit and installed 5-inch steel conductor casing to 200 ft bgs.
14	_	Completed PQ coring from 200 to 215 ft bgs (total depth).
15	_	Bailed open hole (200 to 215 ft bgs).
16	_	Monitored water levels inside open hole.
17 18	-	Secured borehole and moved to RHMW15 while discussing future completion with DLNR/CWRM approval.
19	RH	MW12 planned future activities:
20	_	Conduct well development.
21	_	Meet with DOH SME for RHMW12 core review and preliminary well design.
22	_	Meet with DLNR/CWRM and DOH SME to review and finalize well design.
23	-	Perform gyroscopic survey.
24	_	Perform additional well development.
25	_	Install Westbay multilevel well.
26 27	-	Potentially drill and complete a companion borehole in proximity to RHMW12, with Westbay zones completed above and below the regional basal aquifer piezometric surface.
28 • 29	RH roa	IMW13: Completed site preparation activities (vegetation clearing, utility surveys, access d and drill pad construction).

30 2.1.1.3 RECENTLY COLLECTED HYDROGEOLOGIC DATA

31 **RHMW14**

Drilling of multilevel well RHMW14 was completed at a total depth of 495 ft bgs; the Westbay well was constructed in early 2019 in accordance with the Red Hill *Monitoring Well Installation Work Plan* and addenda (DON 2016, 2017a, 2017e, 2018c). The boring log of RHMW14 is included in Appendix A. Low-permeability saprolite, which consists of clay-rich materials and weathered basalt, extends from approximately 79 to 106 ft above mean sea level (msl) at the well location, approximately 1 54 ft above the regional basal aquifer piezometric head. Complete water loss occurred at a depth of 2 approximately 353 ft bgs (173 ft msl), indicating hydraulic communication with the regional basal 3 aquifer at this depth and below.

RHMW14 was completed with eight discrete monitoring intervals (also referred to as zones) that are independently sealed and isolated using a series of Westbay System packers (as illustrated on the boring log in Appendix A). The well is constructed with Zone 1 as the deepest zone and with each subsequent zone completed at a shallower depth. Zone 8, the uppermost or shallowest zone, is the only zone completed above the expected piezometric surface of the regional basal aquifer.

Non-vented MOSDAX transducers were deployed in Zones 2–8 from April 15 to June 24, 2019. The
transducers were removed to allow purging of select RHMW14 zones in advance of future sampling.
The deepest three zones (Zones 1–3) were completed in unweathered basalt, and Zones 4–8 were
completed in highly to moderately weathered basalt. Information on Westbay zone completion at
RHMW14 is presented in Table 1.

Zone Identifier	Zone Top (ft bgs)	Zone Bottom (ft bgs)	Zone Top (elevation ft msl)	Zone Bottom (elevation ft msl)	Generalized Geology
Zone 8	130.0	149.0	49.8	30.8	Weathered basalt
Zone 7	154.0	169.0	25.8	10.8	Weathered basalt
Zone 6	147.0	199.0	32.8	-19.2	Weathered basalt
Zone 5	204.0	216.0	-24.2	-36.2	Weathered basalt
Zone 4	245.0	265.2	-65.2	-85.4	Weathered basalt
Zone 3	320.2	337.1	-140.4	-157.3	Basalt
Zone 2	410.4	423.6	-230.6	-243.2	Basalt
Zone 1	453.6	464.8	-273.8	-285.0	Basalt

14 Table 1: RHMW14 Westbay Zone Completion Summary

15 Notes: Approximate land surface elevation = 179.8 ft msl.

Hydrographs for RHMW14 during this reporting period are presented in Appendix B. Zones 1–3 have piezometric head measurements of approximately 19 ft msl, which is the expected piezometric surface of the regional basal aquifer. Head measurements in Zone 1 are based on individual pressure profiles. The head in Zone 4 is approximately 2 ft above the heads in Zones 1–3. Heads in Zones 5 and 6 are approximately 16 ft above the heads in Zones 1–3. Heads in Zones 7 and 8 appear to have come into hydraulic equilibrium with the formation in the beginning of May 2019, and both are approximately 22 ft above the expected piezometric surface of the regional basal aquifer.

On June 24, 2019, the transducers were removed from RHMW14 to purge Zones 3, 4, 5, and 7 prior to sampling them for the Third Quarter (July) 2019 groundwater monitoring event. After purging was complete, the transducers were reinstalled on June 28. During reinstallation, the MOSDAX probe for Zone 7 did not land properly in the Westbay measurement port, and therefore results for Zone 7 from June 24–June 28 are not available. All transducers will be removed prior to the start of groundwater sampling activities at RHMW14, and will be reinstalled properly at the completion of the sampling effort to continue monitoring piezometric heads.

30 **RHTB01**

31 Test boring RHTB01 was completed at a total depth of 281 ft bgs in early 2019, in accordance with

32 the Red Hill *Monitoring Well Installation Work Plan* and addenda (DON 2016, 2017a, 2017e, 2018c).

- The boring log for RHTB01 is included in Appendix A. Low-permeability saprolite, which consists of clay-rich materials and weathered basalt, extends from approximately 136 ft above msl to 17 ft below msl at the boring location; the regional basal aquifer piezometric head is approximately 20 ft above msl. Complete water loss occurred at approximately 260 ft bgs (-35 ft msl), indicating hydraulic communication with the regional basal aquifer at this depth and below.
- 6 Four grouted-in-place vibrating wire piezometers were installed in the test boring in four separate 7 zones on March 29, 2019. Information on the piezometer zones is listed in Table 2. The depths of the
- 8 vibrating wire piezometers were confirmed with a Megger TDR900 Portable Handheld Time Domain
- 9 Reflectometer. The Zone 1 transducer was installed in unweathered basalt approximately 46 ft below
- 10 the regional basal aquifer piezometric head. Zones 2, 3, and 4 were installed in the saprolite, above the
- 11 regional basal aquifer.

12 Table 2: RHTB01 Grouted in Piezometer Zone Completion Summary

Zone Identifier	Probe Elevation (ft msl)	Generalized Geology
Zone 4	106	Saprolite
Zone 3	79	Saprolite
Zone 2	43	Saprolite
Zone 1	-37	Basalt

13 Notes: Approximate land surface elevation = 225 ft msl.

14 Hydrographs for RHTB01 during this reporting period are presented in Appendix B. The heads in all

15 four zones were declining based on the most recent data and may not have come into equilibrium with

16 the surrounding formations. Piezometric heads in Zone 1 were measured at -1 to 0 ft msl; prior to

17 installation of the grouted in piezometers, the heads in Zone 1 were anticipated to be at the piezometric

18 surface of the regional basal aquifer (approximately 20 ft msl). Piezometric heads at Zone 2 ranged

19 from 76 to 81 ft msl and were still declining as of the latest data download. Heads in Zone 3 (194–195

20 ft msl) were unexpectedly higher than heads in Zone 4 (134.5–135.5 ft msl). As stated above, it is not

21 believed that this is due to a misplacement or misidentification of the vibrating wire piezometer. While

additional monitoring is required, this may be evidence of variability in the perched zone(s) within the

valley fill.

24 RHMW11

A discussion on RHMW11 Westbay construction is presented in the CSM Revision 01 (DON 2019c).

26 Monitoring in RHMW11 used a non-vented MOSDAX pressure transducers in all eight zones and a

- 27 USGS 700H vented pressure transducer in the Westbay center tube. Monitoring was performed with
- 28 pumping port 8 open from January 12 to February 23, 2018, and with pumping port 5 open from
- August 10, 2018 to July 2019. The pressure transducers were removed to facilitate quarterly groundwater monitoring events. Groundwater levels in all zones appear to either have equilibrated or
- 31 are asymptotically approaching equilibration within the formations they are completed in.
- Hydrographs for RHMW11 during this reporting period are presented in Appendix B. Data from
- 33 monitoring well UMW-1, located at the Hālawa Correctional Facility, have been added to these
- 34 hydrographs for comparison.

35 RHMW15

- 36 Drilling of multilevel well RHMW15 was completed at a total depth of 590 ft bgs, and the well was
- 37 constructed in July 2019 in accordance with the Red Hill Monitoring Well Installation Work Plan and
- addenda (DON 2016, 2017a, 2017e, 2018c). A boring and well construction log of RHMW15 will be

1 provided in the next *Groundwater Model Progress Report*. Low-permeability saprolite and residual 2 soil, which consists of clay-rich materials and weathered basalt, extends to only approximately 5 ft bgs

- 3 at the borehole location, approximately 285 ft above the regional basal aquifer piezometric head
- 4 (approximately 20 ft above msl). Complete water loss occurred at approximately 290 ft bgs (20 ft msl), 5 indicating hydraulia communication with the particulation of the databased of the second se
- 5 indicating hydraulic communication with the regional basal aquifer at this depth and below.

6 **RHMW12**

The RHMW12 borehole was completed at a total depth of 215 ft bgs in accordance with the Red Hill *Monitoring Well Installation Work Plan* and addenda (DON 2016, 2017a, 2017e, 2018c). A boring log of RHMW12 will be provided in the next *Groundwater Model Progress Report*. Alluvium, including weathered clays and weathered basalt, extends to approximately 59 ft bgs, approximately 178.5 ft above msl at the borehole location. During drilling, complete water loss did not occur, indicating that the depth where there is hydraulic communication with the regional basal aquifer was not reached.

13 2.1.1.4 THERMAL PROFILING

The Navy conducted vertical thermal profiling in ten monitoring wells during April 29 – May 2, 2019 to facilitate evaluation of the stability of the thermal data in wells underlying the tank farm and how they may contrast with areas outside the tank farm. The results will be presented in the forthcoming *Investigation and Remediation of Releases* (IRR) *Report*.

18 2.1.1.5 GROUNDWATER MODELING

- 19 The Navy conducted the following groundwater modeling activities this reporting period:
- Held weekly groundwater modeling team progress meetings to establish short-term milestones
 and resolve technical issues as they arose.
- Targets within connected linear network (CLN) nodes (e.g., Red Hill Shaft) were not passed from MODFLOW (the code that does the groundwater flow calculations) to PEST (Parameter Estimation software, the code that assists in the calibration process). Worked with Aquaveo (GMS modeling software vendor) to diagnose and correct PEST file-creation errors. Developed a workaround to create correct PEST files and maintain forward progress while the vendor investigated and corrected the issue.
- Refined and performed quality control (QC) on calibration targets derived from the transfer
 function-noise (TFN) analysis. The first 15 days after a pumping change are being simulated
 and compared to TFN-derived targets.
- Revised representation of Red Hill Shaft and Hālawa Shaft geometry to match as-built drawings and assigned CLN nodes to appropriate model layers based on as-built elevations.
- Revised and performed QC on calibration targets derived from the TFN analysis. Initially, the
 previous targets were not based on the TFN results. The TFN analysis went through multiple
 revisions, resulting in additional revisions to the targets. This provides drastically reduced
 model run times when calibrating to one "pure" aquifer response to pumping at each pumping
 center, as compared to simulating dozens of on/off cycles with confounding effects from
 weather and non-coordinated interfering pumping at other locations.
- Reviewed and performed QC on the process and tools used to calibrate directly to drawdowns and head differences between wells, in addition to absolute elevation heads. This enables focusing of the calibration effort directly on aquifer responses to pumping and gradient magnitudes, with less effort spent on elevation-survey quality and precision issues.

Developing this process and these tools was necessary because the groundwater modeling graphical user interface does not support use of drawdown as a calibration target.

- Developed head-difference targets between well pairs to improve the modeling team's ability
 to evaluate gradients and the team's ability to direct PEST to emphasize matching those
 differences. Developed a utility to compute the simulated differences from MODFLOW
 output so that PEST can evaluate the differences during the calibration process.
- Performed transient model calibration runs with PEST for two alternative saprolite
 interpretations. Each PEST run consists of several hundred MODFLOW runs. Comparing
 calibration quality of the two interpretations is currently in progress.
- Through the calibration process, identified that a homogeneous basalt hydraulic conductivity distribution (identical permeability at Red Hill Shaft and Hālawa Shaft) appears incapable of closely matching pumping responses at both Red Hill Shaft and Hālawa Shaft. This suggests that at a minimum, these two areas require separate hydraulic conductivity zones.
- Developed a model using a heterogeneous basalt hydraulic conductivity distribution. Several dozen pilot points (with greater density at the site) are used to define the hydraulic conductivity field through the autocalibration process. The heterogeneous basalt calibration is currently in progress.
- Used the Geometric Mean Scheme (GMS) Tikhonov regularization implementation to define a preferred condition of homogeneity for the heterogeneous model (i.e., only the minimum necessary heterogeneity should be added by PEST). For all other parameters, developed preferred-value regularization targets to stabilize the parameter-estimation process. Adding regularization reduces PEST's incentive to (e.g.) adjust hydraulic conductivity by a factor of 100 to achieve a 0.001-ft improvement to a single target, and reduces the likelihood of PEST assigning extreme values to aquifer parameters.

25 2.1.1.6 RED HILL SHAFT WATER DEVELOPMENT TUNNEL ALIGNMENT

26 During this reporting period, it came to the attention of the Navy that the shapefile for the water 27 development tunnel used for the groundwater model to date did not match the orientation presented in 28 ca. 1942 Navy as-built drawings and in the Stearns (1943) section and plan view of the tunnel. The 29 Navy evaluated the orientation of the Red Hill water development tunnel relative to what was in the 30 previous modeling file and what was reported by Stearns (1943). The Navy also inquired with Dr. 31 Kolja Rotzoll (UH and USGS, modeler for the 2007 TEC model) about the source of the water 32 development tunnel files for the 2007 document (DON 2007). A decision was made based on the 33 preponderance of evidence to use the orientation that is consistent with the 1942 Navy as-builts, 34 Stearns (1943), and Navy shapefiles. In response, the orientation of the water development tunnel was 35 updated in the groundwater flow model. The revised file is depicted on Figure 2. The decision is documented in "Red Hill Shaft" email correspondence between relevant AOC Parties during April 25 36 37 – May 6, 2019.

38 2.1.2 Technical Issues

1

2

39 No other technical issues were identified during this reporting period.

40 **2.2** SUBMITTAL OF MODELING DELIVERABLES

- 41 Relevant deliverables submitted during this reporting period include:
- 42 Final First Quarter 2019 Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report (DON 2019b)

1	• <i>CSM Revision 01</i> (DON 2019c)
2	3. Anticipated Work for Next Reporting Period
3	Anticipated work for upcoming Reporting Period 09 (July 16 – November 15, 2019) includes:
4	• Continue to download and evaluate data from RHMW11, RHMW14, and RHTB01.
5	Complete RHMW12 and potential proximal companion well.
6	Continue drilling and monitoring well installation efforts.
7	• Conduct Third and Fourth Quarter 2019 quarterly groundwater monitoring events.
8	Continue groundwater flow modeling.
9	Prepare October 2019 Groundwater Flow Model Report.
10	Prepare October 2019 IRR Report.
11 12	• Potentially perform simplified 3D LNAPL modeling based on discussions with AOC Parties and Navy senior management.
13 14	Anticipated deliverables due during upcoming Reporting Period 09 (July 16 – November 15, 2019) include:
15	• Final Second Quarter 2019 - Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report
16	• Draft Third Quarter 2019 - Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report
17	Groundwater Flow Model Report, Revision 00
18	• Investigation and Remediation of Releases Report, Revision 00
19	4. References
20 21 22	Department of the Navy (DON). 2007. <i>Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility Final Technical Report,</i> <i>Pearl Harbor, Hawaii</i> . Prepared by TEC, Inc. Pearl Harbor, HI: Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Pacific. August.
23 24 25	——. 2014. Interim Update, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility Final Groundwater Protection Plan, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii. (January 2008). Pearl Harbor, HI: Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Pacific. August.

- 26 . 2016. Monitoring Well Installation Work Plan, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Joint
 27 Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; August 29, 2016. Prepared by AECOM Technical
 28 Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy, Fort Belvoir, VA,
 29 under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.
- 2017a. Monitoring Well Installation Work Plan Addendum 01, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage
 Facility, Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, Oʻahu, Hawaiʻi; January 4, 2017, Revision 00.
 Prepared by AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics
 Agency Energy, Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH
 HI.

2017b. Work Plan / Scope of Work, Investigation and Remediation of Releases and
 Groundwater Protection and Evaluation, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Joint Base Pearl
 Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; January 4, 2017, Revision 02. Prepared by AECOM Technical
 Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy, Fort Belvoir, VA,
 under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

6 ——. 2017c. Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 01, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility,
7 Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; April 5, 2017, Revision 00. Prepared by
8 AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy,
9 Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

2017d. Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 02, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility,
 Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; August 4, 2017, Revision 00. Prepared by
 AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy,
 Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

2017e. Monitoring Well Installation Work Plan Addendum 02, Investigation and Remediation
 of Releases and Groundwater Protection and Evaluation, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility,
 Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; August 25, 2017, Revision 00. Prepared by
 AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy,
 Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

2017f. Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 03, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility,
 Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; December 3, 2017, Revision 00. Prepared by
 AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy,
 Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

23 ______. 2018a. Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 04, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility,
 24 Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; April 5, 2018, Revision 00. Prepared by
 25 AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy,
 26 Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

27 ______. 2018b. Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 05, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility,
 28 Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; August 3, 2018, Revision 00. Prepared by
 29 AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy,
 30 Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

2018c. Monitoring Well Installation Work Plan Addendum 03, Investigation and Remediation
 of Releases and Groundwater Protection and Evaluation, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility,
 Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; November 1, 2018, Revision 00. Internal
 Review Draft. Prepared by AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense
 Logistics Agency Energy, Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command,
 Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

2018d. Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 06, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility,
 Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; December 4, 2018, Revision 00. Prepared by
 AECOM Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy,
 Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

2019a. Groundwater Model Progress Report 07, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Joint
 Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i; April 3, 2019, Revision 00. Prepared by AECOM
 Technical Services, Inc., Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy, Fort
 Belvoir, VA, under Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

2019c. Conceptual Site Model, Investigation and Remediation of Releases and Groundwater
Protection and Evaluation, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam,
O'ahu, Hawai'i; June 30, 2019, Revision 01. Prepared by AECOM Technical Services, Inc.,
Honolulu, HI. Prepared for Defense Logistics Agency Energy, Fort Belvoir, VA, under Naval
Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii, JBPHH HI.

