

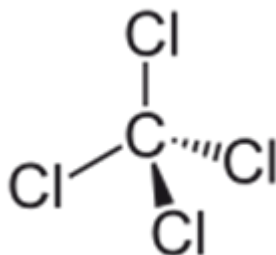


## Final Risk Evaluation for Carbon Tetrachloride

### Supplemental File:

#### Benchmark Dose Modeling and Source Code for PBPK Model for Derivation of the IRIS Reference Concentration (POD for Chronic Inhalation Exposures) and Inhalation Unit Risk

CASRN: 56-23-5



*October 2020*

## BENCHMARK DOSE MODELING FOR DERIVING THE REFERENCE CONCENTRATION

### MALE RAT:

<i>Incidence data for fatty changes of the liver</i>								
<i>Male F344 rats</i> exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)								
Exposure concentrations modeled: <b>0, 5, 25, 125 ppm</b>								
BMR = 10%								
Model	$V_{\max} = 0.4$				$V_{\max} = 0.65$			
	AIC	$\chi^2 p\text{-value}^a$	BMC <sub>10</sub>	BMCL <sub>10</sub>	AIC	$\chi^2 p\text{-value}^a$	BMC <sub>10</sub>	BMCL <sub>10</sub>
MCA ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ )								
Gamma <sup>b</sup>	144.336	0.0007	0.0793248	0.0551873	144.772	0.0005	0.0689847	0.051179
Logistic <sup>c</sup>	155.104	0.0000	0.170834	0.137191	156.51	0.0000	0.157857	0.126743
<b>Log-Logistic<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>137.403</b>	<b>0.4355</b>	<b>0.136715</b>	<b>0.0790319</b>	<b>137.463</b>	<b>0.4087</b>	<b>0.123076</b>	<b>0.0707077</b>
Multistage 1-degree <sup>d,e</sup>	142.388	0.0074	0.0714015	0.0550523	142.778	0.0031	0.0665234	0.0511645
Probit <sup>c</sup>	169.521	0.0000	0.22329	0.17626	171.234	0.0000	0.21463	0.168317
Log-probit <sup>c</sup>	138.408	0.1761	0.124953	0.0755939	138.529	0.1581	0.112257	0.0803264
Quantal-linear	142.388	0.0074	0.0714017	0.0550523	142.778	0.0031	0.0665234	0.0511645
Weibull <sup>b</sup>	142.388	0.0074	0.0714016	0.0550523	142.778	0.0031	0.0665235	0.0511645
MRAMKL ( $\mu\text{mol/hr}\text{-kg liver}$ )								
Gamma <sup>b</sup>	137.468	0.4177	3.98707	2.6343	137.338	0.4760	5.31098	3.35649
<b>Logistic<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>136.747</b>	<b>0.3444</b>	<b>3.25675</b>	<b>2.58557</b>	<b>136.513</b>	<b>0.3671</b>	<b>4.60057</b>	<b>3.65284</b>
Log-Logistic <sup>c</sup>	136.933	0.8012	4.56744	3.08461	136.996	0.7246	6.20422	4.00273
Multistage 2-degree <sup>e,f</sup>	137.073	0.2702	3.55184	2.02617	138.991	0.0944	4.99656	2.5022
Probit <sup>c</sup>	138.891	0.0826	2.97807	2.41619	138.712	0.0728	4.23817	3.44383
Log-probit <sup>c</sup>	136.871	0.9538	4.27176	3.06539	136.872	0.9470	5.73628	3.97844
Quantal-linear	151.674	0.0008	1.01942	0.831472	148.898	0.0025	1.45532	1.18412
Weibull <sup>b</sup>	138.997	0.1316	3.34831	2.18252	138.601	0.1751	4.4781	2.81908

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria;  $p$  value from the  $\chi^2$  test.

<sup>b</sup>Power restricted to  $\geq 1$ .

<sup>c</sup>Slope restricted to  $\geq 1$ .

<sup>d</sup>Used smallest degree polynomial available with an adequate fit; the 2- and 3-degree polynomials provided the same fit as the 1-degree.

<sup>e</sup>Betas restricted to  $>0$ .

<sup>f</sup>Used smallest degree polynomial available with an adequate fit; the 3-degree polynomial provided the same fit as the 2-degree.

**FEMALE RAT:**

***Incidence data for fatty changes of the liver***  
***Female F344 rats*** exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)  
 Exposure concentrations modeled: **0, 5, 25, 125 ppm**  
 BMR = 10%

None of the models in BMDS provided an adequate fit of the female rat data.

<b><i>Incidence data for fatty changes of the liver</i></b>								
<b><i>Female F344 rats</i></b> exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)								
Exposure concentrations modeled: <b>0, 5, 25 ppm</b> (high dose dropped)								
BMR = 10%								
Model	$V_{max} = 0.4$				$V_{max} = 0.65$			
	AIC	$\chi^2$ p-value <sup>a</sup>	BMC <sub>10</sub>	BMCL <sub>10</sub>	AIC	$\chi^2$ p-value <sup>a</sup>	BMC <sub>10</sub>	BMCL <sub>10</sub>
<b>MCA (μmol/L)</b>								
Gamma <sup>b</sup>	92.9928	NA	0.187771	0.107455	92.9928	NA	0.170979	0.0971536
Logistic <sup>c</sup>	93.4185	0.1121	0.106984	0.0803379	93.3172	0.1201	0.0979754	0.0734707
Log-Logistic <sup>c</sup>	92.9928	NA	0.182663	0.111838	92.9928	NA	0.166144	0.101213
<b>Multistage<sup>d,e</sup></b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> degree</b>	<b>0.2442</b>	<b>0.123631</b>	<b>0.0851972</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> degree</b>	<b>0.2617</b>	<b>0.113721</b>	<b>0.0775873</b>
	<b>92.4089</b>				<b>92.3049</b>			
	3 <sup>rd</sup> degree	NA	0.213915	0.090506	3 <sup>rd</sup> degree	NA	0.195194	0.08177
	94.9928				92.9928			
Probit <sup>c</sup>	93.6833	0.0968	0.100288	0.0779817	93.5689	0.1043	0.0919928	0.0714911
Log-probit <sup>c</sup>	92.9928	NA	0.174053	0.112578	92.9928	NA	0.158234	0.101889
Quantal-linear	111.424	0.0000	0.0363563	0.0277405	111.025	0.0001	0.0332712	0.0253689
Weibull <sup>b</sup>	92.9928	NA	0.213201	0.102923	92.9928	NA	0.194228	0.0930656
<b>MRAMKL (μmol/hr-kg liver)</b>								
Gamma <sup>b</sup>	92.9928	NA	4.85516	3.42634	92.9928	NA	6.52318	4.43018
Logistic <sup>c</sup>	99.7262	0.0020	2.45785	1.90371	97.8675	0.0064	3.34536	2.58247
Log-Logistic <sup>c</sup>	92.9928	NA	4.84705	3.48106	92.9928	NA	6.48806	4.51798
<b>Multistage<sup>d,e</sup></b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> degree</b>	<b>0.0039</b>	<b>2.43344</b>	<b>1.99357</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> degree</b>	<b>0.0124</b>	<b>3.42266</b>	<b>2.75565</b>
	<b>100.7</b>				<b>98.1134</b>			
	<b>3<sup>rd</sup> degree</b>	<b>0.2650</b>	<b>3.76974</b>	<b>2.82488</b>	<b>3<sup>rd</sup> degree</b>	<b>0.4421</b>	<b>5.42354</b>	<b>3.74923</b>
	<b>92.2866</b>				<b>91.5964</b>			
Probit <sup>c</sup>	100.988	0.0013	2.16088	1.70134	98.8142	0.0044	2.98448	2.34695
Log-probit <sup>c</sup>	92.9928	NA	4.69168	3.49658	92.9928	NA	6.26103	4.54001
Quantal-linear	127.034	0.0000	0.817323	0.634088	123.548	0.0000	1.12472	0.870515
Weibull <sup>b</sup>	92.9928	NA	5.3798	3.29131	92.9928	NA	7.27174	4.24944

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; p value from the  $\chi^2$  test.

<sup>b</sup>Power restricted to  $\geq 1$ .

<sup>c</sup>Slope restricted to  $\geq 1$ .

<sup>d</sup>Used smallest degree polynomial available with an adequate fit.

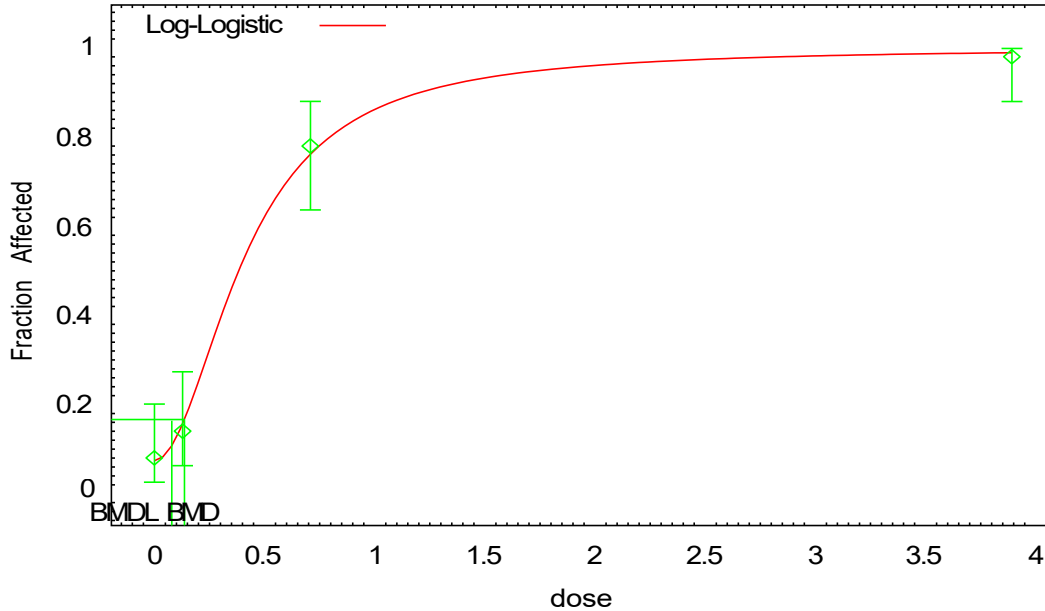
<sup>e</sup>Betas restricted to >0.

**Male Rat**

**Dose metric: MCA**

**Vmax = 0.4 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Log-Logistic Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



10:59 10/12 2007

```
=====  
Logistic Model. (Version: 2.9; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\MALE RAT\MCA-  
VMAX=0.4\RAT-FATTYLIVER-MCA-4.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\MALE RAT\MCA-  
VMAX=0.4\RAT-FATTYLIVER-MCA-4.plt  
Fri Oct 12 10:59:34 2007  
=====
```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1 - \text{background}) / [1 + \text{EXP}(-\text{intercept} - \text{slope} * \text{Log}(\text{dose}))]$$

Dependent variable = FattyLiver  
Independent variable = umol/L  
Slope parameter is not restricted

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

User has chosen the log transformed model

```
Default Initial Parameter Values  
background = 0.08  
intercept = 1.42536  
slope = 1.89476
```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

	background	intercept	slope
background	1	-0.077	0.34
intercept	-0.077	1	0.54
slope	0.34	0.54	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
background	0.073606	*	*	*
intercept	1.74202	*	*	*
slope	1.97967	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-65.434	4			
Fitted model	-65.7017	3	0.535433	1	0.4643
Reduced model	-138.619	1	146.371	3	<.0001

AIC: 137.403

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0736	3.680	4	50	0.173
0.1280	0.1559	7.796	7	50	-0.310
0.7080	0.7614	38.068	39	50	0.309
3.8920	0.9891	49.456	49	50	-0.621

Chi^2 = 0.61      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.4355

Benchmark Dose Computation

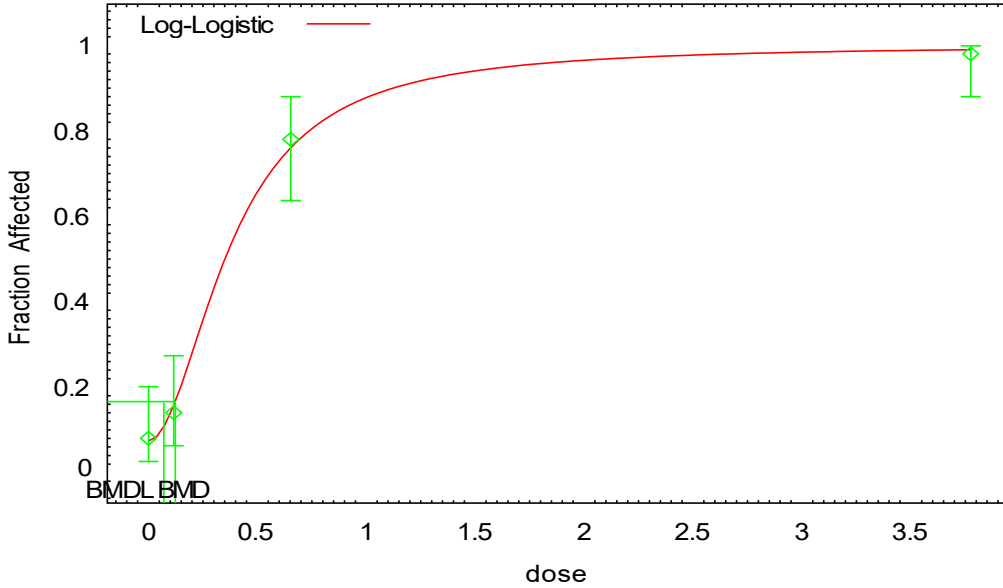
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 0.136715  
 BMDL = 0.0790319

**Male Rat**

**Dose metric: MCA**

**Vmax = 0.65 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Log-Logistic Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



11:12 10/12 2007

```
=====  
Logistic Model. (Version: 2.9; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\MALE RAT\MCA-  
VMAX=0.65\RAT-FATTYLIVER-MCA-65.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\MALE RAT\MCA-  
VMAX=0.65\RAT-FATTYLIVER-MCA-65.plt  
Fri Oct 12 11:12:25 2007  
=====
```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1 - \text{background}) / [1 + \text{EXP}(-\text{intercept} - \text{slope} * \text{Log}(\text{dose}))]$$

Dependent variable = FattyLiver  
Independent variable = umol/L  
Slope parameter is restricted as slope >= 1

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

User has chosen the log transformed model

```
Default Initial Parameter Values  
background = 0.08  
intercept = 1.54201  
slope = 1.85672
```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

```
background    intercept    slope
```

background	1	-0.05	0.33
intercept	-0.05	1	0.6
slope	0.33	0.6	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
background	0.0733292	*	*	*
intercept	1.88323	*	*	*
slope	1.94775	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-65.434	4			
Fitted model	-65.7316	3	0.595159	1	0.4404
Reduced model	-138.619	1	146.371	3	<.0001
AIC:	137.463				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est. Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0733	3.666	4	50	0.181
0.1160	0.1568	7.841	7	50	-0.327
0.6530	0.7603	38.017	39	50	0.326
3.7750	0.9895	49.476	49	50	-0.661

Chi^2 = 0.68      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.4087

Benchmark Dose Computation

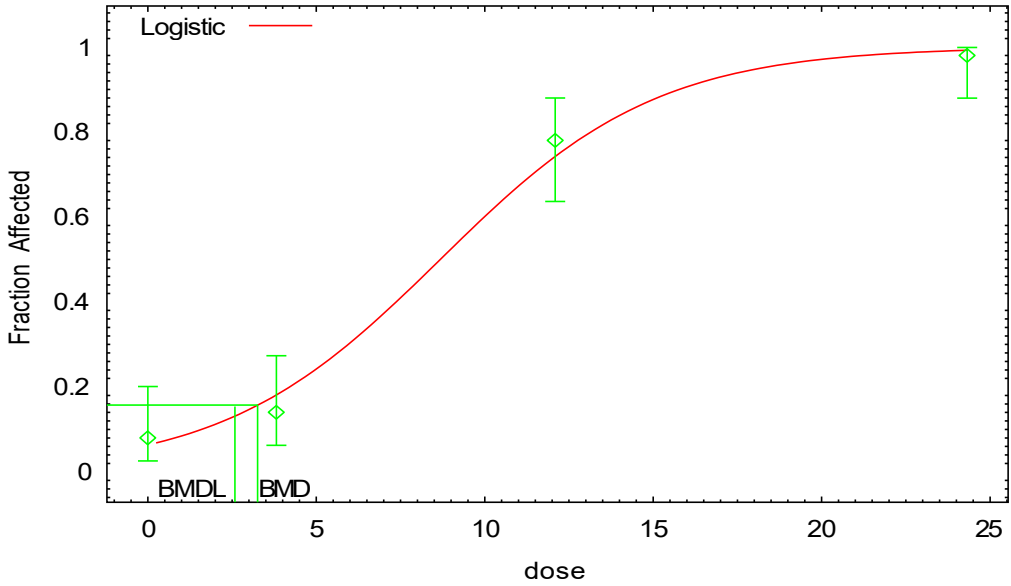
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 0.123076  
 BMDL = 0.0707077

**Male Rat**

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**

**Vmax = 0.4 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Logistic Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



11:17 10/12 2007

```
=====  
Logistic Model. (Version: 2.9; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\MALE RAT\MRAMKL-  
VMAX=0.4\FATY_LIVER_MRAMKL-4.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\MALE  
RAT\MRAMKL-VMAX=0.4\FATY_LIVER_MRAMKL-4.plt  
Fri Oct 12 11:17:49 2007  
=====
```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = 1/[1+\text{EXP}(-\text{intercept}-\text{slope}*\text{dose})]$$

Dependent variable = FattyLiver  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL  
Slope parameter is not restricted

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```
Default Initial Parameter Values  
background = 0 Specified  
intercept = -2.35241  
slope = 0.249767
```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -background  
have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,  
and do not appear in the correlation matrix )



	intercept	slope
intercept	1	-0.82
slope	-0.82	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
intercept	-2.68587	0.383165	-3.43685	-1.93488
slope	0.309634	0.0415113	0.228273	0.390994

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-65.434	4			
Fitted model	-66.3737	2	1.87944	2	0.3907
Reduced model	-138.619	1	146.371	3	<.0001

AIC: 136.747

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0638	3.191	4	50	0.468
3.8130	0.1816	9.082	7	50	-0.764
12.0920	0.7424	37.118	39	50	0.609
24.3200	0.9922	49.609	49	50	-0.979

Chi^2 = 2.13      d.f. = 2      P-value = 0.3444

Benchmark Dose Computation

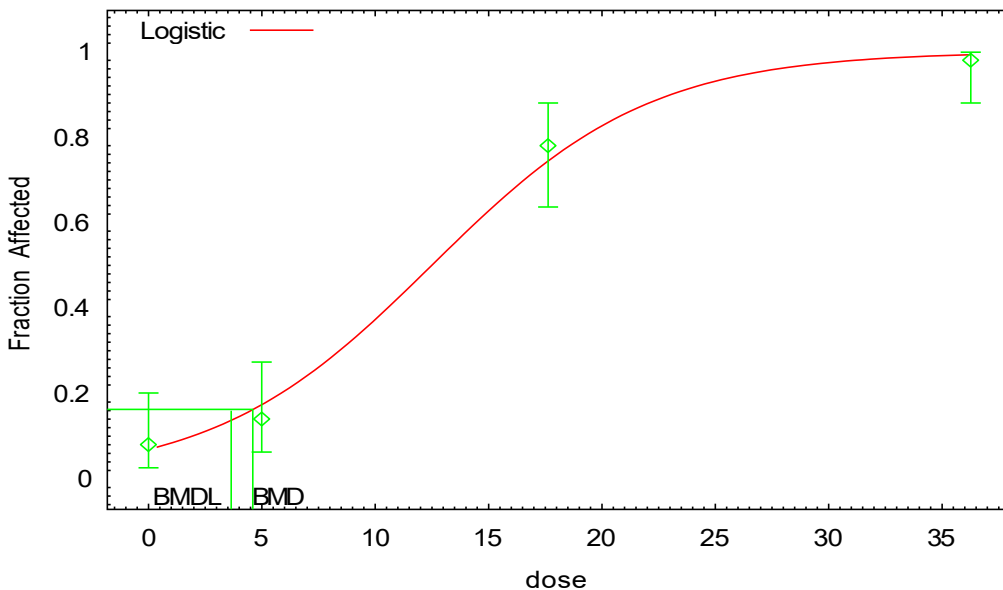
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 3.25675  
 BMDL = 2.58557

## Male Rat

Dose metric: MRAMKL

Vmax = 0.65 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>

Logistic Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



11:23 10/12 2007

```
=====
Logistic Model. (Version: 2.9; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\MALE RAT\MRAMKL-
VMAX=0.65\MRAT_FATTY_LIVER_MRAMKL-65. (d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\MALE
RAT\MRAMKL-VMAX=0.65\MRAT_FATTY_LIVER_MRAMKL-65.plt
Fri Oct 12 11:23:29 2007
=====
```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = 1/[1+\text{EXP}(-\text{intercept}-\text{slope}*\text{dose})]$$

Dependent variable = FattyLiver  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL  
Slope parameter is not restricted

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```
Default Initial Parameter Values
background = 0 Specified
intercept = -2.28912
slope = 0.166325
```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -background  
have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,  
and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	intercept	slope
intercept	1	-0.8
slope	-0.8	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
intercept	-2.59592	0.370821	-3.32272	-1.86913
slope	0.207777	0.0278282	0.153235	0.26232

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-65.434	4			
Fitted model	-66.2567	2	1.64536	2	0.4393
Reduced model	-138.619	1	146.371	3	<.0001

AIC: 136.513

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0694	3.470	4	50	0.295
4.9910	0.1738	8.690	7	50	-0.631
17.6260	0.7439	37.195	39	50	0.585
36.2660	0.9929	49.645	49	50	-1.085

Chi^2 = 2.00      d.f. = 2      P-value = 0.3671

Benchmark Dose Computation

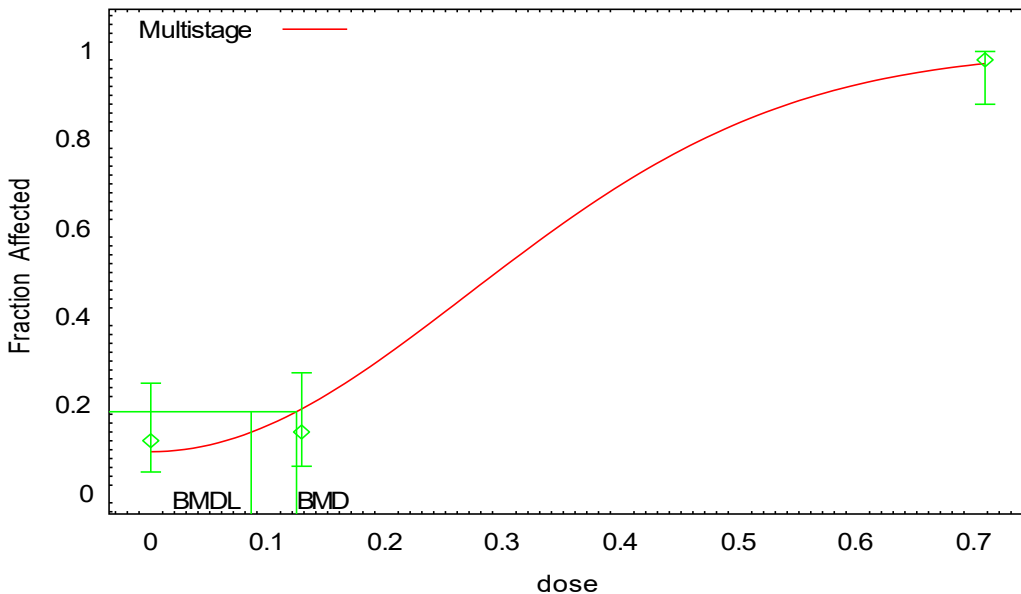
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 4.60057  
 BMDL = 3.65284

**Female Rat**

**Dose metric: MCA**

**Vmax = 0.4 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Multistage Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



11:42 10/12 2007

```
=====  
Multistage Model. (Version: 2.8; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\FEMALE RAT\MCA-  
VMAX=0.4\FRAT-FATTYLIVER-MCA-4.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\FEMALE  
RAT\MCA-VMAX=0.4\FRAT-FATTYLIVER-MCA-4.plt  
Fri Oct 12 11:42:22 2007  
=====
```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = FattyLiver

Independent variable = umol/L

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

Default Initial Parameter Values  
Background = 0.0746099  
Beta(1) = 0  
Beta(2) = 7.64624

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Beta(1)

have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user, and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	Background	Beta (2)
Background	1	-0.21
Beta (2)	-0.21	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.0951491	*	*	*
Beta (1)	0	*	*	*
Beta (2)	6.89319	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-43.4964	3			
Fitted model	-44.2044	2	1.41613	1	0.234
Reduced model	-101.707	1	116.422	2	<.0001
AIC:	92.4089				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0951	4.757	6	50	0.599
0.1280	0.1918	9.589	7	50	-0.930
0.7080	0.9714	48.571	49	50	0.364

Chi^2 = 1.36      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.2442

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 0.123631  
 BMDL = 0.0851972  
 BMDU = 0.148857

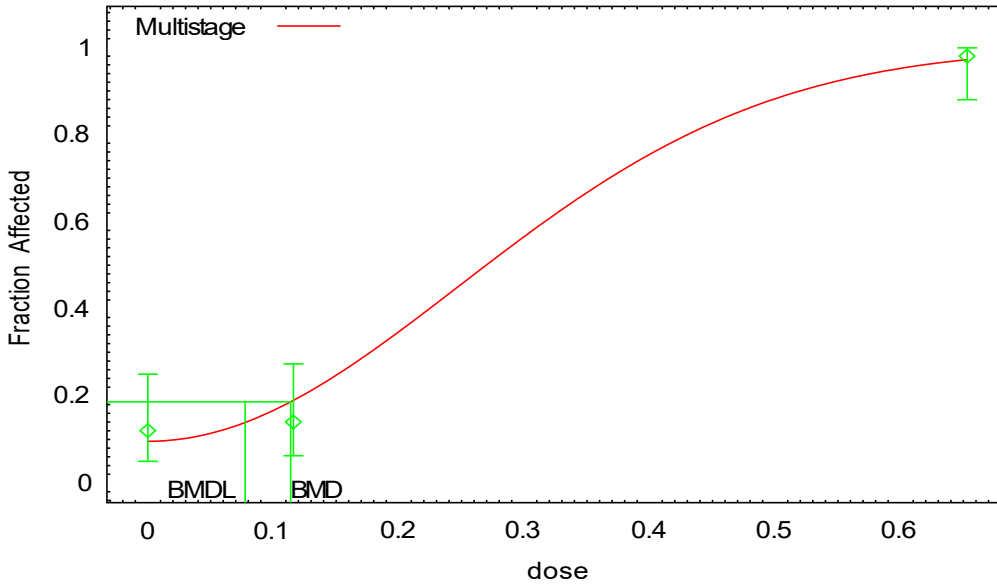
Taken together, (0.0851972, 0.148857) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

**Female Rat**

**Dose metric: MCA**

**Vmax = 0.65 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Multistage Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



11:47 10/12 2007

```
=====  
Multistage Model. (Version: 2.8; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\FEMALE RAT\MCA-  
VMAX=0.65\FRAT-FATTYLIVER-MCA-65.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\FEMALE  
RAT\MCA-VMAX=0.65\FRAT-FATTYLIVER-MCA-65.plt  
Fri Oct 12 11:47:23 2007  
=====
```

BMS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = FattyLiver  
Independent variable = umol/L

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

Default Initial Parameter Values  
Background = 0.0765787  
Beta(1) = 0  
Beta(2) = 8.98383

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Beta(1)

have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user, and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	Background	Beta(2)
Background	1	-0.21
Beta(2)	-0.21	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.095736	*	*	*
Beta(1)	0	*	*	*
Beta(2)	8.14699	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-43.4964	3			
Fitted model	-44.1525	2	1.31215	1	0.252
Reduced model	-101.707	1	116.422	2	<.0001
AIC:	92.3049				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0957	4.787	6	50	0.583
0.1160	0.1896	9.481	7	50	-0.895
0.6530	0.9720	48.599	49	50	0.344

Chi^2 = 1.26      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.2617

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 0.113721  
 BMDL = 0.0775873  
 BMDU = 0.137047

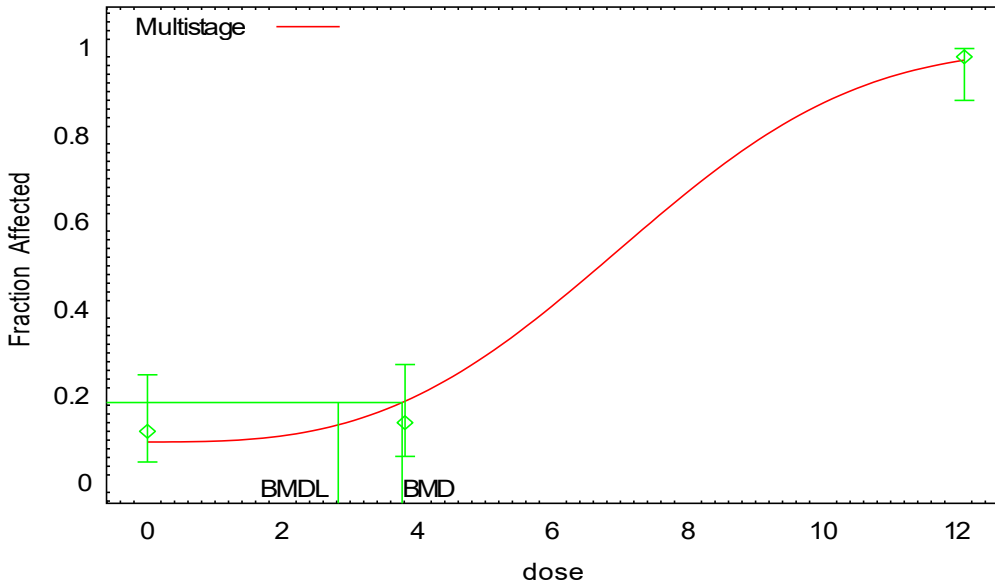
Taken together, (0.0775873, 0.137047) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

**Female Rat**

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**

**Vmax = 0.4 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Multistage Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



11:52 10/12 2007

```
=====  
Multistage Model. (Version: 2.8; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\FEMALE RAT\MRAMKL-  
VMAX=0.4\FRAT_FATY_LIVER_MRAMKL-4.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\FEMALE  
RAT\MRAMKL-VMAX=0.4\FRAT_FATY_LIVER_MRAMKL-4.plt  
_ Fri Oct 12 11:52:42 2007  
=====
```

BMDS MODEL RUN

Observation # < parameter # for Multistage model.

