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Secretary

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May 6, 2016

Mr. Timothy Connor, Chemical Engineer, Municipal Support Division

via e-mail to: connor.timothy@epa.gov

Located at:

Office of Wastewater Management Environmental Protection Agency cwsrfwaiver@epa.gov 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20460

Subject:

AIS Availability Waiver Request(s)

Greenville Utilities Commission (GUC)

Southside Pump Station Improvements

Engineer: Black and Veatch Contractor: RTD Construction SRF Project No. CS370 487-11

Dear Mr. Connor:

The North Carolina Division of Water Infrastructure (Division) has reviewed the information provided by the Contractor, the Engineer, American Pipe Co., and the City of Greenville for the CWSRF Project CS370487-11 submitted on May 6, 2016. The following information is provided to EPA requesting AIS Waiver for the following item:

• 64 inch diameter Ductile Iron Threaded Flanges

Market research and documentation provided by the contractor and the supplier indicate that these items are not available from a US/domestic source. These couplings and fittings were specified by the Engineer and the City due to the nature of the project and their previous experience on similar projects, and their professional judgement. If any additional information as needed please let us know.

Greenville Utilities Commission Southside Pump Station Improvements SRF Project No. CS370 487-11 AIS Waiver Request 5/6/2016 Page No. 2 of 2

The Division's regular project review and construction inspections of CW and DW SRF Projects cover loan administration, construction, and SRF Requirements, including AIS requirements. If you have any questions or comments, please contact me at (919) 616-4245 or at tom.poe@ncdenr.gov.

Sincerely,

Tom S. Poe

Construction Inspector

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Attachments:

Contractors Request for AIS Availability Waiver Suppliers / Manufactures' letter stating Non-Availability from domestic sources Project Specifications and Details for the specific item(s)

cc, via e-mail:

Gaby Madrigal, RTD Construction
Gaby Madrigal gabymadrigal@rtdconstruction.com

Matthew Skidmore, P.E., Black & Veatch Corp., 1277 Millerwood Drive, Winston-Salem, NC 27106 Skidmore, Matthew B. (SkidmoreM@bv.com)

Mr. Scott Farmer, PE, Water Resources Engineer Greenville Utilities Commission (GUC) 252-551-1529, farmerjs@guc.com

Seth Robertson, P.E., Mark Hubbard, P.E, Anita Reed, P.E. DWI Supervisors

NC-CWSRF Project File and Share Drive



05/06/2016

Matthew Skidmore, P.E. Black & Veatch Corporation 11000 Regency Parkway, Suite 410 Cary, NC 27518-8520

Subject: Availability Waiver Request from American Iron Steel Provisions CWSRF Project No. CS370487-11 Southside Pump Station Improvements Project SCP-118 Greenville, North Carolina

Mr. Skidmore,

RTD formally requests relief from the AIS provision on the basis of certain iron and steel products not being produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities. This waiver request is specifically related to 64 inch diameter ductile iron threaded flanges to be used for the Southside Pump Station Improvements Project as specified in the attached contract specifications. RTD received notice from their supplier (American Ductile Iron Pipe) that 64 inch diameter ductile iron threaded flanges are not available from a domestic source.

RTD has contacted several other vendors and has not been able to find a source that can provide 64 inch diameter ductile iron threaded flanges domestic. These flanges are required by the contract plans and specifications which are attached.

Sincerely,

RTD Construction, Inc.

Gaby Madrigal

Attachments:

A. Notification letter from American Ductile Iron Pipe

B. Contract Specifications

C. 64" Layout Submittal

Section 15061

DUCTILE IRON PIPE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1-1. <u>SCOPE</u>. This section covers the furnishing and installation of ductile iron pipe. Ductile iron pipe shall be furnished complete with all fittings, specials, adapters, closure pieces, blowoffs, outlets, caps and plugs, temporary bulkheads, access manholes, jointing materials, pipe hangers and supports, anchors, blocking, encasement, appurtenances, and accessories specified and indicated on the Drawings, and as required for proper installation and functioning of the piping.

Piping furnished hereunder shall be complete with all joint gaskets, bolts, nuts and other jointing materials required for installation of any valves and equipment furnished by Owner or others for installation under this Contract. Pipe hangers and supports, pressure and leakage testing, and cleaning and disinfection are covered in other sections. Pipe trenching, embedment, and backfill are covered in the Trenching and Backfilling section.