. 2019d. Final Second Quarter 2019 - Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Report, Red Hill
 Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, O'ahu, Hawai'i. Prepared by
 AECOM Technical Services, Inc. JBPHH HI: Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Hawaii.
 August.

Environmental Protection Agency, United States, Region 9; and Department of Health, State of Hawaii
(EPA Region 9 and DOH). 2015. Administrative Order on Consent In the Matter of Red Hill Bulk
Fuel Storage Facility, EPA Docket No: RCRA 7003-R9-2015-01; DOH Docket No: 15-UST-EA-01. September.

21 — . 2016. "Conditional Approval of Red Hill AOC SOW Deliverable under Sections 6 & 7 22 Work Plan/Scope of Work, Investigation and Remediation of Releases and Groundwater
 23 Protection and Evaluation, Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility, November 5, 2016 Revision 01."
 24 Letter from Bob Pallarino, EPA Red Hill Project Coordinator, and Steven Chang, DOH Red Hill
 25 Project Coordinator, to: Captain Richard D. Hayes, Navy Region Hawaii. December 2, 2016.

- Mitchell, J. N., and D. S. Oki. 2018. Groundwater-Level, Groundwater-Temperature, and Barometric Pressure Data, July 2017 to February 2018, Hālawa Area, Oʻahu, Hawaiʻi. Open-File Report
 2018–1147. Prepared in Cooperation with the U.S. Navy. Reston, VA: U.S. Geological Survey.
- Stearns, H. T. 1943. "Letter from H. T. Stearns, Senior Geologist, U.S. Geological Survey, to: O. E.
 Meinzer, Division of Ground Water, U.S. Geological Survey, Washington, DC," January 18, 1943.
- United States Geological Survey (USGS). 2017. *Final Synoptic Water Level Study Work Plan, Hālawa Area, Oʻahu, Hawaiʻi*. Honolulu, HI: Pacific Islands Water Science Center. August 10.







1	Appendix A:
2	Boring Logs

- 2
- 3

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 1 of 32

Date(s Drilled	s)	10/26/	18 - 0	2/25/1	19			Logged By	M. Higley	y, Q. Meehan, B.	. Mintz		Checked By (Date)		J. Kro	nen
Drilling Metho	g d	Core b	oucke	et, HSA	a, ho	Q core, P	Q	Drill Bit Size/Type	24" core HQ/PQ c	bucket/prod au ore diamond bit	ger, 10" HSA, t	10" HSA, Total Depth of Borehole 495				5.0 feet
Drill R Type	ig	Mobile 1100 a	B-59 and 20	∂ / Mo 000	bile I	3-90/ Wa	tson	Drilling Contractor	Valley W	ell Drilling		4	Approximate Surface Elevation 180.23			0.23
Groun Level	dwater	El. ~20).45' ((2/26/ [,]	19)			Location	Halawa (Correctional Fac	cility		Inclination Horizontal	from /Beari	ng 90	٥
Boreh Comp	ole letion	Westb	ay W	ell		Packer	⊗ ;	Sample Port	= Me	asurement Port	t	1	Hammer [Data	140 lb	s/30-inch drop
			ROC	KC	ORE							<u>i</u>	SAMP	ES		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No. Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATE	ERIAL	DESCRIPT	ION	Well Schemat	Type Number Blows	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-180	0 - - 1 - - - - - - - -							FILL Moist, dark bro (GM) with cobb rounded, 60% o ↓ 1-2 ft bgs b	wn (7.5YR les and bo coarse, 20 oulder 22"	8 3/3), Silty Sandy oulders, sub round % sand, 20% fine ' x 13"	GRAVEL ded to ss, no odor 					Air Knife for utility clearance. Visually logged open hole
-178	3-							✓ 2.2-3 ft bgs Moist, brown (1 (GC), contains subrounded to 20 % sand, 200	boulder 3 10YR 4/3), cobbles a subangula % fines	6" x 24" Clayey GRAVEL nd boulders, grav ar, fine to coarse, i	with Sand el 60% coarse,					End airknife at 3 ft bgs due to boulder obstructions Resume drilling on 11/20/18 at 11:22 with 24" core bucket auger
-176								- Brown (10YR 5	5/3). GRAV	/EL with Silt and S	Sand -					Core bucket grinding at 3.5 ft. Driller adding ~1 gal water/ft
174-174 -174	6							⁻ (GW-GM), grad sand, 10% fine -	leś with m s, well gra	ore gravel, 70% <u>c</u> ded, boulders ~1	gravel, 20% - ft diameter - - - - -					grinding 4 ft - 9 ft
-172	8-							-								9-10 ft boulder
	9- - - 10-							Boulder 9'-10'	(3) with ar	av (5V 6/1) and a						drilling
	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -							mottles (5Y 7/4 graded GRAVE cobbles and bo) and yello L with Silt	ay (51 or 1) and p owish brown (10Y) t and Sand (GW-C	GM), many					
168	12- - - 13-							ALLUVIUM Moist, brown (1 yellow mottles Sandy CLAY w	0YR 5/3) (5Y 7/4) ai ith gravel	with gray (5Y 6/1) nd yellow brown ((CH), rounded, we	and pale _ 10YR 5/6), _ eathered, _			56.6	5	At 12 bgs, strong odor, PID=56.6 ppm. Grinding hard at 9ft pull up,
Кероп																

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 2 of 32

			F	ROC	КС	ORE				, t	IIC	SAMPLE	S		
Elevation, feet	bepth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Moll Schone		Type Number Blows ber foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-166	13 								 friable, 60% fines, 25% sand, 15% gravel, strong odor, with cobbles and boulders 0.25-0.75 ft, highly to moderately weathered, angular to rounded Same, strong odor, cobbles and boulders have black 						bucket and rock still left in hole Collect ERH 717 from ~12-19 bgs for TPHd/o and PAH from cuttings, 1 gal ziplock bag
	15- -								surface stains, possibly manganese, some fracture surfaces have slight irridescence				63'		At 14.5 ft switch to auger bucket. *PID in tilt bin equals 63 ppm. Down hole = 38 ppm
-164	16- -								 Seepage into hole observed at 16 ft bgs - -						At 16.4 ft switch back to core barrel. **PID= 256 ppm in tilt bin. At 17.4 ft very
	17- - -								- - - -				256	**	easy drilling At 18 ft ***PID=250 ppm in tilt bin, PID=156 ppm on rock
-162	18- - - 10								-				250		At 19 ft, ****PID=5.0 ppm on bottom of core 14:14 hrs at
	19- - - - 20-												5*	***	19.58 ft Water trickling in at ~16 ft bgs End drilling at 21.5 ft at 14:30 or 11/0/18
011-1 01-1									- - - -				20.9		011 11/20/10.
06S.GPJ; 6/17/2019 - 128	- 								Moist, brown (10YR 4/3) with reddish (7.5YR 6/5), yellow Sandy Fat CLAY (CH) with gravel, 15% gravel, 20% sand, 75% fines, subrounded to subangular fine to coarse gravel predominantly coarse gravel, no odor, PID=0.0ppm						Resume drilling from 21.5 ft at 10:20 on 01/03/19
HILL CORE L	23-														
CT018F0126 RED 921-120	24- 25-								Wet, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) with reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/5), Sandy SILT (ML) with gravel, 30% sand, 20% gravel, 50% fines with cobbles and gravel, rounded to subangular basaltic, fine to coarse, no odor, PID=0.0ppm						
AND PID: 154	- 26-								Same color as above, cobbles became angular possibly broken up boulders, black staining surfaces				0.0		
WITH WELL /	27-								Same color as above, cobbles become angular possibly broken up boulders, black staining surfaces with roots						
152 LED HILL	28-								 Grades with more cobles, some angular, very wet because water accumulated in hole bottom during lunch ~2 ft of water in 40 min, water infiltrates in ~ 16 ft bgs 				0.0		
Report: CTC	29-								-						

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 3 of 32

ſ				I	ROC	K C	ORE			.알 SAMPLES	
	Elevation, feet	b Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	Well Schema Well Schema Number Blows PID (ppm) Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	150	30 								Moist, dark brown (10YR 3/3) with dark gray (10YR 4/1) and brownish yellow (10YR 6/6/), Sandy Fat CLAY (CH) with gravel matrix, with angular highly weathered friable basalt cobbles, black staining on fractured surfaces, 20% sand, 15% gravel, 65% fines	
		31-									
	148	32-									Driller adding water from top of hole
		33-									
	146	34- - 								Moist, gray (10YR 5/1) with dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) and yellow (10YR 7/6), fat CLAY with sand, 5% gravel, 20% sand, 75% fines (CH).	Driller adding water from top of hole
		35- - - - 36-									Driller adding water from top of hole
9 RHMW14	144	37-								Grades with some cobbles	
GS.GPJ; 6/17/201	142										Driller adding water from top of hole
HILL CORE LO		39- -									
F0126 RED H	140	40							7.5.7		Driller adding
File: CT018		41 - -								GRAVEL with Sand (GC), friable, angular, highly weathered, possible perched zone at 42 ft bgs	water from top of borehole. Water appears to be infiltrating in at ~42 ft bgs.
ELL AND PID;	138	42									pg.139 for water level monitoring. Install 20'0D steel conductor
HILL WITH W		4 3-									to 45 tt bgs, and tremie grout cement bentonite into annulus
CTO53 RED H	136	44 - -									Drill to 45.2.ft
Report: (45-									lbgs

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 4 of 32

			I	ROC	KC	ORE					tic	ę	SAN	IPLE	S		
Elevation,	Depth,	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	-	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-134	46 47				•				Wet, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) to brown (7.5YR 4/2), gravelly Fat CLAY (CH) with sand, 30% gravel, 15% sand, 55% clay, contains cobbles and possible boulders, fine to coarse, subrounded to angular. – Driller says formation is soft.				1				Boring resumed on 1/10/19 from 45 ft bgs using 10" 0D HSA (6 5/8" ID). Auger bit advanced with silde hammer and auger casing follows. Formation is soft. Bulk scambe 1
-132	48	-							· - - -								batanole i obtained by slide hammering 6" concrete coring bit into center of HSA casing (to ensure plumbness) to
-130	49 · 50 ·	-							- - - - - -								retrieve auger bit.
	51·	-				-	7		Becomes moist, grades with mottles of strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and dark brown (7.5YR 2.5/2) weathered			7	2	5 15 25	0.0		Sampling with downhole hammer on
⁺1 28	52 ⁻	-		100										55			wireline and modified california sampler
19 R	5 3	-				-	1.		-								
07/1/19 126	54	-		87			7		Becomes dark gray (5YR 4/1) and strong brown (7.5YR 4/6)				3	4 4 16	0.0		
D HILL CORE L	55 [.]	-		100		-	7		Dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) BASALT, moderately weathered, weak, friable, black stains of fracture surfaces, probably boulder			7	4	15 50/6"	0.0		
CT018F0126 REI	56 57								very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), a'a BASALT, slightly weathered, strong, 15% vesicles, vertical joints Joints 0-90, J, VN, Mn/Fe, Su, Wa, R 56-59 ft light brown water return, water loss ∼5 gal							[13.8]	Augering slow, driller suspects boulders. After sampling to 56 ft tag bottom of hole at 55 ft bos. Theo drill
E AND HID: Elle:	58	5		67			NR		no recovery								auger casing without center bit to 57 ft bgs. Prepare to begin coring. Boring paused at 56 ft bgs on
H WEL	59	1			ļ		-									107 -	1/10/19 at 15:45.
120 -120	60		2						Strong prown (7.5YK 4/6) to very dark greenish gray, Fat CLAY (CH) with trace of basaltic gravel. Core sample stuck inside core barrel, very high plasticity, very stiff clay. Leave in for now, will need to use pressure to push out. Recovered 1.5 ft of core from barrel on 1/22/19							[37.5]	Resume drilling at 56 ft bgs on 1/11/19 at 08:35 using HQ core. Tag hole to 59 ft bgs after run 5
ceport: CT	61 ⁻	1															

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 5 of 32

ſ				ROCK CORE								SA	MPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	118	62	6		54		0				-					Light brown water return, water loss ~10 gal
		63- -														High back pressure when casing joint broke
_,	116	64 								Moist, greenish gray (10BG 5/11) and strong brown (7.5YR 4/6), Gravelly Fat CLAY (CH) with sand and gravel fine to medium, very weathered friable, subrounded to angular, 20% gravel, 10% sand, 60%	-			0.0	[30]	Light brown water return, water loss ~10 gal
	114	- 66-	7		100		12	4		very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), basalt boulder, 30% vesicles, slightly weathered y grades back to Gravelly Fat CLAY (CH) with sand and bands of dark brown (10YR 3/3), fat clay, very stiff	-					0
		67-	/		100		15			T -3. 45, J, VN, Mn/Fe, Sp, Wa, SR						
9 RHMW14	112	68- - - 69-		-				5		Basalt cobble at 68.2 ft √ greenish black (10Y 2.5/1), basalt pahoehoe boulder, slightly weathered, medium strong, 40% vesicles				0.0	[60]	
3S.GPJ; 6/17/201	110	- 70-								 ✓ Dasait bounders, mixed panoence and a a with clay seams and gravel ✓ heat alteration, possible flow boundary noted in ✓ boulder 	-				[]	Light brown water return, water loss ~5
D HILL CORE LOC		71- 	8		80		22									gal
CTO18F0126 REI	108	72- - 73-								grades with more gravel, subangular to angular, medium to coarse, highly to slightly weathered	-					
- AND PID; File:	106	- - 74						NR	-	no recovery SAPROLITE Dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1), BASALT Massive a'a,				0.0	[17.5]	light gravish
HILL WITH WELL		75- -	9		100		0	AN LO		 - Inginity weathered, surving, 3% vesicles, intensety - fractured. - Massive a'a cobblestones/boulders with dark grayish - brown (2.5Y 3/2), Gravelly Fat CLAY (CH) with sand - seams, gravel fine to coarse, subrounded to angular, - slightly to highly weathered - 75.3 - 76 ft clay seam 	- - - -					brown water return, water loss ~10 gal
Report: CTO53 RED	104	76- - - 77-								-	-					Drill string water pressure high

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 6 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	K C	ORE				tic		SAMPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	Z Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Twne	Number Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	-102	78-	10		67	-	36			 very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) with streaks of brown (7.5YR 4/2) basalt massive a'a, slight weathering, strong, 5% vesicles (elongate) At 77.5 ft becomes very dark gray (N3), smaller vesicles ~1 mm, more spherical 	-			0.0	[30]	High water back pressure when casing joint broken Light grayish brown water return
		79-						NK		- no recovery						
-	-100	80- - - -								 ✓ At 78 ft very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), 20% vesicles, slight to moderately weathered, clay seam in between two boulders likely washed out ✓ At 79.3 ft Moist, dark reddish brown (5YR 3/2) Sandy Fat CLAY (CH) with gravel, gravel is slightly to moderately weathered, subrounded to angular, contains very dark gray (3N), slightly weathered basalt a'a cobles 5-10% vesicular, cobles appear to be 	-				[25]	Light brown water return, water loss ~10 rat
		81-	11		84		0	3		from the same flow and clay is completely weathered basalt, weathered in place.	-					gen
	-98	82- -									-					
		83-						NR		- - - - no recovery	-					
MW14	-96	84- -								 becomes dark reddish brown (5YR 2.5/2 to 5YR 3/4), Fat CLAY (CH) with sand, contains traces of gravel, coarse, angular, slightly weathered and basalt 	-			0.0	[25]	
/17/2019 RH		85- -						1		- a'a coddies 	-					Light brown water return, water loss ~50 ral
OGS.GPJ; 6	-94	86-	12		84		0	4		- 	-					Boring paused
HILL CORE L		87-								- 	-					89 ft at 12:04. Pull out HQ casing and prepare for 10" casing install
8F0126 RED	-92	88-						NR		- - - - - - no recovery	-					10" steel casing installed to 88 ft bgs on 1/17/19
File: CT01		89- -				<u>-</u>				└ Very dark gray (N3), pahoehoe cobble 89-89.5 ft, 35% vesicles, slight weathering Tark reddish brown (5YR 3/2), Fat CLAY (CH)	-			0.0	[33.3]	Resume drilling on 1/22/19 at 08:08
:LL AND PID;	-90	90- - -								 with 23% gravel, angular, pasaftic, with basaftic cobbles, slightly to moderately weathered, black stains on fracture surfaces 	-					
ILL WITH WE		91-	13		100		2			-	-					Dark grayish brown water return, no water loss
T053 RED H	-88	92-									-					
sport: C		93-						1		t	1					
й																

