# NPDES Industrial Permit Outfall Locations

These maps display the locations of the outfalls as well as the discharge sources, such as buildings, cooling towers, and power plants.



## Where are the NPDES industrial outfalls?

Environmental C Communication & Public Involvement

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Outfall 001 *for the* TA-3-22 Power Plant

Outfall 001

The discharge of about 300,000 gallons of treated water per day from Outfall 001 creates a continuous flowing perennial reach in upper Sandia Canyon and supports a 3-acre wetland. Water meets all regulatory standards. Most of the water comes from Description the Co-Generating Power and Steam Plant, which provides heating to buildings at TA-3 in addition to steam for process needs and to produce electricity in one 10-megawatt and two 5-megawatt steam turbines/generators. Cooling towers, boiler blow-down drains, Permitted demineralizer backwash, R/O reject, floor and sink Discharge drains and treated sanitary re-use Receiving Upper Sandia Canyon, Segment Number 20.6.4.126 Stream Constituent Flow, TSS, E Coli, Total Residual Chlorine, Metals, Monitoring pH, Temperature, PCBs, WET Monitoring Variable 1/week, 1/month, 1/year Frequency Reporting Monthly and annual Discharge Monitoring Reports Frequency (DMRs)

Outfall 135	
Outfall 13S	
for the	
TA-46-347	
Sanitary	
Wastewater	
System	
(SWWS) Plant	
Description	Wastewater from sanitary sewer, other non-radiological drains and storm water from technical areas throughout the Laboratory are treated at the Sanitary Waste Water System Plant. Currently, no water is discharged at Outfall 13s. Treated sanitary effluent is pumped either to Outfall 001, or to the Sanitary Effluent Reclamation Facility (SERF) for tertiary treatment and reuse at the Strategic Computing Complex cooling towers. Outfall 13s is a sampling point after final treatment processes prior to pumping to Outfall 001 or to the SERF.
Permitted	Treated sanitary wastewater

Permitted Discharge	Treated sanitary wastewater	
Receiving Stream	Upper Sandia Canyon in Segment Numbers 20.6.4.126 or Canada Del Buey, Segment Number 20.6.4.128	
Constituent Monitoring	Flow, BOD5, TSS, E. Coli, Total Residual Chlorine, pH, PCBs, and WET	
Monitoring Frequency	Variable 1/week, 1/month, 1/year	
Reporting Frequency	Monthly and annual Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs)	

#### Outfall 051

Outfall 051 *for the* TA-50-1 Radioactive

Liquid Waste		
Treatment		
Facility (RLWTF)		
Description	The Radioactive Liquid Waste Treatment Facility treats low level and transuranic radioactive liquid wastewater. A mechanical evaporator was installed so no water has been discharged at Outfall 015 since November 2010. Should the evaporator be offline, wastewater would then treated and discharged in batches to Mortandad Canyon. Discharged water meets all regulatory standards.	
Permitted Discharge	Treated radioactive liquid waste	
Receiving Stream	Ephemeral reach of Effluent Canyon, tributary to Mortandad Canyon, Segment Number 20.6.4.128	
Constituent Monitoring	onstituent onitoring and WET	
Monitoring Frequency	Variable 1/week, 1/month, 1/year	
Reporting	Monthly, quarterly and annual Discharge	
Frequency	Monitoring Reports (DMRs)	

## Outfall 05A055

Outfall 05A055	
for the	
TA-16-1508	
<b>High Explosives</b>	
Wastewater	
Treatment	
Facility (HEWTF)	
	The High Explosive Wastewater Treatment
	Facility (HEWTF) treats high explosive
Description	contaminated wastewater, storm water, and
Description	cooling tower blow-down from various sites in
	the southeast section of the Laboratory. Since

	an evaporator is normally used, the HEWTF has not discharged since November 2007. Should this malfunction, high explosives wastewater influent is effectively treated through multiple processes before being discharged into Cañon de Valle.	
Permitted	Treated high explosives wastewater, storm	
Discharge	water, and cooling tower blow-down	
Receiving Stream	Ephemeral tributary to Canon de Valle, Segment Number 20.6.4.128	
Constituent	Flow, COD, TSS, Oil & Grease, Total Toxic	
Monitoring	Organics, TNT, RDX, Perchlorate, pH and WET	
Monitoring	Veriable 1 (weak 1 (menth 1 / suprator 1 (vera	
Frequency	variable 1/week, 1/month, 1/quarter, 1/year	
Reporting	Monthly, quarterly and annual Discharge	
Frequency	Monitoring Reports (DMRs)	