1-1.01. Pipe Manufacturer's Experience and Field Services. All ductile iron pipe, fittings, specials, bolts, gaskets, other jointing materials, and appurtenances shall be fabricated, lined, coated, and furnished under the direction and management of one pipe manufacturer. The pipe manufacturer responsibilities, which shall include, at a minimum; coordinating and furnishing all pipe materials, gaskets, bolts, and other jointing materials, and pipe appurtenances (except for furnished coupled joints and other similar products by a specified manufacturer) for a complete piping system that meets the specified test pressures and service conditions; ensuring and certifying that all pipe, fittings, specials, and other pipe materials, pipe gaskets and bolts specified herein, are being manufactured in full accordance with the Contract Documents; preparing and submitting all submittal information and shop drawings; and making any corrections that may be required to submittal information and shop drawings.

The pipe manufacturer's minimum required experience qualifications shall include manufacture of interior and buried plant piping of similar diameters of at least two water or wastewater plants with joints, linings, and coatings suitable for the same or higher pressure rating, which has performed satisfactorily for the past 5 years.

All ductile iron pipe shall be installed in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations.

- 1-2. <u>SUBMITTALS</u>. Drawings, details, specifications, and installation schedules covering all ductile iron pipe and accessories shall be submitted in accordance with the Submittals Procedures section. The drawings and data shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
 - Certification by manufacturer for each item furnished in accordance with the ANSI/AWWA Standards.
 - Restrained joints details.
 - Emergency Repair Manual, including names and telephone numbers of emergency contact persons.
 - Certification of gaskets by pipe manufacturer, certifying that gasket material is suitable for test pressures and services intended.
 - Certification of joint lubricant.
 - Certification of proof-of-design tests for joints, including restrained joints.
 - Certification of pipe manufacturer or fabricator and certification of proof-ofdesign tests for welded-on outlets.
 - Pipe laying schedule complete with a sequence of laying and an explanation of all abbreviations used in the schedule. For long, straight pipe runs, the pipe laying schedule shall list the pipeline station and either the pipe centerline or invert elevation coordinated with the Drawings at least every 100 feet.
 - Two samples of the polyethylene encasement, each sample clearly identified as required by the Governing Standards and test results from an independent third party laboratory of the requirements specified in ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5.
 - The method that the Contractor proposes to use for measuring deflection of pipe joints.

Submittal data shall clearly indicate the country of origin of pipe, fittings, flanges, restraining devices, and accessories. Certified copies of physical and chemical test results as outlined in ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51 shall be submitted for the materials to be provided.

1-2.01. <u>Emergency Repair Manual</u>. Contractor shall submit an emergency repair manual prepared and furnished by the pipe manufacturer. The manual shall include procedures for handling emergency calls and repairs; a list of stock replacement pipe sections, closures, and other parts needed for emergency repairs; names and emergency telephone numbers of pipe manufacturer's engineering staff and factory-trained field service representatives who can be contacted day or night during an emergency; response and delivery times; and installation instructions for the materials and methods used in making repairs.

1-3. <u>SHIPPING, HANDLING, AND STORAGE</u>. Shipping shall be in accordance with the Product Delivery Requirements section. Handling and storage shall be in accordance with the Product Storage and Handling Requirements section, and as specified herein.

Pipe, fittings, and accessories shall be handled in a manner that will ensure installation in sound, undamaged condition. Equipment, tools, and methods used in handling and installing pipe and fittings shall not damage the pipe and fittings. Hooks inserted in ends of pipe shall have broad, well-padded contact surfaces. Unpadded hooks, wire brushes or other abrasive tools shall not be permitted to come into contact with polyethylene lining if such lining is specified.

Contractor-furnished pipe and fittings in which the lining has been damaged shall be replaced by and at the expense of Contractor. With the concurrence of Engineer, small and readily accessible damaged areas may be repaired.

Contractor shall repair any damage to pipe coatings and linings before the pipe is installed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2-1. <u>PIPE CLASS</u>. The class of ductile iron pipe shall be as indicated in the Ductile Iron Pipe Schedule. The specified class includes service allowance and casting allowance.