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 7 of 32

			I	ROC	K C	ORE				SAMPI			AMPLES			
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	93-								93-93.5 ft basalt pahoehoe cobble, moderately weathered							
-86	94 -	-	-				F		- - - Massive basalt a'a boulder/cobbles, very dark gray - (N3), slightly to moderately weathered, strong with - possible washed out clay seams in joints	-				0.0	[60]	
	95- - 96-	-					1		→ → → → Dark reddish brown (5YR 3/2) Sandy Elastic SILT → (MH) with gravel, 15% gravel, 20% sand, 65% fines. → Gravel is subrounded to angular, poorly graded → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	-						Dark brown water return, no water loss
-84		14		86		0	4 - 2		✓ Massive basalt a'a cobble, very dark gray (N3), slighty weathered, hard, 15% stretched vesicles							
	97-						3.		 	-						
-82	98-						1.		L ᡎ── Massive basalt a'a cobble, as above with black L stains on fracture surfaces (97.5-97.8 ft) 	-						
							NR		no recovery	-						
08-14 08-14	100-	-			-		0		 At 99 ft dark reddish brown, Sandy Elastic SILT (MH) with gravel, 15% gravel, 20% sand, 65% silt, contains slightly weathered basalt cobbles, gravel sub angular, moderate to highly weathered 	-				0.1	[30]	Dark brown water return, no water loss
J; 6/17/2019 RHN	101-	15		92		36			BASALT Pahochoc Moderately weathered, very dark gray (N3) to dark gray (N4), strong to medium strong, 35% vesicles, spherical, 0.5-1 mm	-						
d5- 78							4		-	-						
HILL CORE LO	103-	-					6		- → grades with bands of vesicles <0.5 mm → 1. 50, J, N, Sd, Si, Fe, Pa, Wa/Ir, R → 2. 0, J, N, Sd/Si/Fe, Pa, Wa, R → 3. 0, J, VN, Mn/Fe, Su, PI, SR → 3. 0, J, VN, Mn/Fe, Su, PI, SR	-						
07-76	104-						1		「 4. 10, J, VN, Si/Mn/Fe, Pa, Pl, SR ∏ 5. 45, F, VN, Mn/Fe, Su, Wa, SR [6. 10, J, VN, Mn/Fe, Su, ST, R	-				0.0	[60]	
File: CTO18F01	105-	-							[7.60, J, VN, Mn/FE, Su, Pl, Se ↓ → At 104 ft grades to 40% vesicles ↓ 1.0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Pl, SR ↓ 2.90, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, Wa, SR ↓ 3.30, J, VN, Mn, Sp, ST, R ↓ 4.5, J, VN, Fe/Mn, Su, Wa, R	-						Dark brown
- 74	106-	16		108		70	56		L 5. 60, J, VN, Fe/Mn, Su, Wa, R ⊢ 6. 50, J, VN, Fe/Mn, Sp, Pl, SR - 7. 0, J, VN, Fe/Mn, Su, Wa, R - 8. 2, J, VN, Fe/Mn, Su, Pl, S - 9. 50-40, VN, Fe/Mn, Su, ST, SR, Joint	-						water return
L WITH WEL	107-	-					7		- 10. 10, J, VN, Fe/Mn, Su, Wa, SR 	-						
023 KED HIT	108-						9		- 							
port: CI	109-						10		_ red (5YR 4/6), weak, possible flow boundary	-						
Re																

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 8 of 32

ſ											aric	SAMPL	ES		
	Elevation, feet	b Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		Type Number Blows	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
_	70	110-						1		 1. 5, J, N, CI, Fe, Mn, Pa, Ir, VR becomes dusky red (2.5YR 3/2) to reddish black, moderate to highly weathered, weak to medium strong 2-3. 10, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR 4. 5, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, SR 5. 46, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, SR 6. 5, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, Ir, Vr 7. 60, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Pa, Ir, Vr 8. 15, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Pa, Wa, R 			0.1	[100]	Dark brownish gray water return, water loss ~10 gal
_	68	- - - - - - - - - -	17		100		84			· · · · ·					
		113						8		-					
-	66	115				-		1		- 			0.0	[75]	Dark brownish gray water return, water loss ~10 gal
IMW14	64	116-	18		100		84	34		 1. 40-80, J, Cl, Fe, Mn, Pa, Ir, R, VN becomes slightly to moderately weathered, very dark gray (N3), moderately strong to strong, 20-30% vesicles 2. 5, J, Cl, Sp, Ir, VR, VN 					
6/17/2019 RH		117						567		 3. 35, J, Fe, Cl, Mn, Sp, Pl, SR, VN ← At 115.7 ft vesicles become 1-5 mm ↓ → At 116.4 ft becomes reddish black to very dark ∉ → At 116.4 ft becomes reddish black to very dark 					
CORE LOGS.GPJ	62	119						8		vesicles <0.5 mm, some filled with clay 5. 0, J, N, Cl, Si, Pa, Pl, SR ∳ At 117.75 ft becomes slightly weathered, strong, very dark gray (N3), 35% vesicles (1-2 mm) 6. 50, J, N, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa, Pl, R 7. 5, J, N, Cl, Fe, Mn, Pa, Ir, R 8. 40, L/N, Cl, Fe, Mn, Pa, Pl, SP 8. 40, L/N, Cl, Fe, Mn, Pa, Ir, R			0.1	[150]	_
0126 RED HILL C	60	120 						2		• To, 5, 50, 50, 50, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 70, 7					Dark brownish gray water return, water
); File: CTO18F		121-	19		94		78	34		- 3. 0, J, VN, Cl. Sp, PI, SR - 4. 75, J, VN, Cl. Fe, Mn, Pa, Ir, R - 5. 10, J, VN, Cl, Fe, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR 					loss ~10 gal
H WELL AND PIC	58	122-						5		- vesicles 0.5-1 mm 122.7-122.8 ft moderate weathering around fracture					
3 RED HILL WITH	56	124						NR		vesicles 1-2 mm no recovery At 124 ft becomes 30% vesicles			0.1	[150]	Driller says no
Report: CTO5:		125-								At 124.8 ft becomes reddish black (2.5YR 2.5/1)					124-125 ft

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 9 of 32

		ROCK CORE									IIC	SA	MPLE	S		
Elevation, feet	Depth , feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION			l ype Numher	Blows	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-54	126	20		96		56			 with reddish yellow (7.5YR 7/6), vesicles infill, moderate to highly weathered, medium strong to weak, vesicles 0.5-1 mm 1.10, J, N-VN, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa-Sp, Ir, R 2.20, J, N-Vn, Cl, Mn, Fe, Sp, Pl, SR 4.60, J, N-VN, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa-Sp, Ir, R 5.5, J, N, Cl, Pa, Ir, S, reddish yellow filling 6.50, J, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa, Ir, R 8.20, J, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa, Ir, R 8.20, J, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa, Ir, SR 127.5-127.85 becomes intensely fractured, likely clay 							Dark brownish gray water return, water loss ~10 gal
-52	128-		9				7 8 M		 infill washed out becomes slightly weathered, very dark gray (N3), medium strong to strong, vesicles 1-2 mm becomes 0.5-1 mm vesicles 							
-50	130		0				1		 1.5 J, N, Cl, Mn, fe, Pa, IR, R 2.60, J, N-VN, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa, Pl, SR 3.45, J, N-VN, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa, Sa-R becomes brown (7.5YR 4/4), moderate to highly 					0.1	[100]	Dark brownish
50	- 131 —	21		06		62			_ weathered, medium strong to weak, 5% vesicles (filled _ by clay) _ ↓ becomes very dark gray, slighly weathered, _ medium strong to strong, 30-35% vesicles, 0.5-1 mm - ↓ becomes brown (7.5YR 4/3), moderate to highly							gray water return, water loss ~10 gal Water loss in HQ casing fell 21.5 ff fram
⁺ 48	132-	21		90		62	7		 Weathered, medium strong to weak, 10% vesicles, 0.01-0.5 mm 4. 10, J, VN, CI, Mn, Fe, Sp to Su, PI, S 5. 60, J, VN, CI, Mn, Fe, Sp, PI, S 6. 5, J, N-MW, CI, Mn, Fe, Sp, PI, SR 7. 0, J, N-VN, CI, Mn, Fe, Sp, PI, SR 							79.7 ft btoc to 101.2 in 21 min Boring paused at 11:25 on 1/22/19 at 134 ft bgs. Plan to
6/17/2019 RH	133-								- 8. 5, J, N, Cl, Mn, Fe, Pa, IR, R - 9. 80, J, VN, Cl, Mn, Fe, Sp, Pl, S 							to 134 ft bgs 134-135 ft was drilled out with
46 -46 EE FOORS: CBA	134-						NR		no recovery							9 7/8" tricone, no core available. 5" steel casing installed to 135" bgs on 1/24/19
	135						N		y becomes slightly weathered, very dark gray (N3), strong to medium strong, 30-35% vesicles (0.5-2 mm) spherical	<u>subsubsubs</u>				0.0	[75]	Resume coring from 135 ft using PQ core on 2/18/19
ile: CTO18F012	137-	22		84		лл	N 1 2		grades with dark red (2.5YR 3/6) on fracture surface, possible flow contact. ↓ slightly to moderatly weathered, very dark gray, medium strong, 20% vesicles (1-5 mm), spherical to	للتلكثليكيك						Dark brownish gray water
41 42 42	138- -						×××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××		- stretched - 137.3-137.5 ft <u>Welded Clinker</u> - Moderately weathered, dark red (2.5YR 3/6), yellowish - brown (10YR 5/6) and black (N2.5) - ↓ T 137.5 ft becomes intensely fractured with - yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay on fracture surfaces and	<u>xurdadux</u>	XINKINKINKINK					loss ~10 gal
D HILL WITH WE	139						NR		in vesicles, mòderatelý weáthered	<u>स्वित्तान्त्रताः</u>						Faster drilling at ~139 ft bgs
eport: CT053 REI	140- - - - 141-		12						1. 45, B, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, IR, SR 2. 50, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, IR, R 3. 20, B, N, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, ST, R 	<u>hantuku</u>				0.1	[50]	

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 10 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	кс	ORE					SAMPLES					
	Elevation, feet	F Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Mall Schema		I ype Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	-38	142- 	23		100		34	JAN Y		 At 140 ft greenish black (10Y 2.5/1) with yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay in vesicles, moderately weathered, medium strong, 20% vesicles less than 1 mm ✓ At 141.2 ft becomes intensely fractured with yellowish red (5YR 5/6) clay on fracture surfaces 1. 0, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, PI, SR 2. 0, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, PI, SR 3. 0, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, PI, SR 							Dark brownish gray water return, water loss ∼100 gal
		143-						XX		= 4.30, J, VN, NO, NO, IT, SR $= \sqrt{-}$ At 142.5 ft vesicles become 1-3 mm, less clay infill							Ū
	-36	144-						4		-							
		145- -		13		·····		1		- ─ ✔── grades without clay in vesicles, fractures still have ⁻ clay infill ⁻ 1. 70, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Cl, Sp, Pl, SR				-	0.1	[50]	
	-34	146-						IF		2. 70, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓	int driver	THE REAL PRIME					
		147-	24		100		40	TH		brown (7.5YR 4/6), intensely fractured, highly weathered, very weak		N.D.C.D.C.D.					
MW14	-32	148- 	24		100		48	3 4 5 6		- y → 3. 60, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR - Becomes greenish gray (10Y 2.5/1), slight to moderate - weathering, medium strong, 15-20% vesicles 0.5-3 - mm, predominantly <1 mm - 4. 90, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR - 5-6 50, L, VN, Fe, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR		SUPERINTE					
7/2019 RH		149- -						7		7. 25, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, IR, SR 8. 20, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, IR, R	PERMIT						
S.GPJ; 6/1	-30	150-		-						v for the strong strong becomes moderately weathered, weak to medium strong					0.1	[60]	
- CORE LOG		151-						2		black (N 2.5), yellowish red (5YR 5/6) and dark brown (7.5YR 3/4), alteration probable flow boundary. 150.9-151.3 ft with clay infill in vesicles							
0126 RED HILI	-28	152- -	25		104		96	3		 ↓ At 151.2 ft becomes very dark gray (N3), slightly weathered, strong, 15-20% vesicles 1-5 mm some stretched ↓ At 151.5 ft grades without vesicle infill ↓ 0, J, VN, Cl, Sp, PI, SR 	ulta du a du ante						Dark gray brown water return, water loss ~100 gal
File: CTO18F(153	20		10-1		00	4		- 2.0, J, Vn, Fe, Mn, Ci, Sp, Pi, SR - 3.10, J, Vn, Fe, Mn, Su, Pi, SR - 4.5, J, VN, Ci, Fe, Mn, Sp, ST, SR - 5.5, J, VN, Ci, Sp, IR, R - 6.50, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Ci, Sp, Pi, SR - 7.5 L, VN, Ci, Sp, Pi, SR							
.L AND PID;	-26	154						7		- 8. 80, J, VN, Mn, Su, PI, SR							
- WITH WEL		155-		-				M		- - - -	The second s				0.1	[60]	
353 RED HILL	-24	156-		16				М		- - - -	<u> </u>	THE PROPERTY OF					
eport: CT(157-								vesicles become 0.5-1 mm, some infilled with clay	I						
м																	
Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 11 of 32



Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 12 of 32



Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 13 of 32

				ROC	КС	ORE				, t		SAN	IPLE	s		
Elevation,	beth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Mall Schema		Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
10	190-			100					ho recovery Loose gravel, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 2.5/3) and dark red (2.5YR 3/6) mottled with yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), consolidated, low permeablity, highly to completely weathered, very weak, friable, weathered to Sandy SULT (ML)				-	0.0	[60]	Boring paused at 190 ft bgs on 2/18/19 at 15:17 Boring resumed on 2/19/19 at 08:08. Driller able to get core barrel to latch
12	191-	33			<u>-</u>				grades with dark reddish brown (2.5YR 2.5/3)	<u>ententententen</u>			-	0.0	[60]	without pulling casing. No additional core recovered. Brown water return, water loss ~150 gal
14	193- 194-	34		77		0			- 		ADDIDIDIDIDIDIDI					Boring paused
	195-				<u>-</u>		IF		no recovery BASALT Pahoehoe Dark reddish brown (5YR 2 5/2) to very dark gray (5YR	12 The second second			-	0.0	[50]	2/19/19 at 08:23 due to rain Resume coring on 2/20/19 at
+ 16	196-						KAK		 3/1), moderate to highly weathered, medium strong, ~10% olivine phenocrysts, 25% vesicles 1-2 mm, intensely fractured ✓ At 196 ft grades with red (2.5YR 4/6), becomes highly to completely weathered, very weak 	aretalendrelarendred						07:02. DTW = 134.9 ft btoc
.GPJ; 6/17/2019 RH	197- 198-	35		100		7	THAN Y		- 	sectorecutes drectores desc						Light brown water return, water loss ~150 gal
HILL CORE LOGS	199-						NY N		strong, 15% olivine, some weathering, 25-30% vesicles - - -	aduritatisedustati						
CT018F0126 RED H	200- 201-		28						-					0.0	[33.3]	Brownish gray
- -22	202-	36		84		50	3		- - - - -	tertestukulatuku						water return, water loss ~150 gal
ILL WITH WE	203-	-					20% IF		v— very elongate vesicles	atuatates						
H 1223 KED H	204-	-					NR		 Possibly mechanically broken when opening shoe 	alathetatt						
Report: (205-	1						WP2	-)	IJ	Ø	1				

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 14 of 32

ſ				I	ROC	K C	ORE						SAN	NPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Moll Schond		l ype Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	-26	205	37		130	•	40			 <u>BASALT a'a clinker</u> Welded, dark reddish brown (5YR 3/2) and black (2.5N) clasts with yellow (10Y 7/6) weathering and alteration, moderately weathered, weak to medium strong, less permeable 1. 5, J, VN, No, No, IR, R 2. 5, J, VN, No, No, IR, R 3. 0, J, VN, No, No, IR, R 	<u>«كەشلەشلەشلەش</u>				0.0	[30] [21.8]	Cored 1 ft to pick up any possible dropped core. Recovered 1 ft of core (welded clinker)
		207								→ becomes loose clinker fragments, coarse gravel → size, with yellow (10Y 7/6) to strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) → clay on surfaces	<u> </u>						Grayish brown water return, water loss ~150
_	-28	208	38		93		8			BASALT Massive a'a Very dark gray (N3) to greenish black (5GY 2.5/1) and spots of dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) weathering and alteration, moderate to highly weathered, medium	للتلكثلك	DED ED ED E					yaı
		209-						23 		- Strong to weak, 15% vesicies 1-3 mm - 1.60, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, PI, SR - 2.0, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, PI, SR - 3.0, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, PI, SR - 4.10, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, PI, SR - 5.20, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, IR, R		TELEVINE					
	-30	210- - -				<u>-</u>		KIX		 Large vug at 210 ft bgs (contains Fe coating), evidence of core griding on fractures 1 and 4. Intensely fractured zone at 208.2 ft bgs contains fracture healed with 3 mm thick white clay 	<u>ulturnintation</u>				0.0	[17.6]	
		211-						1	(***** (***** (***** (***** (***** (***** (*****	→ At 210 ft becomes very dark gray (N3), slightly to moderately weathered, medium strong to strong → At 211 ft high angle light gray striations (possibly from core barrel), 15% vesicles <0.5 mm	urd what which which	MAN NA ANA AN					
9 RHMW14	-32	212-	39		100		38	34		-	<u>ula tutututut</u>						
:GPJ; 6/17/201	-34	214 -								BASALT a'a clinker Loose clinker fragments, very dark gray (N3) and black (2.5N) clasts with yellow (10YR 7/6) highly weathered, weak to medium strong. IF is highly angled with Fe and Mn staining	a takata da						
L CORE LOGS		215-								1.5, J, N, No, No, PI, SR 2.75, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, Wa, R 3.75, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, Wa, R 4.5, J, VN, Fe, Su, Wa, SR 5.90, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, Wa, R					0.0	[37.5]	
0126 RED HIL	-36	216- -						A la		 BASALT Pahoehoe Dark reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4), moderate to highly weathered, weak to moderately strong, 20% vesicles <0.5 mm At 216 ft becomes dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/3), 	Delawalum .						Grayish brown water return, water loss ~150 gal
File: CT018F		217	40		100		46	2 /V		moderately weathered, medium strong to strong, 25% vesicles < 0.5 mm to 0.5 mm 1. 90, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Su, Wa, R 2. 0, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Su, Su, Wa, R 3. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR	the the destructure						
ELL AND PID;	-38	218 - -						34		- 	<u>that hat hat ha</u>						
HILL WITH WE		219 - -						5		 mm becomes reddish black (2.5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, medium strong to strong, contains yellow (10YR 7/6) clay veins 4. 25, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Su, Wa, R 	with the the the the						
CT053 RED F	-40	220- - -		33				N		5.5, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR becomes reddish black (2.5YR 2.5/1) to black (2.5N) with yellow (10YR 7/6) clay veins and vesicle infill, slightly weathered, medium strong to strong, 30% vesicles 0.5-1 mm	the state of the s				0.0	[27.3]	Grayish brown water return, water loss ~150
Report:		221-							Nº//	At 220.6 tt grades to <0.5 mm	Ø	4					igai

