U.S. EPA's State and Local Energy and Environment Webinar Series



The Ins and Outs of On-Bill Financing

September 25, 2019 2:00 – 3:30 PM Eastern

Two audio options:

- 1. Listen via computer
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How to Participate



Question and Answer

- Enter your question in the Q&A box
- Questions will be moderated at the end
- EPA will post responses to unanswered questions on the <u>State and Local</u>
 <u>Webinar Series page</u>

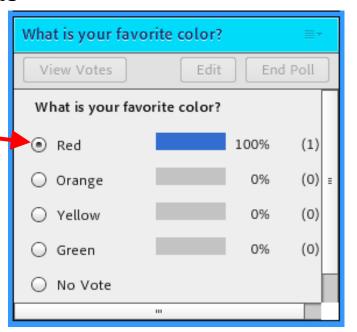


How to Participate



Polling

- We'll ask several poll questions during the webinar
- On mobile devices or tablets
 - Exit full screen mode
 - Tap the Poll icon





Today's Agenda



- Andrea Denny, Local Energy and Environment Program Lead
 U.S. EPA State and Local Energy and Environment Program
- Nick Henner, Policy Analyst, Clean Energy Finance
 American Council for an Energy Efficient Economy
- Robert Seaton, Customer Resolutions Manager, and Julian Ganoudis, Key Accounts Representative City of Tallahassee, Florida
- Gwen Yamamoto Lau, Executive Director Hawaii Green Infrastructure Authority
- Question and Answer Session

Introduction



Andrea Denny
U.S. EPA State and Local
Energy and Environment
Program



United States Environmental Protection Agency

U.S. EPA's State and Local Energy and Environment Program

- Investing in energy strategies that lower emissions can be an effective way for state, local and tribal governments to achieve multiple goals:
 - Improve air quality and public health
 - Strengthen energy systems
 - Reduce greenhouse gas emissions
 - Save money
- We offer free tools, data and technical expertise about energy strategies, including energy efficiency, renewable energy and other emerging technologies, to help state, local and tribal governments achieve their environmental, energy and economic objectives.
- Access all of these resources at the <u>Energy Resources for State, Local, and</u>
 Tribal Governments site

Energy and Environment Program

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Clean Energy Finance: On-bill Programs

- Primer about on-bill programs that addresses key points for local governments:
 - What are on-bill programs?
 - What are the benefits of on-bill programs?
 - How do on-bill programs work?
 - How can local governments support on-bill programs?
- Profiles of several on-bill programs and how their work is helping to advance environmental, energy and economic priorities

Clean Energy Finance: On-bill Programs for Local Governments

Clean Energy Finance: On-bill Programs





Many utilities offer programs that enable customers to finance clean energy projects (energy efficiency and renewable energy) over time via their utility bills. These "on-bill programs" help expand access to clean energy to customers who lack the capital to pay for projects upfront. Because of their environmental and economic benefits, local governments bave supported these programs by encouraging participation in them or creating policies that enable utilities to develop on-bill repayment options. Other local governments in communities with municipally owned utilities have established their own on-bill programs. This paper describes what on-bill programs are, how they work, and how some local governments have supported them.

WHAT ARE ON-BILL PROGRAMS?

An on-bill program refers to a unique method of financing an energy efficiency or renewable energy investment in which the utility bill is used as the vehicle for repayment. Typically, a utility or third-party lender funds customers projects, who then repay investments through additional charges on their regular utility bills. As described on page two, repayments are usually made through two methods: an on-bill losin or an on-bill tariff.

On-bill programs have a three-decade history of success in the United States, particularly in the residential and commercial sectors. This is primarily due to the relative simplicity of the processes required for customers to participate, and the flexibility of the programs' features, such as the financing products they offer.

As of late 2016 there were approximately 45 on-bill programs nationwide. These programs had made more han 29,000 loans through 2014, with an average loan size of approximately \$8,000.* Estimates by the American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy (ACEEE) on the dollar value of energy efficiency investments* suggest these investments could yield between \$2.5 billion and \$8 billion in direct and indirect benefits. These benefits include avoided energy and capacity costs, lower energy costs during peak demand periods, avoided costs from building new power lines, and reduced pollution.

WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS OF ON-BILL

On-bill programs have been found to help local governments and utilities achieve their environmental and economic goals because they:

- Make clean energy more afforedable. On-bill programs
 can help remove financial barriers to clean energy
 investments for customers who otherwise could not
 afford them. For example, on-bill programs help
 customers pay for the often high upford costs of
 energy improvements, which can be a barrier for some
 households, and are particularly challenging for lowincome customers. In addition, some on-bill programs
 allow renters to participate.
- Reduce home energy costs and increase housing stability. Energy efficiency upgrades help customers save on their utility costs. This has been shown to lead to more housing stability for populations at risk of eviction or defaulting on utility payments."
- Make clean energy investments more attractive for private lenders. Leans issued through on-bill programs are considered safer investments for third parties when compared to typical loans. Ou-bill program loans generally have low default rates (typically 0-3%).⁸ This is primarily due to customes being accustomed to paying their utility bills on time, and the fact that their energy bills are more affordable because of the roorans.
- Expand clean energy access to customers typically inaligible for conventional financing mechanisms. The decreased risk for investors enables utilities to offer on-bull programs to customers who might not be eligible for conventional financing. Programs are often designed to use alternative underwriting criteria, such as history of on-time bill payments, to assess creditworthiness. This results in a wider range of customers having access to clean energy.

HOW DO ON-BILL PROGRAMS WORK?

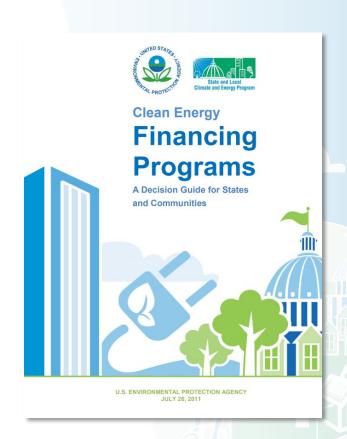
In general, the local utility plays the central role in establishing and implementing on-bill programs. Utilities can usually design programs to suit their needs and conditions, and they often combine these programs with

EPA-430-F-18-016 November 2018

Clean Energy Financing Programs: SEPA Environmental Protection A Decision Guide for States and Communities

- Covers financing strategies that states and communities can apply to both energy efficiency and renewable energy.
- The guide describes:
 - Financing program options
 - Key components of each program
 - Factors to consider when making decisions
- Update in Progress—Expected in 2020

Clean Energy Financing Programs: A Decision Resource for States and Communities



United States Environmental Protection Agency

U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Efficiency Financing Resources

- On-Bill Resources
 - Visit U.S. DOE's State and Local Solution Center, on-bill financing webpage
 - Understand on-bill for low-income households with the Clean Energy for Low Income Communities Issue Brief: <u>Low-Income Energy Efficiency</u> <u>Financing through On-Bill Tariff Programs</u>
- Understand On-Bill Financing in Context of Other Options
 - Current Practices in Efficiency Financing: An Overview for State and Local Governments
 - Better Buildings Financing Navigator
 - State and Local Solution Center: Pay for Energy Initiatives
- Get Engaged with DOE
 - Email us at: <u>stateandlocal@ee.doe.gov</u>
 - Subscribe to U.S. DOE's monthly newsletter: The State and Local Spotlight

Contact Information



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U.S. Environmental Protection Agency



Poll 1





On-Bill Financing 101



Nick Henner
Policy Analyst
American Council for an Energy
Efficient Economy



The Ins and Outs of On-Bill Financing On-Bill Financing 101: Strategies to Deliver Energy Savings

September 25

American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy (ACEEE)

Nick Henner

Policy Analyst, Clean Energy Finance



On-Bill Financing 101: Strategies to Deliver Energy Savings

- 1. What is on-bill?
- 2. Current on-bill landscape
- 3. Benefits of an on-bill program
- 4. Barriers to an on-bill program
- 5. How can local government support on-bill?



What is an On-Bill Payment Program?

- Method of financing energy-related improvements that uses the utility bill as the repayment vehicle
- On-bill financing programs can bring the up-front costs of energy improvement projects down to zero, particularly when paired with rebates and incentives
- There are three main types of on-bill programs:
 - On-bill financing (OBF)
 - On-bill repayment (OBR)
 - Tariffed on-bill (TOB)



Current On-Bill Landscape

- 110+ programs¹
- \$179m of total lending in 2014²
- Rural co-ops and muni utilities make up vast majority of on-bill programs



