# **Index of Signs and Symptoms of Acute Poisoning**

This index provides a table of pesticides and their related symptoms and signs and affected organ systems in poisoned individuals. This may be useful in raising the index of suspicion for pesticide toxicity where these signs and symptoms occur. Such suspicion can be evaluated further within the differential diagnosis as appropriate.

It is important to keep in mind that the signs and symptoms listed have multiple causes, pesticidal and nonpesticidal. In addition, no specific symptoms or signs are invariably present in poisonings by particular pesticides. Toxicological presentation may vary based on dosage, route(s) of exposure, life stage of the patient, and patient's genetic vulnerability, co-exposures and/or underlying health status. This complexity may explain why many poisonings are characterized by unexpected or atypical manifestations.

### It is important to keep in mind that the signs and symptoms listed have multiple causes, pesticidal and nonpesticidal.

The table does not differentiate clinical presentation by route of exposure or dosage. For example, effects of high-dose ingestion are not distinguished from effects of relatively low-dose dermal absorption, nor are topical effects distinguished from systemic dermal manifestations. Such details are addressed more fully in the chapters addressing the specific pesticides, which make up the bulk of this manual. The list of pesticides in this chapter is intended to serve as a clue for the clinician toward further inquiry.

The word "poisoning" is used loosely in these headings to include topical as well as systemic effects that are acute manifestations rather than delayed sequelae or chronic conditions, although in some cases acute effects may persist. For chronic health conditions including long-term sequelae after acute poisoning and chronic conditions associated with lower level, repeat exposures, see **Chapter 21**, *Chronic Effects*.

Pesticides that are relatively consistent in causing particular manifestations are listed in the column headed "Characteristic of These Poisonings." Agents that are associated with conditions less consistently or are less prominent features of poisoning are listed in the right-hand column, headed "May Occur in These Poisonings." Obviously, the distinction is not always clear cut.

Some symptoms (malaise, fatigue, dizziness, nausea and vomiting) occur so commonly in poisoned individuals that they have little or no value in differential diagnosis, and are therefore not included in these tables.

### Common symptoms were not included:

- malaise
- fatigue
- dizziness
- nausea
- vomiting

#### SYMPTOMS/ CHARACTERISTIC OF **MAY OCCUR IN** SIGNS/DISEASE **THESE POISONINGS THESE POISONINGS CATEGORIES** Rotten egg odor Sulfur Hypothermia Creosote Hyperthermia Nitrophenols Borate (fever, pyrexia) Pentachlorophenol Thallium Metaldehyde Inorganic arsenicals Chlorophenoxy compounds Cadmium dusts Naphthalene Chills Phosphine Arsine Hot sensations Nitrophenols Pentachlorophenol Chlordimeform SYSTEM: General/Non-Specific Myalgia Paraguat Chlorophenoxy compounds Thirst Borate Pentachlorophenol Endothall Nitrophenols Inorganic arsenicals Phosphorus **Phosphides** Sodium Fluoride Cholecalciferol Aminopyridine Halocarbon fumigants Anorexia Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates Nitrophenols Nicotine Inorganic arsenicals Pentachlorophenol Amino pyridine Hexachlorobenzene Chlordimeform Cholecalciferol Alcohol intolerance Thiram Calcium cyanamide Sweet taste in the mouth Chlordimeform Metallic taste in the mouth Inorganic arsenicals Organic mercury Salty, soapy taste Sodium fluoride In the mouth

### General and Non-Specific

#### Skin

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
SYSTEM: Skin	Irritation, rash, blistering, or erosion (without sensitization)	Copper, organotin, and cadmium compounds  Metam sodium Paraquat Diquat Sodium chlorate Phosphorus Sulfur Thiram Chlordimeform Cationic detergents Hexachlorophene Ethylene oxide Formaldehyde Acrolein Methyl bromide Ethylene dibromide Dibromochlorpropane Dichloropropane Endothall	Pentachlorophenol Picloram Chlorophenoxy Captan Rotenone Diethyltoluamide (DEET) Creosote Fungicides Herbicides with irritant properties Petroleum distillate
	Contact dermatitis  Flushing	Aliphatic acids PCP Paraquat DEET Chlorhexidine Creosote Hexachlorophene Pyrethrins/pyrethroids Chlorothalonil Thiram Thiophthalimides Propachlor Propargite Ethylene oxide Cyanamide	Barban Captafol Formaldehyde
	Beefy red palms, soles	Nitrophenol  Borate	
	Urticaria	Chlorhexidine PCP DEET	Fluoride Pentachlorophenol
	Bullae	Liquid fumigants	Hexachlorobenzene
	Pallor	Organochlorines Fumigants Sodium fluoride Creosote	Coumarins Indandiones