Outfall 03A022

Outfall	
03A022	
for the	
TA-3-2274	
Sigma	
Cooling	
Tower	
Description	Water discharged here includes treated cooling tower blow-down water and storm water from roof drains which is then discharged into Mortandad Canyon. Discharged water meets all regulatory standards. Under emergency facility shut down due to a power outage emergency cooling water, which is potable, overflows from the circulating water pump basin directly to this outfall.
Permitted	Cooling tower blow-down, storm water,
Discharge	emergency cooling water (potable water)
Receiving Stream	Ephemeral reach of Mortandad Canyon, Segment Number 20.6.4.128

Constituent	Flow, TSS, Total Residual Chlorine, Phosphorus,	
Monitoring	Metals, pH and WET	
Monitoring	Variable 1/day 1/week 1/quarter 1/waar	
Frequency	Vallable 1/day, 1/week, 1/qualter, 1/year	
Reporting Monthly, quarterly and annual Discharge		
Frequency	Monitoring Reports (DMRs)	

Outfall 03A181

Outfall 03A181 *for the* TA-55-6 Cooling Tower

	Treated blow-down water from the Plutonium
Description	Facility cooling tower is discharged into
Description	Mortandad Canyon. Discharged water meets all regulatory standards.
Permitted	Cooling towar blow, down and other wartswater
Discharge	cooling tower blow-down and other wastewater
Receiving	Ephemeral reach of Mortandad Canyon, Segment
Stream	Number 20.6.4.128
Constituent	Flow, TSS, Total Residual Chlorine, Metals, pH
Monitoring	and WET
Monitoring	Variable 1/day, 1/week, 1/month, 1/quarter,
Frequency	1/year
Reporting	Monthly, quarterly and annual Discharge
Frequency	Monitoring Reports (DMRs)

Outfall 03A027

Outfall 03A027 for the TA-3-285 & 23127 Strategic Computing Complex (SCC) Cooling Towers a 1

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	The Strategic Computing Center cooling
	towers use treated effluent from the SERF
	facility to conserve potable water resources.
	The cooling tower blow-down consists of
Description	circulation water from the potable water
	system treated to remove minerals and biota
	and/or treated effluent from SERF. Water which
	meets all regulatory standards is then
	discharged into Sandia Canyon.
Permitted	Cooling tower blow-down and tertiary treated
Discharge	sanitary wastewater from SERF
Dessides Streem	Upper Sandia Canyon, Segment Number
Receiving Stream	20.6.4.126
Constituent	Flow, TSS, E Coli, Total Residual Chlorine,
Monitoring	Phosphorus, Metals, pH and WET
Monitoring	Variable 1/day 1/week 1/overter and 1/week
Frequency	variable 1/day, 1/week, 1/quarter and 1/year
Reporting	Monthly, quarterly and annual Discharge
Frequency	Monitoring Reports (DMRs)

### Outfall 03A113

Outfall 03A113	
for the	
TA-53 Low Energy	
Demonstration	
Accelerator (LEDA)	
Cooling Towers	
Description	Treated water from cooling tower blow-down and storm water from parking lots and roof drains is discharged into Sandia Canyon. Discharged water meets all regulatory standards.
Permitted Discharge	Cooling tower blow-down, and storm water runoff
Receiving Stream	Ephemeral tributary to Sandia Canyon, Segment Number 20.6.4.128

Towers	
Description	Cooling towers for the Los Alamos Neutron Science Center provide cooling to equipment and systems at the accelerator facility. The treated water discharged into Los Alamos Canyon meets all regulatory standards.
Permitted Discharge	Cooling tower blow-down
Receiving Stream	Ephemeral tributary to Los Alamos Canyon, Segment Number 20.6.4.128
Constituent	Flow, TSS, Total Residual Chlorine,
Monitoring	Phosphorous, Metals, pH and WET
Monitoring	Variable 1/day, 1/week, 1/month,
Frequency	1/quarter
Reporting Frequency	Monthly and quarterly Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs)

## Outfall 03A160

Outfall 03A160	
TA-35-124/595	
National High	
Magnetic Field	
Laboratory (NHMFL)	
Cooling Tower	
Description	A cooling tower provides water cooling to equipment and systems at the National High Magnetic Field Laboratory. The water is treated using a corrosion inhibitor then batched into two storage tanks. Water from these tanks is treated to remove copper prior to discharge into Ten–Site Canyon. Discharged water meets all regulatory standards.
Permitted Discharge	Cooling tower blow-down
Receiving Stream	Ephemeral tributary of Ten Site Canyon, Segment Number 20.6.4.128

Constituent	Flow, TSS, Phosphorous, Metals, pH and
Monitoring	WET
Monitoring Frequency	Variable 1/day, 1/week, 1/month1 /quarter
Reporting Frequency	Monthly and quarterly Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs)