2.0 INTRODUCTION

This report describes the independent laboratory validation (ILV) of Bayer Analytical Method FV-004-W16-01, "Independent Laboratory Validation (ILV) of Bayer Method FV-004-W16-01 for the Determination of Residues of Tetraniliprole (BCS-CL73507) and its Metabolites BS-CQ63359, BCS-CU81055, BCS-CR74541, BCS-CR60014, BCS-CU81056, BCS-CT30673, BCS-CY28900, BCS-CY-28897 and BCS-CY28906 in Water Using LC/MS/MS" performed by ADPEN Laboratories, Inc. The analytical method submitted by Bayer is presented in Appendix 2.

This study was designed to satisfy harmonized guideline requirements described in US EPA Test Guidelines OCSPP 850.6100: Environmental Chemistry Methods and Associated Independent Laboratory Validation (Reference 2) and OPPTS (OCSPP) 860.1340(c) (6) (Reference 3). This study was conducted in compliance with EPA FIFRA Good Laboratory Practice Standards, 40 CFR Part 160 (Reference 4).

3.0 MATERIALS AND METHODS

3.1 Reference Substances

The following reference substances were obtained from Bayer CropScience:

Standard Name:	Tetraniliprole (BCS-CL73507)	
Standard Number:	K-2056	
	1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-N-[4-cyano-2-meth	nyl-6-
CAS Name:	[(methylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-3-[[(5-trif]	uoromethyl)-2H-
	tetrazol-2-yl]methyl]-1H-pyrazole-5-carbox	amide
CAS Number:	1229654-66-3	N-C
Lot Number:	1009201201 N	F.
Molecular Formula:	$C_{22}2H_{16}ClF_{3}N_{10}O_{2}$	N F
Molecular Weight:	544.88 g/mol	N N II
GLP Purity:	97.9% °°	
Expiration Date:	7/1/2017	Ń-Ń
Storage Conditions:	Freezer	CI

Reference Substances (continued)

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions: BCS-CQ63359 K-2118 C₂₂H₁₄ClF₃N₁₀O 526.86 g/mol 97.7% 7/24/2017 Freezer

Standard Name:

BCS-CU81055 K-2139

549.85 g/mol

0.11%

Freezer

1/18/2019

C₂₁H₁₅ClF₃N₉O₄

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

BCS-CR74541 K-2117

C₂₂H₁₇ClF₃N₉O₄ 563.88 g/mol 97.2% 4/29/2017 Freezer

BCS-CR60014

K-2090 C₂₂H₁₈ClF₃N₁₀O₃ 562.89 g/mol 97. 9% 06/18/2018 Freezer

BCS-CU81056

K-2091 C₂₁H₁₃ClF₃N₉O₃ 531.83 g/mol 98.3% 6/9/2018 Freezer











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Reference Substances (continued)

Standard Name:	E
Standard Number:	k
Molecular Formula:	(
Molecular Weight:	5
GLP Purity:	9
Expiration Date:	5
Storage Conditions:	F

BCS-CT30673 K-2222 C₂₂H₁₅ClF₃N₉O₃ 545.86 g/mol 97.2% 5/31/2018 Freezer

Standard Name:

BCS-CY28900 K-2196

C₂₂H₁₅F₃N₁₀O₂

508.13 g/mol

98.3%

1/13/2018 Freezer

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

Standard Name: BCS-CY28897

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

9/9/2017 : Freezer

K-2192

97.8%

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

BCS-CY28906

 $C_{22}H_{15}F_3N_{10}O_2$

508.13 g/mol

K-2190 C₇H₅F₃N₆O₂ 262.04 g/mol 99.9% 1/15/2018 Freezer









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The following internal standard substances were obtained from Bayer CropScience:

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

BCS-CL73507-13C2,D3 K-2128 13C2C20D3H13ClF3N10O2 549.88 g/mol 99.3% 6/4/2024 Freezer



D

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

BCS-CQ63359-13C2,D3

K-2131 ${}_{13}C_2C_{20}D_3H_{11}CIF_3N_{10}O$ 549.88 g/mol 100% 6/4/2024 Freezer

13CC20D3H12ClF3N8O4

K-2129

100%

6/4/2024

Freezer

554.85 g/mol

BCS-CU81055-13C2,D3, 15N



Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: **Expiration Date:** Storage Conditions:

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

BCS-CR74541-¹³C₂,D₃

K-2130 13C2C20D3H14ClF3N9O4 568.88 g/mol 100% 6/4/2024 Freezer

BCS-CR60014-13C2,d3

K-2145 13C2C20D3H15ClF3N10O3 567.9 g/mol 100% 10/29/2024 Freezer







Internal Standard Substances (continued)

Standard Name:

Standard Number: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: GLP Purity: Expiration Date: Storage Conditions:

Standard Name:

Standard Number:

Molecular Formula:

Molecular Weight:

Storage Conditions:

Expiration Date:

GLP Purity:

BCS-CU81056-13C,d3,15N K-2147 13CC₂₀D₃H₁₀ClF₃₁₅NN₈O₃ 536.84 g/mol 100% 10/29/2024 Freezer

BCS-CT30673-13C2,d₃

 $_{13}C_2C_{20}D_3H_{12}ClF_3N_9O_3$

K-2146

100%

Freezer

550.86 g/mol

10/29/2024



The reference substances used in this study were shipped from Bayer and were received at ADPEN Laboratories, Inc. on September 15, 2016 and were stored frozen as recommended on their respective certificates of analysis. Upon receipt, the reference standards were stored in freezer E-119 which operated at an average temperature of -22 °C.

The certificates of analysis are presented in Appendix 3. All fortification and calibration solutions made from the reference substances were stored according to the method.

3.2 Test System

The test system used in this study was a water sample. The control sample was provided by Bayer and stored refrigerated prior to analysis. The following table is a description of the sample.

SAMPLE	MATRIX	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
Bayer CropScience tap water, Lab 1823	Water	Tap water

The sample was logged into the Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS) and assigned a unique laboratory code, which is cross-referenced to the sample identification (ID) on raw data and detailed residue reports. During the course of this study, the sample was stored in refrigerator E-57, which operates at an average temperature of 4 °C.

3.3 Analytical Procedures

Analytical Method FV-004-W16-01was independently validated as written and submitted by Bayer CropScience. The apparatus and reagents were used as outlined in the analytical method with equivalent apparatus or reagents substituted as necessary.

3.3.1 Fortifications

Untreated control water samples were fortified at LOQ (0.10 ppb) and $10 \times LOQ$ (1.0 ppb) using the appropriate fortification standard concentrations as per the method. The fortification standard consisted of a mix of tetraniliprole and its nine metabolites. Fortifications were prepared as described below:

Matrix	Parent Number	Concentration (ng/µL)	Aliquot Volume (mL)	Dilution Volume (mL) ¹	Final Concentration (ng/µL)
Watar	19060	2.0	5.0	50.0	0.2
vv ater	W13399-1	0.2	5.0	50.0	0.02

^TDilution solvent: Water: Acetonitrile: Acetic Acid (920:80:1, v/v)

3.3.2 Extraction Procedure for Water

(The sample was equilibrated to room temperature and hand mixed for homogeneity prior to extraction procedure.)

- 1. A 4.6-mL aliquot of the water sample was transferred to a glass graduated centrifuge tube.
- 2. Recovery samples were fortified at LOQ and 10x LOQ.
- 3. A 0.01 mL aliquot of the 0.5 μ g/mL mixed-analyte internal standard solution was added to each sample and mixed well.
- 4. The sample volume was adjusted to 5 mL using 1.25% acetic acid in acetonitrile.
- 5. The samples were vortexed for homogeneity.
- 6. An aliquot was transferred to an HPLC vial for analysis by LC-MS/MS.

3.3.3 Modifications

No modifications were made to the analytical procedure.

MRM Conditions					
Analyte ¹	Q1	Q3	DP (V)	CE (V)	CXP (V)
Tetraniliprole (1)	545.0	356.0	66	19	18
Tetraniliprole (2)	545.0	376.0	66	35	18
Tetraniliprole-IS	550.0	355.9	51	19	18
BCS-CQ63359(1)	527.0	389.0	21	29	18
BCS-CQ63359 (2)	527.0	374.0	21	33	18
BCS-CQ63359-IS	532.0	394.1	86	27	20
BCS-CR60014 (1)	563.1	356.0	71	19	18
BCS-CR60014 (2)	563.1	394.0	71	37	20
BCS-CR60014-IS	568.1	355.9	66	19	18
BCS-CR74541 (1)	564.0	356.0	61	17	18
BCS-CR74541 (2)	564.0	395.0	61	33	20
BCS-CR74541-IS	569.1	356.0	61	19	18
BCS-CU81055 (1)	550.0	395.0	61	31	20
BCS-CU81055 (2)	550.0	356.0	61	30	18
BCS-CU81055-IS	555.0	399.0	56	33	20
BCS-CT30673 (1)	546.0	408.0	41	27	12
BCS-CT30673 (2)	546.0	267.1	41	63	20
BCS-CT30673-IS	551.0	413.0	91	29	22
BCS-CU81056 (1)	532.0	394.0	21	27	18
BCS-CU81056 (2)	532.0	366.0	21	43	18
BCS-CU81056-IS	537.0	399.0	101	27	20
$BCS-CY28900(1)^2$	509.0	371.1	76	21	18
BCS-CY28900 $(2)^2$	509.0	342.1	76	31	18
BCS-CY28897 $(1)^2$	509.1	371.1	11	25	6
BCS-CY28897 $(2)^2$	509.1	481.1	11	23	8

Instrument Operating Conditions - Positive Polarity (continued)

¹ Primary transition is indicated by "(1)" and the confirmatory transition by "(2)" ² BCS-CU81055-IS was used as the internal standard.

