

Advances in Regulatory Risk Assessment of Pesticide Drift from Unmanned Aerial Systems (UAS) and Manned Aerial Application

CERSA Virtual Workshop

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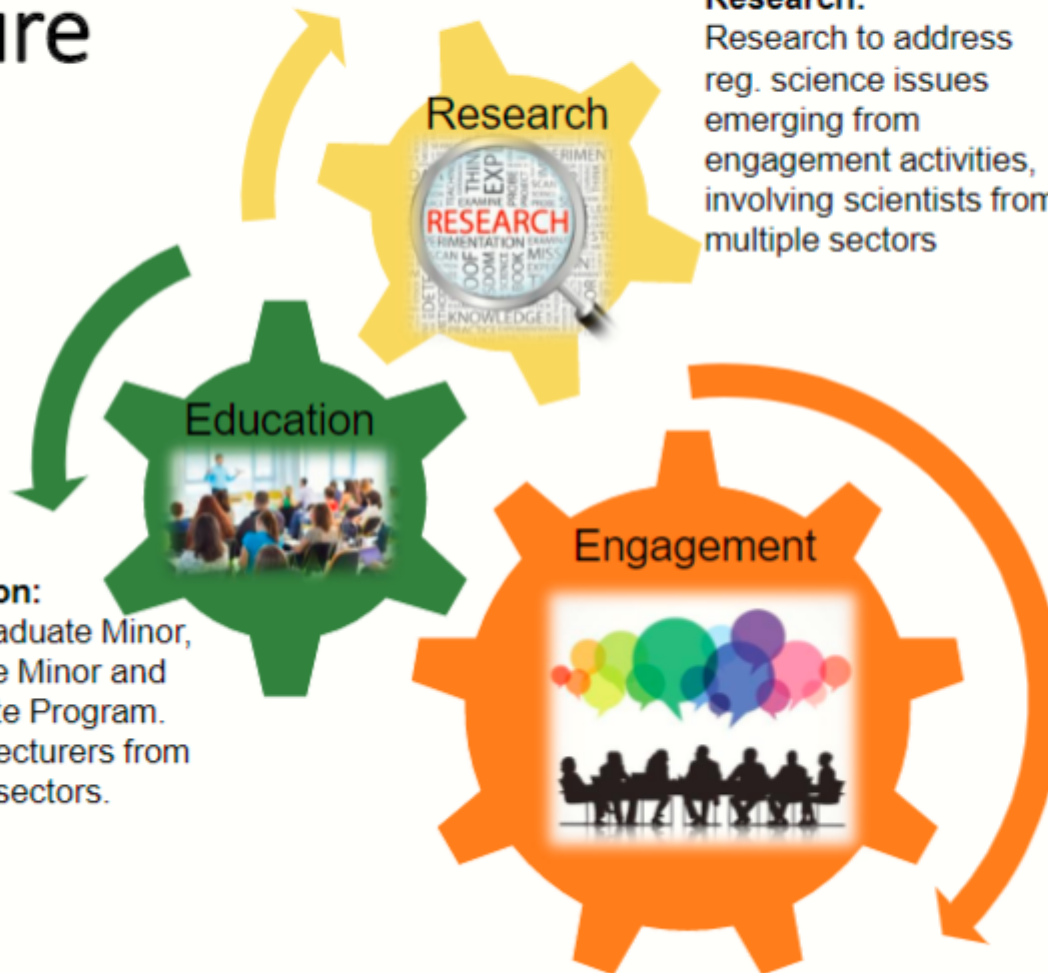
¹ Bayer Crop Science, ²NC State University, ³ Louisiana State University

North Carolina State University Center of Excellence for Regulatory Science in Agriculture

VISION:

NC State will partner with a **Consortium of Universities and organizations to advance Regulatory Science in the US and the world.**

Education:
Undergraduate Minor, Graduate Minor and Certificate Program. Include lecturers from multiple sectors.