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2 - \text{beta3} * \text{dose}^3)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = FattyLiver  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 4  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 3

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```
Default Initial Parameter Values  
Background = 0.0769299  
Beta(1) = 0  
Beta(2) = 0  
Beta(3) = 0.00216647
```



Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Beta(1) -Beta(2) have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user, and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	Background	Beta (3)
Background	1	-0.21
Beta (3)	-0.21	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.0958436	*	*	*
Beta (1)	0	*	*	*
Beta (2)	0	*	*	*
Beta (3)	0.00196673	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-43.4964	3			
Fitted model	-44.1433	2	1.29386	1	0.2553
Reduced model	-101.707	1	116.422	2	<.0001
AIC:	92.2866				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0958	4.792	6	50	0.580
3.8130	0.1892	9.462	7	50	-0.889
12.0920	0.9721	48.603	49	50	0.340

Chi^2 = 1.24      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.2650

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 3.76974  
 BMDL = 2.82488  
 BMDU = 4.26949

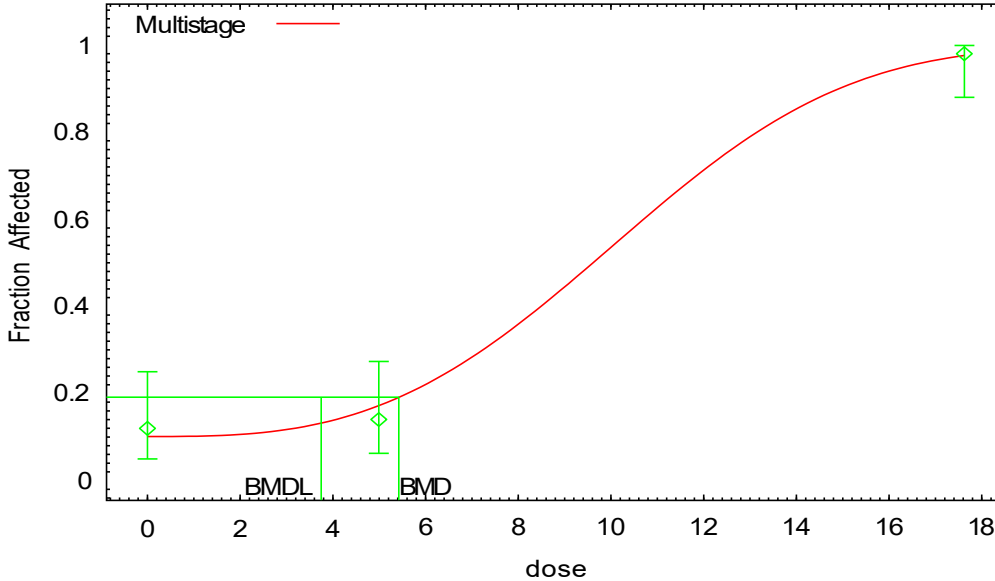
Taken together, (2.82488, 4.26949) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

**Female Rat**

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**

**Vmax = 0.65 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Multistage Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



11:57 10/12 2007

```
=====  
Multistage Model. (Version: 2.8; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\FEMALE RAT\MRAMKL-  
VMAX=0.65\FRAT_FATTY_LIVER_MRAMKL-65.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\RFC RAT LIVER\FEMALE  
RAT\MRAMKL-VMAX=0.65\FRAT_FATTY_LIVER_MRAMKL-65.plt  
_Fri Oct 12 11:57:06 2007  
=====
```

BMD5 MODEL RUN

Observation # < parameter # for Multistage model.  
The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta}1 * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta}2 * \text{dose}^2 - \text{beta}3 * \text{dose}^3)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = FattyLiver  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 4  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 3

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

Default Initial Parameter Values  
Background = 0  
Beta(1) = 0  
Beta(2) = 0  
Beta(3) = 0.000714264

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Beta(1) -Beta(2) have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user, and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	Background	Beta (3)
Background	1	-0.19
Beta (3)	-0.19	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.101433	*	*	*
Beta (1)	0	*	*	*
Beta (2)	0	*	*	*
Beta (3)	0.000660435	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-43.4964	3			
Fitted model	-43.7982	2	0.603632	1	0.4372
Reduced model	-101.707	1	116.422	2	<.0001
AIC:	91.5964				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est. Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.1014	5.072	6	50	0.435
4.9910	0.1723	8.613	7	50	-0.604
17.6260	0.9759	48.793	49	50	0.191

Chi^2 = 0.59      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.4421

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 5.42354  
 BMDL = 3.74923  
 BMDU = 6.17189

Taken together, (3.74923, 6.17189) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

**CANCER ASSESSMENT: BMD MODELING OUTPUTS FOR LOW-DOSE LINEAR  
EXTRAPOLATION APPROACH**

**Benchmark Dose Analysis**

<b><i>Liver tumors (adenoma or carcinoma)</i></b>										
<b><i>Female F344 rats</i></b> exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)										
Exposure concentrations modeled: <b><i>0, 5, 25, 125 ppm</i></b>										
Multistage; MCA: 2-stage model      MRAMKL: 4-stage model										
<b>BMR (extra risk)</b>	<b>V<sub>max</sub> = 0.4</b>					<b>V<sub>max</sub> = 0.65</b>				
	<b>AIC</b>	<b>χ<sup>2</sup> p-value<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>BMC</b>	<b>BMCL</b>	<b>BMR/ BMCL</b>	<b>AIC</b>	<b>χ<sup>2</sup> p-value<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>BMC</b>	<b>BMCL</b>	<b>BMR/ BMCL</b>
<b>MCA (μmol/L)</b>										
0.05	61.6602	0.9842	0.609955	0.387377	0.129	61.5904	0.9916	0.588686	0.354766	0.141
<b>MRAMKL (μmol/hr-kg liver)</b>										
0.05	63.3399	0.6503	9.8151	8.40334	0.00595	62.8343	0.7440	14.582	12.2867	0.00407

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; *p*-value from the χ<sup>2</sup> test.

<b><i>Liver tumors (adenoma or carcinoma)</i></b>										
<b><i>Female F344 rats</i></b> exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)										
Exposure concentrations modeled: <b><i>0, 5, 25 ppm</i></b>										
Multistage; 2-stage model										
<b>BMR (extra risk)</b>	<b>V<sub>max</sub> = 0.4</b>					<b>V<sub>max</sub> = 0.65</b>				
	<b>AIC</b>	<b>χ<sup>2</sup> p-value<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>BMC</b>	<b>BMCL</b>	<b>BMR/ BMCL</b>	<b>AIC</b>	<b>χ<sup>2</sup> p-value<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>BMC</b>	<b>BMCL</b>	<b>BMR/ BMCL</b>
<b>MCA (μmol/L)</b>										
0.05	24.8957	0.9507	0.655398	0.345984	0.144	24.8889	0.9523	0.604144	0.317726	0.157
<b>MRAMKL (μmol/hr-kg liver)</b>										
0.05	25.2825	0.8571	11.5604	6.92352	0.00722	25.1734	0.8831	16.6986	9.76339	0.00512

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; *p*-value from the χ<sup>2</sup> test.

Note: 3-stage model did not provide a sufficiently improved model fit.

<b>Liver tumors (adenoma or carcinoma)</b>										
<b>Female BDF1 mouse</b> exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)										
Exposure concentrations modeled: <b>0, 5, 25 ppm</b>										
Multistage; MCA: 2-stage model    MRAMKL: 2-stage model										
BMR (extra risk)	Fisher					Thrall				
	AIC	$\chi^2 p$ -value <sup>a</sup>	BMC	BMCL	BMR/ BMCL	AIC	$\chi^2 p$ -value <sup>a</sup>	BMC	BMCL	BMR/ BMCL
<b>MCA (<math>\mu\text{mol/L}</math>)</b>										
0.1	117.307	NA	0.10186	0.0467576	2.14	117.307	NA	0.194624	0.0885305	1.13
<b>MRAMKL (<math>\mu\text{mol/hr-kg liver}</math>)</b>										
0.1	115.912	0.4437	9.70893	6.3204	0.0158	117.341	0.1654	10.4557	7.59255	0.0132

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; *p*-value from the  $\chi^2$  test.

Note: 3-stage model did not provide a sufficiently improved model fit.

<b>Liver tumors (adenoma or carcinoma)</b>										
<b>Female BDF1 mouse</b> exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)										
Exposure concentrations modeled: <b>0, 5 ppm</b>										
Multistage; 2-stage model										
BMR (extra risk)	Fisher					Thrall				
	AIC	$\chi^2 p$ -value <sup>a</sup>	BMC	BMCL	BMR/ BMCL	AIC	$\chi^2 p$ -value <sup>a</sup>	BMC	BMCL	BMR/ BMCL
<b>MCA (<math>\mu\text{mol/L}</math>)</b>										
0.1	80.6149	NA	0.101967	0.044224	2.26	80.6149	NA	0.195666	0.0848621	1.18
<b>MRAMKL (<math>\mu\text{mol/hr-kg liver}</math>)</b>										
0.1	80.6149	NA	11.6352	5.04631	0.0198	80.6149	NA	14.1982	6.15788	0.0162

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; *p*-value from the  $\chi^2$  test.

**Liver tumors (adenoma or carcinoma)**

**Male BDF1 mouse** exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)

Exposure concentrations modeled: **0, 5, 25 ppm**

*Note: models could not fit data with all 4 dose groups; highest dose group dropped*

BMR = 0.1

Multistage; 3-stage model

BMR (extra risk)	Fisher					Thrall				
	AIC	$\chi^2$ p-value <sup>a</sup>	BMC	BMCL	BMR/ BMCL	AIC	$\chi^2$ p-value <sup>a</sup>	BMC	BMCL	BMR/ BMCL
<b>MCA (<math>\mu\text{mol/L}</math>)</b>										
0.1	151.192	0.3562	0.191106	0.063650	1.57	151.158	0.3660	0.388392	0.122027	0.819
<b>MRAMKL (<math>\mu\text{mol/hr}\cdot\text{kg liver}</math>)</b>										
0.1	152.089	0.1864	13.3804	7.30705	0.0137	152.924	0.1086	14.185	8.82145	0.0113

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; p-value from the  $\chi^2$  test.

<b><i>Pheochromocytomas</i></b>										
<b><i>Female BDF1 mouse</i></b> exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)										
Exposure concentrations modeled: <b>0, 5, 25, 125 ppm</b>										
Multistage; 2-stage model										
BMR = 10%										
<b>BMR (extra risk)</b>	<b>Fisher</b>					<b>Thrall</b>				
	<b>AIC</b>	<b><math>\chi^2</math> p-value<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>BMC</b>	<b>BMCL</b>	<b>BMR/ BMCL</b>	<b>AIC</b>	<b><math>\chi^2</math> p-value<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>BMC</b>	<b>BMCL</b>	<b>BMR/ BMCL</b>
<b>MCA (<math>\mu\text{mol/L}</math>)</b>										
0.1	71.4077	0.7947	1.42662	1.13753	0.0879	71.3358	0.8039	2.94801	2.34113	0.0427

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; *p*-value from the  $\chi^2$  test.

Note: 3-stage model did not provide a sufficiently improved model fit.

<b><i>Pheochromocytomas</i></b>										
<b><i>Male BDF1 mouse</i></b> exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)										
Exposure concentrations modeled: <b>0, 5, 25, 125 ppm</b>										
Cancer Multistage										
BMR = 10%										
<i>Cancer Multistage (restricted mode) model did not provide an adequate fit of the male pheochromocytoma data (1, 2, and 3 stage models provided the same outputs); therefore other models in BMDS were used (see table below).</i>										
<b>BMR (extra risk)</b>	<b>Fisher</b>					<b>Thrall</b>				
	<b>AIC</b>	<b><math>\chi^2</math> p-value<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>BMC</b>	<b>BMCL</b>	<b>BMR/ BMCL</b>	<b>AIC</b>	<b><math>\chi^2</math> p-value<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>BMC</b>	<b>BMCL</b>	<b>BMR/ BMCL</b>
<b>MCA (<math>\mu\text{mol/L}</math>)</b>										
1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> & 3 <sup>rd</sup> 0.1	139.129	0.0513	0.292123	0.230102	0.435	139.077	0.0488	0.600117	0.472644	0.212

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; *p*-value from the  $\chi^2$  test.

***Pheochromocytomas***

**Male BDF1 mouse** exposed to carbon tetrachloride vapor for 104 weeks (6 hours/day, 5 days/week)

Exposure concentrations modeled: **0, 5, 25, 125 ppm**

Models other than Multistage

BMR = 0.1

Model	Fisher					Thrall				
	AIC	$\chi^2$ p-value <sup>a</sup>	BMC	BMCL	BMR/BMCL	AIC	$\chi^2$ p-value <sup>a</sup>	BMC	BMCL	BMR/BMCL
MCA ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ )										
Gamma <sup>b</sup>	139.129	0.0513	0.292124	0.230102	0.435	139.077	0.0488	0.600118	0.472644	0.212
Gamma -- unrestricted	140.755	0.0401	0.238028	0.10463	0.956	140.587	0.0428	0.473653	0.204957	0.488
Logistic <sup>c</sup>	161.228	0.0000	0.929566	0.75614	0.132	161.353	0.0000	1.9184	1.56019	0.064
Logistic -- unrestricted	161.228	0.0000	0.929566	0.75614	0.132	161.353	0.0000	1.9184	1.56019	0.064
Log-logistic <sup>c</sup>	138.661	0.0978	0.24731	0.147398	0.678	138.467	0.1050	0.492945	0.297393	0.336
Log-logistic -- unrestricted	138.661	0.0978	0.247311	0.130943	0.764	138.467	0.1050	0.492945	0.257935	0.388
Probit <sup>c</sup>	159.808	0.0000	0.851235	0.702221	0.142	159.949	0.0000	1.75643	1.44878	0.069
Probit -- unrestricted	159.808	0.0000	0.851235	0.702221	0.142	159.949	0.0000	1.75643	1.44878	0.069
Log-probit <sup>c</sup>	141.637	0.0044	0.423924	0.340228	0.294	141.988	0.0035	0.867906	0.696011	0.144
<b>Log-probit -- unrestricted</b>	<b>137.136</b>	<b>0.1533</b>	<b>0.264859</b>	<b>0.150882</b>	<b>0.663</b>	<b>136.945</b>	<b>0.1648</b>	<b>0.527758</b>	<b>0.297349</b>	<b>0.336</b>
Quantal-linear	139.129	0.0513	0.292124	0.230102	0.435	139.077	0.0488	0.60012	0.472644	0.212
Weibull <sup>b</sup>	139.129	0.0513	0.292124	0.230102	0.435	139.077	0.0488	0.60012	0.472644	0.212
Weibull -- unrestricted	140.513	0.0497	0.226525	0.10562	0.947	140.316	0.0535	0.45102	0.207636	0.482

<sup>a</sup>Values <0.1 fail to meet conventional goodness-of-fit criteria; *p*-value from the  $\chi^2$  test.

<sup>b</sup>Power restricted to  $\geq 1$ .

<sup>c</sup>Slope restricted to  $\geq 1$ .

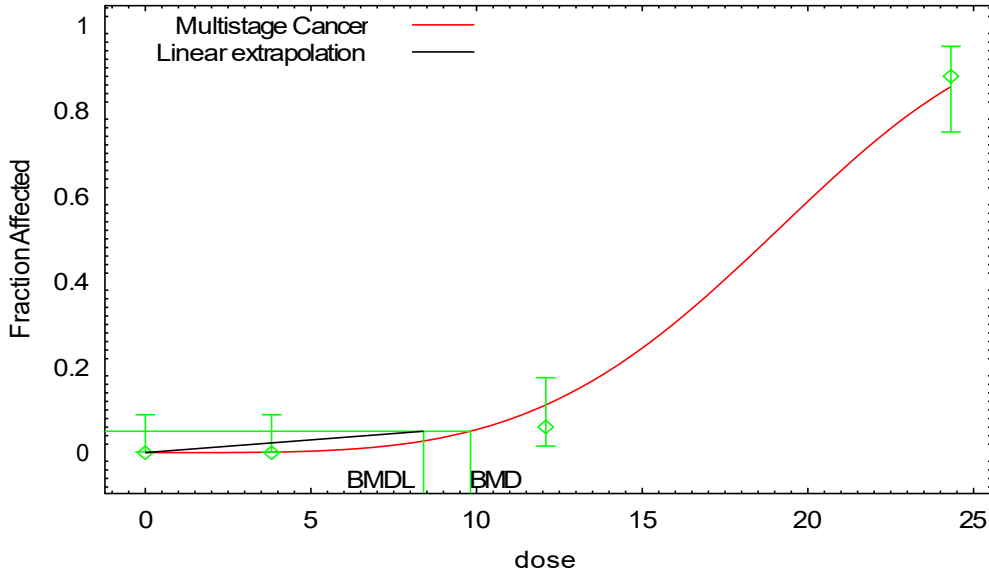


**Female F344 rat -- hepatocellular adenomas or carcinomas (0, 5, 25, 125 ppm dose groups)**

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**

**Vmax = 0.4 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Multistage Cancer Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



10:00 10/16 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE RAT LIVER\MRAMKL-
VMAX=0.4\FRAT_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-4.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE RAT
LIVER\MRAMKL-VMAX=0.4\FRAT_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-4.plt
Tue Oct 16 10:00:27 2007
=====

```

BMD5 MODEL RUN

Observation # < parameter # for Multistage Cancer model.

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2 - \text{beta3} * \text{dose}^3 - \text{beta4} * \text{dose}^4)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 5  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 4

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```

Default Initial Parameter Values
Background = 0
Beta(1) = 0
Beta(2) = 0
Beta(3) = 0
Beta(4) = 6.11699e-006

```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Background -Beta(1) -Beta(2) -Beta(3)  
 have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,  
 and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

Beta(4)

Beta(4) 1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0	*	*	*
Beta(1)	0	*	*	*
Beta(2)	0	*	*	*
Beta(3)	0	*	*	*
Beta(4)	5.52689e-006	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-29.6946	4			
Fitted model	-30.67	1	1.95065	3	0.5827
Reduced model	-109.05	1	158.71	3	<.0001
AIC:	63.3399				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	50	0.000
3.8130	0.0012	0.058	0	50	-0.242
12.0920	0.1114	5.572	3	50	-1.156
24.3200	0.8554	42.768	44	50	0.495

Chi^2 = 1.64 d.f. = 3 P-value = 0.6503

Benchmark Dose Computation

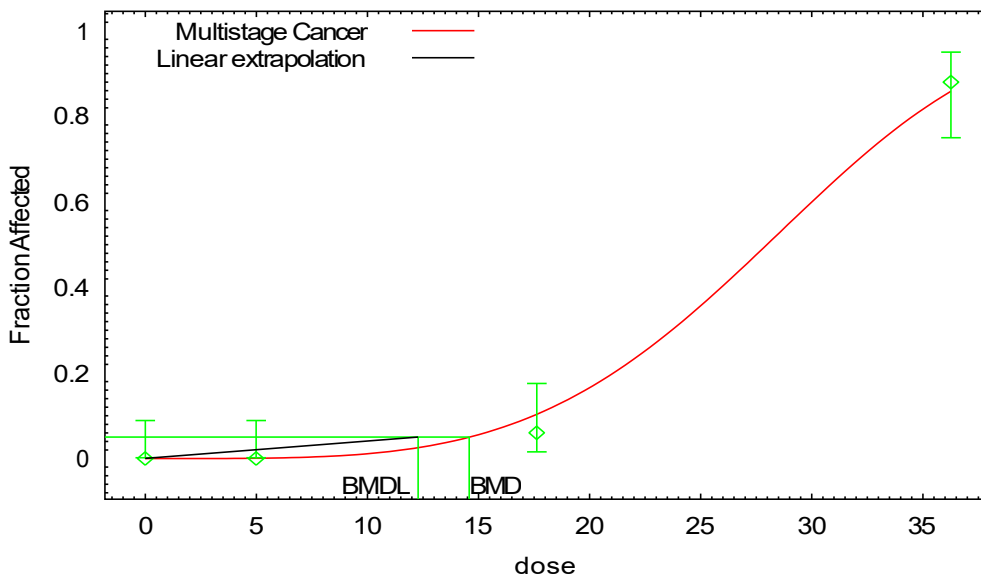
Specified effect = 0.05  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 9.8151  
 BMDL = 8.40334  
 BMDU = 10.5331

Taken together, (8.40334, 10.5331) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.00595002

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**  
**Vmax = 0.65 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Multistage Cancer Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



13:09 12/14 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE RAT LIVER\MRAMKL-
VMAX=0.65\FRAT_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-65. (d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE RAT
LIVER\MRAMKL-VMAX=0.65\FRAT_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-65.plt
Tue Oct 16 10:05:09 2007
=====

```

BMS MODEL RUN

Observation # < parameter # for Multistage Cancer model.

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1 - \text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2 - \text{beta3} * \text{dose}^3 - \text{beta4} * \text{dose}^4)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor

Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 4

Total number of records with missing values = 0

Total number of parameters in model = 5

Total number of specified parameters = 0

Degree of polynomial = 4

Maximum number of iterations = 250

Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

Default Initial Parameter Values

```

Background = 0
Beta(1) = 0
Beta(2) = 0
Beta(3) = 0
Beta(4) = 1.23526e-006

```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Background -Beta(1) -Beta(2) -Beta(3)  
 have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,  
 and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

Beta(4)

Beta(4) 1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0	*	*	*
Beta(1)	0	*	*	*
Beta(2)	0	*	*	*
Beta(3)	0	*	*	*
Beta(4)	1.13446e-006	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-29.6946	4			
Fitted model	-30.4171	1	1.44504	3	0.695
Reduced model	-109.05	1	158.71	3	<.0001

AIC: 62.8343

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	50	0.000
4.9910	0.0007	0.035	0	50	-0.188
17.6260	0.1037	5.186	3	50	-1.014
36.2660	0.8595	42.974	44	50	0.418

Chi^2 = 1.24 d.f. = 3 P-value = 0.7440

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.05  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 14.582  
 BMDL = 12.2867  
 BMDU = 15.6526

Taken together, (12.2867, 15.6526) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

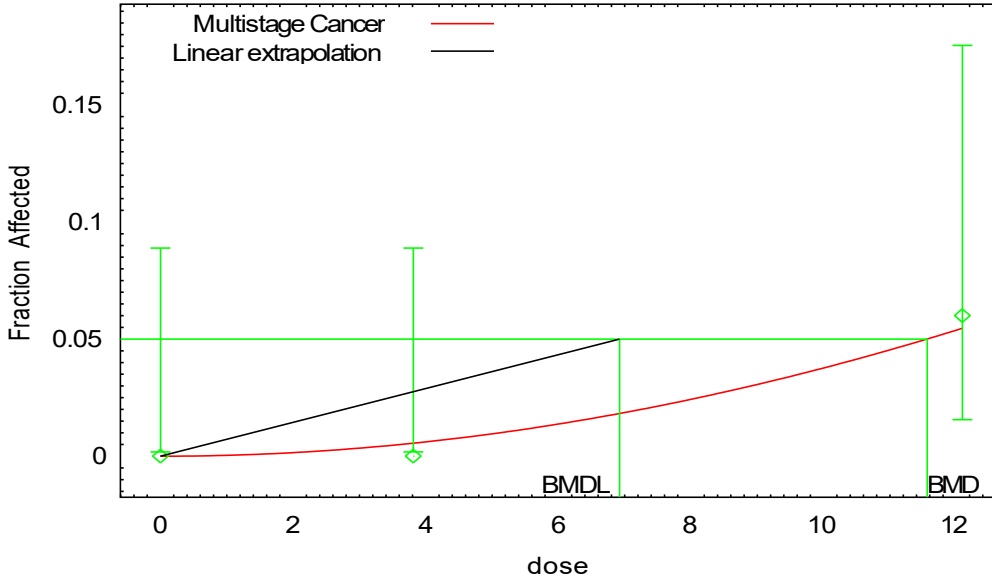
Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.00406945

**Female F344 rat -- hepatocellular adenomas or carcinomas (0, 5, 25 ppm dose groups)**

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**

**Vmax = 0.4 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Multistage Cancer Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



08:23 10/12 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE RAT LIVER\MRAMKL-
VMAX=0.4\FRAT_LIVER_ADCAR MRAMKL-4.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE RAT
LIVER\MRAMKL-VMAX=0.4\FRAT_LIVER_ADCAR MRAMKL-4.plt
Fri Oct 12 08:23:17 2007
=====

```

BMS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```

Default Initial Parameter Values
Background = 0
Beta(1) = 0
Beta(2) = 0.00044169

```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Background -Beta(1)  
have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,

and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

Beta(2)

Beta(2)                    1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0	*	*	*
Beta(1)	0	*	*	*
Beta(2)	0.000383811	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-11.3484	3			
Fitted model	-11.6412	1	0.585705	2	0.7461
Reduced model	-14.7059	1	6.71498	2	0.03482

AIC:                    25.2825

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	50	0.000
3.8130	0.0056	0.278	0	50	-0.529
12.0920	0.0546	2.729	3	50	0.169

Chi^2 = 0.31            d.f. = 2            P-value = 0.8571

Benchmark Dose Computation

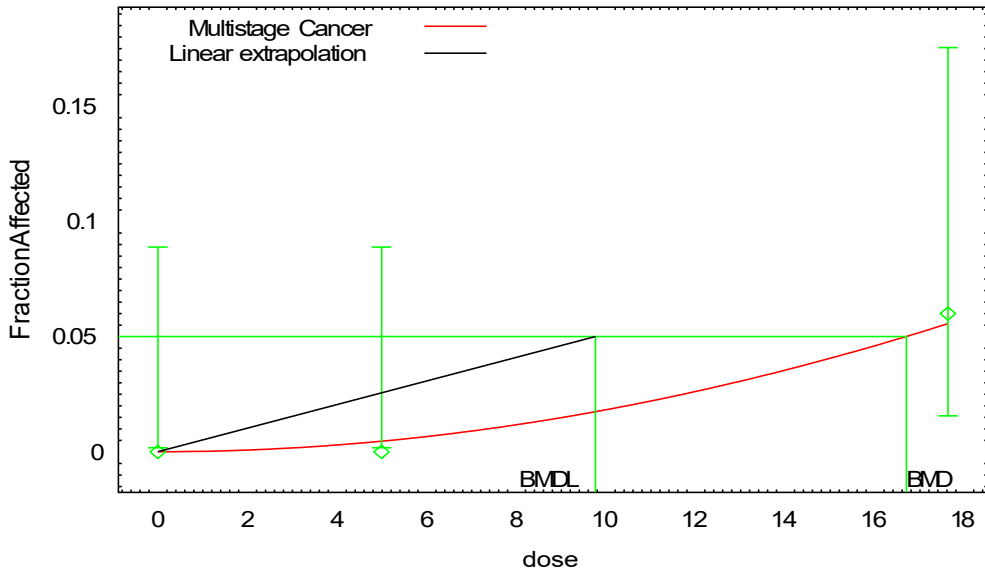
Specified effect =            0.05  
 Risk Type            =        Extra risk  
 Confidence level =            0.95  
                   BMD =            11.5604  
                   BMDL =            6.92352  
                   BMDU =            30.5183

Taken together, (6.92352, 30.5183) is a 90        % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

Multistage Cancer Slope Factor =        0.00722176

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**  
**Vmax = 0.65 mg/hour/kg BW<sup>0.07</sup>**

Multistage Cancer Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



08:35 10/12 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE RAT LIVER\MRAMKL-
VMAX=0.65\FRAT_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-65. (d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE RAT
LIVER\MRAMKL-VMAX=0.65\FRAT_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-65.plt
Fri Oct 12 08:35:44 2007
=====

```

BMD5 MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```

Default Initial Parameter Values
Background = 0
Beta(1) = 0
Beta(2) = 0.000206402

```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Background -Beta(1)  
have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,  
and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

Beta(2)

Beta(2) 1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0	*	*	*
Beta(1)	0	*	*	*
Beta(2)	0.000183949	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-11.3484	3			
Fitted model	-11.5867	1	0.476667	2	0.7879
Reduced model	-14.7059	1	6.71498	2	0.03482
AIC:	25.1734				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est. Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	50	0.000
4.9910	0.0046	0.229	0	50	-0.479
17.6260	0.0555	2.777	3	50	0.137

Chi^2 = 0.25      d.f. = 2      P-value = 0.8831

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.05  
Risk Type = Extra risk  
Confidence level = 0.95  
BMD = 16.6986  
BMDL = 9.76339  
BMDU = 43.9237

Taken together, (9.76339, 43.9237) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

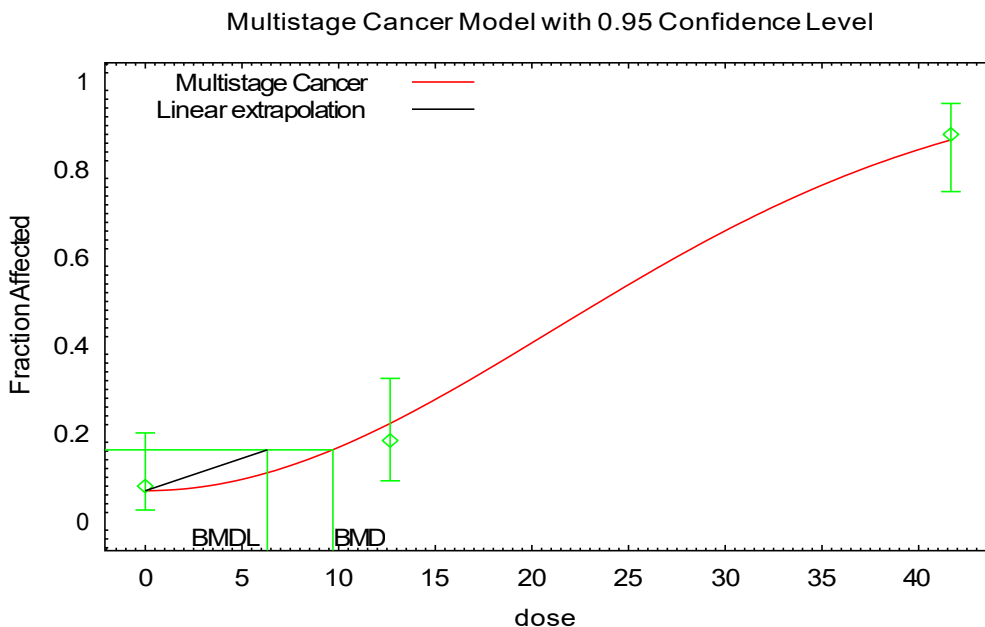
Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.00512117



**Female BDF1 mouse – hepatocellular adenomas or carcinomas (0, 5, 25 ppm dose groups)**

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**

**Fisher model**



12:04 10/15 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE MOUSE LIVER\MRAMKL-
FISHER\FMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-FISHER.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE MOUSE
LIVER\MRAMKL-FISHER\FMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-FISHER.plt
Fri Oct 12 08:54:44 2007
=====

```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

Default Initial Parameter Values Background = 0.0482072

Beta(1) = 0  
Beta(2) = 0.00119035

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Beta(1) have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,

and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	Background	Beta (2)
Background	1	-0.38
Beta (2)	-0.38	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.0693295	*	*	*
Beta (1)	0	*	*	*
Beta (2)	0.00111772	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-55.6537	3			
Fitted model	-55.9559	2	0.604318	1	0.4369
Reduced model	-99.1295	1	86.9516	2	<.0001
AIC:	115.912				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est. Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0693	3.466	4	50	0.297
12.6660	0.2221	10.883	9	49	-0.647
41.6750	0.8664	43.321	44	50	0.282

Chi^2 = 0.59      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.4437

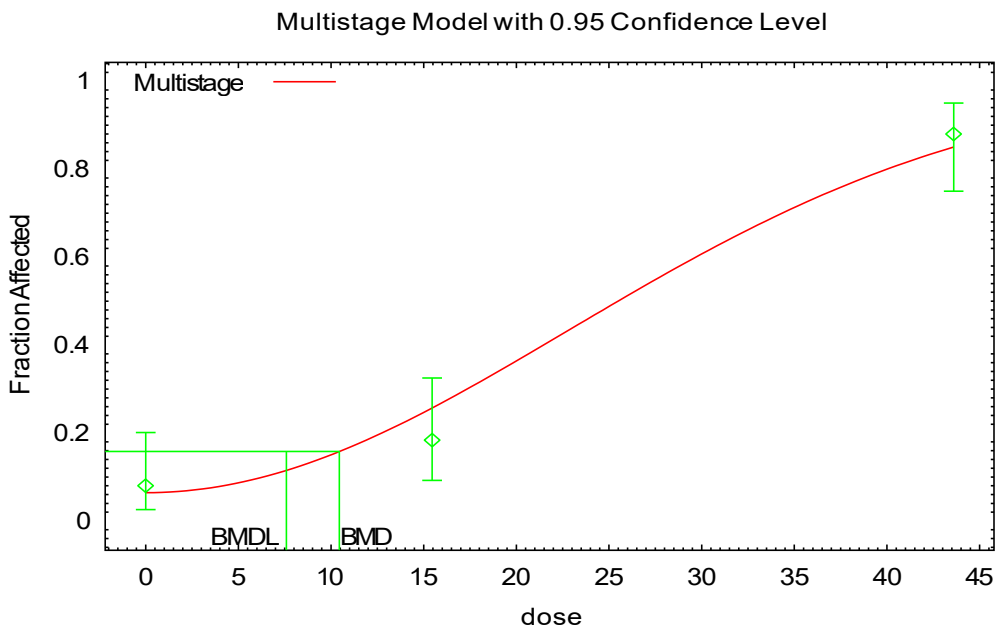
Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 9.70893  
 BMDL = 6.3204  
 BMDU = 11.2942

Taken together, (6.3204 , 11.2942) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.0158218

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**  
**Thrall model**



12:10 10/15 2007

```

=====
Multistage Model. (Version: 2.8; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE
MOUSE LIVER\MRAMKL-THRALL\FMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-THRALL.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS
FEMALE MOUSE LIVER\MRAMKL-THRALL\FMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-THRALL.plt
Fri Oct 12 09:01:03 2007
=====

```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1 - \text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

Default Initial Parameter Values  
Background = 0.0162478  
Beta(1) = 0  
Beta(2) = 0.00110173

user,

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Beta(1)  
have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the

and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	Background	Beta (2)
Background	1	-0.4
Beta (2)	-0.4	1

Parameter Estimates

Limit	Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
				Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf.
	Background	0.0643165	*	*	*
	Beta (1)	0	*	*	*
	Beta (2)	0.000963757	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-55.6537	3			
Fitted model	-56.6705	2	2.03362	1	0.1539
Reduced model	-99.1295	1	86.9516	2	<.0001
AIC:	117.341				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est. Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0643	3.216	4	50	0.452
15.4560	0.2567	12.580	9	49	-1.171
43.5990	0.8502	42.510	44	50	0.590

Chi^2 = 1.92      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.1654

Benchmark Dose Computation

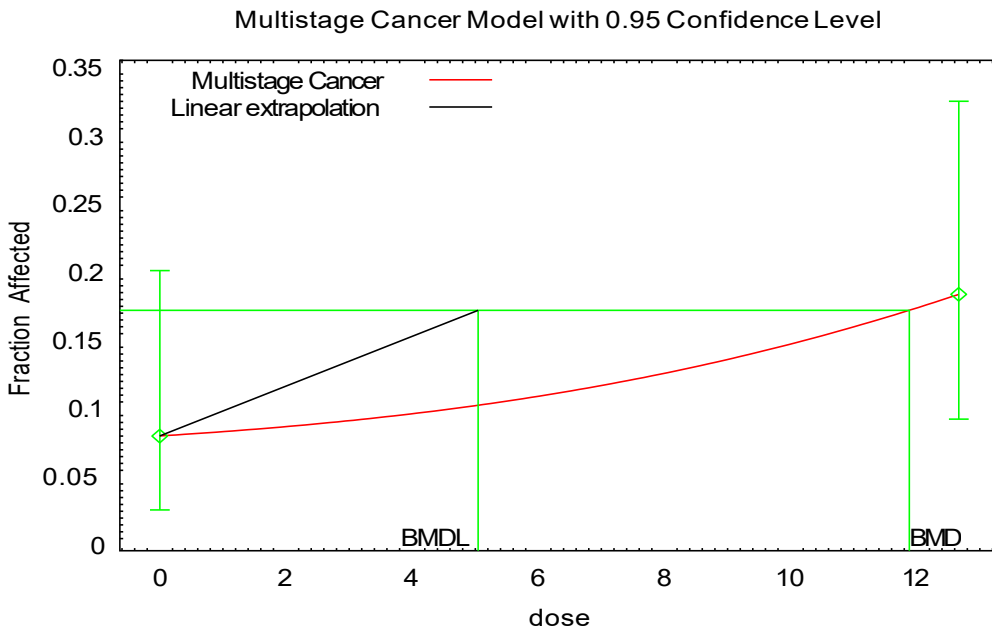
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 10.4557  
 BMDL = 7.59255  
 BMDU = 12.107

Taken together, (7.59255, 12.107 ) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

**Female BDF1 mouse – hepatocellular adenomas or carcinomas (0, 5 ppm dose groups)**

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**

**Fisher model**



12:49 10/15 2007

```
=====  
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE MOUSE LIVER\MRAMKL-  
FISHER\FMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-FISHER.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE MOUSE  
LIVER\MRAMKL-FISHER\FMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-FISHER.plt  
Fri Oct 12 09:15:17 2007  
=====
```

BMDS MODEL RUN

Observation # < parameter # for Multistage Cancer model.  
The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 2  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

Default Initial Parameter Values  
Background = 0.24898  
Beta(1) = 0.0160225  
Beta(2) = 0.001265

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

	Background	Beta (1)	Beta (2)
Background	1	-2.2e-008	8.3e-009
Beta (1)	-6e-009	1	-1
Beta (2)	-3.2e-009	-1	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.08	*	*	*
Beta (1)	0.00471969	*	*	*
Beta (2)	0.000372627	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Error in computing chi-square; returning 2

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-37.3075	2			
Fitted model	-37.3075	3	2.84217e-014	-1	NA
Reduced model	-38.4987	1	2.38238	1	0.1227

AIC: 80.6149

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0800	4.000	4	50	-0.000
12.6660	0.1837	9.000	9	49	0.000

Chi^2 = 0.00      d.f. = -1      P-value = NA

Benchmark Dose Computation

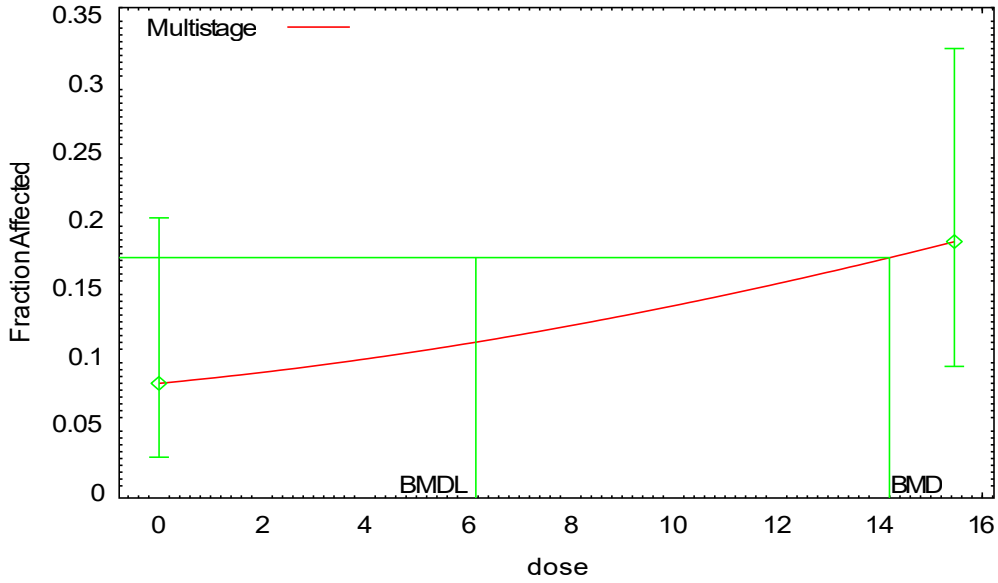
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 11.6352  
 BMDL = 5.04631

BMDU did not converge for BMR = 0.100000  
 BMDU calculation failed  
 BMDU = 3.56605e+007

Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.0198165

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**  
**Thrall model**

Multistage Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



12:50 10/15 2007

```
=====
Multistage Model. (Version: 2.8; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE MOUSE LIVER\MRAMKL-
THRALL\FMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-THRALL.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE MOUSE
LIVER\MRAMKL-THRALL\FMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-THRALL.plt
Fri Oct 12 09:17:46 2007
=====
```

```
BMDS MODEL RUN
~~~~~
```

Observation # < parameter # for Multistage model.  
The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

```
Total number of observations = 2
Total number of records with missing values = 0
Total number of parameters in model = 3
Total number of specified parameters = 0
Degree of polynomial = 2
```

```
Maximum number of iterations = 250
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008
Default Initial Parameter Values Background =
0.24898
```

```
Beta(1) = 0.0131302
Beta(2) = 0.000849523
```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

Background	Beta(1)	Beta(2)
------------	---------	---------



Background	1	NA	NA
Beta(1)	NA	NA	NA
Beta(2)	NA	NA	NA

NA - This parameter's variance has been estimated as zero or less.  
 THE MODEL HAS PROBABLY NOT CONVERGED!!!

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.08	*	*	*
Beta(1)	0.00386773	*	*	*
Beta(2)	0.000250241	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

At least some variance estimates are negative.  
 THIS USUALLY MEANS THE MODEL HAS NOT CONVERGED!  
 Try again from another starting point.

Error in computing chi-square; returning 2

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-37.3075	2			
Fitted model	-37.3075	3	2.84217e-014	-1	NA
Reduced model	-38.4987	1	2.38238	1	0.1227

AIC: 80.6149

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0800	4.000	4	50	-0.000
15.4560	0.1837	9.000	9	49	0.000

Chi^2 = 0.00      d.f. = -1      P-value = NA

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 14.1982  
 BMDL = 6.15788  
 BMDU = 2.64632e+014

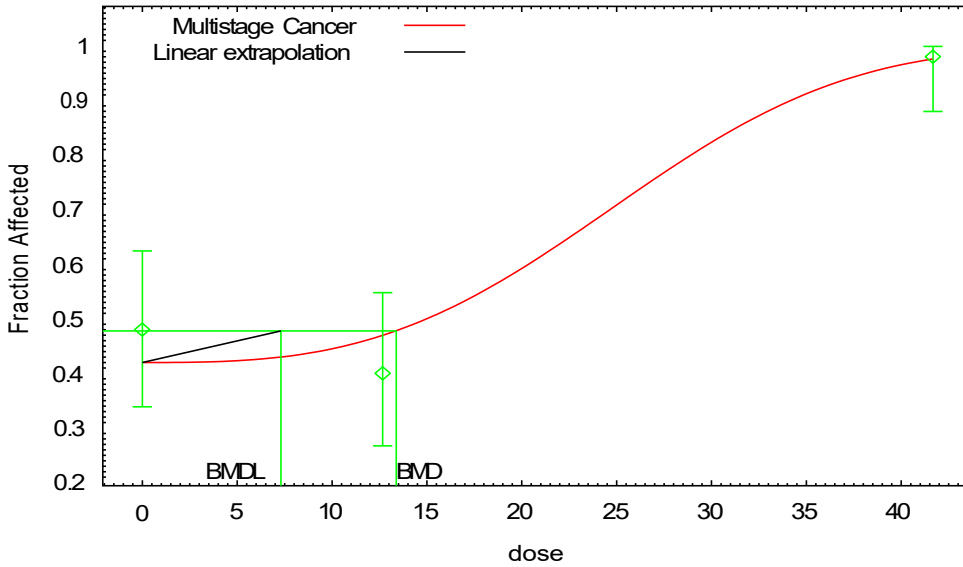
Taken together, (6.15788, 2.64632e+014) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

**Male BDF1 mouse – hepatocellular adenomas or carcinomas (0, 5, 25 ppm)**

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**

**Fisher model**

Multistage Cancer Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



12:03 12/04 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS MALE MOUSE LIVER\MRAMKL-
FISHER\MMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-FISHER.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS MALE MOUSE
LIVER\MRAMKL-FISHER\MMOUSE_LIVER_ADCAR_MRAMKL-FISHER.plt
Tue Dec 04 12:03:25 2007
=====

```

BMD5 MODEL RUN

Observation # < parameter # for Multistage Cancer model.  
The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2 - \text{beta3} * \text{dose}^3)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 4  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 3

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```

Default Initial Parameter Values
Background = 0.352068
Beta(1) = 0
Beta(2) = 0
Beta(3) = 4.77425e-005

```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Beta(1) -Beta(2) have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user, and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	Background	Beta (3)
Background	1	-0.22
Beta (3)	-0.22	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.41973	*	*	*
Beta (1)	0	*	*	*
Beta (2)	0	*	*	*
Beta (3)	4.39818e-005	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-73.1699	3			
Fitted model	-74.0443	2	1.74874	1	0.186
Reduced model	-99.6096	1	52.8795	2	<.0001
AIC:	152.089				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est. Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.4197	20.987	24	50	0.864
12.6660	0.4693	23.467	20	50	-0.982
41.6750	0.9760	48.798	49	50	0.187

Chi^2 = 1.75      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.1864

Benchmark Dose Computation

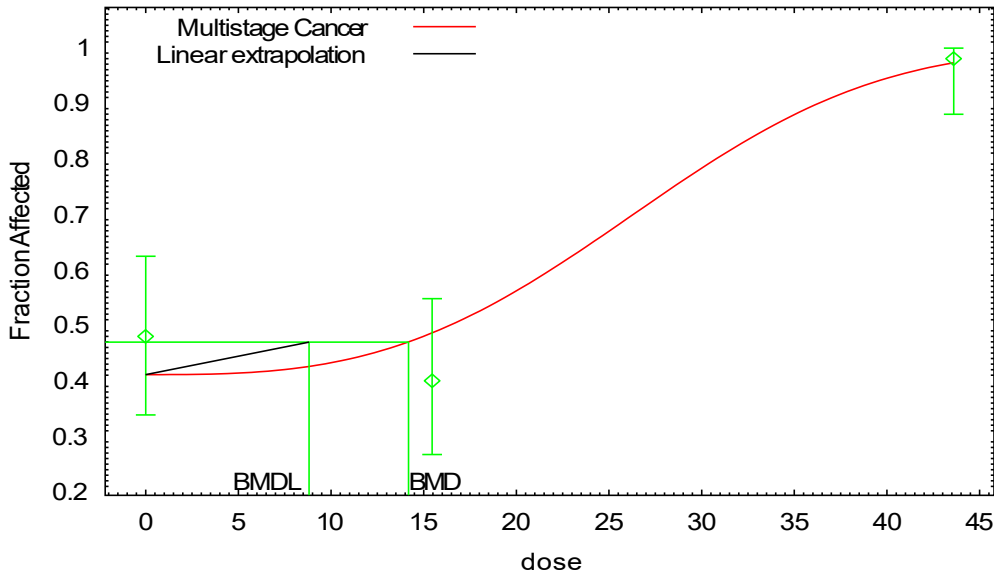
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 13.3804  
 BMDL = 7.30705  
 BMDU = 15.6428

Taken together, (7.30705, 15.6428) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.0136854

**Dose metric: MRAMKL**  
**Thrall model**

Multistage Cancer Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



13:12 12/14 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS MALE MOUSE LIVER\MRAMKL-
THRALL\MMOUSE LIVER ADCAR MRAMKL-THRALL.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS MALE MOUSE
LIVER\MRAMKL-THRALL\MMOUSE LIVER ADCAR MRAMKL-THRALL.plt
Tue Dec 04 12:19:57 2007
=====

```

BMS MODEL RUN

Observation # < parameter # for Multistage Cancer model.  
The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\beta_1 * \text{dose} - \beta_2 * \text{dose}^2 - \beta_3 * \text{dose}^3)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = IncLiverTumor  
Independent variable = umol/hr-kgL

Total number of observations = 3  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 4  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 3

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Default Initial Parameter Values Background = 0.317881

Beta(1) = 0  
Beta(2) = 0  
Beta(3) = 4.21166e-005

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Beta(1) -Beta(2) have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,

and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	Background	Beta (3)
Background	1	-0.26
Beta (3)	-0.26	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0.410703	*	*	*
Beta (1)	0	*	*	*
Beta (2)	0	*	*	*
Beta (3)	3.69143e-005	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-73.1699	3			
Fitted model	-74.462	2	2.58426	1	0.1079
Reduced model	-99.6096	1	52.8795	2	<.0001
AIC:	152.924				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est. Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.4107	20.535	24	50	0.996
15.4560	0.4858	24.289	20	50	-1.214
43.5990	0.9724	48.618	49	50	0.330

Chi^2 = 2.57      d.f. = 1      P-value = 0.1086

Benchmark Dose Computation

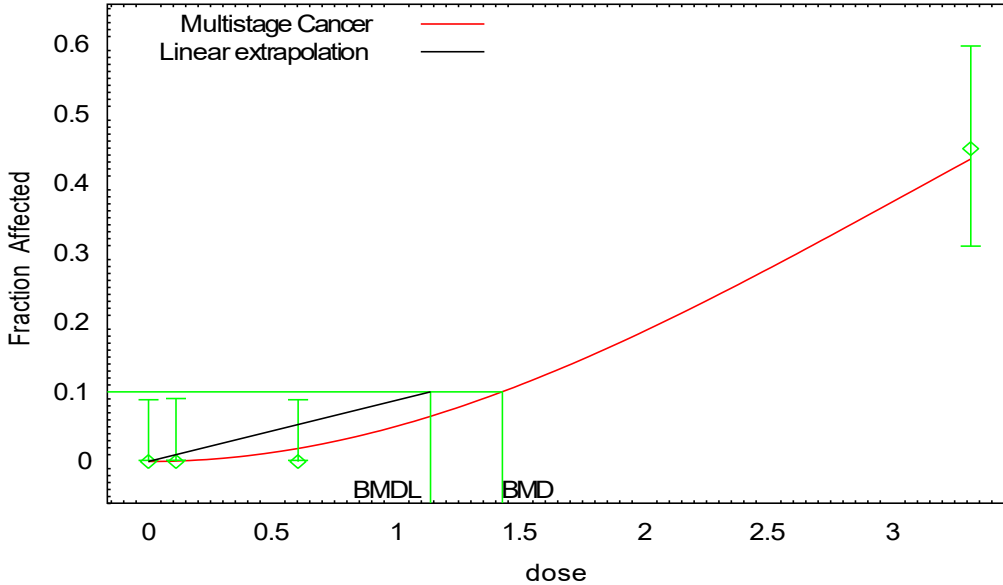
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 14.185  
 BMDL = 8.82145  
 BMDU = 16.5171

Taken together, (8.82145, 16.5171) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.011336

***BDF1 mouse (female) – pheochromocytomas***  
**Dose metric: MCA**  
**Fisher model**

Multistage Cancer Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



09:49 10/12 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMAS\FISHER\FMOUSE_PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA_MCA-FISHER.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMAS\FISHER\FMOUSE_PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA_MCA-FISHER.plt
Fri Oct 12 09:49:11 2007
=====

```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\beta_1 * \text{dose} - \beta_2 * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = Pheochrom  
Independent variable = umol/L

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```

Default Initial Parameter Values
Background = 0
Beta(1) = 0
Beta(2) = 0.0548062

```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Background -Beta(1)  
 have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,  
 and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

Beta(2)

Beta(2) 1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0	*	*	*
Beta(1)	0	*	*	*
Beta(2)	0.0517683	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-33.7087	4			
Fitted model	-34.7039	1	1.99041	3	0.5744
Reduced model	-69.0688	1	70.7202	3	<.0001
AIC:	71.4077				

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	50	0.000
0.1110	0.0006	0.031	0	49	-0.177
0.6030	0.0186	0.932	0	50	-0.975
3.3150	0.4338	21.259	22	49	0.214

Chi^2 = 1.03      d.f. = 3      P-value = 0.7947

Benchmark Dose Computation

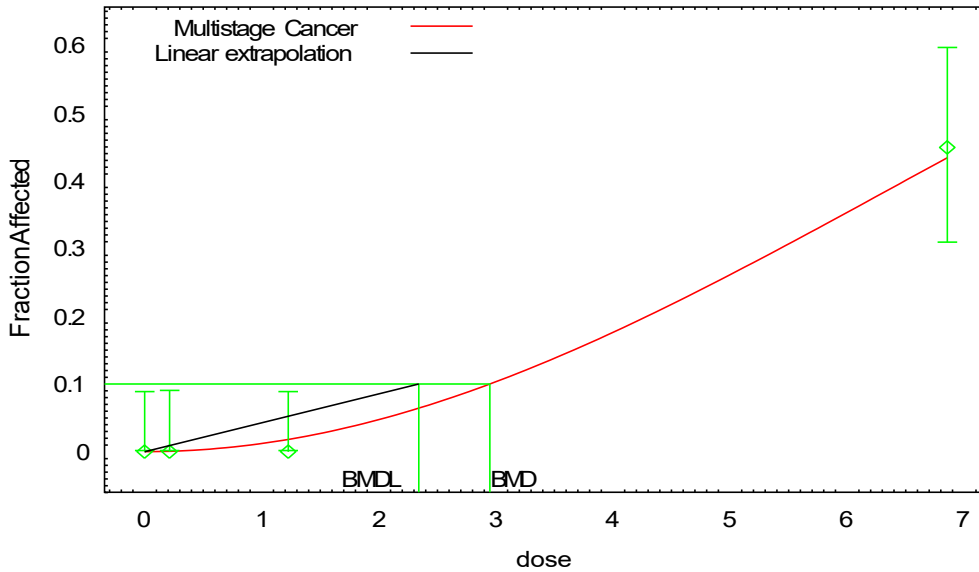
Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 1.42662  
 BMDL = 1.13753  
 BMDU = 1.72224

Taken together, (1.13753, 1.72224) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.08791

**Dose metric: MCA**  
**Thrall model**

Multistage Cancer Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



09:53 10/12 2007

```

=====
Multistage Cancer Model. (Version: 1.5; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMAS\THRALL\FMOUSE_PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA-MCA-THRALL.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS FEMALE
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMAS\THRALL\FMOUSE_PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA-MCA-THRALL.plt
Fri Oct 12 09:53:23 2007
=====

```

BMS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{background} + (1-\text{background}) * [1 - \text{EXP}(-\text{beta1} * \text{dose}^1 - \text{beta2} * \text{dose}^2)]$$

The parameter betas are restricted to be positive

Dependent variable = Pheochrom  
Independent variable = umol/L

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Total number of parameters in model = 3  
Total number of specified parameters = 0  
Degree of polynomial = 2

Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

```

Default Initial Parameter Values
Background =          0
Beta(1) =            0
Beta(2) =      0.0128084

```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates



( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -Background -Beta(1)  
 have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,  
 and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

Beta(2)

Beta(2) 1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
Background	0	*	*	*
Beta(1)	0	*	*	*
Beta(2)	0.0121232	*	*	*

\* - Indicates that this value is not calculated.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-33.7087	4			
Fitted model	-34.6679	1	1.91847	3	0.5895
Reduced model	-69.0688	1	70.7202	3	<.0001

AIC: 71.3358

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	50	0.000
0.2130	0.0005	0.027	0	49	-0.164
1.2260	0.0181	0.903	0	50	-0.959
6.8560	0.4344	21.285	22	49	0.206

Chi^2 = 0.99 d.f. = 3 P-value = 0.8039

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 2.94801  
 BMDL = 2.34113  
 BMDU = 3.55893

Taken together, (2.34113, 3.55893) is a 90 % two-sided confidence interval for the BMD

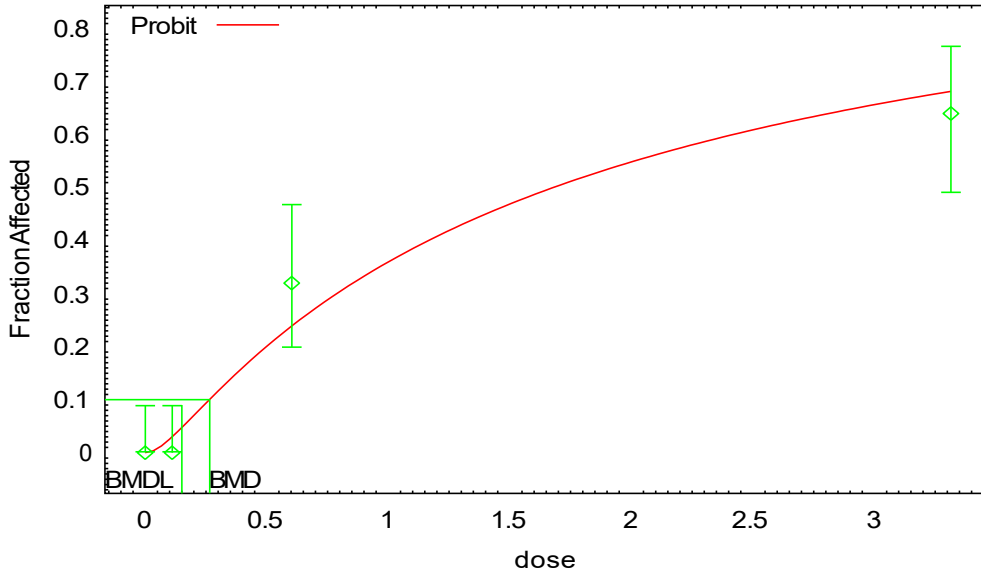
Multistage Cancer Slope Factor = 0.0427144

***BDF1 mouse (male) – pheochromocytomas***

**Dose metric: MCA**

**Fisher model**

Probit Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



12:55 11/30 2007

```
=====  
Probit Model. (Version: 2.8; Date: 02/20/2007)  
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS MALE  
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMAS\FISHER\MMOUSE_PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA_MCA-FISHER.(d)  
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS MALE  
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMAS\FISHER\MMOUSE_PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA_MCA-FISHER.plt  
Fri Nov 30 12:55:04 2007  
=====
```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{Background} + (1 - \text{Background}) * \text{CumNorm}(\text{Intercept} + \text{Slope} * \text{Log}(\text{Dose})),$$

where CumNorm(.) is the cumulative normal distribution function

Dependent variable = Pheochrom  
Independent variable = umol/L  
Slope parameter is not restricted

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

User has chosen the log transformed model

```
Default Initial (and Specified) Parameter Values  
background = 0  
intercept = -0.416734  
slope = 0.792244
```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -background

have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user, and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	intercept	slope
intercept	1	-0.092
slope	-0.092	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
background	0	NA		
intercept	-0.358995	0.125298	-0.604574	-0.113416
slope	0.694404	0.110458	0.47791	0.910899

NA - Indicates that this parameter has hit a bound implied by some inequality constraint and thus has no standard error.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-64.0144	4			
Fitted model	-66.5682	2	5.10756	2	0.07779
Reduced model	-110.216	1	92.4032	3	<.0001

AIC: 137.136

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est._Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	50	0.000
0.1110	0.0297	1.484	0	50	-1.237
0.6030	0.2388	11.939	16	50	1.347
3.3150	0.6820	34.099	32	50	-0.637

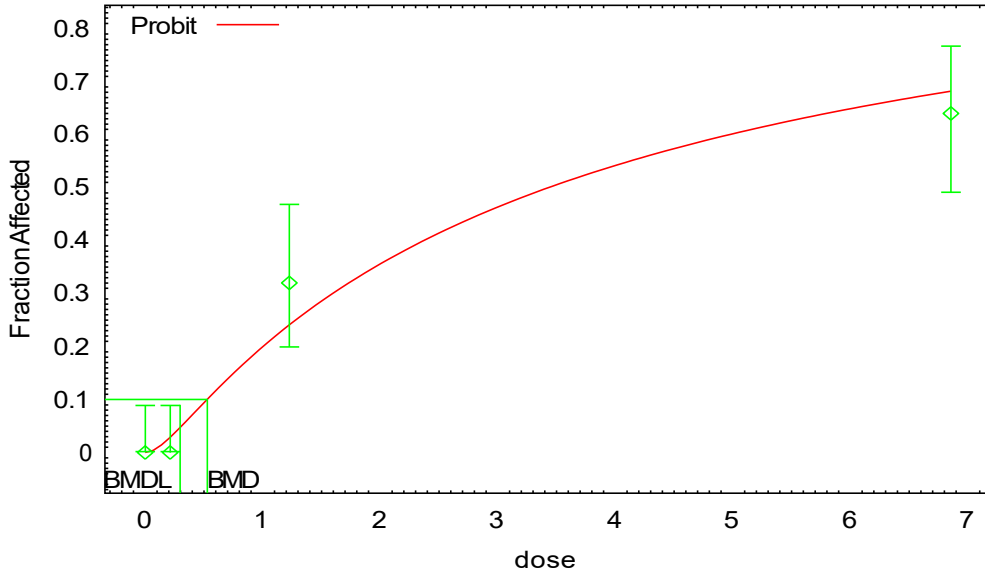
Chi^2 = 3.75      d.f. = 2      P-value = 0.1533

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 0.264859  
 BMDL = 0.150882

**Dose metric: MCA  
Thrall model**

Probit Model with 0.95 Confidence Level



13:15 11/30 2007

```

=====
Probit Model. (Version: 2.8; Date: 02/20/2007)
Input Data File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS MALE
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMAS\THRALL\MMOUSE_PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA_MCA-THRALL.(d)
Gnuplot Plotting File: G:\CARBON TET\BMD\BMD MODELING 10-2007\TUMORS MALE
PHEOCHROMOCYTOMAS\THRALL\MMOUSE_PHEOCHROMOCYTOMA_MCA-THRALL.plt
Fri Nov 30 13:15:12 2007
=====

```

BMDS MODEL RUN

The form of the probability function is:

$$P[\text{response}] = \text{Background} + (1 - \text{Background}) * \text{CumNorm}(\text{Intercept} + \text{Slope} * \text{Log}(\text{Dose})),$$

where CumNorm(.) is the cumulative normal distribution function

Dependent variable = Pheochrom  
Independent variable = umol/L  
Slope parameter is not restricted

Total number of observations = 4  
Total number of records with missing values = 0  
Maximum number of iterations = 250  
Relative Function Convergence has been set to: 1e-008  
Parameter Convergence has been set to: 1e-008

User has chosen the log transformed model

```

Default Initial (and Specified) Parameter Values
background = 0
intercept = -0.965049
slope = 0.776315

```

Asymptotic Correlation Matrix of Parameter Estimates

( \*\*\* The model parameter(s) -background  
have been estimated at a boundary point, or have been specified by the user,  
and do not appear in the correlation matrix )

	intercept	slope
intercept	1	-0.58
slope	-0.58	1

Parameter Estimates

Variable	Estimate	Std. Err.	95.0% Wald Confidence Interval	
			Lower Conf. Limit	Upper Conf. Limit
background	0	NA		
intercept	-0.844448	0.153761	-1.14581	-0.543082
slope	0.683918	0.109119	0.470048	0.897787

NA - Indicates that this parameter has hit a bound implied by some inequality constraint and thus has no standard error.

Analysis of Deviance Table

Model	Log(likelihood)	# Param's	Deviance	Test d.f.	P-value
Full model	-64.0144	4			
Fitted model	-66.4723	2	4.91585	2	0.08561
Reduced model	-110.216	1	92.4032	3	<.0001

AIC: 136.945

Goodness of Fit

Dose	Est. Prob.	Expected	Observed	Size	Scaled Residual
0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0	50	0.000
0.2130	0.0286	1.429	0	50	-1.213
1.2260	0.2404	12.019	16	50	1.318
6.8560	0.6816	34.080	32	50	-0.631

Chi^2 = 3.61      d.f. = 2      P-value = 0.1648

Benchmark Dose Computation

Specified effect = 0.1  
 Risk Type = Extra risk  
 Confidence level = 0.95  
 BMD = 0.527758  
 BMDL = 0.297349

## SOURCE CODE FOR PHYSIOLOGICALLY BASED PHARMACOKINETIC MODELS

```
% .....  
%  
% File: HUMINH.M  
%  
% Programmed by Gary Diamond  
% Syracuse Research Corporation, 02/2005  
%  
% This run time file implements CCL4.CSL for inhalation exposure  
%(human parameters)  
% .....  
% Prepare time history variables  
prepare @clear @all  
  
% Set communication interval  
CINT=1.;  
  
% Set simulation stop (hr)  
TSTOP=17250.;  
  
% Integration error check  
!!SET WESITG=.F.  
  
% Air Exposure Parameters  
AIRC=2.27; %ppm  
AIRON=0.; %hr  
AIROFF=1000000.; %17520.; %hr  
CIOFF=0.; %ppm  
APER1=24.; %hr  
AWID1=24.; %hr  
APER2=168.; %hr  
AWID2=168.; %hr  
  
% Oral Exposure Parameters  
RGIL=0.0;  
FGIL=1.0;  
  
% Human Parameters  
BW=70.;  
VLC=0.04;  
VFC=0.30; %Revised from 0.1 (03/2007)  
VSC=0.62;  
VRC=0.05;
```

```
QCC=15.;
QPC=15.;
QSF=0.74;
QLC=0.25;
QFC=0.06;
QSC=0.18;
QRC=0.51;
```

```
PBLD=2.64;
PL=3.14;
PF=79.42;
PS=1.0;
PR=3.14;
```

```
%Chemical Parameters
```

```
MW=153.8;
VMAXC=1.49;
KMX = 0.25;
VMAXSF=0.7;
A1=0.065;
A2=0.095;
A3=0.84;
K1=0.25;
K2=0.03;
K3=0.025;
K4=0.;
K5=0.0004;
```

```
!! START /NC
```

```
%Output
```

```
HUM1=[_time _day _air _ca _ramkb _mcl _cf _af, _cl];
```

```
HUM2=rot90(fliplr(HUM1));
out=fopen('HUMAN.out','w');
fprintf(out,"%f,%f,%f,%e,%e,%e,%e,%e,%e\n",HUM2);
fclose(out);
```

```

% .....
%
% File: HUMOR.M
%
% Programmed by Gary Diamond
% Syracuse Research Corporation, 10/2007
%
%This run time file implements CCL4.CSL for "oral" exposure (RGIL)
%(human parameters)
% .....
%Prepare time history variables
prepare @clear @all

%Set communication interval
CINT=24.;

%Set simulation stop (hr)
TSTOP=5000.;

%Integration error check
!!SET WESITG=.F.

%Air Exposure Parameters
AIRC=0.; %ppm
AIRON=0.; %hr
AIROFF=1000000.;%17520.;%hr
CIOFF=0.; %ppm
APER1=24.;%hr
AWID1=24.;%hr
APER2=168.;%hr
AWID2=168.;%hr

%Oral Exposure Parameters
RGILC=10.0;
FGIL=1.0;

%Human Parameters
BW=70.;
VLC=0.04;
VFC=0.30;%Revised from 0.1
VSC=0.62;
VRC=0.05;

QCC=15.;
QPC=15.;
QSF=0.74;

```



```
QLC=0.25;  
QFC=0.06;  
QSC=0.18;  
QRC=0.51;
```

```
PBLD=2.64;  
PL=3.14;  
PF=79.42;  
PS=1.0;  
PR=3.14;
```

```
%Chemical Parameters
```

```
MW=153.8;  
VMAXC=0.40;  
KMX = 0.25;  
VMAXSF=0.7;  
A1=0.065;  
A2=0.095;  
A3=0.84;  
K1=0.25;  
K2=0.03;  
K3=0.025;  
K4=0.;  
K5=0.0004;
```

```
!! START /NC
```

```
%Output
```

```
HUM1=[_time _rgil _mca _mramkl];  
  
HUM2=rot90(fliplr(HUM1));  
out=fopen('HUMAN.out','w');  
fprintf(out,"%e,%e,%e,%e\n",HUM2);  
fclose(out);
```

```

% .....
%
% File: MOUINH_JF.M
%
% Programmed by Gary Diamond
% Syracuse Research Corporation, 10/2007
%
%This run time file implements CCL4.CSL for inhalation exposure
%(mouse parameters, Fisher et al. 2004)
% .....
%Prepare time history variables
prepare @clear @all

%Set communication interval
CINT=24.;

%Set simulation stop (hr)
TSTOP=17520.;

%Integration error check
!!SET WESITG=.F.

%Air Exposure Parameters:
AIRC=125.; %ppm
AIRON=0.; %hr
AIROFF=17520.; %hr
CIOFF=0.; %ppm
APER1=24.; %hr
AWID1=6.; %hr
APER2=168.; %hr
AWID2=120.; %hr

%Mouse Parameters:
BW=0.036;
VLC=0.04;
VFC=0.04;
VSC=0.69;
VRC=0.14;

QCC=30.;
QPC=30.;
QSF=0.75;
QLC=0.24;
QFC=0.05;
QSC=0.17;
QRC=0.54;

```

```
PBLD=3.8;
PL=4.8;
PF=91.4;
PS=2.5;
PR=4.8;
```

```
%Chemical Parameters:
```

```
MW=153.8;
VMAXC=1.;
KMX = 0.3;
VMAXSF=0.75;
```

```
%From Thrall et al 2000
```

```
A1=0.065;
A2=0.095;
A3=0.84;
K1=0.25;
K2=0.03;
K3=0.025;
K4=0.;
K5=0.00042;
```

```
!! START /NC
```

```
%Output
```

```
%MOU=[AIR MCA MRAMKB MCL MRAMKL]
```

```
MOU1=[_time_day_air_mramkl_mca_mramkb_mcl_mramkl]; %output matrix
```

```
%formatting of output for printed comma-dilimited file:
```

```
MOU2=rot90(fliplr(MOU1));
```

```
out=fopen('MOU.out','w');
```

```
%fprintf(out,"%f,%f,%f,%f,%f,%f,%f\n",MOU2);
```

```
%fprintf(out,"%f,%f,%f,%e,%e,%e,%e,%e\n",MOU2);
```

```
fprintf(out,"%e\n",MOU);
```

```
fclose(out);
```

```

% .....
%
% File: MOUINH_KT.M
%
% Programmed by Gary Diamond
% Syracuse Research Corporation, 3/2007
%
%This run time file implements CCL4.CSL for inhalation exposure
%(mouse parameters, Thrall et al. 2000)
% .....
%Prepare time history variables
prepare @clear @all

%Set communication interval
CINT=24.;

%Set simulation stop (hr)
TSTOP=17520.;

%Integration error check
!!SET WESITG=.F.

%Air Exposure Parameters:
AIRC=2.5; %ppm
AIRON=0.; %hr
AIROFF=17520; %hr
CIOFF=0.; %ppm
APER1=24.; %hr
AWID1=6.; %hr
APER2=168.; %hr
AWID2=120.; %hr

%Mouse Parameters:
BW=0.036;
VLC=0.04;
VFC=0.04;
VSC=0.78;
VRC=0.05;

QCC=28.;
QPC=28.;
QSF=0.74;
QLC=0.24;
QFC=0.05;
QSC=0.19;
QRC=0.52;

```

```
PBLD=7.83;  
PL=2.08;  
PF=23.0;  
PS=0.61;  
PR=2.08;
```

```
%Chemical Parameters:
```

```
MW=153.8;  
VMAXC=0.79;  
KMX = 0.46;  
VMAXSF=0.7;  
A1=0.065;  
A2=0.095;  
A3=0.84;  
K1=0.25;  
K2=0.03;  
K3=0.025;  
K4=0.;  
K5=0.00042;
```

```
!! START /NC
```

```
%Output
```

```
%MOU=[AIR MCA MRAMKB MCL MRAMKL]
```

```
MOU1=[_time _day _air _mramkl _mca _mcl]; %output matrix
```

```
%formatting of output for printed comma-dilimited file:
```

```
MOU2=rot90(fliplr(MOU1));
```

```
out=fopen('MOU.out','w');
```

```
fprintf(out,"%f,%f,%e,%e,%e,%e\n",MOU2);
```

```
fprintf(out,"%e\n",MOU);
```

```
fclose(out);
```

```

% .....
%
% File: RATINH.M
%
% Programmed by Gary Diamond
% Syracuse Research Corporation, 02/2005
%
%This run time file implements CCL4.CSL for inhalation exposure
%(rat parameters)
% .....
%Prepare time history variables
prepare @clear @all

%Set communication interval
CINT=1.;

%Set simulation stop (hr)
TSTOP=17250.;

%Integration error check
!!SET WESITG=.F.