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 15 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	K C	ORE				<u>,</u>	L L	SAN	MPLE	s		
	Elevation, feet	t feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Mall Schema		l ype Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	42	222	41		94		64	1		– 1. 0, J, VN, No, No, PI, SR – 2. 75, J, VN, No, No, PI, SR – 3. 10, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Su, Wa, S – 4. 80, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, SR – 5. 80, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, SR							
		223-								BASALT Massive a'a Very dark gray (N3), moderately weathered, medium strong, vesicles 3% 1-2 mm irregularly shaped. Grades to 5% vesicles 0.5-1 mm irregularly shaped, flow burden; best of barrier control block (SP 2.5(1))							
	-44	224						M 3 4 5									
		225-				<u>-</u>				At 225 ft becomes moderately weathered, strong, 5% vesicles 1-10 mm irregular shaped, predominantly >3 mm	<u>akulahauk</u>	VEIDE DE LA COMPANY			0.0	[33.3]	When retrieving core from run 42, only 0.5 ft was
	46	226-								hard to very hard. IF is a mix of natural fractures and mechanical fractures, Fe, Mn, clay surface staining 1. 90, J, VN, Fe, Mn, clay, Sp, PI, S 2. 5, J, VN, No, No, PI, SR	henebe	TRUE TRUE					barrel back down and try and recover. Unable to recover with
		227	42		100		82	2	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×		प्रति क्षेत्र कांच क्षेत्र						core barrel, trip out rods, remaining core from run 42 was recovered after casing
2019 RHMW14	48	- 229-									य क्षेत्र कार्य कार्य						was pulled Grayish brown water return, water loss ~150 gal
3S.GPJ; 6/17/2	50	230- -						-		✓ becomes very dark gray (N3), slightly weathered, strong, 10% vesicles, 5-15 mm, 5% weathered olivine phenocrysts	ाच पास जीव पाले प				0.0	[75]	
HILL CORE LO		231-		36						Ţ 1. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR Ţ 2. 30, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR Ţ 3. 0, J, VN, Mn, CI, SP, R	ाचे जीव कांचे जीव जे	TERMENT FOR THE					
8F0126 RED H	-52	232	43		100		84	23		becomes 25% vesicles, 5-15 mm	and a start and a start of						
D; File: CT01		233								becomes 30% vesicles, 1-5 mm, 2% weathered olivine phenocrysts BASALT Pahoehoe	فلتعالينا للتعالينا						
WELL AND PL	54	234		37				X		Reddish black (2.5YR 2.5/1) with yellow (10YR 7/6) clay veins and vesicle infill, slightly weathered, medium strong, 20% vesicles <1 mm, contact flow boundary heat alteration 1.0, J, VN, Fe, Mn, clay, Sp, Wa, SR 2.0 \u00ed VAL FE, Wn, clay, Sp, Wa, SR	<u>within the states</u>						
ED HILL WITH		235-						K		– 2. o, J, VN, Fe, MIT, Clay, Sp, VVa, SR - 3. O, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Clay, Sp, Wa, SR - 4. O, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR - 5. 5, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Clay, Sp, Wa, SR - 6. 45, J, N, clay, Fi - infilled clay - 6. 45, J, N, clay, Fi - infilled clay					0.0	[50]	Brown water return Faster drilling: 236-237 ft and
oort: CTO53 RE	-56	237-		38				IF 2			and a second second						238-239 ft
Яġ																	

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 16 of 32

				F	ROC	кс	ORE				tlic	S	AMPLI	S		
Flavation	feet	z Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
5	58	238-	44		100		32	4 IF		Contact flow boundary, heat alteration reddish brown (5YR 4/4) At 237.6 ft becomes reddish brown (5YR 5/3) with Very pale brown (5YR 8/2) clay veins, moderate to highly weathered, weak, 20% vesicles 1-5 mm, irregular, 5% Mn						239-240 ft reddish brown water return
6	50	240						5		→ becomes reddish brown (5YR 4/3), moderately → weathered, medium strong, 25% vesicles <1 mm → clay infilled vesicles with very pale brown (10YR - 2/3)				0.0	[42.9]	Grayish brown water return, water loss ∼ 150 gal
		241 - - - 242 -						M								
6	52	243	45		92		76	M		 brown (5YR 3/3), 3% vesicles <2 mm, some vesicles infilled with clay, moderately weathered, weak to medium strong rock 242.8-244 ft clay veins gray (6/N) 1. 20, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, R 2. 20, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR 						
HMW14	64	244 -						A F		- 3. 0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, CI, Su, Wa, SR 						
6/17/2019 RH		245		40				IF						0.0	[50]	Grayish brown water return,
DRE LOGS.GPJ;	66	246 - - - - - - - - - - - -		40						weathered, medium strong, 20% vesicles <5 mm w highly weathered, weak, 40% vesicles <1 mm, partially infilled with clay, Mn and Fe						water loss ~150 gal
26 RED HILL CC	68	248	46		104		42	F AND		- - - - - - 						
; File: CTO18F01		249- -		41				4		 Y black (1917, 317), signly to indefately weathered, medium strong, 30% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm, 3% Mn, 1% olivine 1.0, J, VN, No, No, PI, R 2. 60, J, VN, Mn, Sp, PI, S 3.5, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 4.0, J, VN, Mn, Fi, No, No 						
MELL AND PID	70	250				<u>-</u>		X		↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓				0.0	[50]	
ED HILL WITH		251 -						F		↓ becomes very dark gray (10YR 3/1), 30% vesicles <1 mm, partially infilled with clay, highly weathered, weak						Grayish brown water return, water loss ~150 gal
eport: CTO53 R	72	253-	47		100		10	8		yellowish brown (5YR 4/6), angled, 20mm wide discoloration						

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 17 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	КС	ORE				tic		SAN	IPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	74	254 – 255 –								BASALT a'a clinker Loosely cemented, black (5YR 2.5/1) with dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4) with traces of yellow (10YR 5/6) clay, highly weathered, weak, intensely fractured	- 8				0.0	[27.3]	
-	76	- 256- -						M		BASALT Massive a'a	-						Grayish brown water return, water loss ~150 gal
		257-						FX F		strong y = 256.6-257 ft includes very pale brown (10YR 8/4) - clay infills - √ = 257.257 6 ft becomes gray (6/N) with pale brown	-						
-	78	258- -	48		100		68	2 2		 (2.5Y 8/2) clay infills, moderately weathered, medium strong, 5% vesicles, irregular, <1 mm At 257.8 ft elongate vesicles increased to 10%, <1 - mm 1. 0, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Cl, Su, Wa, S 	-						
		259- -								 2. 10, J, VN, Fe, Mn, SP, P, S 3. 0, J, VN, No, No, P, S 4. 0, J, VN, Cl, SP, P, S f interconnected 10-50 mm, elongate vesicles 	-						Boring paused at 260 ft on 2/20/19 at
4-1	30	260-		44		<u>-</u>		45			-				0.0	[50]	14:42 Boring resumed on 2/21/19 at
17/2019 RHMW		261-						3		- 3.0, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, S - 4. 75, J, VN, Mn, Cl pinkish white (10YR 8/1), Su, Wa, - SR	-						07:17. DTW = 122.4 ft btoc
LOGS.GPJ; 6/	32	262	49		94		11	4 M 5 M		v. 5, 5, vN, O(pockets), 5p, vva, 5 w becomes black (10YR 2/1), slightly weathered, strong, 10% elongated vesicles, 1-30 mm 7. 0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, CI, Sp, P, S 8. 5, J, VN, No, No, Va, SR	-						
LL CORE I		263-						6		BASALT a'a clinker	-						Easier drilling 263-265 ft
F0126 RED HI	84	264 - -						8		brown (5YR 4/4) alteration, highly weathered, very weak. Grading with depth to red (2.5YR 4/8) reddish brown (5YR 4/4) dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4), likely from alteration, highly weathered, very weak	-						Grayish brown water return
ile: CT018		265-				···· <u>·</u> ···		XX XX		BASALT Pahoehoe Dusky red (2.5YR 3/2) and dark grayish red (2.5 YR 3/4), highly weathered, very weak	-				0.1	[33.3]	
L AND PID; F	36	266						1		. ↓ At 255.2 ft becomes dark gray (51R 4/1), _ moderately weathered, medium strong to strong, _ 10-15% vesicles <1 mm	-						Grayish brown water return
WITH WEL		267-	FO		100		04	2		zone of intense 50% vesicles, rounded, <5 mm	-						
CT053 RED HILL	88	268 -	50				01			y → becomes moderately weathered, moderate strength, 10-15% vesicles, <5 mm, partially infilled with _ very pale brown (10YR 8/4) clay 1.0, J, VN, No, No, P, S 2.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 3.5, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, R	-						
Report:		269–									1						

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 18 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	КС	ORE				itic		SAN	IPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	be Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	-90	270-						M 4		 4. 10, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 269.2-269.6 ft zone of intense 50% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm 	-				0.1	[50]	
		271 - 		47				AT IF		└ ↓ ─ becomes highly weathered, very weak, with ─ yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) alteration and 10% Mn - ↓ ─ becomes dark gray (5YR 4/1), moderately	-						
_	-92	272-	51		100		52	М 2 3		weathered, weak, with clay veins and vesicle infills, very pale brown (10YR 8/4), Mn infills, vesicles 5-10%, 1.0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, clay, Su, Wa, SR 2.5, J, VN, Mn, clay, Su, Wa, S	•						Grayish brown water return
		273- -	51		100		52	4		 3.10, J, VN, Fe, claý, Sp, Wa, R 273-273.2 ft zone of intense 50% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm 4.65 	-						
-	-94	274-						IF M		 5. 65, J, VN 5. 65, J, VN ✓ becomes yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), highly weathered, very weak, clay and Mn veins and vesicle infills, 15% Mn, Fe, clay, Sp, Wa, R ✓ becomes very dark gray (10YR 3/1), 10-15% 	-						
		275-		-		<u>-</u>		M 1		vesicles infilled, Fe staining, highly weathered, very weak ✓ very dark gray (10YR 3/1), moderately weathered, weak, 2% vesicles <2 mm, Fe vesicle infills and staining, very pale brown (10YR 8/3) infills and staining					0.1	[33.3]	Grayish brown water return
2HMW14	-96	276- - -								276.4-277.1 ft dark gray (10YR 4/1), moderately weathered, medium strong, 10% vesicles 5-10 mm, some 30 mm, clay and Fe infills ↓ At 276.6 ft Fe, Mn, clay infilled vesicles and	-						
DGS.GPJ; 6/17/2019	-98	277- 	52		100		60	2 3 4 5		→ staining → becomes moderately weathered, weak, with dark - reddish brown (2.5YR 3/3) alteration, 30% vesicles - <0.5 mm, mostly infilled with clay white (10YR 8/1) - ↓ At 277.8 ft becomes dark gray (5YR 4/1), 10-30% - vesicles <0.5 to 5 mm, Fe, Mn and clay infills and - staining olive brown (2.5Y 4/3) clay staining - 1. 20, J, VN, CI, Sp, Wa, R	-						
RED HILL CORE LO		279-						678		- 2. 10, J, VN, CI, Sp, P, S - 3. 5, J, VN, No, No, P, SR - 4. 0, J, VN, Fe, CI, Sp, ST, R - 5. 0, J, VN, Fe, CI, Sp, ST, R - 6. 0, J, VN, No, No, ST, SR - 7. 0, J, VN, Fe, CI, Sp, Wa, R - 8. 65, J, VN, Fe, Mn, CI, Su, P, S	-						ana an 1 1
ile: CTO18F0126 F	-100	281 –						1 2 M 3		 becomes moderately weathered, medium strong, 5-15% vesicles, 1-10 mm 1.5, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Su, P, S 2. 15, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Su, Wa, S 3. 85, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Su, Wa, S 	-				0.0	[33.3]	280-284 ft grayish brown water return
AND PID; F	-102	282-	52		64		20	F		 Strong brown (5YR 4/6) clay, Michael and Statistical Activities, Strong brown (5YR 4/6) clay, Michael Activities, Strong Statistical Activities, Strong 10%, completely weathered, brown (7.5YR 4/2), strong 	-						
ILL WITH WELL		283- 	55		04		50	M		 brown (5YR 4/6) matrix with very pale brown (10YR 8/4), relic fractures (fractures vesicles veins present) BASALT, Pahoehoe highly weathered, very weak, dark reddish gray (5YR 4/2) clast, yellowish red (5YR 5/6) alteration, dark reddish brown (5YR 2.5/2), clay infills very pale brown (10YR 8/3). Mn infill 							
CT053 RED H	-104	284								At 283.4 ft dark reddish gray (5YR 4/2), moderately weathered, weak, 30% vesicles <0.5 mm partially infilled with clay BASALT a'a clinker							284-285 ft brown water return
Report:		285-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1	1						

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 19 of 32

			F	ROC	K C	ORE				tic	S	SAMPLE	S		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	200				-				no recovery				0.0	[25]	
	-								_ no recovery						Grayish brown water return
106	286- - - 								 Loose clinker, moderately weathered, weak, very dark gray (5YR 3/1), reddish brown (5YR 4/4), Fe staining, clay infills and staining very pale brown (10YR 8/3), round cobbles 10-30 mm diameter 						
	207						M		Welded clinker, clinker clasts are gray $(2.5Y 5/1)$	-					
	288-	54		80		42.5	1 2		With reddish brown (5/3/ 5/3) matrix, moderately weathered, weak to medium strong, traces of clay, larger clinker clasts	-					
108	-						3		Gray (2.5Y 3/1), moderate to slightly weathered,	-					
							4		- 1-10 mm, clay infills/seams (weathered to clay) pale	-					
	289-						5		- 1. 0, J, VN, clay, Sp, Wa, S						
	-						6		- 2. 75, J, VN, clay, Sp+Su, P, S - 3. 0, J, VN, clay, Sp+Su, P, S	-					
	290-								- 4. 15, J, VN, clay, Sp+Su, Wa, S - 5. 5, J, VN, Fe, Mn, Su, Wa, S -	-			0.0	[22]	
110	-						1		├ 6. 30, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR ├ ✔── At 288.8 ft grades to slightly weathered, strong (no	-			0.0	[23]	Oranish harves
	-								└ clay veins) └ 1. 5. J. VN. Mn. Fe. Su+Sp. Wa. SR	-					water return
	291 -						23		- 2. 85, J, VN, No, No, P, S 5. 3. 65, J, VN, No, No, P, S						
									4. 75, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, S						
	292-						4		6. 90, J, VN, Mn, Sp, P, S	-					
<u>₹</u> -112									[7. 10, J, VN, Mn, Sp, P, S [8. 20, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, P, S						
NMH	-	55		100		96	5		_ 9. 20, J, VN, Mn, Sp, P, S _ 10. 75, J, VN, Mn, Su, P, S						
9 8	293-						7		_ 11. 10, J, VN, Mn, Sp+Su, Cl, Sp, Wa, S _						
7/20	-								-	-					
6/1	204						9		-						
ਹੋ- -114	294 -						10			-					Boring paused
OGS.	-						11		-	-					at 295 ft on
RE	295-				<u>-</u>					-			0.0	1051	maintenance
C L	-						1			-			0.0	[25]	on 2/22/19 at
LED HIL	296 -								 <u>BASAL 1 a3 clinker</u> Black (7.5YR 2.5/1) welded clasts with dark reddish brown matrix (5YR 3/3), moderately weathered, weak 						143.15 ft btoc
0120	-						1		becomes loose, 20-80 mm diameters with very pale brown (10YR 8/3) clav infils	-					
018F	207								1. 15, J, VN						Water return,
Ŭ J	297-						States and								gal
Ξ	-	56		66		67	(4: N_		-	-					
, DIC	298-						3		- ho recovery -						
₩ -118	-								BASALT Pahoehoe Reddish brown (5YR 4/3), moderately weathered						
VELL	-						M		weak, 20% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm						
1TH	299-	1					M		7/6), 10 mm wider, No, No, Wa, R	1					
r v	-								L ↓						
н G	300-		54		L				L rounded, partially infilled with clay L ✔ At 298.9 ft some clay infilled veins very pale brown						
ਸ਼ੂ - -120					•				(10YR 8/3) clay				0.0	[45]	
CTO	-								5/6)						Grayish brown
eport:	301-								l	1			1		

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 20 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	кс	ORE				atic	5	SAMPLE	s		
	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	122	302	57		122		84	M 1 2		J y black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, hard, strong, 25% vesicles, 1-6 mm, rounded 						Cored 4.5 ft, recovered 5.5 ft, extra 1 ft was from previous run which dropped
		303-						3		[−] medium strong, 5% vesicies, 1-5 mm [−] 1.90, J, VN, No, No, P, SR [−] 2.0, J, VN, No, No, P, SR [−] 3.5, 90, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR [−] -						Water loss
-	124	304 - -		55				X		- └┳── black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, hard, strong, ─ └ 15% vesicles, 1-8 mm -						~135 gal
		305-								- 					[41.3]	At 304.5 ft core barrel was full, run stopped short
-	126	306- -						M		r medium strong to strong, 30% vesicles <2 mm ↓ becomes moderately weathered, moderate ↓ strength, 15% vesicles 1-8 mm						
		307 –	58		100		51	1		- - - - with clay, very pale brown (10YR 8/3) clay	•					Grayish brown water return, water loss ~ 135 gal
N14	128	308-						3 M		y → 307.5-308.1 ft becomes 20% vesicles, rounded, 1-2 mm - y → heat alteration reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) - y → 308.2-308.5 ft becomes dark reddish brown (5YR						
17/2019 RHM		309-						5		3/2), 25% vesicles <2 mm						
GS.GPJ; 6/	-130	310- -						67		2. 0, J, VN, MN, CI, SP, F, R 2. 0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, P, SR 73. 75, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, R 4. 0, J, VN, CI, Sp, P, R 5. 45, J, VN, Mn, Fe, CI, Su, Wa, SR				0.0	[60]	
L CORE LO		311-		57				1		6. 10, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Su, Wa, SR _ 7. 90, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Su, Wa, SR _ ↓ ↓ A 310 ft black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, _ ↓ strong						Grayish brown water return, water loss ~ 135 gal
1126 RED HIL	132	312- -	59		100		92	~2		 becomes dark reddish brown (5YR 3/1), 35% vesicles, rounded <2 mm, yellow (10YR 8/6) clay vein becomes dark gray (5YR 4/1) and gray (5YR 6/1), slightly weathered, medium strong to strong, 10-40% 						
File: CTO18F0		313	55		100		52	3		- 1.50, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR - 2.0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, CI, Su, ST, SR - 3.75, J, VN, CI, Sp, P, R - 4.75, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su, P, S						
L AND PID;	134	314-		58				4		becomes dark reddish brown (5YR 2.5/2), moderately weathered, medium strong, 10% vesicles, rounded <0.5-4 mm						
ITH WEL		315-				····		6		- 5. 0, J, VN, MN, Fe, SU, P, R - 6. 90, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su, Wa, R -				0.0	[33.3]	
RED HILL M	- 126	316						M								Grayish brown
rt: CTO53	-130	317-						1		← At 316 ft 15% vesicles, 1-5 mm, partially infilled with very pale brown (10YR 8/3) clay						water return, water loss ~ 135 gal
Repo		517~														