Research:

Research to address reg. science issues emerging from engagement activities, involving scientists from multiple sectors

Engagement:

Forum for bringing together stakeholders including growers, engaging on emerging issues in regulatory science

CERSA Directors

Dr. Danesha Seth Carley, Director



Dr. Kevin Armbrust, Co-Director



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CERSA UAS/Spray Drift Virtual Workshop



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2020 **CERSA** Virtual Workshop
Advances in Regulatory Risk Assessment of Pesticide Drift from
Unmanned Application Systems (UAS) and Manned Aerial
Application
December 1-3, 2020

[Workshop Program Flyer](#)



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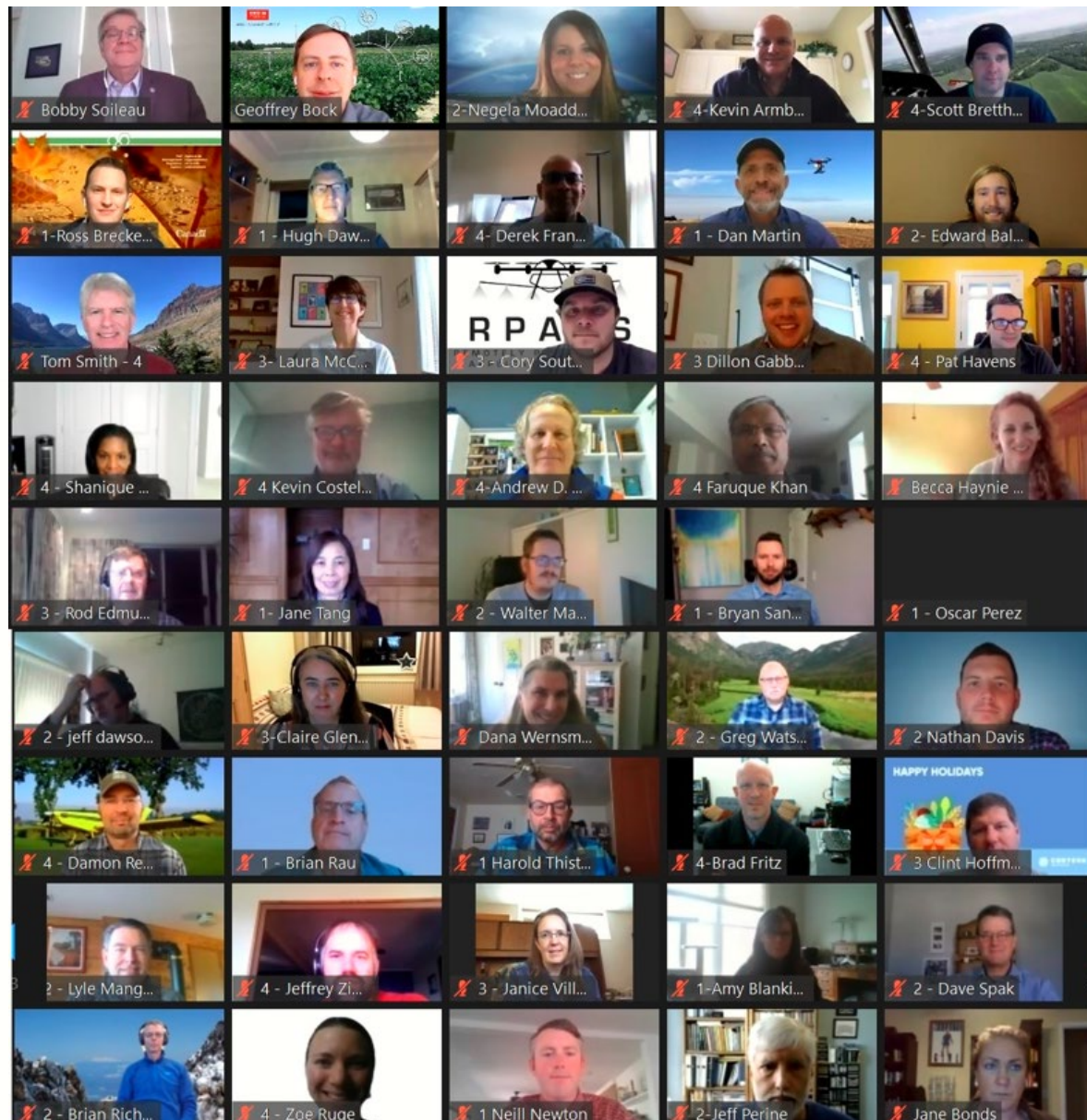
Workshop summary will be posted soon

Scientific Program Committee

- › Amy Blankinship, US EPA
- › Ross Breckels, PMRA
- › Kevin Costello, US EPA
- › Monisha Kaul, US EPA
- › Jeff Perine, Syngenta
- › Daniel Martin, USDA-ARS
- › Andrew Moore, Nat'l Ag Aviation Assoc
- › Jane Tang, Bayer Crop Science
- › Jerome Schleier, Corteva AgriScience
- › Cory Southam, StrongField Environ. Solutions
- › Harold Thistle, TEALS, LLC
- › John David Whall, Health Canada

Organizing Committee

- › Danesha Seth Carley, NC State University, Director, CERSA
- › Kevin Armbrust, Louisiana State University, Co-Director, CERSA
- › Bobby Soileau, Louisiana State University
- › Laura McConnell, Bayer, Board Member CERSA
- › Geoff Bock, NC State, College of Ag and Life Sciences



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Regulators



Government Agencies



Universities



Industry & Associations



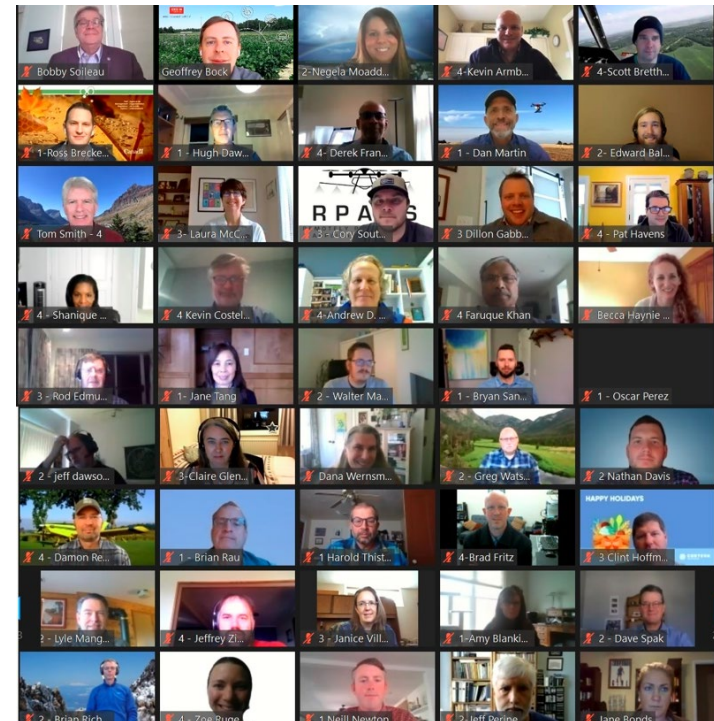
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Plenary Presentations

Please see below to access the recorded plenary presentations from the workshop. **Click on the image under each title to watch the presentation on YouTube.** Sub links under each plenary presentation are web resources relevant to that presentation.