Public utility





^{1.} Energy Efficiency Program Financing, 2016, Lawrence National Berkeley

Potentially Better Loan Performance and Terms than Conventional Loans





Alternative Underwriting Practices





Operating Within Existing Utility Programs





Off-Balance Sheet



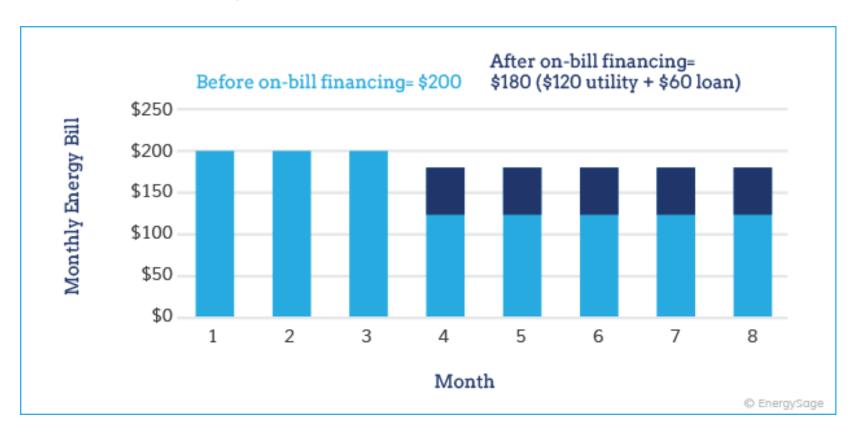


Transferability





Bill Neutrality





Barriers to On-bill Financing

- Utility burden
- Administrative burden
- Consumer protection





How Can Local Governments Support On-Bill Programs?

Indirect Support

- Raise awareness
- Capitalize or back an on-bill program
- Create policy or legislation incentives
- Assemble stakeholders
- Collaborate with state governments
- Work with utilities
- Participate in on-bill programs offered by utility

EPA | Clean Energy Finance: On-bill Programs for Local Governments



How Can Local Governments Support On-Bill Programs?

Direct Support

- Engage with partners to support municipally owned utilities
- Train local contractors and service technicians



EPA | Clean Energy Finance: On-bill Programs for Local Governments



Steps for Local Governments to Launch an On-bill Program

- 1. Designate on-bill program framework
- 2. Design on-bill program financing framework
- 3. Establish sources of capital and credit enhancements
- 4. Deliver program to community
- 5. Measure Impact of program

See ACEE's <u>Financing Energy Efficiency Toolkit</u>, EESI's <u>How-to Guide:</u> <u>Launching an On-Bill Financing Program</u>, and EPA's <u>Clean Energy Finance:</u> <u>On-bill Programs</u>







Thank You for Listening!

Nick Henner
Policy Analyst, Clean Energy
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ACEEE's 2020 Energy Efficiency Finance Forum June 2-3 in White Plaines, New York





The American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy is a nonprofit 501(c)(3) founded in 1980. We act as a catalyst to advance energy efficiency policies, programs, technologies, investments, & behaviors.

Our research explores economic impacts, financing options, behavior changes, program design, and utility planning, as well as U.S. national, state, & local policy.

Our work is made possible by foundation funding, contracts, government grants, and conference revenue.







United States Environmental Protection Agency

City of Tallahassee Energy Efficiency Loan Program

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Julian Ganoudis Key Accounts Representative

City of Tallahassee





City of Tallahassee Energy Efficiency Loan Program

Creating our program – Loan measures

Establishing policies and procedures; funding

Challenges and Solutions

Advice – Do's and don'ts

Analytics – Loan numbers; terms and conditions



Creating our Program – Loan Measures



- We offer residential and commercial loans for energy efficiency improvements to city of Tallahassee electric customers
- Monthly payments are included on the utility bill
- Currently there are 38 measures



Establishing Policies and Procedures - Funding



- Established a revolving loan fund
- Dollars were internally sourced from electric revenues
- First year, 1983: tried 0% interest and loan payment coupon book
- From 1985-1993: 3% interest and on-bill payments
- After 1993: 5% interest and on-bill payments



Challenges and Solutions



- Solving a wait list problem with start up in 1983.
 - Additional funding and procedural efficiencies
- Solving a slow-payment problem
 - Switched from loan approval prior to signing Promissory Note to loan approval subsequent to signing note; no loans for measures installed before loan approval; contractor informs us of a passed inspection that keys off their payment process
- "Loan application form" dilemma
 - Learned to take that out of customer's hands. We gather necessary documents and create the customer's application. Customer does not fill out application!



Challenges and Solutions



- Contractor List?
 - Early on, we disbanded the listing of approved contractors opting instead to work with any contractor who is qualified to pull necessary permits.
- Other Challenges / Lessons Learned Included
 - Payments to customers vs. Payments to contractors.
 - Hand holding works better than the alternative.
 - Cessation of 3-bid requirements
 - Cessation of energy audit requirement, certain measures excepted.



Advice – Do's and Don'ts



- Resist the temptation to require bundling of measures
- Resist the temptation to promote measures for which no installers exist
- Align efficiency standards with federal ENERGY STAR



Analytics – Loan Numbers; Terms and Conditions



- About 400 residential loans annually and 15-20 commercial loans annually
- Average loan amount has risen and is now about \$8,700
- Basics:
 - 5% interest, 5-year term, \$10,000 maximum, \$500 minimum,
 \$25/month minimum payment.
 - No down payment. No penalty for early payoff.
 - Loans are recorded and secured with a property lien.
 - An exception is a 10-year term and \$20,000 maximum for solar measures and energy star reflective roofing.





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GEM\$ On-Bill Program



Gwen Yamamoto Lau
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The Ins and Outs of On-Bill Financing

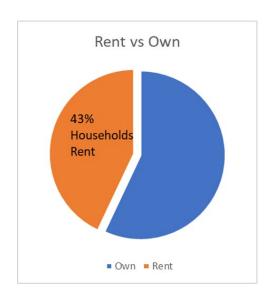
EPA's State and Local Energy and Environment Program

Hawaii Green Infrastructure Authority ("HGIA")



Hawaii's Energy Gap

- Ambitious Goals: 100% renewable energy by 2045
 - People, Planet, Prosperity
- Unequal access to clean energy
 - Low and moderate-income ("LMI") households
 - Renters
 - Nonprofits
 - Small Businesses



Democratize clean energy

- We accomplish this by:
 - Providing low-cost, long-term, flexible financing;
 - Filling market gaps;
 - Stimulating private investments; and
 - Leveraging innovative tools to mitigate risks & reach new markets



"Ohana means family.
Family means nobody gets
left behind."

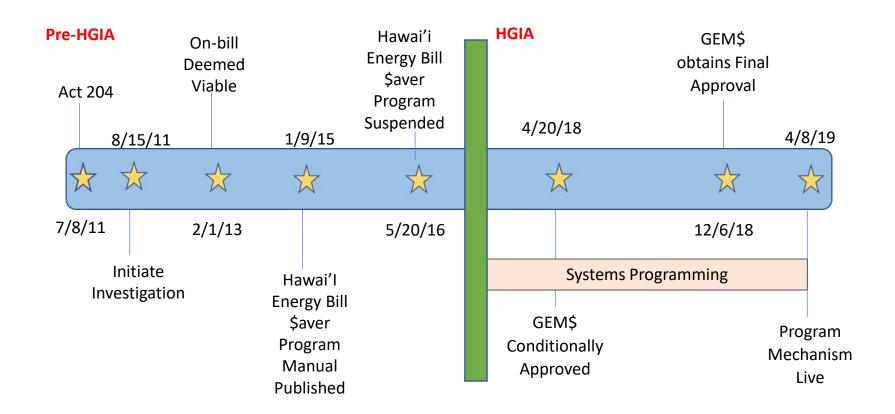
Green Energy Money \$aver ("GEM\$") On-Bill Program

Innovative financing program for LMI homeowners and renters; multi-family rental projects; nonprofits and small businesses, offered exclusively by the Hawaii Green Infrastructure Authority that features:

- No upfront costs
- Immediate bill savings
- Elimination of credit barriers
- Obligation tied to the utility meter (not a person)
- Payments conveniently made on your monthly electric utility bill.



Timeline of Hawaii's On-Bill Program





Challenges – Design & Implementation

- Stakeholder Buy-In
- New Innovation
 - Ideas
- \longrightarrow

Documents

- Processes & Procedures
- Stakeholder Buy-In



Remaining comfortable outside of your



COMFORT



Challenges - Deployment

- Communications & Public Relations
- New and Complex Program and Mechanism
- Training for Contractors
- HGIA Resource Constraints
- Remaining flexible and fluid in implementation





Results

- Applications received monthly up by over 300%
- On-Bill Repayment mechanism unlocking new markets
 - Renters
 - LMI Multi-family rental projects
 - Community Solar
- Kaizen opportunities identified to [continuously] improve program



Thank you

For more information, please contact:

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Question and Answer Session





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Webinar Feedback Form



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