

Global Warming Potentials

Table 11 Global Warming Potentials (GWPs)

Gas	100-Year GWP
N ₂ O	298
HFC-23	14,800
HFC-32	675
HFC-41	92
HFC-125	3,500
HFC-134	1,100
HFC-134a	1,430
HFC-143	353
HFC-143a	4,470
HFC-152	53
HFC-152a	124
HFC-161	12
HFC-227ea	3,220
HFC-236cb	1,340
HFC-236ea	1,370
HFC-236fa	9,810
HFC-245ca	693
HFC-245fa	1,030
HFC-365mfc	794
HFC-43-10mee	1,640
SF ₆	22,800
NF ₃	17,200
CF ₄	7,390
C ₂ F ₆	12,200
C ₃ F ₈	8,830
c-C ₃ F ₈	10,300
C ₃ F ₁₀	8,860
C ₃ F ₁₂	9,160
C ₃ F ₁₄	9,300
C ₁₀ F ₁₈	>7,500

Source:
100-year GWPs from IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 2007. IPCC AR4 was published in 2007 and is among the most current and comprehensive peer-reviewed assessments of climate change. AR4 provides revised GWPs of several GHGs relative to the values provided in previous assessments, reflecting new scientific knowledge on the radiative efficiencies and atmospheric lifetimes of these GHGs and of CO₂. Because the GWPs provided in AR4 reflect an improved scientific understanding of the radiative effects of these gases in the atmosphere, the values provided are more appropriate for supporting the overall goal of organizational GHG reporting than the Second Assessment Report (SAR) GWP values previously used in the Emission Factor Hub. While EPA recognizes that Fifth Assessment Report (AR5) GWPs have been published, in an effort to ensure consistency and comparability of GHG data between EPA's voluntary and non-voluntary GHG reporting programs (e.g., GHG Reporting Program and National Inventory), EPA recommends the use of AR4 GWPs. The United States and other developed countries to the UNFCCC have agreed to submit annual inventories in 2015 and future years to the UNFCCC using GWP values from AR4, which will replace the current use of SAR GWP values. Utilizing AR4 GWPs improves EPA's ability to analyze corporate, national, and sub-national GHG data consistently, enhances communication of GHG information between programs, and gives outside stakeholders a consistent, predictable set of GWPs to avoid confusion and additional burden.

Table 12 Global Warming Potentials (GWPs) for Blended Refrigerants

ASHRAE #	100-year GWP	Blend Composition
R-401A	16	53% HCFC-22, 34% HCFC-124, 13% HFC-152a
R-401B	14	61% HCFC-22, 28% HCFC-124, 11% HFC-152a
R-401C	19	33% HCFC-22, 52% HCFC-124, 15% HFC-152a
R-402A	2,100	38% HCFC-22, 6% HFC-125, 2% propane
R-402B	1,330	6% HCFC-22, 38% HFC-125, 2% propane
R-403B	3,444	56% HCFC-22, 39% PFC-218, 5% propane
R-404A	3,922	44% HFC-125, 4% HFC-134a, 52% HFC-143a
R-406A	0	55% HFC-22, 41% HFC-142b, 4% isobutane
R-407A	2,107	20% HFC-32, 40% HFC-125, 40% HFC-134a
R-407B	2,804	10% HFC-32, 70% HFC-125, 20% HFC-134a
R-407C	1,774	23% HFC-32, 25% HFC-125, 52% HFC-134a
R-407D	1,627	15% HFC-32, 15% HFC-125, 70% HFC-134a
R-407E	1,352	25% HFC-32, 15% HFC-125, 60% HFC-134a
R-408A	2,301	47% HCFC-22, 7% HFC-125, 46% HFC-143a
R-409A	0	60% HCFC-22, 25% HCFC-124, 15% HCFC-142b
R-410A	2,086	50% HFC-32, 50% HFC-125
R-410B	2,229	45% HFC-32, 55% HFC-125
R-411A	14	87.5% HCFC-22, 11 HFC-152a, 1.5% propylene
R-411B	4	94% HCFC-22, 3% HFC-152a, 3% propylene
R-413A	2,053	88% HFC-134a, 9% PFC-218, 3% isobutane
R-414A	0	51% HCFC-22, 28.5% HCFC-124, 16.5% HCFC-142b
R-414B	0	5% HCFC-22, 39% HFC-124, 9.5% HCFC-142b
R-417A	2,346	46.6% HFC-125, 5% HFC-134a, 3.4% butane
R-422A	3,143	85.1% HFC-125, 11.5% HFC-134a, 3.4% isobutane
R-422D	2,729	65.1% HFC-125, 31.5% HFC-134a, 3.4% isobutane
R-423A	2,280	47.5% HCFC-227ea, 52.5% HFC-134a,
R-424A	2,440	50.5% HFC-125, 47% HFC-134a, 2.5% butane/pentane
R-426A	1,508	5.1% HFC-125, 93% HFC-134a, 1.9% butane/pentane
R-428A	3,607	77.5% HFC-125, 2% HFC-143a, 1.9% isobutane
R-434A	3,245	63.2% HFC-125, 16% HFC-134a, 18% HFC-143a, 2.8% isobutane
R-500	32	73.8% CFC-12, 26.2% HFC-152a, 48.8% HCFC-22
R-502	0	48.8% HCFC-22, 51.2% CFC-115
R-504	325	48.2% HFC-32, 51.8% CFC-115
R-507	3,985	5% HFC-125, 5% HFC143a
R-508A	13,214	39% HFC-23, 61% PFC-116
R-508B	13,396	46% HFC-23, 54% PFC-116

Source:
100-year GWPs from IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 2007. See the source note to Table 11 for further explanation. GWPs of blended refrigerants are based on their HFC and PFC constituents, which are based on data from <http://www.epa.gov/ozone/snap/refrigerants/refblend.html>.