3.5 Instrument Operating Parameters – Negative Polarity

Instrument conditions for BCS-CY28906

Chromatographic	Agilent 1290 UPLC					
System:						
Analytical	Phenomenex Luna C	18(2)-HST, 50 mm X	C 2.0 mm, 2.5 μm;			
Column:	part number: 00B-44	96-B0				
Column Temperature:	40 °C					
Injection Volume:	40.0 μL					
Mobile Phase A:	0.1% Formic Acid in	Water (Optima grade	e)			
Mobile Phase B:	0.1% Formic Acid in	0.1% Formic Acid in Acetonitrile (Optima grade)				
Gradient:	Time (min)	Flow Rate	Λ (%)	B (%)		
	Time (mm.)	(µL/min)	A (70)	B (70)		
	0.00	600	85	15		
	0.50	600	85	15		
	1.50	600	50	50		
	2.00	600	50	50		
	3.50	600	40	60		
	4.00	600	5	95		
	5.01	600	85	15		
	6.00	600	85	15		

Instrument Operating Conditions – Negative Polarity (continued)

Interface:	AB SCIEX 5500 Triple Quad
Ionization Mode:	Electrospray ionization (ESI) interface
Ionization Spray Voltage (IS):	-4500
Polarity:	Negative
Curtain gas (CUR):	20
Temperature (TEM):	500 °C
Collision gas setting (CAD):	7
GS1:	40
GS2:	40
Entrance potential (EP):	-10
Scan Type:	MRM

MRM Conditions					
Analyte ¹ Q1 Q3 DP (V) CE (V) CXP (V)					
BCS-CY28906 (1)	261.0	136.9	-110	-18	-21
BCS-CY28906 (2)	261.0	108.8	-110	-42	-11
BCS-CU81055-IS	553.0	137.0	-200	-34	-13

¹ Primary transition is indicated by "(1)" and the confirmatory transition by "(2)"

3.6 Data Acquisition

Peak integration and peak area count quantitation were performed by Analyst[®] (version 1.6.2) data processing software. A best-fit, linear regression equation with 1/x weighting was

derived and used in conjunction with the analyte response in each sample to calculate the concentration of the analyte. The square of correlation coefficients (r^2) for the calibration curves for each analytical set was greater than 0.99.

Statistical treatment of the data including the calculation of percent recovery, means, and standard deviations were calculated within LIMS and reported using Microsoft[®] Office Excel spreadsheets. Example calculations are presented in Appendix 5.

4.0 **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

4.1 Method Establishment/Pre-Validation Evaluation

Prior to conducting the ILV, control of the method was established by performing instrument optimization. Optimization was performed on both an ABSciex 5500 and ABSciex 6500 LC-MS/MS system. Instrument optimization included infusing individual standard solutions onto the mass spectrometer and injecting standards onto the column under the conditions outlined in the method. Therefore, retention times, detection limits and linearity were also established. Prior to analysis of the validation set, an aliquot of the sample was evaluated according to the analytical procedure to determine if there was any analyte contamination and interferences. The test control water sample was free of residues.

4.2 Independent Laboratory Results

The method was successfully validated during the first trial at LOQ (0.10 ppb) and at $10 \times$ LOQ (1.0 ppb) as written. Overall mean recoveries at LOQ and $10 \times$ LOQ were within the acceptable range (70–120%). A brief summary of the overall results are presented on the next page. Details of the results are presented in Tables 2 through 11.

4.4 Time Required for Analysis

A single analyst prepared a set of 13 water samples in 1 hour, not including integration and reporting. Analysis by LC-MS/MS can be performed overnight.

4.5 Recommendations

No recommendations to the analytical procedure were documented for this study.

5.0 **PROTOCOL DEVIATIONS**

No deviations to the study protocol were documented for this study.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

In summary, ADPEN Laboratories successfully and independently validated Bayer Analytical Method FV-004-W16-01 during the first trial.

The method was demonstrated to be suitable for the determination of Tetraniliprole (BCS-CL73507) and its metabolites BCS-CQ63359, BCS-CU81055, BCS-CR74541, BCS-CR60014, BCS-CU81056, BCS-CT30673, BCS-CY28900, BCS-CY-28897 and BCS-CY28906 in water at a LOQ of 0.10 ppb and $10 \times LOQ$ of 1.0 ppb for all validated transition ions. The extraction procedures are clear and contain sufficient information to guide an analyst.

TABLE 1.	Fortification Leve	ls

Lab Code	Fortification Level (ppb)	Number of Samples
16101702-MB-1	Method Blank	1
161011001-001B, 161011001-001C	Control	2
16101702-Recovery1-1, 16101702-Recovery1-2, 16101702-Recovery1-3, 16101702-Recovery1-4, 16101702-Recovery1-5	0.10	5
16101702-Recovery2-1, 16101702-Recovery2-2, 16101702-Recovery2-3, 16101702-Recovery2-4, 16101702-Recovery2-5	1.0	5