Day 1: December 1, 2020

- › Opening Remarks – Steve Lommel, Assoc. Dean, NC State College of Agriculture and Life Sciences
- › Welcome and Plenary Introductions – Danesha Seth Carley, Director, NC State Center of Excellence for Regulatory Science in Agriculture
- › Current Status of UAS Technology and Future Directions in Pesticide and Adulticide Applications – Daniel Martin, Research Engineer, USDA-ARS, Aerial Application Technology Research Unit



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Potential Benefits & Opportunities

Potential reduction in worker exposure, targeted applications, reduce environmental loading

- Potentially less worker exposure to pesticides particularly in areas where hand application is needed
- Control invasive weeds and target applications in tough and difficult conditions (e.g., cliff sides) – potential increased pilot safety
- Spot or partial field applications may become more viable
- Potentially reduce environmental loading through:
 - GPS-initiated applications
 - Applications can be made closer to crop canopy, reducing spray drift

RPAS technology...

R22-UV Unmanned Helicopter

U7AG

Volocopter

Pyka

Small swarms

DJI Agras MG-1

The Kray Sprayer

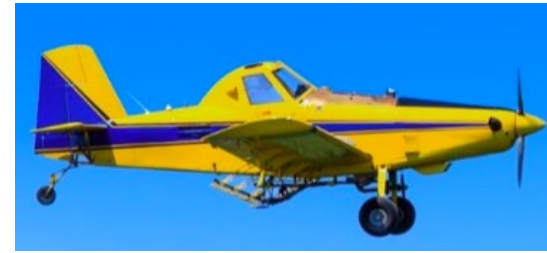
Large swarms

A red and white agricultural drone is shown in flight against a blue sky with light, wispy clouds. The drone has four arms, each with a propeller, and a central body with various sensors and equipment. The text is overlaid on a semi-transparent white box in the upper half of the image.

Established an open forum for dialog on science-based regulations of UAS and manned aerial applications in crop protection.

Consensus achieved and provided direction for the further development of the technologies in the regulatory space.

Consensus Statement



“Under the auspices of the 2020 CERSA Virtual Workshop Advances in Regulatory Risk Assessment of Pesticide Drift from Unmanned Application Systems (UAS) and Manned Aerial Application, multiple stakeholders across public and private sectors agree that:

We **promote the implementation of RPAAS platforms in a complementary manner** to conventional aerial and ground application equipment rather than a replacement for traditional application methods that may have the potential to expand application capacity in specific use conditions.

We recognize the **need for the development of public-domain regulatory models**, supported by high quality data, for the predictions of performance, drift and exposure from the use of RPAAS.

We commit to continuing the conversation on how to **keep drift modeling for manned aircraft up-to-date**, whether by revising default inputs or expanding assessments to consider higher tier simulations.

We further support continued **research into the effect of pesticide droplet size on efficacy for all application platforms**.

Therefore, we support **a concerted, collaborative effort involving diverse stakeholders** in academia, government research organizations, industry sectors, and other key groups to develop research protocols, empirical data & regulatory models in order to drive this effort forward.”

1. What are the Potential Benefits of spray UAS technology for Broad Acre, Minor Use, and Industrial Applications?



Broad Acre	IVM/Vector Control	Railway Weed Control
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Limited uses<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Spot• Small acreage	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Access areas not possible by conventional techniques• Operator safety benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• May have advantages comparing to Multi-Purpose Vehicles
*Potential for increased application precision to reduce drift and environmental loading		
*Potential economic benefit		

*need more data/information

2. What Types of Uses May be of Most Interest to Growers and Where Can Conventional and UAS Technologies be Used Together?