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 21 of 32

			I	ROC	K C	ORE				itic	S	AMPLI	S		
Elevation, feet	Depth,	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Nurriber Blows ber foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
138	318-	60		100		88	23		_ 1.65, J, VN, CI, Sp, Wa, SR _ 2.0, J, VN, CI, Mn, Fe, Su+Sp, Wa, R _ 3.65, J, VN, CI, Mn, Fe, Su+Sp, Wa, SR _ 4.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R _ 5.90, J, VN, No, No,P, SR _	-					
	319-						M		L - ✔── dark gray (10YR 5/1), slightly weathered, strong to ─ very strong, 25-40% vesicles, rounded/irregular, 1-20 - mm	-					
140	320-	-					5		- 	-			0.0	[75]	
	321-	-								-					
142	322-	61		96		72	3		- - 	-					Grayish brown water return, water loss ~ 135 gal
	323-					12			- - 	-					
144 - -144	324-	-					XX IF		 mighly fractured, reddish brown (5YR 4/4), black (5YR 2.5/1), dark reddish gray (2.5YR 4/1), medium strong rock, remnant ropey pahoehoe texture 	-					
/2019 RHI	325-	-	61				ter IF		no recovery dark gray (5YR 4/1), slightly weathered, hard, 15-30% vesicles, irregularly rounded, 1-20 mm	- &			0.0	[75]	
21/9 Cd5/S	326-						12		- 1. 75, J, N, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR - 2. 75, J, VN, Mn, Sp, P, SR - 3. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 	-					
ILL CORE LO	327 -	62		98		62		;	- 	-					Grayish brown water return, water loss ~
- -148	328-	-							- 	-					135 gai
File: CT018	329-	-	62				3 M		-	-					
igid dive 1120	330-		-						- 	-			0.0	[37.5]	
L WITH WE	331-	-							- - - - ₩ 331.4-332.4 ft becomes IF, red (2.5YR 4/6),	-					Grayish brown water return, water loss ~
-152	332-	62		100		54	A IF		 reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4), moderate to slightly weathered, hard, 15% vesicles, irregular to rounded, < 4 mm, Mn infills, very pale brown (10YR 8/2) clay infills infills infills 	- - -					135 gal
Report: CTC	333-	63		106		34	X		weathered, medium strong to strong, 5-15% vesicles, rounded to irregular, <5 mm, partially clay infilled	-					

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 22 of 32

Γ				F	ROC	кс	ORE				tic		SAI	MPLE	S		
Elevation.	feet Jenth	e feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Tuno	nype Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
1:	3 54	333		63						. 1.0, J, VN, CI, Sp, P, SR - 2.0, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, SR - 3.75, J, VN, Mn, CI, So, Na, SR 	-						
	3	- 						3 IF		and reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, strong, 30% vesicles, rounded <2 mm	- - - -				0.0	[60]	
1	3 56	- 336-						HTT		- √ 335.4-335.7 ft very pale brown (10YR 8/3) clay - staining on fractures pieces - √ very dark gray (10YR 3/1), slightly weathered, - ∫ strong - √ 335.8-336.4 ft 10-20% vesicles, rounded, 2-5 mm							
	3	- 337-						2		- ╈ 336.4-336.8 ft 50% rounded vesicles, <2 mm 	-						Grayish brown water return, water loss ~ 135 gal
1	3 58	- 	64		98		66	3		337.4-338 ft 20% vesicles, rounded, 28 mm 	-						
	3	- 339 - -						567		L 2.0, J, VN, CI, Sp, ST, R L 3.0, J, VN, CI, Sp, ST, R L 4.5, J, VN, CI, Sp+Su, Wa, R - 5.0, J, VN, Fe, CI, Sp, Wa, SR - 6.0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, CI, Sp, Wa, R	-						
+ 1 0	3 60	40 		65						 7.0, J, VN, CI, SP, Wa, R IF pieces yellowish red (5YR 4/6), black (5YR 2.5/1) with clay staining yellow (10YR 8/8) and very pale brown (8/3), Mn staining, slightly weathered, strong, 10% vesicles rounded <4 mm 	-				0.0	[75]	
17/2019 RHM	3	3 41 -								 ✓ At 340 ft very dark gray (10YR 3/1), slightly ✓ weathered, strong, 30% vesicles, rounded <2 mm ✓ heat alteration brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) ✓ becomes black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, ✓ strong, 10-20% vesicles, rounded/irregular, 1-5 mm 	-						Gravich brown
/9 -11	3 62	342	65		102		74	23		Y 341.4-341.5 ft 50% vesicles, rounded/irregular, 5 mm 1.0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Su+Sp, Wa, R Y 342-342.4 ft 50% vesicles, rounded, 1-2 mm 2.10, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 3.5 L VN, Mb, Ec, CL Sp, Wa, P	-						water return, water loss ~ 135 gal
HILL CORE LO	3	8 43 -								IF pieces reddish brown (5YR 4/3) staining, Mn infills, 25% vesicles rounded, <0.5 mm black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, strong, 25-40% vesicles, rounded, <3 mm	-						
3F0126 RED I	3 64	344 - - -						6		- 4. 0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, clay, Sp, Wa, R ⊤ 5. 15, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R - 6. 5, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R - 7. 20, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R	-						
; File: CT01	3	8 45				·				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-				0.0	[100]	
ELL AND PIC	3 66	346						1									Grayish brown
HILL WITH M	3	347 -	66		106		44	XXIF									water loss ~ 135 gal
: CT053 RED	3 68	848 - - -		68				XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		- 2.00, 0, 00, 00, 00, 00, 1, 00 - - - -							
Report	3	849⊥				I			1				<u> </u>	I	I	1	

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 23 of 32

			F	ROC	кс	ORE				tic		SA	MPLE	s		
Elevation, feet	bepth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	J7J -						5		↓ F pieces have yellow (2.5Y 8/6) and pale brown (2.5Y 8/3) staining							
170	350 - 351 -									- - - - - - - -				0.0	[33.3]	
172	352- 	67		88		36	XX		vesticles, irregular/rounded, 2-10 mm 1.0, J, VN, Cl, Sp, Wa, R 2.5, J, VN, No, No, P, SR 3.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R	-						At 353 ft lost
	353-						S I		no recovery							driller, drill rods fell 352-353 ft.
174	354 - - -						3		 ✓ becomes dark gray (10YR 4/1), slightly weathered, ≤ strong, 40% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm 	-						No water return for rest of boring unless otherwise noted. DTW = 164.63 ft btoc at 10:53 drilled to 355 ft
	355-													0.0	[150]	
+ 176	356- -						IF 1		- - - - 1. 30, J, VN, No, No, P, S - 2. 0, B, VN, Mn, Su, P, S - 3. 0, B, VN, No, No, P, S	-						
9 RHN	357-						w 2		possible flow boundary, red (2.5YR 4/6), reddish ─	-						Water loss ~
0028.GPJ; 6/17/2019	- - - 358- - - -	68		100		32	3		black (2.5YR 2.5/1) and light brown (7.5YR 6/4), 30-40% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm, slightly weathered, strong ✓ very dusky red (2.5YR 2.5/2), slightly weathered, hard, 10% vesicles completely infilled with clay pale brown (2.5Y 8/2) ✓ At 358.1 ft dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/2) and reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) moderately weathered	-						125 gal
HILL CORE L	359- -						F		strong, 50% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm. Possible flow boundary becomes slightly to moderately weathered	-						
08118E01-	360 - -						12		- 1. 35, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR (includes clay vein yellow 10YR 8/8) 2. 65, J, VN, Mn, Sp, clay Su, Wa, SR w clay staining and infills very pale brown (10YR 8/3)	-				0.0	[60]	
File: CTO	361 — -						XX		and Mn infills on IF pieces							
- 182	362	69		100		10			 weathered, strong, 15-25% vesicles, <1 mm, partly infilled with clay pale brown (2.5Y 8/2), irregular pieces have clay, Su+Mn spoting 	-						Water loss ~ 125 gal
	363						×			-						
H L_104	364		72				X		- ↓ increase in clay Su coating of irregular pieces							
+01- CT053	-		[′] [∠]				A		y → becomes brown (10YR 4/3)	-						
Report:	365						T		Г Т	1						

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 24 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	K C	ORE				tic	\$	SAM	IPLE	s		
	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	-186	366-				•									0.0	[100]	
-	-188	367 	70		106		36	3		moderately weathered, medium strong to strong, 15% vesicles completely infilled with clay, white (10YR 8/1) ↓ becomes reddish brown (5YR 4/3), slightly weathered, strong, 20-30% vesicles, rounded, 1-10 mm, partly infilled with clay very pale brown (10YR 8/3) 1.0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, clay, Su, P, S 2.0, J, VN, clay, Sp, Wa, R 3.0, J, VN, Mn, clay, Sp, P, R							No water return, water loss ~ 125 gal
		369- 						T		↓ 4.45, 5, VN, day, SP, VVa, SR → 369.2-369.4 ft 2% vesicles, <0.5 mm → becomes dark reddish gray (2.5YR 3/1), slightly weathered, hard, 5-15% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm	-						
-	-190	370- - - 371-						M		→ 370.4-370.5 ft red (2.5YR 4/6), slightly weathered, medium strong to strong, 40% vesicles, <1 mm → 371-371.2 ft red (2.5YR 4/6), slightly weathered, medium strong to strong, 40% vesicles <1 mm				-	0.0	[100]	Water loss ~
1W14	-192	372-	71		100		18	34		→ At 371.2 ft becomes dark reddists, s + 1im slightly weathered, strong, 10-30% vesicles, rounded, 1-4 mm ↓ IF pieces have clay surface staining and partial	-						125 gal
6/17/2019 RHN		373-						IF M		Vesicle Infilis, White (10 YR 8/1) and yellow (10 YR 8/6) = 1.0, J, VN, Mn, CI, SP, Wa, R = 2.55, J, VN, Mn, CI, SP, Wa, R = 3.0, J, VN, Mn, CI, SP, Wa, R = 4.5, J, VN, Mn, CI, SP, Wa, R	-						
DRE LOGS.GPJ;	-194	374						A							0.0	[100]	
0126 RED HILL CC	-196	376-		75				HA		y → 3/5.2-3/5.4 ft 5% vesicles, <0.5 mm, mostly infilled with clay → halloysite mineral partially infilled fracture, 15 mm wide, white (2.5Y 8/1)	-				0.0	[100]	
D; File: CT018F		377-	72		100		62			→ → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →							Water loss ~ 125 gal
TH WELL AND PI	-198	378- 		76				23		- 4. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R							
253 RED HILL WI	-200	380-				<u>-</u>		4		- - - - ↓ At 380.9 ft IF pieces become partly dark reddish	- - - -				0.0	[100]	
Report: CT(IF		 brown (2.5YR 3/4), slightly weathered, strong, 40% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm 							Water loss ~ 125 gal

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 25 of 32

			F	ROC	кс	ORE				tic		SAI	MPLE	S		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Tvpe	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
202	382- 383-	73		100		56	2		 becomes black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, strong, 30% vesicles, round, 1-8 mm 1.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 2.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 							
204	384 -	-					34		-							
	385- 386-	-					1		– 1. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 2. 16, VN, No, No, Wa, R - 3. 5, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R –	-				0.0	[150]	
-206	387-	-) To		- - 386.8-387.4 ft becomes 40% vesicles, rounded, <1 - mm	-						
•1- -208	388-	74		102		86	F		L - - ↓ becomes 30% vesicles, rounded, 1-4 mm - -	-						Water loss ~ 125 gal
6/17/2019 RH	389-	-					3		389-389.4 ft becomes 25% vesicles, rounded, 1-8 - mm becomes 30% vesicles, rounded/irregular, <4 mm	-						Boring paused at 390 ft on 2/22/19, DTW=164.57 ft at 11:21
OKE LOGS GPJ:	390 - 391 -		- 79				1 2 3 4		y greenish gray (5/10Y), possible flow contact ↓ black (5YR 2.5/1), sligthly weathered, strong, 10% ↓ vesicles, rounded, <3 mm ↓ At 390.5 ft becomes dark reddish gray (2.5YR _ 3/1), slightly weathered, hard, 5% vesicles, rounded, _ slightly elongate, 2-12 mm, partially infilled with	-				0.0	[100]	Boring resumed at 390 ft on 2/25/19 at 07:11, DTW=163.48 ft
0176 RED HILL O	392-	75		96		58	м		 halloysite ↓ becomes 15% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm ↓ becomes 1% vesicles, rounded and elongate <5 mm ↓ becomes black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, ↓ strong, 20% vesicles, rounded, <4 mm 	-						
); File: CT018F0	393-			50		50	5		 ↓ At 392.3 ft greenish gray (5/10Y), 2% vesicles, <0.5 mm, possible flow contact ↓ At 392.5 ft becomes dark reddish gray (2.5YR 3/1), slightly weathered, strong, 20% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm ↓ At 393 ft becomes 30% vesicles, rounded, 1-5 mm 	-						Water loss ~ 160 gal
HMETT AND FIC	394 - 395 -	-	-				6 7 8		 becomes 15% vesicles, rounded/elongate, 2-10 mm 1.85, J, N, halloysite, Sp, Wa, SR 2.5, J, VN, halloysite, Sp, Wa, SR 3.0, J, VN, halloysite, Sp, Wa, SR 4.0, J, VN, halloysite, Sp, Wa, SR 						1400	
223 RED HILL WITI	396-	-	81				1		5.5, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 5.5, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 7.0, J, VN, CI, Sp, Wa, R 8. 90, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 					0.0	ניטטן	Water loss ~ 160 gal
Report: CTC	397-						F		└ mm ↓ ↓ At 395.6 ft possible flow boundary, dark grayish	-						

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 26 of 32

			F	ROC	кс	ORE				tlic	s	AMPL	ES		
Elevation, feet	55 Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number Blows ner foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
218	398-	76		104		72	3	-	 brown (10YR 4/2) 396.2-396.5 ft becomes 10% vesicles, rounded/elongate, 1-10 mm becomes black (10YR 2/1) and reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4), slightly weathered, medium strong to strong, 40% vesicles, rounded <1 mm 1. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 2. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 3. 5, J, VN, Mn, Sp, St, SR 						Water loss ~ 160 gal
220	400-		82						y Sp to Wa with hallocite, Mn, Fe, yellow (10YR 8/8) clay becomes black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, strong, 30% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm becomes 5% vesicles, elongate, 1-10 mm 1.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R				0.0	[100]	Drilling paused at 07:32 due to rain 0747
222	401	77	02	100		66	4		2.0, 0, VN, NO, NO, ST, K 3.5, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp, PI, SR 4.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR possible flow contact/heat alteration, black (2.5/N), red (2.5Y 4/6), dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/3), yellowish brown (10YR 5/8), some halloysite ↓ At 402 ft becomes reddish brown (2.5YR 4/2), slightly weathered, strong, 15% vesicles, rounded, <2						Water loss ~ 160 gal
+ - -224	403-		83				7 The second	-	mm ↓ 403.5-403.7 ft heat alteration dark reddish brown ↓ (2.5YR 3/3), black (2.5N), red (2.5Y 4/6) ↓ At 403.8 ft becomes 10% vesicles, ↓ rounded/irregular, 1-10 mm 5. 15, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, R 6. 15, J, T, No, No, Wa, R ↓ 7. 0, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, R						
- 226	405- - 406-						1 2		– – – – ↓ – becomes 20% vesicles, rounded, 1-3 mm – ↓ – becomes very dark gray (5YR 3/1), slightly				0.0	[75]	
	407- - - 408-	78		104		84	34		 Weathered, hard, 10-25% vesicles, rounded/irregular, some elongate, 1-8 mm, vesicles infilled with clay → possible flow contact/heat alteration greenish gray (5/10Y) 1.0, J, VN, No, No, PI, R 2.0, J, VN, CI, Sp, Wa, R 3.75, J, VN, CI, Mn, Fe, Sp, PI, SR 4.0, J, VN, CI, Sp, PI, R 5.0 VM, No, No, No, No, PI, R 						Water loss ~ 160 gal
	409-						7		6. 45, J, VN, CI, N, Fe, Su, PI, S 7. 5, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 8. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 						
	410-						T.		↓ becomes very dark gray (10YR 3/1), slightly weathered, strong, 10-20% vesicles, rounded, 1-5 mm, some clay veins white (10YR 8/1) and very pale brown (10YR 8/3)				0.0	[60]	Water loss ~ 160 gal
-232	412- 413-	79		100		48			- 1. 30, 9, VN, No, No, Wa, SR - 2. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR - 3. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR - 4. 25, J, VN, Mn, Fe, CI, Su+Sp, PI, S - 5. 0, J, VN, No, No, ST, SR -						

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 27 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	кс	ORE				atic	;	SAMI	PLES	S		
	Elevation, feet	1 Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	234	414-		86										(0.0	[150]	
;	236	416								vesicles, rounded/irregular, <0.5-2 mm → becomes dark reddish gray (2.5YR 3/1), 15% → vesicles, elongate, 1-5 mm, partially infilled with → halloysite → fractures Su+Sp, Mn, clay, halloysite 1. 0, J, VN, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR	8						
		417-	80		100		36	MM MM		y → becomes reddish black (2.5/N), yellow (10YR 8/8), slightly weathered, strong, 30% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm	-						Water loss ~ 160 gal
;	238	418															
HMW14	240	420 						NY NY		- 	-			(0.0	[100]	
J; 6/17/2019 R		421 – - 422 –						1		_ strong, 20% vesicles, rounded, 1-5 mm _ 1.5, J, VN, CI, Sp, PI, SR _ 2.0, J, VN, No, No, PI, R _ 3.90, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR _ 4.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 	-						
L CORE LOGS.G	242	423	81		100		54			y → becomes 30% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm becomes dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/3) and black (YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, strong, 40% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm	-						Water loss ~ 160 gal
18F0126 RED HII	244	424						3		- - becomes black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, - strong, 15% vesicles, rounded/irregular, 1-5 mm 							
ND PID; File: CTC	246	425 		89		+		1		→ weathered olivine phenocrysts 2-4 mm → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →	- - - - -				0.0	[150]	
LL WITH WELL AP	_ ~	427	82		104		62	23		At 426 ft becomes black (2.55/N), slightly weathered, strong, 10-25% vesicles, rounded, 1-8 mm 1.0, J, VN, No, No, ST, SR 2. 45,J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Su, PI, VS 3. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR	- - - - -						Water loss ~ 160 gal
rt: CTO53 RED HI	248	428						4 Hif		4. 10, J, VN, NO, NO, S1, S 5. 10, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Su, ST, S 							
Repc		723															

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 28 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	КС	ORE				tlic	S	AMPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	b Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-	-250	430-		90				5 IF		 ↓ The tast alteration/possible flow boundary black (2.5/N), dark red (2.5YR 3/6), light red (2.5YR 7/8), yellow (10YR 8/8). At 429.2 ft becomes reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) and dark reddish gray (2.5YR 3/1) and yellow (10YR 8/8), olive brown (2.5Y 4/4), slightly weathered, strong, 40% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm. At 430 ft becomes 10-40% vesicles, rounded, 1-5 mm, Mn infills, and staining. 				0.0	[60]	
	-252	431 						NA AN			- - - -					Water loss ~ 160 gal
	-232	433	83		100		16	T IF		L y → becomes very dark gray (10YR 3/1), slightly - weathered, strong, 10% vesicles, rounded, 1-10 mm 						
	-254	434 - - -						N =		y becomes very dark gray (10YR 3/1), olive brown (2.5Y 4/4), reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4), 15-30% vesicles, rounded, <1 mm √ IF, -Mn, Sp+Su						
		435-						EX.						0.0	[100]	
MW14	-256	436 -		92				2								
J; 6/17/2019 RH		437-	84		100		42			 Tounded, 1-4 mm Tounded, 1-4 mm T. 85, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, S 2. 90, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp+Su, Wa, SR 3. 0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, R 4. 80, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, R 5. 0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, ST, R 						Water loss ~ 160 gal
RE LOGS.GP	-258	439-						3								
6 RED HILL CC	-260	440		93				4		- 				0.0	[150]	
ile: CTO18F012		441						T IF		staining 1. 25, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, R 2. 25, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, R 3. 15, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR 4. 15, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR						
L AND PID; FI	-262	442	85		108		40	A.								Water loss ~ 160 gal
ILL WITH WEL		443						252								
CTO53 RED H	-264	444 –						2 3 4		→ → → → → At 444.8 ft becomes black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly → weathered to no weathering, strong to very strong, → 30% vesicles rounded <1 mm						
Report.		445-		1		I					1		I			l

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 29 of 32

			I	ROC	K C	ORE				tic	:	SAI	MPLE	S		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
266	446-				•				↓ ↓ ↓ becomes 15% vesicles, rounded, <0.5-2 mm ↓ ↓ ↓ becomes 5% vesicles, rounded/elongate, 5 mm	-				0.0	[75]	
	447-	-							↓ becomes 10% vesicles, rounded, <0.5 mm ↓ becomes 30% vesicles, rounded/irregular, 1-4 mm	-						
268	448-	86		96		88	1		y becomes 10% vesicles, rounded/irregular, 2-10 mm y becomes 30% vesicles, rounded, 4-10 mm ↓ becomes 20% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm 1.0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 2. 10, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR	-						Water loss ~ 160 gal
	449-	-					2		∑ 3. 0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, R 	-						
270	450-	-	96				3		- 1.75, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 2.0, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp+Su, Wa, SR 3.0, J, VN, No, No, ST, SP	-				0.0	[60]	
	451-	-					2		- 4. 0, J, VN, Fe, Su, Wa, SR 	-						
₽ 272	452-	87		104		50	4 M		- 	-						
7/2019 RHN	453-	-							- - 	-						Water loss ~ 160 gal
1/9 :rd5:s5	454-	-					5		5. 10, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR <u>BASALT a'a Clinker</u> Red (2.5YR 4/6) and light red (2.5YR 6/8) with dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) slightly weathered, strong clasts, loose	-						
LL CORE LO	455-	-	-		-				At 454.2 ft becomes reddish brown (2.5YR 4/3) and reddish black (2.5YR 2.5/1), red (2.5YR 4/6)	-				0.0	[75]	
III276	456-	-					MIF		dark gray (10YR 3/1) with reddish brown (2.5YR 4/3)							
File: CT018F	457-	88		60		8	M		- 	- 8						Water loss ~ 160 gal
iqid UNA278	458-						+ -		- - - - -	-						
L WITH WELI	459-	-							no recovery	- - - -						
-280	460-		-						BASALT Massive a'a						[50]	
Report: CT(461-						1		Gray (5/N), slightly weathered, strong to very strong, 10% vesicles, very elongate/stretched, 2-30 mm	1						

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 30 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	кс	ORE				tic	S	AMPLI	ES		
	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
_,	-282	462	89		100		60	3 M		L 1. 10, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR 2. 10, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Sp+Su, Wa, S 3. 10, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 4. 25, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 5. 25, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 						
		463-						M 4 5 M								Water loss ~ 160 gal
	-284	465						. M						0.0	[50]	
_,	-286	466- -						12		- 2.0, 0, 0, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00						
		467	90		100		94	M M M								Water loss ~ 160 gal
19 RHMW14	-288	460- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -														
3S.GPJ; 6/17/20	-290	470		-				IF M		→ becomes gray (6/N), slightly weathered, very strong, 2% vesicles, rounded/irregular, <1 mm 1. 20, J, VN, Mn, Sp, CI, Su+Sp, ST, S 2. 0, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, S 3. 75, J, VM, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, S				0.0	[42.9]	
D HILL CORE LO		471		101						- 4. 80, J, T, Wa-sealed						Water loss ~ 500 gal
CTO18F0126 REI	-292	472- 	91		74		28	e		BASALT at a Clinker Black (10YR 2/1) and reddish brown (2.5YR 4/3), moderately weathered, strong, loose						~473-474 ft
L AND PID; File:	-294	474 								no recovery						high water pressure
- WITH WEL		475-		102						BASALT Pahoehoe Reddish black (2.5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, strong				0.0	[60]	
: CT053 RED HILI	-296	476								to very strong, ∠u% vesicles, rounded/irregular, 1-5 mm mm T T t 475.2 ft roppy pahoehoe texture T 1. 15, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 2. 5, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 3. 0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, R 4. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 4. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR						Water loss ~ 500 gal
Report		477				1			1	1	1	1			1	1

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 31 of 32

			F	ROC	КС	ORE					tic	SA	MPLE	S		
Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	-	VVell Schema	l type Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
298	478-	92	102	104		62	BA IF		 5. 0, J, VN, Mn, Wa, SR becomes dark reddish brown (5YR 3/3), slightly weathered, strong to very strong, 40% vesicles, rounded, <0.5-4 mm becomes black (10YR 2/1), slightly weathered, strong to very strong, 30% vesicles, round, 1-2 mm, 1% weathered olivine phenocrysts, 2 mm 	<u>absinsinsinsinsin</u>						
300	479- 480-		103						-					0.0	[75]	
	481-						2		- ↓ becomes black (10YR 2/1), slightly weathered, very strong, 20% vesicles, irregular, 1-15 mm							
302	482- 483-	93		100		32	THE REAL		→ w becomes 10% vesicles, irregular, 1-10 mm w becomes reddish brown (2.5YR 4/3) and yellow (10YR 7/8), slightly weathered, very strong, 20% vesicles, round, 1-2 mm							Water loss ~ 500 gal
₽ 304	484 -	-					34		-	<u>whetherter</u>	KINKINKINKINKI					
5.GPJ; 6/17/2019 - 1006- -	485-						A PHO			<u> </u>	NYDYDYDYDYDY			0.0	[60]	
HILL CORE LOG	487-	94		100		22			4. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 5. 45, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR □ 6. 45, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Sp, Wa, SR □ □ □ becomes black (10YR 2/1)_slightly weathered, verv		NUNEDED ED E					Water loss ~ 500 gal
CT018F0126 RED	488- 489-	-					IF 3 4		_ strong, 25% vesicles, rounded, 1-3 mm	<u>Utillitikikikiki</u>	NUMER CONTRACTS					
ELL AND PID; File: - -310	490-	-	-				56		mm BASALT a'a Clinker Loose, reddish brown (2.5YR 5/4), dusky red (2.5YR 3/2), dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/3), clay veins and	<u>tentententer</u>	11/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/			0.0	[42.9]	
D HILL WITH WEI	491-	-							- staining yellow (10YR 8/8) and very pale brown (10YR – 8/3), slightly to moderately weathered, medium strong - to strong	<u> </u>	NUNTURA SUPERIOR					Water loss ~ 500 gal
CT053 RE	492- 493-	95		54		0			no recovery	<u>hërtëtt</u>	THUR THE					

Log of Boring RHMW14

Sheet 32 of 32

ſ				F	ROC	K C	ORE					atic	SAI	MPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	b Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		VVell Schema	I ype Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	314	494		106						no recovery	<u>uhtutututututu</u>						End boring at 14:45 at 495 ft on 2/25/19. DTW=163.31 btoc
	316	490 496 - -								Boring complete at 495 ft bgs Used a total of approximately 9,875 gallons of circulation water and two 50 lb bags of max gel bentonite powder.	-						2/26/19 DTW= 163.53 bloc (159.78 ft bgs)
	318	497- - - 498-								 Jucket from 3 ft bgs. Drill with 24 bigs adget adget adget and 20" steel casing to 45 ft bgs. Drill with 10"0D HSA from 45 ft bgs to 56 ft bgs. HQ core from 56 ft bgs to 89 ft bgs. Ream borehole with 17.5" tricone to 89 ft bgs. Install 10" steel casing to 88 ft bgs. HQ core from 89 ft bgs to 134 ft bgs. Borehole reamed to 135 ft bgs with 9 7/8" tricone. 5" steel casing installed to 135 ft bgs. PQ core from 135 ft bgs to 495 ft bgs. Installed westbay MP38 							
		499								- multi-level well with 8 isolated sampling zones. 	-						
MW14	320	500- -								- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-						
17/2019 RHI		501 - 									-						
OGS.GPJ; 6	322	502								- 	-						
HILL CORE L		503-								- 	-						
18F0126 RED	324	504															
ID; File: CTO		505-								 	-						
WELL AND PI	326	506-									-						
RED HILL WITH	320	507- 								- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Report: CTO53	.JZO	509-									-						

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 1 of 18

Da Dri	te(s) lled	03/06/19 - 3/22/19	Logged M. Higley, B. Mintz	Checked J. Kronen
Dri Me	lling thod	Hand auger, HSA, HQ core, PQ core	Drill Bit Size/Type 8" OD HSA, HQ/PQ core diamond bit	Total Depth of Borehole 281.0 feet
Dri Typ	ll Rig be	Mobile B-59/ Mobile B-90	Drilling Contractor Valley Well Drilling	Approximate 224.84 Surface Elevation
Gro	oundwater vel	El. ~20.17' (3/22/19)	Location Halawa Correctional Facility	Inclination from Horizontal/Bearing 90°
Bor Co	rehole mpletion	Nested set of four grouted in vibratin	g wire piezometers # Zone Identifier	Hammer Data 140 lbs/30-inch drop
		ROCK CORE		일 SAMPLES
Elevation,	feet Depth, feet	Run No. Box No. Recovery,% Fractures per Foot R Q D, % Fracture Drawing Number Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Vell Schemat Type Number Blows per foot PID (ppm) Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr] String Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonserved Resonser
-224	4 1- 2-		FILL Gray, well-graded GRAVEL (GW), gravel drill pad (FILL) Moist, dark reddish brown (2.5YR 2.5/4) to (2.5YR 3/3) Sandy Fat CLAY (CH) with gravel, basaltic, fine to coarse, angular to subrounded, 15% gravel, 25% sand, 60% fines (FILL)	Hand auger to 5 ft bgs
	- 3- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		becomes dark brown (7.5YR 3/4), moist, less gravel Sandy Fat CLAY (CH), 5% gravel, 25% sand, 70% fines	Begin drilling with 8"0D HSA at 5 ft bgs
-211	8 7- 		grades with more gravel, probable slightly	Augers
-210	6 9- -		weathered basalt boulder, angular, dark greénish gray (10Y 4/1)	grinding at 8 - 9.5 ft bgs
-214 -214	10		very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), fragmented, slightly weathered basalt boulder Moist, dark brown (10YR 3/3) with strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) mottles and dark greenish gray (10YR 4/1), Clayey GRAVEL with Sand (GC), hard, 40% basalt gravel, 15% sand, 45% fines, angular basaltic (FILL).	1 0.0 Augers grinding hard at 10.33 ft to 12 ft. Softer at 12 ft
212-212	12- 2 13-		ALLUVIUM Dark brown (10YR 3/3) Sandy Fat CLAY (CH), rounded to subrounded, moderate to highly weathered, fine to coarse, basaltic (Alluvium), 30%	2 0.0

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 2 of 18

			F	ROC	K C	ORE				ttic	;	SAN	NPLE	S		
Elevation, feet	ی Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-210 -208	13- 14- 15- 16- 17- 18-	1		100		0			 sand, 70% fines ✓ very dark greenish gray (10Y 2/1) basalt boulder, slightly to moderately weathered, intensely fractured ✓ dark gray (N4) to dark brown (10YR 3/3) matrix Clayey GRAVEL (GC) with sand. Sand and gravel are highly weathered, rounded to subrounded, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6), fine to coarse, with some highly to completely weathered basalt cobbles, high plasticity, 35% gravel, 20% sand, 45% fines 					0.0	[75]	HSA to 15 ft bgs Begin coring with HQ core at 15 ft on 3/09/19 Brown water return, no water loss
-206	19- 								v── grades with less clay	-						
2/2019 RHTB01	20- 21-								✓ grades with more cobbles, slightly to highly weathered, strong to very weak	-				0.0	[50]	Proum water
3 RED HILL CORE LOGS.GPJ; 6/	22- 23- 24-	2		100		0										return
-11e: CT018F012	25-									-				0.0	[75]	
IH MELL AND PID; F	26- - - 27-								very dark gray (N3), basalt boulder, slightly weathered, very hard dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6), strong brown							
TO53 RED HILL WI		3		70		13			(7.5YR 4/6) and very dark greenish gray (1ŎY 3/5) Clayey GRAVEL (GC) with sand, basaltic, rounded to subangular, highly to slightly weathered, fine to coarse, with some cobbles, 40% gravel, 30% sand, 30% fines							
C -196	29-								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-						

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 3 of 18

			F	ROC	K C	ORE				tic	S	AM	PLE	s		
Elevation, feet	b Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-194	29 		-						no recovery					0.0	[100]	
-192	32-	4		60		0			dark olive gray (5Y 3/2) basalt pahoehoe boulder, moderately weathered, weak, 30-40% vesicles							water loss
-190	34-								no recovery							
¹⁰⁸¹ 표- 188	36-								Very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) with strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) veins and staining, massive a'a basalt boulders and cobbles, moderately to slightly weathered, intensely fractured with thick Mn+Fe surface coating on fractures	- - - - - - - -				0.0	[60]	Brown water return, no water loss
RELOGS.GPJ; 6/6/2019 F	37- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5		80		0			✓ dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) matrix with very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) gravel, Clayey GRAVEL with Sand (GC), angular, moderately weathered, fine to coarse with cobbles (highly to completely weathered basalt boulder), 50% gravel, 25% sand,							
18F0126 RED HILL COF	40- 								 a dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) to very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), loose basalt GRAVEL (GC) moderate to highly weathered, weak to strong, traces of day but most washed away 					0.0	[37.5]	
ELL AND PID; File: CTC	41- - - 42- - -	6		60		0			more angular, less weathered, likely basalt boulder fragmented by drilling, some clav							Brown water return, water loss ~300 gal. Driller thinks upper hole is squeezing preventing full water return
063 RED HILL WITH W	43- 								no recovery	- - - - - -						
CED-1: CI	4 5-															