%Air Exposure Parameters:
AIRC=4.; %ppm
AIRON=0.; %hr
AIROFF=17520;%hr
CIOFF=0.; %ppm
APER1=24.; %hr
AWID1=6.; %6.; %hr
APER2=168.; %hr
AWID2=120.; %120.; %hr

%Rat Parameters:
BW=0.452;
VLC=0.04;
VFC=0.08;
VSC=0.74;
VRC=0.05;

QCC=15.;
QPC=15.;
QSF=0.74;
QLC=0.25;
QFC=0.04;
QSC=0.20;
QRC=0.51;

```

```
PBLD=4.52;  
PL=3.14;  
PF=79.42;  
PS=1.0;  
PR=3.14;
```

```
%Chemical Parameters:
```

```
MW=153.8;  
VMAXC=0.4;  
KMX = 0.25;  
VMAXSF=0.7;  
A1=0.065;  
A2=0.095;  
A3=0.84;  
K1=0.25;  
K2=0.03;  
K3=0.025;  
K4=0.;  
K5=0.00042;
```

```
!! START /NC
```

```
%Output
```

```
RAT1=[_time _day _air _mca _mramkl _mcl]; %output matrix
```

```
%formatting of output for printed comma-dilimited file:
```

```
%RAT2=rot90(fliplr(RAT1));  
%out=fopen('RAT.out','w');  
%fprintf(out,"%f,%f,%f,%e,%e,%e\n",RAT2);  
%fclose(out);
```

PROGRAM: CCL4R

!This program simulates the pharmacokinetics of carbon tetrachloride

!The program is based on ITRICCL4.ACSL, developed by KD THRALL 9/98; ACSL code provided to GDiamond, 04/2004

!The above code was translated with minor modifications, by GDiamond, 05/2004

INITIAL

VARIABLE TIME = 0.0 !Set independent variable to be TIME

ALGORITHM IALG = 2 !Numerical integration algorithm - Gear for stiff systems

CINTERVAL CINT=100. !Communication interval

NSTP = 1000 !Set initial integration cycle length at CINT/1000

MERROR AL=0.0001 !Set error tolerance for Gear

!\*\*\*\*\*BODY AND TISSUE MASSES\*\*\*\*\*

CONSTANT BW = 0.2 !Body weight (kg)

CONSTANT VLC = 0.04 !Liver fraction of body weight

CONSTANT VFC = 0.08 !Adipose fraction of body weight

CONSTANT VSC = 0.74 !Slowly-perfused fraction of body weight

CONSTANT VRC = 0.05 !Rapidly-perfused fraction of body weight

VL=VLC\*BW !Liver (kg)

VF=VFC\*BW !Adipose (kg)

VS=VSC\*BW !Slowly-perfused (kg)

VR=VRC\*BW !Rapidly-perfused (kg)

!\*\*\*\*\*BLOOD FLOWS\*\*\*\*\*

CONSTANT QCC=14 !Cardiac output (L/hr-BW<sup>SF</sup>)

CONSTANT QPC=14 !Alveolar ventilation (L/hr-BW<sup>SF</sup>)

CONSTANT QLC = 0.25 !Liver fraction of cardiac output

CONSTANT QFC = 0.09 !Adipose fraction of cardiac output

CONSTANT QSC = 0.15 !Slowly-perfused fraction of cardiac output

CONSTANT QRC = 0.51 !Rapidly-perfused fraction of cardiac output

CONSTANT QSF = 0.74 !QC and QP scaling factor (SF)

QC=QCC\*BW\*\*QSF!Cardiac output (L/hr)

QP=QPC\*BW\*\*QSF !Alveolar ventilation (L/hr)

QL = QLC\*QC !Liver (L/hr)

QF = QFC\*QC !Adipose (L/hr)

QS = QSC\*QC !Slowly-perfused (L/hr)

QR = QRC\*QC !Rapidly-perfused (L/hr)

!\*\*\*\*\*PARTITION COEFFICIENTS\*\*\*\*\*

CONSTANT PBLD = 4.52 !Blood:air partition coefficient



CONSTANT PL = 3.14 !Liver: blood partition coefficient  
CONSTANT PF = 79.42 !Adipose: blood partition coefficient  
CONSTANT PS = 1.0 !Slowly-perfused: blood partition coefficient  
CONSTANT PR = 3.14 !Rapidly-perfused: blood partition coefficient

!\*\*\*\*\*METABOLISM and EXCRETION\*\*\*\*\*

CONSTANT MW=153.8 !Molecular weight of CCl4  
CONSTANT VMAXC = 0.40 !VMAX for metabolism in liver (mg/hr-BW^SF)  
CONSTANT KMX = 0.25 !KM for metabolism in liver (mg/L)  
CONSTANT VMAXSF=0.7 !Scaling factor for VMAXC (SF)  
CONSTANT A1=0.085 !Fraction of metabolism rate to M1 pool  
CONSTANT A2=0.095 !Fraction of metabolism rate to M2 pool  
CONSTANT A3=0.84 !Fraction of metabolism rate to M3 pool  
CONSTANT K1=0.123 !Rate constant for conversion of M1 to exhaled metabolite (CO2) (hr-1)  
CONSTANT K2=0.03 !Rate constant for conversion of M2 to urinary metabolite (hr-1)  
CONSTANT K3=0.0252 !Rate constant for conversion of M3 to fecal metabolite (hr-1)  
CONSTANT K4=0. !Rate constant for conversion of M2 to M1 (hr-1)  
CONSTANT K5=0.00042 !Rate constant for conversion of M3 to M1 (hr-1)

VMAX = 1000\*VMAXC\*BW\*\*VMAXSF/MW!Maximum rate of metabolism in liver (umol/hr)  
KM = 1000\*KMX/MW !Michaelis constant for metabolism in liver (umol/L)

!\*\*\*\*\*EXPOSURE - AIR\*\*\*\*\*

CONSTANT AIRC = 1. !Air exposure concentration (ppm)  
AIR = AIRC; !Air exposure concentration (ppm)  
AIRCM = AIR/24.45 !Air exposure (umol/L)  
mgAIR = AIR\*MW/24.45 !Air exposure (mg/m3)  
ugAIR=AIR\*MW/24.45 !Air exposure concentration (ug/L)

CONSTANT TSTOP = 700. !Length of simulation (hr)  
CONSTANT AIRON=0. !Time air exposure starts (hr)  
CONSTANT AIROFF=700. !Time air exposure stops (hr)  
CONSTANT CIOFF=0. !Concentration in inhaled air when exposure is off (ppm)  
CONSTANT APER1=24. !Pulse period 1 for air exposure (e.g., hours in a day)  
CONSTANT AWID1=24. !Pulse width 1 for air exposure (e.g., 6 hours each day)  
CONSTANT APER2=168. !Pulse period 2 for air exposure (e.g., hours in a day)  
CONSTANT AWID2=168. !Pulse width 2 for air exposure (e.g., 6 hours each day)

!\*\*\*\*\*EXPOSURE - ORAL \*\*\*\*\*GD 08/2007

CONSTANT RGILC=0. !Rate of uptake from GI to liver (umol/hr)  
RGIL=RGILC !Rate of uptake from GI to liver (umol/hr)  
!Use for simulating constant rate of uptake from GI-tract  
MGRGIL=RGIL\*MW/1000 !Rate of uptake from GI to liver (mg/hr)  
MGRGILKGD=RGIL\*24\*MW/(1000\*BW)!Rate of uptake to liver (mg/kg-day)  
CONSTANT GILF=1. !Absorption fraction  
!CONSTANT POINTS = 96.  
!CINT = TSTOP/POINTS !Sets communication for 96 times in the simulation

END !of INITIAL section of program

DYNAMIC

DERIVATIVE

DAY=TIME/24

YEAR=DAY/365

\*\*\*\*\*CONCENTRATION IN INHALED AIR (umol/L)\*\*\*\*\*

CION = AIRCM\*PULSE(AIRON,APER1,AWID1)\*PULSE(AIRON,APER2,AWID2)

CI = RSW(TIME.LE.AIROFF,CION,CIOFF)

RAI = QP\*(CA/PBLD-CI)!Rate inhaled (umol/hr)

CP = CI\*24.45 !Concentration in chamber (ppm)

\*\*\*\*\*AMOUNT TAKEN IN BY ONE ANIMAL (umol)\*\*\*\*\*

RIN = QP\*CI

AIN = INTEG(RIN,0.0)

\*\*\*\*\*LIVER\*\*\*\*\*

!Use for simulation of constant rate of uptake from GI-tract (GD 08/2007)

RAL = QL\*(CA-CVL)+RGIL-RAM !Rate of change in amount (umol/hr)

!Use for simulation of inhalation exposure

!RAL = QL\*(CA-CVL)-RAM !Rate of change in amount (umol/hr)

AL = INTEG(RAL, 0.0) !Amount (umol)

CVL = CL/PL !Concentration in venous blood (umol/L)

CL = AL/VL !Concentration (umol/L)

AUCCL = INTEG(CL,0.) !AUC concentration (umol/L x hr)

!Average concentration in liver (umol/L) - MCL(GD 05/2004)

IF (TIME .GT. 0.) THEN

MCL = AUCCL/TIME

ELSE

MCL= 0.

END IF

ugCL = CL\*MW/1000 !Concentration (ug/g)

MugCL = MCL\*MW/1000 !Average concentration (ug/g)

AUCugCL = AUCCL\*MW/1000 !AUC concentration (ug/g x hr)

\*\*\*\*\*METABOLIZED\*\*\*\*\*

RAM = (VMAX\*CVL)/(KM+CVL) !Rate, total (umol/hr)

RAMKB= RAM/BW !Rate, total (umol/hr x kg body)

RAMKL=RAM/VL !Rate, total (umol/hr x kg liver)

AUCRAM=INTEG(RAM,0.0) !AUC rate (umol/hr x hr)

```

!Average rate of metabolism (umol/hr) - MRAM (GD 05/2004)
IF (TIME .GT. 0.) THEN
MRAM = AUCRAM/TIME
ELSE
MRAM= 0.
END IF

```

```

MRAMKB=MRAM/BW !Average rate, total (umol/hr x kg body) (GD 05/2004)
MRAMKL=MRAM/VL !Average rate, total (umol/hr x kg liver) (GD 05/2004)

```

```

RAXA = RAM*A1-K1*AXA+K4*AXU+K5*AXF !Rate to air pool (umol/hr)
RAXF = RAM*A3-K3*AXF-K5*AXF !Rate to feces pool (umol/hr)
RAXU = RAM*A2-K2*AXU-K4*AXU !Rate to urine pool(umol/hr)
AM = INTEG(RAM,0.) !Amount total (umol)
AMK = AM/BW !Amount total (umol/kg bw)
AMKL=AM/VL !Amount total (umol/kg liver)
AXA = INTEG(RAXA,0.) !Amount in air pool (umol)
AXF = INTEG(RAXF,0.) !Amount in feces pool (umol)
AXU = INTEG(RAXU,0.) !Amount in urine pool (umol)

```

```

RA = AXA*k1 !Rate to air (umol/hr)
RU = AXU*k2 !Rate to urine (umol/hr)
RF = AXF*k3 !Rate to feces (umol/hr)
ugRA = RA*MW !Rate to air (ug/hr)
ugRU = RU*MW !Rate to urine (ug/hr)
ugRF = RF*MW !Rate to feces (ug/hr)
CAX = RA/((3/2)*QP) !Concentration of metabolite in exhaled air (umol/L)
CAXM = CAX*24.45 !Concentration of metabolite in exhaled air (ppm)

```

```

!*****FAT*****

```

```

RAF = QF*(CA-CVF) !Rate of change in amount (umol/hr)
AF = INTEG(RAF, 0.0) !Amount (umol)
CVF = CF/PF !Concentration in venous blood (umol/L)
CF = AF/VF !Concentration (umol/L)
AUCCF = INTEG(CF, 0.) !AUC concentration (umol/L x hr)

```

```

!Average concentration in fat (umol/L) - MCF (GD 03/2007)
IF (TIME .GT. 0.) THEN
MCF = AUCCF/TIME
ELSE
MCF=0.
END IF

```

```

ugCF = CF*MW/1000 !Concentration(ug/g)
MugCF = MCF*MW/1000 !Average concentration (ug/g)
AUCugCF = AUCCF*MW/1000 !AUC concentration (ug/g x hr)

```

!\*\*\*\*\*SLOWLY PERFUSED TISSUES\*\*\*\*\*

RAS = QS\*(CA-CVS) !Rate of change in amount (umol/hr)

AS = INTEG(RAS, 0.0) !Amount (umol)

CVS = AS/PS !Concentration in venous blood (umol/L)

CS = AS/VV !Concentration in umol/L

ugCS = CS\*MW/1000 !Concentration in ug/g

!\*\*\*\*\*RICHLY PERFUSED TISSUES\*\*\*\*\*

RAR = QR\*(CA-CVR) !Rate of change in amount (umol/hr)

AR = INTEG(RAR,0.0) !Amount (umol)

CVR = AR/PR !Concentration in venous blood (umol/L)

CR = AR/VR !Concentration in umol/L

ugCR = CR\*MW/1000 !Concentration in ug/g

!\*\*\*\*\*MIXED VENOUS BLOOD\*\*\*\*\*

CV = (QF\*CVF+QL\*CVL+QS\*CVS+QR\*CVR)/QC !Concentration(umol/L)

AUCCV=INTEG(CV,0.) !AUC concentration(umol/L x hr)

!Average concentration in venous blood (umol/L) - MCV (GD 05/2004)

IF (TIME .GT. 0.) THEN

MCV = AUCCV/TIME

ELSE

MCV=0.

END IF

ugCV = CV\*MW/1000 !Concentration (ug/g)

MugCV = MCV\*MW/1000 !Average concentration (ug/g)

AUCugCV = AUCCV\*MW/1000 !AUC concentration (ug/g x hr)

!\*\*\*\*\*ARTERIAL BLOOD\*\*\*\*\*

CA = (QC\*CV+QP\*CI)/(QC+(QP/PBLD)) !Concentration(umol/L)

AUCCA=INTEG(CA,0.) !AUC concentration(umol/L x hr)

!Average concentration in arterial blood (umol/L) - MCA (GD 05/2004)

IF (TIME .GT. 0.) THEN

MCA = AUCCA/TIME

ELSE

MCA=0.

END IF

ugCA=CA\*MW/1000 !Concentration (ug/g)

MugCA=MCA\*MW/1000 !Average concentration (ug/g)

AUCugCA=AUCCA\*MW/1000 !AUC concentration (ug/g x hr)

!\*\*\*\*\*AMOUNT EXHALED\*\*\*\*\*

CX=CA/PBLD !Concentration in alveolar air (umol/L)

CXPPM = (0.7\*CX+0.3\*CI)\*24.45 !Concentration in exhaled air (ppm)

!Total ventilation is 0.7 of alveolar ventilation

RAX= QP\*CX !Rate of change in amount (umol/hr)

AX=INTEG(RAX,0.) !Amount (umol)

!\*\*\*\*\*NET AMOUNT ABSORBED\*\*\*\*\*

DOSEX = AIN-AX !Net amount absorbed(umol)

BODY=AL+AF+AS+AR !Amount in body (umol)

MASSB = BODY+AM+AX !Mass balance (umol)

END !of DERIVATIVE section of program

TERMT(TIME .GE. TSTOP) !Termination condition

END !of DYNAMIC section of program

TERMINAL

END !of TERMINAL section of program

END !of program