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
	Cyanosis	Sodium chlorate Paraquat Cadmium dusts Sodium fluoroacetate Strychnine Crimidine Nicotine Organochlorines	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates
	Yellow stain	Nitrophenols	
	Keratoses, brown discoloration	Inorganic arsenicals	
ont.	Ecchymoses	Coumarins Indandiones	Phosphorus Phosphides
SYSTEM: Skin, cont.	Jaundice	Carbon tetrachloride Chloroform Phosphorus Phosphides Phosphine Paraquat Sodium chlorate	Inorganic arsenicals Diquat Copper compounds
	Excessive hair growth		Hexachlorobenzene
	Loss of hair	Thallium	Inorganic arsenicals
	Loss of fingernails		Paraquat Inorganic arsenicals
	Brittle nails, white striations	Inorganic arsenicals	Thallium
	Sweating, diaphoresis	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates Nicotine Pentachlorophenol Naphthalene Aminopyridine	Copper compounds

#### Skin

Eye

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
е	Conjunctivitis (irritation of mucous membranes, tearing)	Chloropicrin Acrolein Copper compounds Organotin compounds Cadmium compounds Metam sodium Paraquat Diquat Acrolein Chloropicrin Sulfur dioxide Naphthalene Formaldehyde Ethylene oxide Methyl bromide Endothall Toluene Xylene Fipronil	Thiophthalimides Thiram Thiocarbamates Pentachlorophenol Chlorophenoxy compounds Chlorothalonil Picloram Creosote Aliphatic acids Strobilurin fungicides Pyrethrins
SYSTEM: Eye	Lacrimation (muscarinic)	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates	
SΥ	Yellow sclerae	Nitrophenols	Agents that cause jaundice (see section on Skin)
	Keratitis	Paraquat	
	Ptosis	Thallium	
	Diplopia	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates Nicotine	
	Photophobia		Organotin compounds
	Constricted visual fields	Organic mercury	
	Optic atrophy		Thallium
	Miosis	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates	Nicotine (early)
	Dilated pupils	Cyanide Fluoride	Nicotine (late)
	Non-reactive pupils	Cyanide	

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
	Paresthesia	Pyrethroids Organochlorines Inorganic arsenicals Organic mercury Carbon disulfide Pyriminil	Organophosphates Thiabendazole Phosphides Sodium fluoroacetate Thallium
SYSTEM: Nervous System	Headache	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates Nicotine Inorganic arsenicals Organic mercury Cadmium compounds Organotin compounds Copper compounds Thallium Fluoride Borates Naphthalene Phosphine Halocarbon fumigants Creosote Diquat Cholecalciferol Cyanamide Neonicotinoids Fipronil	Organochlorines Nitrophenols Thiram Pentachlorophenol Paraquat DEET
	Behavioral – mood disturbances (confusion, excitement, mania, disorientation, emotional lability)	Organic mercury Inorganic arsenicals Organotin compounds Thallium Nicotine Sodium fluoroacetate Diquat Cyanide Nitrophenols Aminopyridine Carbon disulfide Methyl bromide Fipronil	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates Pentachlorophenol Sodium fluoride DEET Organochlorines Neonicotinoids

#### Nervous System

#### Nervous System

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
	Depression, stupor, coma	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates (particularly in children) Sodium fluoride Borate Diquat Fipronil Avermectins	Inorganic arsenicals Metaldehyde Sulfuryl fluoride Halocarbon fumigants Phosphorus Phosphine Paraquat Chlorophenoxy compounds DEET Alkyl phthalates
SYSTEM: Nervous System, cont.	Seizures/convulsions (clonic-tonic) sometimes leading to coma	Organochlorines Strychnine Crimidine Sodium fluoroacetate Nicotine Cyanide Acrylonitrile Metaldehyde Thallium DEET Chlorobenzilate Carbon disulfide Phosphine Povidone-iodine Hexachlorophene Sodium chlorate Creosote Endothall Fluoride	Nitrophenols Pentachlorophenol Inorganic arsenicals Organotin compounds Diquat Borate Sulfuryl fluoride Methyl bromide Chlorophenoxy compounds Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates Aminopyridine Fipronil
	Muscle twitching/ fasciculation	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates Nicotine Sulfuryl fluoride Pyrethroids	Organic mercury Chlorophenoxy compounds
	Myotonia		Chlorophenoxy compounds
	Tetany, carpopedal spasms	Fluoride Phosphides Phosphorus	

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
	Tremor	Organic mercury	Pentachlorophenol
ند		Thallium	Nitrophenols
Ĕ		Organophosphates	Thiram
ပ္ပ		N-methyl carbamates	
Ġ,		Nicotine	
System, cont		Metaldehyde	
st		Borates	
S		Neonicotinoids	
S		Pyrethroids	
n	Incoordination	Halocarbon fumigants	Organic mercury
Š	(including ataxia)	Organophosphates	Organochlorines
<u>0</u>		N-methyl carbamates	Chlorobenzilate
Z		Carbon disulfide	
Σ		Nicotine	
SYSTEM: Nervous		Thallium	
ပြ	Paralysis	Inorganic arsenicals	Organic mercury
<b>&gt;</b>	Paresis, muscle weakness	Organophosphates	DEET
0,		N-methyl carbamates	
		Nicotine	
		Neonicotinoids	
	Hearing loss	Organic mercury	

Hypotension and shock Phosphorus Inorganic a Phosphides Nicotine Phosphine Creos Sodium fluoride Alkyl phi Sodium chlorate Cyclohe	e (late) sote
Phosphine Creos Sodium fluoride Alkyl ph	sote thalate
Sodium fluoride Alkyl ph	thalate
The state of the s	
Sodium chlorate Cyclohe	ximide
Sodium chlorate Cyclone	
Borate Formald	lehyde
Thallium	
Copper compounds	
Endothall	
Thallium Copper compounds Endothall Cyanamide  Hypertension Thallium (early) Nicotine (early)  Cardiac arrhythmias Sodium fluoroacetate Inorganic a	
Hypertension Thallium (early) Organopho	osphates
Nicotine (early)	
Cardiac arrhythmias Sodium fluoroacetate Inorganic a	rsenicals
Halocarbon fumigants Phospl	norus
Nicotine Phospi	hides
Sodium fluoride Phosp	hine
Halocarbon fumigants Phospi Nicotine Phospi Sodium fluoride Phosp Ethylene oxide Organocl Sodium chlorate Cvan	nlorines
Sodium chlorate Cyar	iide
Thallium-ventricular Acryloi	nitrile
Povidone-iodine Fluor	ide
Veratrum alkaloid (sabadilla)	
Neonicotinoids	

#### Nervous System

#### Cardiovascular System

#### Cardiovascular System

## Respiratory System

cont.	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
Cardio,	Bradycardia (sometimes to asystole)	Cyanide Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates	Nicotine (late)
SYSTEM:	Tachycardia	Nitrophenols Cyanamide Nicotine (early) Neonicotinoids	Metaldehyde Organophosphates (early, before bradycardia) Pentachlorophenol

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
ory	Upper respiratory tract irritation, rhinitis, scratchy throat, cough	Naphthalene Paraquat Chloropicrin Acrolein Dichloropropene Ethylene dibromide Sulfur dioxide Sulfuryl fluoride Acrylonitrile Formaldehyde Cadmium dusts Pyrethroids Strobilurin fungicides	Dry formulation of copper, tin, zinc compounds  Dusts of thiocarbamate and other organic pesticides  Chlorophenoxy compounds  Aliphatic acids  Rotenone
ira	Sneezing	Sabadilla	
SYSTEM: Respiratory	Runny nose	Pyrethrins/ pyrethroids Inorganic arsenicals Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates	Dry formulation of copper, tin, zinc compounds  Dusts of thiocarbamate and other organic pesticides  Chlorophenoxy compounds  Aliphatic acids
ဟ			Rotenone
	Pulmonary edema (many chemicals come packaged in a hydrocarbon vehicle, well known to cause pulmonary edema)	Methyl bromide Phosphine Phosphorus Phosphine Ethylene oxide Ethylene dibromide Acrolein Pyrethroids Sulfur dioxide Cationic detergents Creosote Methylisothiocyanate Cadmium	Organophosphates N-methyl carbamates Paraquat Phosphides

cont.	Pulmonary consolidation	Paraquat Cadmium dusts	Diquat
ဝ္ပ		Methyl bromide	
	Dyspnea	Organophosphates	Nitrophenols
Respiratory,		N-methyl carbamates	Cyanide
ate		Nicotine	Creosote
i		Paraquat	Pyrethrins
Sp		Cadmium dusts	Pyrethroids
%e		Cyanamide	
		Sulfuryl fluoride	
Σ		Pentachlorophenol	
쁘		Methyl bromide	
လ		Sulfur dioxide	
SYSTEM:		Chloropicrin	
0,		Neonicotinoids	

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
	Diarrhea (non-bloody)	Organophosphates	Cationic detergents
		N-methyl carbamates	Cresol
		Pyrethroids	Hexachlorophene
		Borates	Chlorophenoxy
V C		Sulfur	
Ĺ		Nicotine	
D		B. thuringiensis	
an		Thiram	
Ħ		Cadmium	
ä		Avermectins	
F	Diarrhea (bloody)	Fluoride	Phosphorus
a		Paraquat	Phosphides
ü		Diquat	Cycloheximide
St		Thallium	
ıte		Coumarins	
) ir		Indandiones	
tr		Endothall	
SYSTEM: Gastrointestinal Tract and Liver		Arsenicals	
G	Stomatitis	Inorganic arsenicals	Thallium
Ξ		Paraquat	
回		Diquat	
ST		Copper compounds	
×	Salivation	Organophosphates	
(U)		N-methyl carbamates	
		Pyrethroids	
		Nicotine	
		Aminopyridine	
		Sodium fluoride	
		Cyanide	
		Cadmium compounds	

### Respiratory System

### Gastrointestinal Tract and Liver

### **Gastrointestinal Tract and Liver**

Liver

Kidney

	Abdominal pain	Organophosphates	Chlorophenoxy
نب		N-methyl carbamates	compounds
, L		Paraquat	Aliphatic acids
ပ္ပ		Diquat	Sodium chlorate
ي		Nicotine	Creosote
\ e		Metaldehyde	Endothall
Ĺ		Fluoride	Aminopyridine
and Liver, cont		Borate	Coumarins
an		Phosphorous	Indandiones
;;		Phosphides	Fumigants (ingested)
GI Tract		Inorganic arsenicals	Cycloheximide
Ė		Cadmium compounds	
(7)		Copper compounds	
		Thallium	
Σ		Organotin compounds	
쁜		Neonicotinoids	
S	lleus	Thallium	Pyriminil
SYSTEM:		Diquat	•
	Constipation	Pyriminil	

Liver	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
É	Enlargement	Copper compounds	Inorganic arsenicals
		Sodium chlorate	Hexachlorobenzene
2		Phosphine	
Ë		Carbon tetrachloride	
SYSTEM:		Chloroform	
S	Jaundice (see section on Skin)		

	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
SYSTEM: Kidney	Proteinuria/hematuria and acute renal failure	Inorganic arsenicals Copper compounds Sodium fluoride Naphthalene Borate Nitrophenols Pentachlorophenol Sodium chlorate Sulfuryl fluoride Paraquat Diquat Arsine Ethylene dibromide	Cadmium compounds Phosphorus Phosphides Phosphine Chlorophenoxy compounds Creosote Organotin compounds

	Rhabdomyolysis	Neonicotinoids		
		Avermectins		
		Dysuria, hematuria, pyuria	Chlordimeform	
	Kidney	Polyuria	Cholecalciferol	Fluoride
ı	d	Hemoglobinuria	Naphthalene	
ı	Z		Sodium chlorate	
ı	<u> </u>		Arsine	
TEN	SYSTEM:	Wine-red urine (porphyrinuria)	Hexachlorobenzene	
ı	ΥS	Smoky urine	Creosote	
Ś		Endothall		
	Glycosuria		Organotin compounds	
		Ketonuria		Borate

SYSTEM: Blood	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
	Hemolysis	Naphthalene Sodium chlorate Arsine	Copper compounds Cresol
	Methemoglobinemia	Sodium chlorate Creosote Propanil Metobromuron	Chlordimeform Cyanide Cresol Copper Arsine Diflubenzuron Nitrophenol
	Hypoprothrombinemia	Coumarins Indandiones	Metolachlor Phosphorus Phosphides Carbon tetrachloride
	Hyperkalemia	Sodium chlorate Naphthalene Arsine	Sodium fluoride
	Hypocalcemia	Fluoride	Thallium Phosphorus Phosphides
	Hypercalcemia	Cholecalciferol	
	Carboxyhemoglobinemia		Organotin compounds
	Anemia	Naphthalene Sodium chlorate Arsine Inorganic arsenicals	
	Leukopenia, Thrombocytopenia	Inorganic arsenicals	

#### Kidney

#### Blood

Blood

Reproductive System

	Elevated LDH	Carbon tetrachloride	Inorganic arsenicals
	GOT, GPT,	Chloroform	Phosphorus
ı	alkaline phosphatase,	Phosphine	Phosphides
cont	ALT, AST enzymes		Sodium chlorate
			Nitrophenols
Blood,			Pentachlorophenol
Ŏ			Thallium
<u>m</u>			Organochlorines
.: E			Chlorophenoxy compounds
Ë	Depressed RBC	Organophosphates	N-methyl carbamates
SYSTI	acetylcholinesterase and plasma pseudocholinesterase		

'e	SYMPTOMS/ SIGNS/DISEASE CATEGORIES	CHARACTERISTIC OF THESE POISONINGS	MAY OCCUR IN THESE POISONINGS
SYSTEM: Reproductive	Low sperm count	Dibromochloropropane	Kepone