Areas difficult to access with conventional equipment

Applications at boundaries, fence lines and along rights of way



Public health/ vector control treatments

Combination treatment for airblast orchard applications



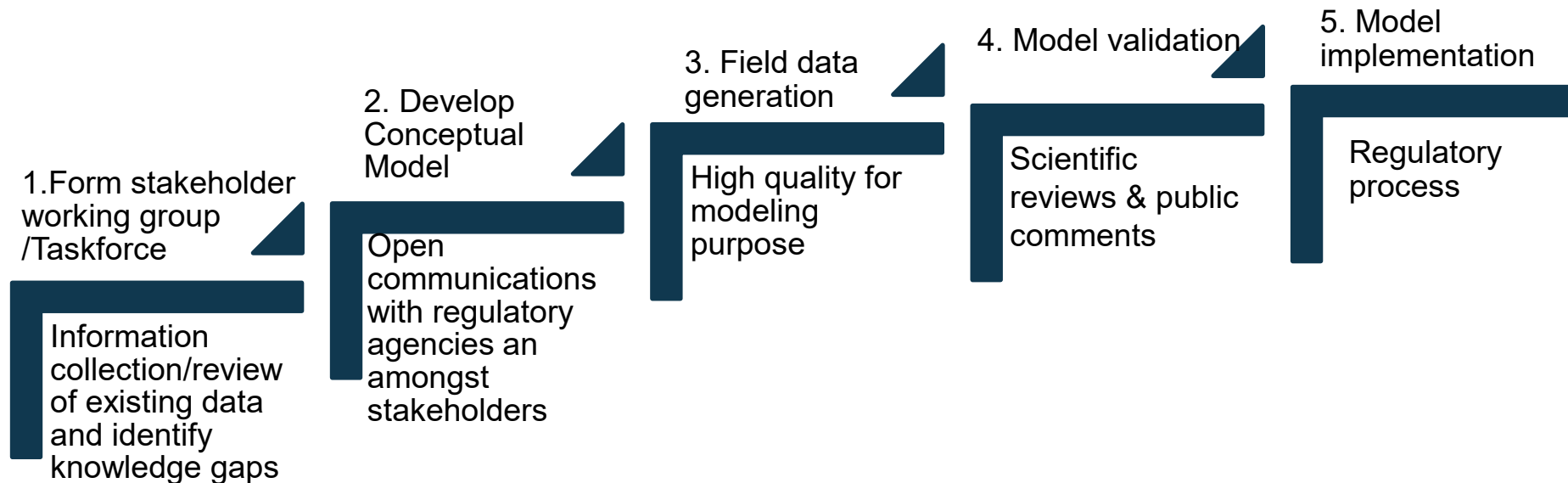
*UAS spraying within buffer zones regulated for conventional equipment

**Pollinator protection via night-time UAS applications

*Data needed to demonstrate lower drift risk

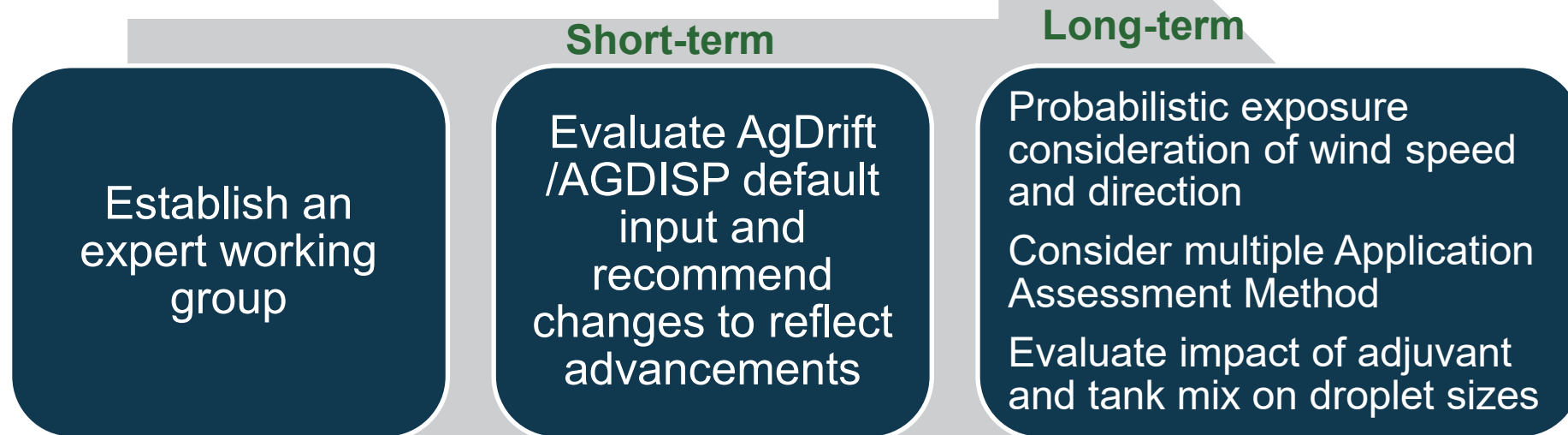
**Need more data/information

3. What is the Path Forward for a Publicly Available Mechanistic Regulatory Model for Spray Drift from UAS? Are There Existing Models That Can be Used in the Short Term?

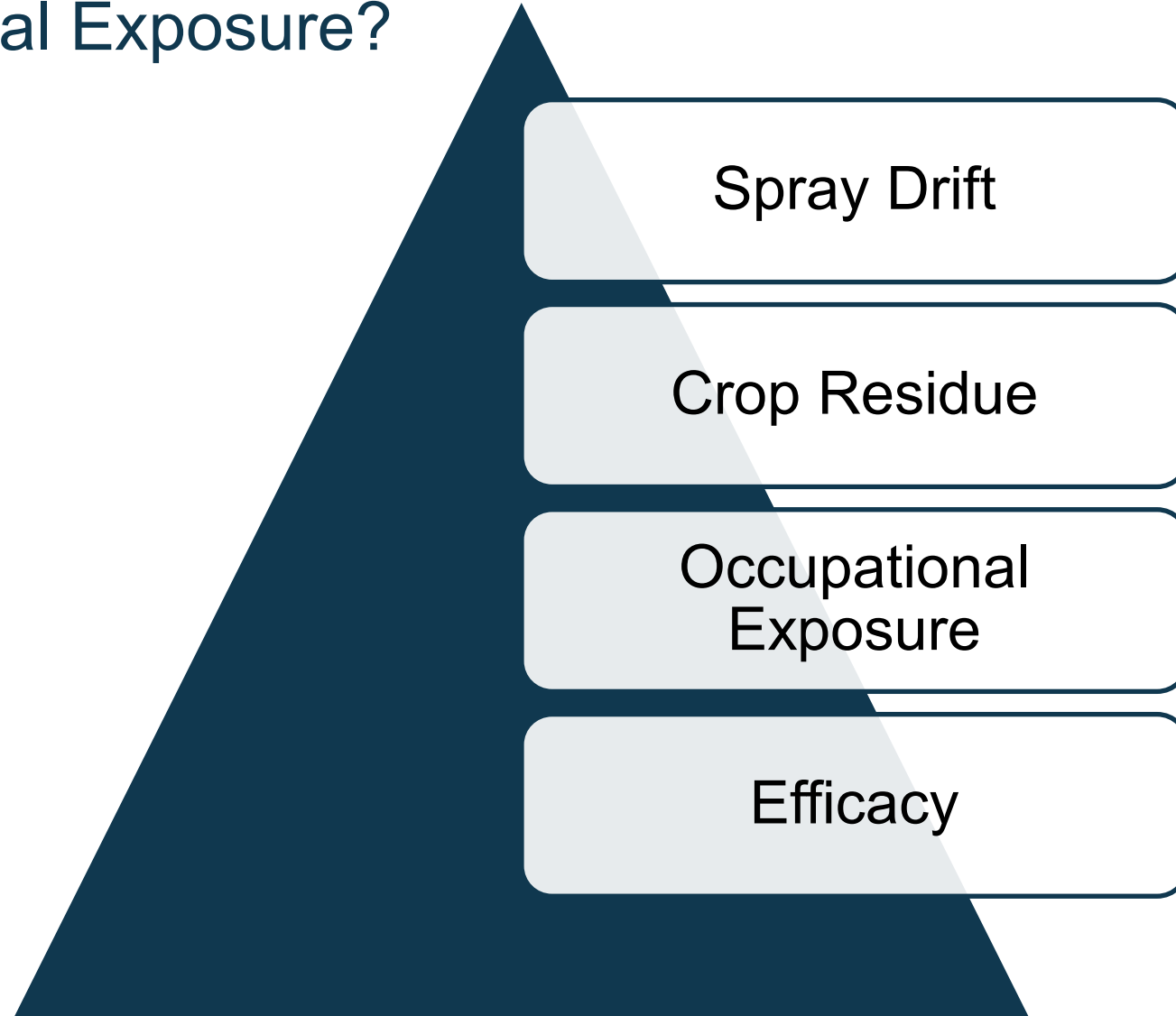


Potential hurdles/ challenges are also discussed

4. What is the Path Forward for an Improved/ Modernized Approach to Model Spray Drift from Manned Aerial Applications? How can AgDrift® and AGDISP™ be Updated to Incorporate Advancements in Manned Aerial Application Technologies?



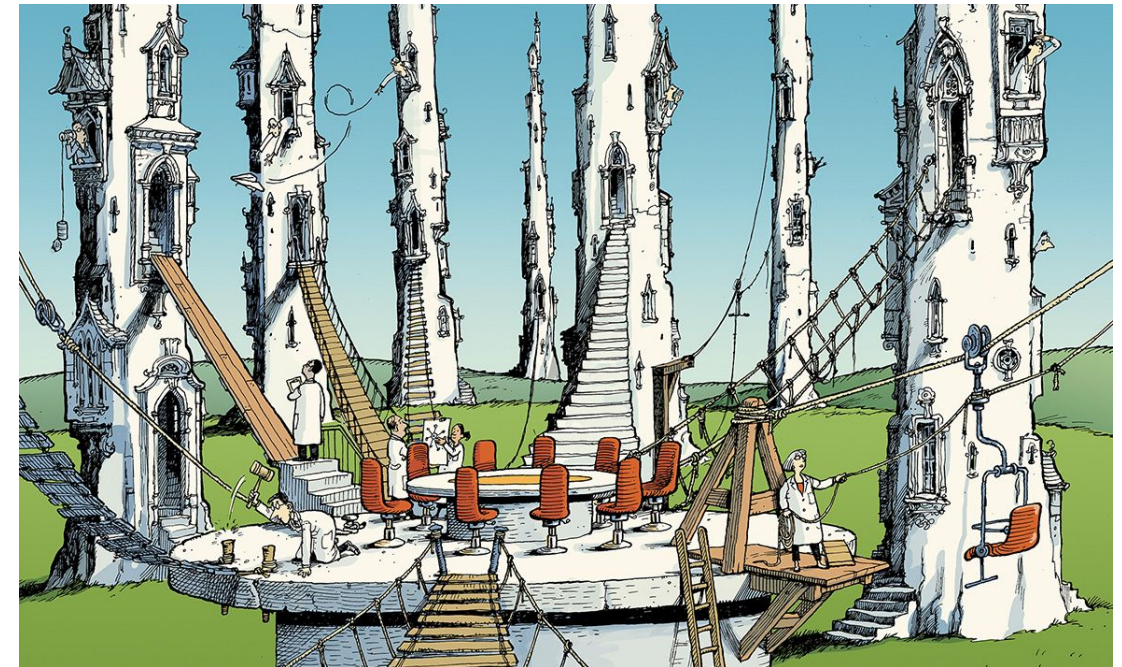
5. What are the Highest Priority Regulatory Data Gaps with Respect to Off-Target Drift, Efficacy, Crop Residue and Occupational Exposure?



Recommended Path Forward – working progress

CERSA can continue to provide a forum for multi-stakeholder engagement on the topic of UAS regulation focusing on technical aspects.

- In the short term, establish a multi-stakeholder working group for improving and modernizing drift modeling for manned aircraft to keep modeling up to date.
- Facilitate discussions on potential modeling approaches for UAS.
- Provide a forum for dissemination and feedback on the work of the Industry Task Group and OECD Working Group.



Gunsalus et al. Nature, 2019

(<https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-019-00519-w>)



Thank You