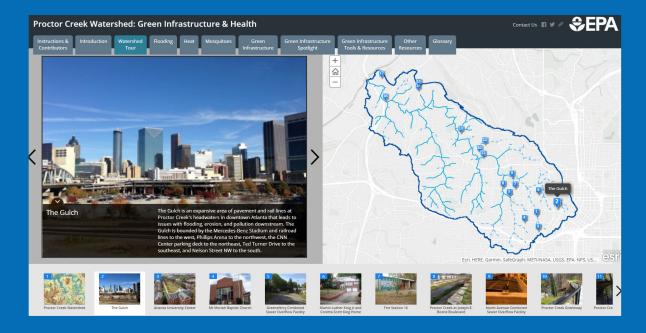


EPA Tools & Resources Webinar: Proctor Creek Watershed Story Map

Shannon Griffin *US EPA Office of Research and Development*

April 21, 2021





Problem

- Part of EPA's mandate is to restore and maintain watersheds and their aquatic ecosystems to protect human health, support economic and recreational activities, and provide healthy habitat for fish, plants and wildlife
- Substantial coordination and informed decisions and actions at the local and state levels are required to ensure this success



- Strategies to involve impacted stakeholders are needed to inform and legitimize the decision-making process
- Tools to share information and support participatory decision-making are essential

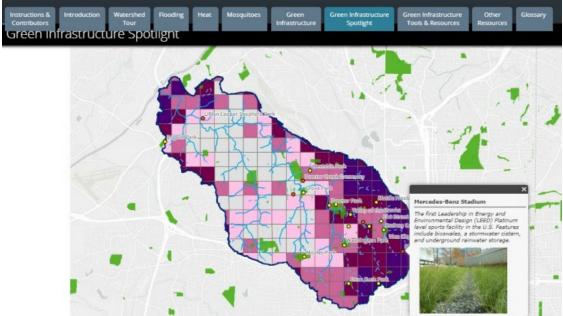


Approach

- Community driven approach improves engagement and collaboration
 - Build trust, create social capital, and harness collective genius to help make better decisions
- Story maps provide an interactive online format for digital storytelling
 - Combine maps with narrative text, images and multimedia content to convey information and help connect with, inform and engage viewers
- Case study example: <u>Proctor Creek</u> <u>Watershed Story Map</u>



Proctor Creek Watershed: Green Infrastructure & Health





Background and Purpose

- Proctor Creek (Atlanta, GA) watershed consists of 38 neighborhoods
 - Many economically disadvantaged and underserved areas
- Priority Urban Waters Federal Partnership location
 - History of frequent flooding, stormwater runoff, pollution from illegal dumping, and sewer overflows from Atlanta's combined sewer system
- Proctor Creek Boone Blvd Green Street Health Impact Assessment (HIA; 2015)
 - Brought health considerations into evaluating proposed sites for implementing green infrastructure (GI) in the watershed
 - GI is a practice that uses plants, soils, and other natural features to manage wet weather impacts and reduce and treat stormwater at its source
- Story map to examine solutions using GI throughout the watershed
 - Provides resources that are transparent, accessible, and useful to community members and stakeholders





PA hited States hypromental Protection Story Map Team and Community Engagement

- Community Leadership Team
 - West Atlanta Watershed Alliance, Urban Waters Federal Partnership Ambassador, representatives from 2 Proctor Creek Neighborhood Planning Units (NPUs), Proctor Creek Stewardship Council, and Community Improvement Association
- EPA Region 4 Urban Waters Small Grantee
 - ECO-Action, Inc.
- EPA Region 4 and Office of Research and Development technical staff
- Pegasus Technical Services, Inc.





Demonstration and Supporting Materials

Link to the Proctor Creek Watershed Story Map, Fact Sheet, and Project Description are at:

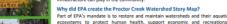
https://www.epa.gov/healthresearch/health-impact-assessments



Proctor Creek Watershed Story Map: The Intersection of Green Infrastructure and Health The Story of Atlanta's Proctor Creek Watershed

What is the Proctor Creek Watershed Story Map?

What is the Freech Orece Watershed Skray Map is an easy-to-use Interactive online tool that combines maps with narrative text, images, and multimedia content to convey information as a torsy and inform and connect with viewers. This community-driven Story Map shares important information about the Proctor Creek watershed in Atlanta, Goorgia and the role that green infrastructure can play in the community.



ecosystems to protect human health, support economic and recreational activities, and growide healthy health for fuh, plants and wildlife. However, it takes condination and informed decisions and actions at the local and state levels to ellaboration with Proctos Creek residents and stakeholders along with EPA Region 4 Office and Office of Research and Development in an effort to: 1) provide the Proctos: Creek community information in a maningful way to engage them as stewards of their watershed, and 2) ad the community in future decision-making the will protect this watershed.

y focus on the Proctor Creek Watershed?

Protor Creek is an impaired waterway that experiences several overlapping invironmental issues. The waterbeind has been troubled by frequent floading, prosion, stormwater runoff, and pollution from llegal dumping. In addition, sever worlfows from the dry's combined sever system, which carries both sewage and alimwater, and its sanitary sever system, designed to carry sewage only. Nave matched to creek. The Protor Creek watershed is home to more than 38 neglebothoods, including some of the most economically-disadvantaged and underserved areas in a distaint. Residents and tableholders are tabling action to turn pround becades of neglect and disinvestment and to help restore the watershed and protect its residents.

What information is featured in the Story Map?

This Story Map explores community-identified concerns, such as flooding and water quality, unchan heat laindir, morguinoes, and health, and considers the potential for green infrastructure to address those concerns. The Story Map examines the proposed expansion of green infrastructure throughout the Proctor Creek waternined, evaluates the potential impacts of this expansion on environmental and public health, and highlights areas in the Proctor Creek community that may benefit from green infrastructure practices (Figure 1). In addition to examining the intersection of green infrastructure and health, the Story Map also provides resources about demographics and health in Proctor Creek and addresses additional concerns raised by the commity, includies lingeal duming of trans hand time, toxice releases to lain, and norwefields.

Proctor Creek Watershed: Green Infrastructure & Health

Green Infrastructure

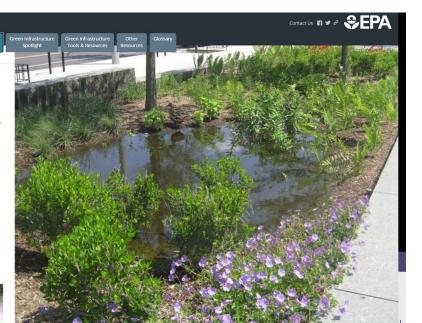
What is Green Infrastructure?

Unlike the gray infrastructure that is often used to manage stormwater (pipes, storm drains, and treatment plants), green infrastructure is a practice that uses plants, soils, and other natural features to manage wet weather impacts, reduce and treat stormwater at its source, and create sustainable and healthy communities.

Green infrastructure can include features such as:

- rain gardens,
 bioswales.
- planter boxes and planting strips,
- urban trees (tree canopy),
- natural areas (such as parks and wetlands),
- permeable pavement,
- green streets.
- · green succes,
- green roofs, and
 rain barrels
- rain barreis.

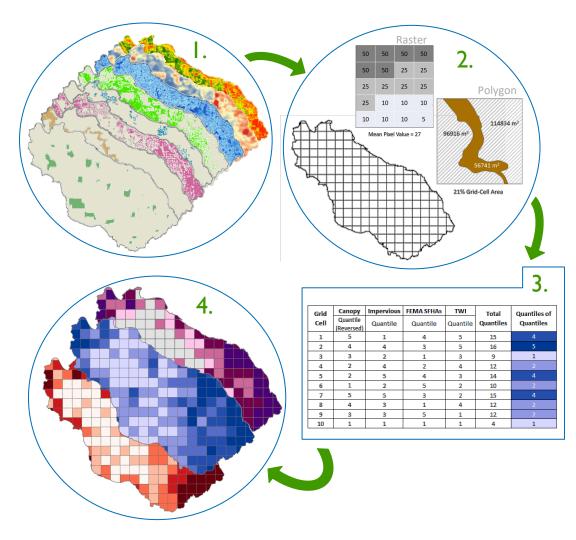






Spatial Analysis Component

- Methodology based on <u>The Patterns of</u> <u>Pollution: A Report on the Demographics of</u> <u>Pollution in Metro Atlanta</u>
- Multi-step process
 - 1. Gather or generate data related to heat and flooding
 - 2. Create fishnet grid and calculate average raster pixel value or polygon percent area of each metric for each fishnet grid cell
 - 3. Classify grid counts into quantiles and rank them based on their positive or negative relationship to flooding and heat
 - 4. Create maps of flooding (blue), heat (red), and combined (purple) quantiles
- Results described in Flooding, Heat, Green Infrastructure, and Green Infrastructure Spotlight tabs of story map





Results

- The Proctor Creek community can use the story map as an important decision support tool
 - Equips residents with knowledge to advocate for a healthier, more sustainable community
 - Provides a common base of information for:
 - Understanding issues identified by community members and how these concerns impact health
 - Helping the community prioritize financial resources for sustainability and revitalization projects
 - Improving collaboration and information sharing among local community organizations and government agencies
 - Identifying areas that may benefit most from GI practices





Impact

- Reinforces Urban Waters Federal Partnership goals
 - Protect and restore America's urban waters
 - Reconnect communities to their urban water environments
- Supports EPA's Sustainable and Healthy Communities (SHC) Research Program
 - Advance knowledge, resources, and tools to achieve a healthy and resilient environment
- Highlighted in EPA's FY2020 Annual Environmental Justice Progress Report
- Serves as a model approach to problem solving that ALL communities can use to address environmental and public health concerns in a collaborative, innovative, and sustainable way

"[The Story Map] also offers tools that community members can pursue, in collaboration, with government and other stakeholders to help achieve a swimmable, fishable, playable Proctor Creek and a restored community and people." – West Atlanta Watershed Alliance, Co-Founder and Board Chairperson Na 'Taki Osborne-Jelks



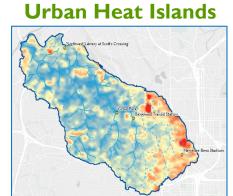




Take Home Messages

- 1. This is a story map
 - Interactive, online tool combines maps with text and images to tell a story and connect with viewers
- 2. This is a community-driven story map
 - EPA and community members collaborated to tell the story of Proctor Creek from the community's perspective
- 3. Highlights the health benefits of green infrastructure
 - Uses the power of maps to show role green infrastructure can play in addressing community-identified health concerns
- 4. Serves as a model approach to solving environmental and public health challenges that involves communities in decision-making





 Mosquitoes

 Image: Construction of the second seco







Acknowledgments

- Georgia DNR Environmental Protection
 Division
 - James Capp
 - Lauren Curry
 - Richard Dunn
 - Anna Truszczynski

• City of Atlanta Department of Watershed Management

- Cristi Bickham
- Mikita Browning
- Todd Hill
- William Horton
- Tanisha Lawson
- Julie Owens
- Susan Rutherford



ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION





THANK YOU!

"Too many communities whose residents are predominantly of color, Indigenous, or low-income continue to suffer from disproportionately high pollution levels and the resulting adverse health and environmental impacts...We must do better. This will be one of my top priorities as administrator, and I expect it to be one of yours as well."

> - EPA Administrator Michael S. Regan April 7, 2021

"Lifting up these communities makes us all stronger as a nation and increases the health of everybody."

> - President Joseph R. Biden, Jr. January 27, 2021





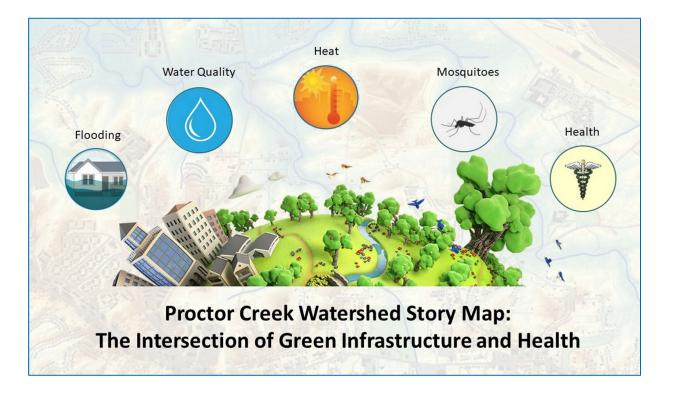


Contact

Shannon Griffin

Biologist US EPA Office of Research and Development <u>griffin.shannon@epa.gov</u> 513-569-7174

Camilla Warren Environmental Engineer US EPA Region 4 warren.camilla@epa.gov 404-562-8519



The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the US Government and shall not be used for advertising or product endorsement purposes. Reference to any specific commercial products, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the US Government.