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 4 of 18

				ROC	K C	ORE				tic	:	SAN	/IPLE	s		
Elevation,	feet Depth,	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-178	46 ⁸ 47 48	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		60		0			Dark gray (N4), dark brown (10YR 3/3) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/8), Fat CLAY (CH) with sand, coarse, rounded, highly weathered and friable, fine to coarse, 5% gravel, 25% sand, 70% fines Grades with more GRAVEL and cobbles (GC), subrounded to subangular, moderately weathered, 40% gravel, 20% sand, 40% fines					0.0	[42.9]	Brown water return, water loss ~300 gal
-176	⁶ 49 50 4				-		-		✓ very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) basalt GRAVEL - (GC) to boulders, rounded to subangular, mostly rounded, moderately weathered					0.1	[33.3]	After run 7, driller tried to flush hole by pumping water, very high back pressure suggesting hole is squeezing
100 RHTB01	51 52 2 53			96		0			Dark brown (10YR 3/3) with very dark gray (N4) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) mottling, Sandy Fat CLAY with Gravel (SC), rounded, highly to moderately weathered, fine to coarse, 20% gravel, 25% sand, 55% fines	-						Full brown water return, no water loss After run is complete and core barrel is retrieved, water continues to flow out of drill
L CORE LOGS.GPJ; 6/6/20	54 0 55				-		-		- very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), basalt cobbles, - slightly to moderately weathered, Fe+Mn staining on fractures					0.0	[37.5]	annulus for ~10 min. Driller suspects it is his drill water that pressurized the formation and is now depressurizing. Water loss fell from 10.55 ft
File: CT018F0126 RED HILI 1 391	56 ⁸ 57			66		0			dark brown (10YR 3/3) with very dark gray (N4) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) mottling, Sandy Fat CLAY (CH), fine to coarse, highly weathered sand, 30% sand, 5% gravel, 65% fines							btoc to 10.75 ft btoc in 35 min. Stick up is 3.75 ft. Hard slow drilling. Brown water return, water loss ~200 gal
LL WITH WELL AND PID; 19	58 ⁶ 59								moderately weathered, hard, intensely fractured with Fe+Mn staining on fractures, traces of clay							At 58 ft fast drilling ~30sec/ft. Increased water loss
Report: CTO53 RED HI	60 4 61	-			-				dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) to very dark greenish gray, Clayey GRAVEL (GC), moderately to highly weathered, fine to coarse, rounded to subangular, with moderately to highly weathered basalt cobbles	-				0.0	[21.4]	

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 5 of 18

Γ				F	ROC	K C	ORE				atic	\$	SAM	PLE	S		
	feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-1	62	62- 63- 64- 65-	10		34		0			no recovery same as above, clay matrix likely washing away					0.0	[100]	Brown water return, water loss ~100 gal Driller says water pump is on lowest setting ~0.75 psi
1B01	58	66	11		34		0			> no recovery							Brown water return, water loss ~50 gal Water flows out of hole annulus and casing (HQ) for ~10 min after extracting core barrel. This was observed on runs 8 through 11. Volume per run ~15-30
ILL CORE LOGS.GPJ; 6/6/2019 RH 	56 54	69- 													0.0	[100]	gallons Driller says formation is soft with hard zones Water fell from 0 ft to 2.25 ft in 55 min
D PID; File: CT018F0126 RED H 	52	72- 73- 74-	12		34					> no recovery							Brown water return, water loss ~100 gal
<u>053 RED HILL WITH WELL AN</u> L	50	75- 76-								grades with less clay and cobbles, more gravel size fragments					0.0	[37.5]	
Report: CT(48	77-															

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 6 of 18

			F	२०८	K C	ORE	-			atic	;	SAMPI	ES		
Elevation, feet	-22 feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Scheme	Type	Number Blows	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-146	78- 79-	13		34					\ no recovery						Boring paused
-144	80- - 81- -	- - - - - - -					-		dark brown (10YR 3/3), very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) Clayey GRAVEL (GC) with cobbles, basaltic, moderately to highly weathered, rounded to angular, mixture of pahoehoe and massive a'a				0.0	[75]	3/7/19 at 1318 Water level at 20.21 Water level on 3/8/19 at 23.88 ft. Resume drilling on 3/8/19. Bailed water to check for recharge, see field log book 8
-142	82- 83- 83-	14		50		0			dark brown (10YR 3/3) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) gravelly Fat CLAY with Sand (CH), basaltic, highly weathered, angular to rounded						Brown water return, no water loss
140 RHTB01	84	-	-		-		-		 no recovery dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4), yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) and very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), Clayey GRAVEL (GC), rounded to subangular, 				0.0	[60]	
ILL CORE LOGS.GPJ; 6/6	86 - 87-	15		44		0			moderately to highly weathered, mix of pahoehoe and a'a						Brown water return, no water loss
90118F0126 RED HI	88- 	-							SAPROLITE Very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), basalt cobbles and boulders moderate to bigbly weathered weak to						
- :UNITH WELL AND PID: - -1 34	90- - - 91- -						-		 very weak with layers of Clayey GRAVEL (GC) to Gravelly Fat CLAY with Sand (CH), very weak, friable, – highly weathered, angular to rounded ← At 89.2 ft dark brown (10YR 3/3) Clayey GRAVEL with Sand (GC), basaltic, angular, highly weathered, fine to coarse, 40% gravel, 20% sand, 40% fines ← At 89.7 ft very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) with 				0.0	[42.9]	Brown water return, no
Report: CT053 RED HILL 2011	92- - - 93-	16		60					L yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) oxidation in vesicles, basalt a'a cobble, very weak, highly weathered, intensely fractured with Fe+Mn on fractures ✓ At 91 ft dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) to dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) Clayey GRAVEL with Sand GC), rounded to angular, fine to coarse, basaltic, highly weathered, weak						water loss

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 7 of 18

$\left[\right]$				F	ROC	кс	ORE				itic	SA	AMPLE	S		
Elevation,	feet Donth	teet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Blows	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-13	0	94								 At 91.8 ft grades wih highly weathered, very weak, massive a'a basalt cobbles with Fe+Mn on fractures At 92.3 ft less clay, more gravel, gravel moderately weathered with strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) oxidation no recovery 						
		95 96								no recovery	-			0.0	[42.9]	Brown water return, no water loss
-12	8	97 97 98	17		70		8			 basat bolider, fight to moderately weathered, veryweak, intensely fractured with Fe+Mn partially filling, ~10% vesicles, 2-15 mm, some filled with clay (probably from coring), ~8% weathered olivine phenocrysts 						Boring paused at 100 ft bgs on 3/8/19 at 0858. Hole
-12	6 1	99 1 1 100				-										reamed to 17.5" diameter. Prepare for installing 10" steel casing. 10" steel casing installed to 100
19 RHTB01	4 1	- - 101	18		80	-	0			} no recovery - 				0.0	[30]	ft bgs. Begin PQ coring on 3/19/19 at 1245 from 100 ft
RELOGS.GPJ; 6/6/20	1 2	102-								 basalt completely weathered, very weak to extremely weak, weathered to Clayey SAND with Gravel (SC), rounded core stones visible; vesicles 0.1-1.5 mm 	-					
3F0126 RED HILL COF	1	103	19		48		0									No water return, 100-101 and 101-106
ND PID; File: CT01	0 1 1	105 106				-					-			0.0	[75]	
D HILL WITH WELL A	8 1	107								to angular, highly to completely weathered, friable, weak to extremely weak with highly weathered basalt cobbles highly weathered basalt cobble (107.2-107.7 ft)						Light brown water return
Report: CTO53 REI	1 6 1	108-	20		84		0				-					

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 8 of 18

\square				F	ROC	КС	ORE				tic		SAN	/IPLE	s		
Elevation,	teet Denth	feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-114 -112	1 1 1 2 1		21	10	100		0			dark gray (10YR 4/1) GRAVEL (GC), subrounded to subangular, Fe, Mn Dark gray (10YR 4/1) massive a'a basalt boulder, moderately weathered, intensely fractured with Fe and Mn on surfaces (111.7-112.5 ft) Strong brown (7.5YR 4/2) Clayey GRAVEL with Sand (GC), subrounded to angular gravel, friable, weak to extremely weak, Mn, Fe on surfaces, highly to completely weathered basalt					0.0	[23.1]	Light brown water return
-110) 1	- - - - - - -															End drilling at 116 ft bgs,
9 RHTB01 - 108	1 ³ 1	16 - - 17		11						✓ dark greenish gray (4/5 GY), massive a'a basalt – boulders bigbly to moderately weathered extremely					0.0	[75]	3/19/19 [°] Resume drilling at 116 ft bgs 3/20/19. Water level is 0 ft bgs at 0800
ORE LOGS.GPJ; 6/6/201	1 5 1	- 	22		88		0	2 2		weak, no vesicles — completely weathered basalt, Clayey SAND with Gravel (SC), fines 50%, sand 30%, gravel 20%, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), angular gravel — intensely fractured, Fe+Mn staining	4						Light brown water return, no water loss
1018F0126 RED HILL C	1	20 - - - - - - - - -		12				NR		no recovery							
L AND PID; File: C	1	22 - - -								Massive a'a basalt boulder, intensely fractured, greenish black (2.5/10GY), moderate to highly weathered, very weak, no vesicles. IF. J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su, Wa, S					0.0	[23.1]	Hard slow drilling at 122-124 ft
-102 - 102	2 1	23-	23	13	100		0	to all									Light brown water return, no water loss
CTO53 RE) 1	24 -						5.		At 124.4 ft Clayey GRAVEL with Sand (GC), dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), angular gravel, basaltic, highly weathered, some cobbles, fines 50%, sand 20%, gravel 30%							

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 9 of 18

ſ				F	ROC	кс	ORE				tic	Γ	s/	AMF	PLE	s		
ī	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Nimber	Blows	per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
		126						-		 ↓ 124.6-124.8 ft increase in angular gravel and cobbles ↓ very dark gray (2.5Y 3/1), massive a'a basalt ↓ boulder, very weathered, Fe Mn Su stains 	-					0.0	[100]	
-g	98	- 127-								 intensely fractured, pahoehoe basalt boulder, very dark gray (10YR 3/1), highly weathered, extremely weak, 15% rounded vesicles, <2 mm, infilled with Mn+Fe, clay matrix washed out, loose — grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2), massive a'a basalt boulder, intensely fractured, Mn+Fe surface stains 	- - - -							Light brown water return, no water loss
		128- 	24	14	94		0	*		✓ At 127.5 ft Clayey GRAVEL with Sand (GC), dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), Mn staining, fines 45%, sand 15%, gravel 40%	- - - -							
-ç	96	129 - - - 130						,		massive a'a basalt boulder, yellowish red (5YR 4/6), completely to highly weathered, very weak, 15% vesicles, 1-5 mm, irregular-elongate, Mn infilled Dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), black (10YR 2/1), gray (5Y 5/1) Clayey SAND with Gravel (SC), relic structures still evident, fines 50%, sand 35%, gravel 15%, vesicles and fractures preserved, highly								
-ç)4	131-						NR		weathered basalt, extremely weak, Mn staining	-					0.0	[300]	Faster drilling extremely
301		132-						10			-							falling for whole run
6/6/2019 RHT	92	133-	25	15	28		0				-							
RE LOGS.GPJ;	90	134– - - 135–						1		no recovery	-							Light brown water return, no water loss
26 RED HILL CC		- - 136-						A DEM		same as above, mechanical fractures.						0.0	[300]	Faster drilling, rods dropping
File: CTO18F01	38	137-						M		relic vesicles 10%, rounded-irregular, 1-5 mm, infilled with Mn	-							
FELL AND PID;	00	138- - -	26	16	80		0				-							Light brown water return, no water loss
	90	139-								 reddish brown (5YR 4/4) with prominent infilled relic fractures and relic vesicles infilled with Mn 								Per driller "3 in
Leport: CTO53 RE	34	140- - - - 141-																dropped down hole when core barrel was retrieved"

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 10 of 18

ſ				F	ROC	K C	ORE				Itic	SA	MPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	F Depth,	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	R Q D, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
		141												0.0	[300]	Light brown water return, no water loss Fast drilling, rods dropping
	82	143-	27	17	120		0									quick. Extra foot recovered from run 27 was likely from run 26 and was added to that run
	80	144														
		- - 146									3			0.0	[300]	
-	78	147														Light brown water return, no water loss
9 RHTB01	76	148	28	18	100		0			relic massive a'a basalt boulder, dark grayish brown (2.5YR 4/2), heavily weathered, very weak						Fast drilling, rods dropping
GS.GPJ; 6/6/201		150														
ED HILL CORE LO	74	151		19						 same as above but contains relic massive a'a boulders/cobbles in clay matrix, olive gray (SY 5/2), highly weathered, very weak, relic structures 				0.0	[75]	
e: CTO18F0126 RI	72	152														Light brown water return, no water loss
<u>ELL AND PID;</u> Fik		154 – -	29	20	100		0			← becomes light brown (7.5YR 6/4) with olive gray (5Y 5/2), relic massive a'a basalt, highly weathered basalt, irregular-angular cobbles, relic structures, extremely weak, fines 40%, sand 45%, gravel 15%						
ED HILL WITH WE	70	155 - - - 156 -								becomes dark brown (10YR 3/3), Sandy Lean CLAY with Gravel (SC), fines 60%, sand 20%, gravel 20%, highly weathered basalt, rounded gravel, relic structures present						
Report: CTO53 R	68	157-								✓ relic massive a'a basalt boulder, olive gray (5Y 5/2), highly weathered, in clay matrix, extremely weak				0.0	[75]	

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 11 of 18

ſ				F	ROC	K C	ORE				itic	S	AMPLE	S		
	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number Blows ber foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	66	157 - 	30		100		0			At 156.6 ft becomes dark yellowish brown (10YR 5/2), brown (10YR 4/3), dark reddish gray (10YR 4/2), highly weathered, relic structures-fractures and vesicles infilled with Mn, rounded-irregular gravel size clasts in clay matrix, extremely weak						Light brown water return, no water loss
		- - - 160 - - -								subrounded-angular cobbles/gravels	-					
	64	161 								- 	-			0.0	[300]	Fast drilling, rods dropping
_	6 2	- 163 - -	31		106		0			- - - - - -						Light brown water return, no water loss
2019 RHTB01	6 0	164 														Bagged 9" of core for possible geotech sample
S.GPJ; 6/6/		166- -		23		-					-			0.0	[60]	Light brown water return, no water loss
HILL CORE LOG	58	167 - -								 dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4), relic massive a'a basalt, highly weathered, extremely weak, elongate vesicles 1-8 mm, irregular, infilled with Mn, Fe, white secondary mineralization (possibly calcite), subrounded to angular gravel size clasts in a clay matrix 	-					
File: CTO18F0126 RED	56	168– - - 169–	32		94		0									
L AND PID;		170-								- 						
L WITH WEL	54	171-				-								0.0	[37.5]	Light brown water return, no water loss
eport: CTO53 RED HIL	52	172– 173–								✓ At 172.6 ft intensely fractured and mechanically fractured basalt, massive a'a boulder, very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1), highly weathered, very weak, Mn+Fe staining						

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 12 of 18

			F	ROC	K C	ORE				tic	:	SAN	/IPLE	s		
Elevation, feet	Leeth, 123–	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD,%	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	174-	33	25	100		0			Very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) and yellowish red (10YR 5/6) Clayey GRAVEL with Sand (GC), highly weathered, extremely weak, basaltic, subrounded gravel, fines 50%, sand 20%, gravel 30%	- - - - -						
-50	175- 								 	-						
	- 176 -				-		7							0.0	[50]	First hard
-48	- - - - - - -								← dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) and strong brown (5.5YR 4/6), completely weathered massive a'a basalt, weathers to Clayey Gravel (GC), subangular to angular gravel with cobbles, friable	-				0.0	[00]	drilling, then easy, then hard
	178-						14									Light brown
	-	34	26	88		0	13			_						wäter return, no water loss
-46	- 179 –						1		Dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) and strong brown							
	-						-1-1		completely weathered basalt	-						
TB01	- - - - - -						NR		grades with more gravel, highly weathered, friable, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and dark gray (7.5YR 4/1), completely to highly weathered basalt, weathers to Clayey SAND with Gravel (SC), gravel is highly weathered, friable							
표-44	- 181 –		-		-					-				0.0	[75]	
/2019	-						1. 1							0.0	[, 0]	
J; 6/6	182-						-			2						
S.GP.	-															
- 42	- 183— -	25		100					y grades with highly weathered basalt cobbles, _ fines 50%, sand 30%, gravel 20% _							
UHL U	-	35		100		0				-						
26 REI	184-															
8F012	-									-						
1010 1010	185-						-									Boring paused
File: v	-															at 185 ft on 3/20/19
EID:	186-								4 - 							
AND	-									-				0.0	[60]	Resume drilling at 0645
-38	-															Water level equals 63.08 ft
HTIN	187-						20			1						btoc
	-								The second secon							
RED	188-								weamered, extremely weak, Mn++e staining							Light brown
:T053	-	36	28	94		0										water return, no water loss
0: -36	- 189-								L Dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/5) Clayey GRAVEL	1						
Ret																