Pipe wall thickness for grooved and threaded end pipe shall be increased if necessary to comply with the following minimum thickness:

Pipe Size		Minimum Thickness Class
<u>inches</u>	<u>Threaded Ends</u> <u>Grooved Ends</u>	
	(1)	(2)
4-16	53	53
18	53	54
20	53	55
24	53	56
30-54	53	
60 & 64	350 (3)	

(1) Complies with ANSI/AWWA C115/A21.15 for minimum pipe wall thickness for threaded flanges.

Pipe Size

Minimum Thickness Class

Grooved Ends inches Threaded Ends (2)(1)

- (2) Complies with ANSI/AWWA C606 for grooved and shouldered joint ductile iron pipe.
- (3) Minimum class for 60 and 64 inch pipe is pressure class 350.

2-2. MATERIALS.

Pipe Ductile iron, ANSI/AWWA

C151/A21.51, Table 1 or Table 3.

Gaskets – All Joint Types Synthetic rubber unless otherwise

specified; natural rubber will not be acceptable. All gaskets shall be furnished by the pipe manufacturer unless another manufacturer's product is indicated. Pipe manufacturer shall submit certificates of gasket suitability certifying that the gasket materials are compatible with the joints specified. are recommended for the specified field test pressure and service conditions. Gaskets for treated or potable water service shall be certified for chlorinated and chloraminated potable water. Gas and oil-resistant gaskets shall be made of Nitrile (NBR [Acrylonitrile Butadiene]) rubber. The

name of the material shall be

permanently marked or molded on the gasket. Gaskets shall also be certified

as suitable where soils may be contaminated with gas and oil

products.

Vegetable-based lubricant recommended by the pipe

manufacturer. Petroleum or animal-

based lubricants will not be

acceptable. Lubricants that will be in contact with treated or potable water

shall be certified as being in compliance with ANSI/NSF 61.

Joint Lubricant

Fittings

ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 (except shorter laying lengths will be acceptable for U.S. Pipe), or ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53, minimum working pressure rating as follows, unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings.

Fitting Size in.	<u>Material</u>	<u>Type</u>	Min. Working Pressure Rating, psi
4 to 24	DI	Mechanical and Push-on joints	350
4 to 24	DI	Flanged joints	250
30 to 48	DI	All joints	250
54 to 64	DI	All joints	150

All fittings shall be ductile iron and suitable for a factory test pressure of rated working pressure plus 100 psi or 1.5 times rated working pressure, whichever is less, without leakage or damage.

Push-on Joints

ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11.

Restrained Push-on Joints, gaskets with stainless steel gripping segments, (4 inch through 12 inch)

American "Fast Grip" or "Field Lok 350 Gasket" manufactured by U.S. Pipe and furnished to licensed Tyton® joint manufacturer.

Restrained Push-on Joints, locking wedge type, (4 inch through 24 inch)

EBAA Iron "Megalug" Series 1700; U.S. Pipe "TR Flex Gripper Ring"; Star Pipe Products "StarGrip 3100"; or American "Field Flex Ring", without exception.

Restrained Push-on Joints, positive locking segments and/or rings, (4 inch through 36 inch)

American "Flex-Ring," or "Lok-Ring"; Clow "Super-Lock"; U.S. Pipe "TR Flex" or "HP Lok"; or Griffin "Snap-Lok."

Restrained Push-on Joints, positive locking segments and/or rings, (42 inch through 60 inch)

American "Flex-Ring," or "Lok-Ring"; Clow "Super-Lock"; U.S. Pipe "TR Flex"; or Griffin "Snap-Lok." Restrained Push-on Joints, positive locking segments and/or rings, (64 inch)

American "Flex-Ring," or "Lok Ring"; Clow "Super Lock"; or Griffin "Snap Lok."

Flanged Joints	ANSI/AWWA C115/A21.15.	
Flanges		
Class 250 (Where identified on the Drawings)	Ductile iron, flat faced, with ANSI/ASME B16.1, Class 250 diameter and drilling.	
All Others	Ductile iron, Class 125, ANSI/AWWA C115/A21.15.	

Flanges All flanges shall be suitable for test pressure of 1.5 times rated pressure

without leakage or damage.

Bolts ASTM A307, chamfered or rounded

ends projecting 1/4 to 1/2 inch beyond

outer face of nut.

Nuts ASTM A563, hexagonal, ANSI/ASME

B18.2.2, heavy semifinished pattern.

Gaskets ASTM D1330, Grade I rubber, full face

type, 1/8 inch thick unless otherwise required by pipe manufacturer and

accepted by Engineer. Pipe

manufacturer shall submit certification of gaskets furnished as indicated above under Gaskets - All Joint Types.

Insulated Flanges

Flanges As specified herein, except bolt holes

shall be enlarged as needed to accept

bolt insulating sleeves.

Insulation Kits As manufactured by Advanced

Products or Pipeline Seal and

Insulator, Inc.

Insulating Gaskets Type E, G-10, 1/8 inch thick, with

Nitrile or EPDM sealing element for water and air service and Viton sealing

elements for wastewater service unless otherwise required by pipe manufacturer and accepted by Engineer. Pipe manufacturer shall submit certification of gaskets furnished as indicated above under

Gaskets - All Joint Types.

Bolt Insulating Sleeves G-10, 1/32 inch thick.

Insulating Washers G-10, 1/8 inch thick, two for each

flange bolt.

Backing Washers Steel, 1/8 inch thick, two for each

flange bolt.

Mechanical Joints ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11., with

ductile iron glands.

Restrained Mechanical Joints (factory prepared spigot), (4 inch through

48 inch)

American "MJ coupled Joints", or

Griffin "Mech-Lok".

Restrained Mechanical Joints, (field cut spigot), (4 inch through 24 inch)

EBAA Iron "Megalug" Series 1100, Sigma "One Lok" SLDE series, or Star Pipe Products "StarGrip 3000" without

exception.

Wall Pipes or Castings Mechanical joint with water stop and

tapped holes; single casting or

fabricated ductile iron pipe; holes sized in accordance with the details on the Drawings and provided with removable

plugs.

Mechanical Joints with Tie

Rods

As indicated on the Drawings.

Tie Rods ASTM A307.

Steel Pipe ASTM A53. Schedule 40 or 80 as

indicated on the Drawings.

Washers ANSI/ASME B18.22.1, plain steel.

Threaded Connections ANSI/ASME B1.20.1, NPT; with boss

or tapping saddle wherever wall thickness minus the foundry tolerance at the tapped connection is less than that required for 4-thread engagement as set forth in Table A.1, Appendix A, of ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51.

Mechanical Couplings

Couplings Dresser "Style 38"; Smith-Blair "411

Steel Coupling"; or Romac "Style 400"

or "Style 501"; without pipe stop.

Gaskets Oil-resistant synthetic rubber gaskets

shall be as recommended by the coupling manufacturer. Pipe

manufacturer shall submit certification of gaskets furnished as indicated above under Gaskets - All Joint Types.

Restrained Mechanical

Couplings

American Pipe "Restrained Coupling Gland Joint" coordinated with

mechanical couplings furnished.

Grooved-End Joints AWWA C606.

Pipe Ends (rigid joints) Grooved, with dimensions conforming

to AWWA C606, Table 3.

Pipe Ends (flexible joints)

Shouldered, with dimensions

conforming to AWWA C606, Table 4.

Couplings (non-shouldered

pipe)

Tyco/Grinnell "Figure 772," or Victaulic

"Style 31."

Couplings (shouldered pipe) Victaulic "Style 41" or "Style 44".

Flanged Coupling Adapters

Restrained (4 inch through 12 inch). Unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings, flanged coupling adapters shall be restrained.

Smith-Blair "Type 912" or Romac "Style FCA501", with anchor studs of sufficient size and number to withstand test pressures.

Unrestrained (14 inch and

larger)

Smith-Blair "Type 913" or Romac "Style FC400".

Dismantling Joints

Restrained (3 inch and larger). Unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings, dismantling joints shall be restrained.

Romac "DJ400"; Dresser "Style 131 Dismantling Joint" or Viking Johnson. For use in potable water systems, coating to be in accordance with NSF-61.

Tapping Saddles

Ductile iron, with stainless steel straps and synthetic rubber sealing gasket, 250 psi pressure rating.

Watertight/Dusttight Pipe Sleeves

PSI "Thunderline Link-Seal", insulating type with modular rubber sealing elements, nonmetallic pressure plates, and stainless steel bolts and nuts.

Shop Coating and Lining

Cement Mortar Lining with Seal Coat

ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4.

Protective Fusion-Bonded

Ceramic Epoxy Lining

ANSI/AWWA C116/A21.16.

Ceramic Lpoxy Limit

Induron "Protecto 401 Ceramic Epoxy".

Glass Lining

Two-coat system applied over blastcleaned surface; ground and finish coats separately fired; finished lining thickness at least 10 mils, Mohs' Hardness 5 to 6 density as determined by ASTM D792; Fast Fabricators, Inc. "MEH 32" or "SG-14".

Universal Primer

Manufacturer's standard. If in contact with treated or potable water, certify as being in compliance with ANSI/NSF 61.

Asphaltic Coating
Coal Tar Epoxy
Liquid Epoxy

Manufacturer's standard.

Manufacturer's standard.

ANSI/AWWA C210, non-coal tar modified, or when in contact with treated or potable water, certify as being in compliance with ANSI/NSF 61.

Anti-Seize Thread Lubricant

Jet-Lube "Nikal", John Crane "Thred Gard Nickel", Bostik/Never-Seez "Pure Nickel Special" or Permatex "Nickel Anti-Seize".

Corrosion Protection

Polyethylene Encasement Seamless, ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5;

LLDPE - 8 mil or HDCLPE - 4 mil.

Heat-shrinkable Coating and

Primer (Shrink Sleeve)

ANIS/AWWA C216, cross-linked polyethylene sheeting precoated with adhesive; minimum 80 mils; type and recovery as recommended by Shrink Sleeve manufacturer; Canusa-CPS or Coralenca Adhesives/Rachem Water

Wrap.

Wax Tape and Primer ANSI/AWWA C217, cold-applied

petroleum wax primer and cold-applied petroleum wax tape; Trenton Wax-

Tape and Primer.

Medium Consistency

Coal Tar

Carboline "Bitumastic 50" or Tnemec

"46-465 H.B. Tnemecol."

2-3. <u>SHOP COATING AND LINING</u>. The interior of all pipe and fittings, unless noted otherwise, shall be cement mortar lined and seal coated.

Lining for pipe and fittings for gravity sewers and wastewater facilities services shall be as specified below:

Service Lining

Gravity sewers Ceramic epoxy.

Glass-lined pipe buried or embedded in concrete shall be ductile iron with mechanical or push-on joints; glass-lined pipe installed in interior locations may be flanged ductile iron with flanged cast or ductile iron fittings.

The exterior surfaces of all pipe and fittings which will be exposed in both interior and exterior locations shall be shop primed. Flange faces shall be coated with a suitable rust-preventive compound. Exterior surfaces of all other pipe and fittings shall be coated with asphaltic coating.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3-1. <u>INSPECTION</u>. Pipe and fittings shall be carefully examined for cracks and other defects immediately before installation; pipe ends shall be examined with particular care. All defective pipe and fittings shall be removed from the site.

3-2. <u>PROTECTION AND CLEANING</u>. The interior of all pipe and fittings shall be thoroughly cleaned of all foreign material prior to installation and shall be kept clean until the work is completed. Before jointing, all joint contact surfaces shall be wire brushed if necessary and wiped clean.

Precautions shall be taken to prevent foreign material from entering the pipe during installation. Debris, tools, clothing, or other objects shall not be placed in or allowed to enter the pipe.

3-3. <u>CUTTING PIPE</u>. Cutting shall be done in a neat manner, without damage to the pipe or the lining. Cuts shall be smooth, straight, and at right angles to the pipe axis. After cutting, the ends of the pipe shall be dressed with a file or a power grinder to remove all roughness and sharp edges. The cut ends of pushon joint pipe shall be suitably beveled.

All field cutting of existing gray cast iron pipe shall be done with mechanical pipe cutters, except where the use of mechanical cutters would be difficult or impracticable.

Ends of ductile iron pipe shall be cut with a portable guillotine saw, abrasive wheel, saw, milling cutter, or oxyacetylene torch. The use of hydraulic squeeze type cutters will not be acceptable. Field-cut holes for saddles shall be cut with mechanical cutters; oxyacetylene cutting will not be acceptable.

Contractor shall use factory prepared pipe ends unless a field cut is required for connections.

3-4. <u>ALIGNMENT AND GRADE</u>. Buried piping shall be laid to the lines and grades indicated on the Drawings and as specified. Pipelines or runs intended to be straight shall be laid straight. Deflections from a straight line or grade shall not exceed the values stipulated for full-length push-on joint pipe for full-length mechanical joint pipe of AWWA C600, unless specially designed bells and spigots are provided. Contractor shall submit his proposed methods to measure deflection of deflected joints in accordance with the Submittal section.

Whenever deflections would exceed the values stipulated in AWWA C600, either shorter pipe sections or fittings shall be installed where needed to conform to the alignment or grade indicated on the Drawings and as acceptable to the Engineer.

Unless otherwise specified or acceptable to Engineer, laser beam equipment, surveying instruments, or other suitable means shall be used to maintain alignment and grade. At least one elevation reading shall be taken on each length of pipe. If laser beam equipment is used, periodic elevation measurements shall be made with surveying instruments to verify accuracy of grades. If such measurements indicate thermal deflection of the laser beam due to differences

between the ground temperature and the air temperature within the pipe, precautions shall be taken to prevent or minimize further thermal deflections.

Additional requirements for alignment and grade are covered in the Project Requirements and Trenching and Backfilling sections and on the Drawings.

- 3-4.01. <u>Tolerances</u>. Each section of pipe shall be laid to the alignment and grade indicated on the Drawings and pipe laying schedule with pipe ends within the following tolerances;
 - +/- 0.10 foot in grade at any point
 - +/- 0.20 foot in alignment at any point

In addition, piping shall be visually straight or on a smooth curve between the points of defection or curvature indicated on the Drawings. Stricter tolerances than specified above shall be used as necessary to maintain minimum cover, to maintain required clearances, to make connections to existing pipe, to maintain the correct slope to avoid high or low points along the pipeline other than at locations indicated on the Drawings, or to meet other restrictions as required or directed by the Engineer.

3-5. <u>LAYING PIPE</u>. Buried pipe shall be protected from lateral displacement by placing the specified pipe embedment material installed as specified in the Trenching and Backfilling section. Under no circumstances shall pipe be laid in water, and no pipe shall be laid under unsuitable weather or trench conditions.

Whenever pipe laying is stopped, the open end of the pipe shall be sealed with a watertight plug. All water in the trench shall be removed prior to removing the plug.

Pipe shall be laid with the bell ends facing the direction of laying, except where reverse laying is specifically acceptable by Engineer.

The pipe laying schedule shall be annotated during the progress of the work to show all changes made during construction for record documentation. Upon completion of the installation of the piping, the annotated pipe laying schedule shall be submitted to Engineer in accordance with the Submittals Procedures section.

3-6. <u>FIELD JOINTS</u>. Joints in buried and tunnel locations shall be mechanical or push-on type unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings or where required to connect to existing piping or to valves. Bells on wall castings and wall sleeves shall be mechanical joint type, with tapped holes for tie rods or stud bolts. All other joints shall be flanged unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings.

Certification of joint design shall be provided in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11, Section 4.7, Performance Requirements, as modified herein. The joint test pressure shall be not less than 2 times the working pressure or 1-1/2 times the test pressure of the pipeline, whichever is higher. The same certification and testing shall also be provided for restrained joints. For restrained joints, the piping shall not be blocked to prevent separation and the joint shall not leak or show evidence of failure. It is not necessary that such tests be made on pipe manufactured specifically for this project. Certified reports covering tests made on other pipe of the same size and design as specified herein and manufactured from materials of equivalent type and quality may be accepted as adequate proof of design.

Each joint, including restrained joints, shall be checked by Contractor as recommended by the pipe manufacturer to verify that the joint and the restraints are installed properly. Restrained joints shall be extended after they are assembled to minimize further take-up.

Field closure pieces shall be located away from the bends beyond the length over which joints are to be restrained.