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 13 of 18

ſ				F	ROC	K C	ORE				tic	Γ	s	AMP	LE	s		
	rievauon, feet	− 681 Depth, Leet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Ni sebas	Blows	per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
-3	4	190- 191-						ASX-IF		 with Sand (GC), clay matrix, highly weathered, weak, basalt gravel pieces dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1), angular, weak, moderate to highly weathered, Mn+Fe staining, large gravel/cobbles, possible boulder in clay matrix, fines 40%, sand 20%, gravel 40% massive basalt a'a boulder, black (10YR 2/1), mechanically intensely fractured, moderate to highly weathered, extremely weak no recovery								
		191 - 192-						24		 At 190.4 ft becomes Clayey SAND with Gravel (SC), dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), highly to completely weathered, extremely weak, angular gravel, fines 50%, sand 30%, gravel 20% 	-					0.0	[50]	Light brown water return, no water loss
-3	2	- - 193-						6		✓ At 191.2 ft massive a'a basalt boulder, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4), highly weathered, weak, 0% vesicles, irregular and subrounded, <1 mm, partially infilled with Mn+Fe, secondary mineralization possibly calcite	-							Dinicult drining
		- - 194- -	37	29	72		0			 AT 192 ft Clayey GRAVEL with SAND (GC), dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), highly weathered, extremely weak, subrounded to angular gravel, fines 50%, sand 25%, gravel 25% no recovery 								
-3	0	195- -								← massive a'a basalt boulder, dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1), highly weathered, very weak, rounded to subrounded ← At 195 ft gravel sized pieces								
1		196- -								2 1. 10, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su, Wa, SK 2 0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su, Wa, S 3 0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su, Wa, SR - small scale fractures throughout	-					0.0	[60]	
019 RHTBC	8	197-								Strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) Clayey SAND with Gravel								Light brown water return, no water loss Difficult drilling
S.GPJ; 6/6/2		- 198–						and the second		structures preserved, highly weathered dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) basaltic gravel with Mn+Fe staining, subrounded to angular gravel, fines 40%, sand 40%, gravel 20%	-							
	6	- 199 - - -	38	30	72					← massive a'a basalt boulder, very dark gray (10YR 3/2), moderate to highly weathered, very weak, _ intensely and mechanically fractured, 1% olivine _ phenocryst, 5% vesicles, irregular, 1-6 mm, some _ Mn+Fe staining, secondary mineralization (possibly _ calcite)	-							
8F0126 RED		200-								no recovery								
File: CT01	4	201-						×A		massive a'a basalt, dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1), moderate to highly weathered, very weak, intensely fractured, fractures have Mn+Fe surface staining, smooth						0.0	[100]	
LL AND PID;		202-																Light brown water return, no water loss
	2	203-	39	31	80		0	4 S										Difficult drilling
053 RED HIL		204- -		32				E		_ becomes more broken up and fractured, _ Mn+Fe+clay staining on fractures (surface and _ spotting), intensely fractured, some mechanical _ fractures towards the end of the run								
Seport: CI	0	205-						N			-							

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 14 of 18

\square				F	ROC	K C	ORE				tic	S	AMP	LE	s		
Elevation,	feet Depth.	teet 05-	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Blows	per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
	20	06								ho recovery					0.0	[27.3]	
-18	20	- - - - -								gravel sized/cobble sized basalt fragments, fines 40%, sand 25%, gravel 35%							Light brown water return, no water loss Difficult drilling
	20	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	40	32	66		0			 √── massive a'a basalt, dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1), 3% vesicles, <1 mm, partially infilled with Mn, moderate to highly weathered, very weak √── At 208.1 ft becomes intensely fractured massive a'a basalt, dark greenish gray (10X 4/1) and black 							Dropped core, could not latch inner barrel.
-16	20	- 09- - -								(2.5/N), highly weathered, very weak, rounded to subanguler cobbles, Mn+Fe+clay staining spotting							Trip out PQ casing to recover core. While tripping out casing, inner barrel
	2	10-						-		no recovery							latched. Core likely fell down hole
-14	2	11-								brown (10YR 4/3) Clayey GRAVEL with Sand (GC), moderate to highly weathered, extremely weak, gravel/cobble sized basalt fragments, some MotFotocondex minorely (arbitical) otening on					0.0	[50]	
102 12	2 ⁻ 2 ⁻	12- - - 13-								gravel fragments, fines 40%, sand 25%, gravel 35% — At 212.1 ft basalt pahoehoe boulder, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2), moderate to highly weathered, weak, mechanically fractured, 15% vesicles, rounded, <3 mm, partially infilled with clay							Light brown water return, no water loss
GS.GPJ; 6/6/2019	2^	- - - 14- - -	41	33	100		0	EF ≥		Mn, Fe At 212.4 ft massive a'a basalt boulder, brown (7.5YR 5/4), moderate to highly weathered, weak, 10% vesicles, irregular/subrounded, 1-20 mm, partially infilled with Mn+Fe, intensely fractured, fractures have Mn staining, some mechanical fractures							Faster drilling for middle ~2 ft
10-10	2 ⁷	15-								Brown (10YR 4/3) Clayey SAND with Gravel (SC), highly to completely weathered, extremely weak, some secondary mineral staining (calcite?), fines 50%, sand 35%, gravel 15%							
8F0126 RED H	2	16- - -		34						more intensely fractured massive a'a basalt, dark greenish gray (4/10Y), moderately weathered, weak, Mn+Fe staining					0.0	[42.9]	
D; File: CT01 A	2'	17-								moderate to highly weathered, very weak, gravel pieces are dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) a' and very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) pahoehoe with secondary calcite mineralization, reddish brown (5YR 5/3) basalt fines 55% sand 15% gravel 30%							Light brown water return, no water loss
TH WELL AND P.	2 ⁻ 2 ⁻	18- - - 19-	42	35						massive a'a basalt, dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1), highly weathered, weak, intensely fractured and mechanically fractured, Mn+Fe+clay staining on fracture surfaces fracture and more							
33 RED HILL WI	22	- 20-								broken up ↓ Lean CLAY with Gravel (CL) as above ↓ At 220.3 ft pahoehoe basalt boulder, very dark							
Report: CTO	22	21						1		vesicles, rounded to subrounded, 1-5 mm, partially infilled with clay							
Project: CTO1850126 - Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facilty Project Location: CTO18F0126 Project Number: 60571032

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 15 of 18

ſ				F	ROC	K C	ORE				itic	5	SAM	PLE	s				
	Elevation, feet	Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Number	per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS		
		-								1.0, J, VN, CI, Sp, Wa, SR	-				0.0	[30]			
		222									-						Light brown water return, no water loss		
	-2	223	43	36	100		30	30	30	1		 	-						
		224 						2		L y → massive a'a, greenish gray (5GY 6/1), _ moderately weathered, weak to medium strong, 5% _ vesicles, subrounded irregular and elongate, 1-25 _ mm, partially infilled with clay _ 2. 10, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, SR	-								
	-0	225- - -						M		- 3. 20, J, VN, Mn, Sp, S1, SR - 4. 20, J, VN, Mn, Sp, ST, SR - 5. 5, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR - For Run Number 44:	-								
	2	226						M 1 M		↑ 1.0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su+Sp, Wa, SR ¬ 2. 45, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su+Sp, Wa, SR ¬ 3. 5, J, VN, calcite, Sp, Wa, R ↑ 4. 90, J, VN, Mn, Su, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR ¬ 5. 0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR	-				0.0	[33.3]			
	-2	227-		37			28	Z IF M M		brown (10YR 4/3), Lean CLAY with Sand (CL)	-						Light brown water return, no water loss		
HTB01	A	228-	44		80					25%, gravel 15%, includes relic pahoehoe basalt, very dark gray (10YR 3/1), completely weathered, extremely weak, <2 mm rounded vesicles partially infilled with secondary mineral (calcite?)	-								
6/7/2019 R	•	229-						-) 4 5 6 7		 → Panoenoe basait, very dark gray (101R 3/1), moderate to highly weathered, medium strong to weak, 5% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm, partially infilled with clay → becomes 20% vesicles, subrounded to 									
E LOGS.GPJ;	6	230-		20				IF		subangular, 2-8 mm, partially infilled with clay At 229.8 ft becomes 25% vesicles, rounded, 5 mm, uniform, partially infilled with clay no recovery 230'-231' bgs	-								
ED HILL COR				30				M M M M		↓ 5% vesicles, rounded to subrounded, 1-4 mm ↓ becomes brown (10YR 5/3), moderate to highly	-				0.0	[50]			
018F0126 RE	8	232						M M IF		weathered, medium strong to weak, 30% vesicles, rounded, 1 mm, infilled with clay pinkish white (10YR 8/3)	-						Light brown water return, no water loss		
PID; File: CT		235 - - - - 234 -	45	39	100		20	MM		 becomes very dark gray (10YR 3/1), moderate to highly weathered, medium strong to weak, 20% vesicles subrounded, <2 mm, infilled with clay pinkish white (10YR 8/3) 	-						Intermittent hard and soft drilling		
HILL WITH WELL AND P	-10	204 - - - - -								 possible flow contact, heat alteration, yellowish red (5YR 5/6), ~30 mm wide red (5YR 5/6), ~30 mm wide 	-								
							MIF		 At 234.0 it becomes reddish brown (5YR 4/3), highly weathered, weak, 10% vesicles, <1 mm, partially infilled with Mn and clay pinkish white (10YR 8/3) At 236.2 ft becomes gray (10YR 5/1), moderately 	-									
t: CT053 REI	-12	230-						M M M 1		 weathered, medium strong, 5% vesicles, <1 mm, partially infilled with clay ✓ At 236.4 ft becomes very dark gray (10YR 3/1), 20% vesicles, rounded, <4 mm, infilled with clay 1. 0, J, Vn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR 					0.0	[75]			
Repor		237-							. , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									

Project: CTO1850126 - Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facilty Project Location: CTO18F0126 Project Number: 60571032

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 16 of 18



Project: CTO1830126 - Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facilty Project Location: CTO18F0126 Project Number: 60371042

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 17 of 18

ſ				F	ROC	кс	ORE				itic	S	AMPLI	ES		
i	Elevation, feet	5 Depth, feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Blows	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS
		254	49	44	100		64	3								
-	-30	255						5		3. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, SR 4. 45, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Su, Wa, SR 5. 15, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR	-					
		256 - -						FIF			•			0.0	[42.9]	
-	-32	257-						1		_						Water loss ∼200 gal
_	-34	258	50	45	110		76	23		 ✓ At 257.4 ft heat alteration, possible flow contact, ✓ yellowish red (5YR 5/6), 25 mm thick ✓ At 257.6 ft becomes dark reddish brown (5YR 3/3), highly weathered, weak, 3% vesicles, <1 mm, 						Lost water
~		260						4		A reprint of the set						v260 ft No water return for remainder of boring unless otherwise noted Poring poused
2019 RHTB0	-36	261 –		46				1		4. 50, J, VN, Mn, SD, VA, R 4. 50, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR → At 260.4 ft becomes dark gray (10YR 4/1), slightly – weathered, very strong, 20% vesicles, rounded, 1-5 mm				0.0	[20]	on 3/21/19 at 261 ft Resume coring on 3/22/19 at 0814_DTW =
GS.GPJ; 6/7/		- 262 - -						м		- 1. 10, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR - 2. 5, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR - ↓ becomes 10% vesicles, rounded to subrounded, - ↓ 2-12 mm - ↓ evidence of core grinding	1					207.54 ft btoc (204.67 ft bgs)
	-38	263-	51	47	84		52	3 V		↓ becomes very dark gray (7.5YR 3/1), slightly weathered, very strong, 25% vesicles, rounded, 2 mm						pressure causing the pressure relief value on GAC filter to activate
TO18F0126 RED H	40	264 – 						M		 no recovery evidence of core grinding. Becomes black (5YR 2.5/1), slightly weathered, strong to very strong, 10% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm 3. 60, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Cl, Sp, Wa, R 4. 0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Fe, Su, Wa, R 						Drilling paused partway through to adjust pressure relief valve on GAC
JD PID; File: C		266 -						5 M		5. 25, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, R becomes 25% vesicles, rounded to subrounded, 1-5 mm				0.0	[100]	Top 0.5 ft from
L WITH WELL AN	42	267 –								weathered, very strong, 30% vesicles, rounded, <2 weathered, very strong, 30% weathered, very strong, 30% weathered, very strong, 30% vesicles, rounded, <2 weathered, very strong, 30% vesicles, rounded, <2 mm						run 52 likely dropped from run 51
TO53 RED HILI		268 - -	52	48	110		50	IF 3 4		↓ becomes very dark gray (10YR 3/1), slightly weathered, very strong, 30% vesicles, rounded, 1-5 m 1. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R						
Report: C	44	269-						Pr		L 2. 10, J, VN, CI, Sp, ST, R						

Project: CTO1850126 - Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facilty Project Location: CTO18F0126 Project Number: 60571032

Log of Boring RHTB01

Sheet 18 of 18

			ROCK CORE						itic	일 SAMPLES						
Elevation, feet	- Depth , feet	Run No.	Box No.	Recovery,%	Fractures per Foot	RQD, %	Fracture Drawing Number	Lithology	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	Well Schema	Type	Blows per foot	PID (ppm)	Drill Time [Rate, ft/hr]	FIELD NOTES AND TEST RESULTS	
	203 								2 3. 45, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Fe, Su, Wa, SR - 4. 5, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR - 5. 50, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR - 6. 0, J, VN, No, No, Sp, Wa, R - 7. 5, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, R - 7. 5, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, R							
46	271- -		49				12						0.0	[60]		
	272						3									
48	273-	53		100		86			1. 35, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 2. 0, J, VN, No, No, Wa, R 3. 10, J, VN, CI, Sp, Wa, R 4. 0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Sp, Wa, SR 5. 45, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Sp, Wa, SR 6. 0, J, VN, Mn, Fe, Sp, Wa, SR							
50	275-		50				6 7 8		- 7. 80, Ĵ, VŃ, M'n, Sp, Ŵa, SR - 8. 0, J, VN, Fe, Sp, Wa, SR At 273.9 ft becomes 25% vesicles, rounded to - subrounded, 1-5 mm 							
10	276 –								↓ At 277.1 ft becomes 25% vesicles, rounded to subrounded, 1-4 mm				0.0	[60]		
/2019 RHTB	277-						1		At 277.7 ft becomes 10% vesicles, subrounded, <pre></pre>							
OGS.GPJ; 6/6	278- -	54		86		66	2 N N		infilled with clay very pale brown (10YR 8/4) → TA 278.8 ft becomes reddish brown (5YR 5/3), → moderate to slightly weathered, strong, 10% vesicles, → irregular, subrounded to subangular, 1-5 mm, Mn → spotting in vesicles							
	279-							4		At 279.5 ft becomes 5% vesicles, subrounded, 3-25 mm, partially infilled with Mn+Sp, partially infilled with clay, very pale brown (10YR 8/4) (halloysite) 1.50, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, SR 2.5, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Fe, Su, Wa, SR	 At 279.5 ft becomes 5% vesicles, subrounded, 3-25 mm, partially infilled with Mn+Sp, partially infilled with clay, very pale brown (10YR 8/4) (halloysite) 1. 50, J, VN, Mn, CI, Sp, Wa, SR 2. 5, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Fe, Su, Wa, SR 					
95-1	280- - -		52						3. 0, J, VN, MN, Sp, Wa, SR 4. 0, J, VN, Mn, Sp, Wa, SR 5. 0, J, VN, Mn, Cl, Sp, Wa, SR no recovery						Boring complete on 3/22/19 at 281 ft. 0.8 ft of core dropped downhole	
PID; File: CTC	281-							14/	Bottom of boring total depth is 281 ft bgs.							
- -58	282- 283-						10		Used a total of approximately 1,450 gallons of circulation water. Hand cleared from 0-5 ft bgs. Drill with 8" 0D HSA from 5-15 ft bgs. HQ core from 15-100 ft bgs. Hole reamed to 17.5". Install 10" steel casing to 100 ft bgs. PQ core from 100 ft to 281 ft bgs. Installed nested set of 4 vibrating wire piezometers and grouted in place.							
Report: CTO53 RED -	284– 285–															

Appendix B: Hydrographs



RHMW11 and UMW-1 – Long-Term Piezometric Heads **Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 08 Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility** JBPHH, Oʻahu, Hawaiʻi



19	.0				52.5				
	${}^{3}_{27}_{20}_{19}{}^{4}_{20}_{19}{}^{4}_{20}_{19}{}^{4}_{20}_{19}{}^{4}_{20}_{19}{}^{4}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_{20}_{19}{}^{5}_$	5_{18} , 5_{125} , 5_{122} , 5_{129} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} , 5_{120} ,	6/5/2019 6/12/2019 6/26 19	$\sum_{j=0}^{2} \sum_{j=0}^{2} \sum_{j$		$3_{12}_{12}_{12}_{12}_{12}_{12}_{12}_{12}$	1/2029 5/8/2029 5/25/2029 5/2 9	$9_{20_{19}}^{6/5}_{20_{19}}^{6/12}_{20_{19}}^{6/12}_{20_{19}}^{6/19}_{20_{19}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20_{12}}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}_{20}^{6/19}$	$(2_{6/2_{0_{1_{9}}}}^{7_{3}})_{2_{0_{1_{9}}}}^{7_{1_{1_{0}}}}_{7_{0_{1_{9}}}}^{7_{1_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{0_{1_{9}}}}^{7_{1_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{0_{1_{9}}}}^{7_{1_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}}_{7_{1_{7}}}}^{7_{1_{7}}}}}$
	LEGEND	Generalized Geology	Zone Top (ft msl)	Zone Bottom (ft msl)		LEGEND	Generalized Geology	Zone Top (ft msl)	Zone Bottom (ft msl)
	Zone 8 – MOSDAX Transducer	Weathered Basalt	49.8	30.8	•	Zone 8 – Pressure Profile	Weathered Basalt	49.8	30.8
	Zone 7 – MOSDAX Transducer	Weathered Basalt	25.8	10.8	•	Zone 7 – Pressure Profile	Weathered Basalt	25.8	10.8
	Zone 6 – MOSDAX Transducer	Weathered Basalt	32.8	-19.2	•	Zone 6 – Pressure Profile	Weathered Basalt	32.8	-19.2
	Zone 5- MOSDAX Transducer	Basalt	-24.2	-36.2	•	Zone 5 – Pressure Profile	Basalt	-24.2	-36.2
	Zone 4 – MOSDAX Transducer	Basalt	-65.2	-85.4	٠	Zone 4 – Pressure Profile	Basalt	-65.2	-85.4
	Zone 3 – MOSDAX Transducer	Basalt	-140.4	-157.3	•	Zone 3 – Pressure Profile	Basalt	-140.4	-157.3
	Zone 2 – MOSDAX Transducer	Basalt	-230.6	-243.2	•	Zone 2 – Pressure Profile	Basalt	-230.6	-243.2
					•	Zone 1 – Pressure Profile	Basalt	-273.8	-285.0

Appendix B-2 **RHMW14 – Long-Term Piezometric Heads Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 08 Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility** JBPHH, Oʻahu, Hawaiʻi





Appendix B-3 RHTB01 – Piezometric Heads Groundwater Flow Model Progress Report 08 Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility JBPHH, Oʻahu, Hawaiʻi

<u>Generalized Geology</u>	Probe Elevation (ft msl)
Saprolite	106
Saprolite	79
Saprolite	43
Basalt	-37