- 3-7. MECHANICAL JOINTS. Mechanical joints shall be carefully assembled in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations. If effective sealing is not obtained, the joint shall be disassembled, thoroughly cleaned, and reassembled. Bolts shall be uniformly tightened to the torque values listed in Appendix A of ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11. Over tightening of bolts to compensate for poor installation practice will not be acceptable. The holes in mechanical joints with tie rods shall be carefully aligned to permit installation of the tie rods. In flange and mechanical joint pieces, holes in the mechanical joint bells and the flanges shall straddle the top centerline for horizontal piping.
- 3-8. <u>PUSH-ON JOINTS</u>. The pipe manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for proper jointing procedures shall be followed. All joint surfaces shall be lubricated with a soap solution provided by the pipe manufacturer immediately before the joint is completed. Lubricant shall be suitable for use in potable water, shall be stored in closed containers, and shall be kept clean. Each spigot end shall be suitably beveled to facilitate assembly.

Pipe ends for restrained joint pipe shall be prepared in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendations.

- 3-9. FLANGED JOINTS. Not used.
- 3-10. FLANGED COUPLING ADAPTERS. Not used.
- 3-11. DISMANTLING JOINTS. Not used.

3-12. MECHANICAL COUPLINGS. Not used.

3-12.01. Restrained Mechanical Couplings. Pipe restraining glands with tie bolts shall be provided to restrain mechanical coupling connections where indicated on the Drawings. The connecting pipe shall be furnished with welded retainer rings as recommended by pipe manufacturer. The pipe manufacturer shall also coordinate the restrained connection with the pressure rating, length, and diameter dimensions of the mechanical coupling being furnished to assure proper clearance is provided for completing the restrained coupling installation.

3-13. GROOVED-END JOINTS. Not used.

3-14. <u>GAS AND OIL-RESISTANT GASKETS</u>. Gas and oil-resistant gaskets shall be installed where specified, indicated on the Drawings, or directed by Engineer where jointing gaskets may be subject to permeation when piping passes through areas where soil may be contaminated with gas or petroleum (oil) products or organic solvents or their vapors.

3-15. CORROSION PROTECTION.

3-15.01. Polyethylene Encasement. All buried pipe including all straight pipe, bends, tees, adapters, closure pieces, and other fittings or specials, shall be provided with at least one wrap of polyethylene encasement. Other locations where ductile iron pipe and accessories shall be double wrapped with polyethylene encasement shall be as specified herein. Where ductile iron pipe is also embedded or encased in concrete the polyethylene encasement shall be installed around the pipe for 5 feet extending into each end of the concrete encasement.

All buried flanged valves, mechanical joint couplings with tie rods, mechanical couplings, restrained mechanical couplings and other pipe harness assemblies at valves or structure walls shall be provided with two wraps of polyethylene encasement in addition to other corrosion protection coatings as specified herein.

Polyethylene tube protection shall be installed in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5, Method A. Preparation of the pipe shall include, but shall not be limited to, removal of lumps of clay, mud, cinders, etc., prior to installation.

The terms "polyethylene tube protection" and "polyethylene encasement" are interchangeable and shall have the same meaning in these Contract Documents.

3-15.01.01. <u>Inspection and Testing</u>. Tests for preliminary acceptance of polyethylene encasement materials as required in the submittal paragraph shall be made at the expense of the Contractor.

At the Owner's expense, the Owner may obtain samples from the material supplied in the field and have test conducted of the requirements specified in ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5 by an independent third-party laboratory,

3-15.02. Mechanical Joint Couplings with Tie Rods. The mechanical joint tie rods, bolt studs, pipe spacers and washers of buried mechanical joint couplings shall be protected by wrapping them with wax tape in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C217. A primer shall be applied prior to applying the wax tape. The application of the wax tape shall be as recommended by the wax tape manufacturer. There shall be no bare or unprotected ferrous metal surfaces.

Following application of the wax tape protection, the entire mechanical joint coupling assembly shall be wrapped with two layers of polyethylene encasement as specified herein. The two wraps of polyethylene encasement shall be lapped a minimum of 12 inches with the polyethylene encasement of the piping on each side of the coupling assembly.

3-15.03. <u>Flanged Valves</u>. The flange bolts and nuts on buried flanged valves shall be protected by wrapping them with wax tape in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C217. A primer shall be applied prior to applying the wax tape. The application of the wax tape shall be as recommended by the wax tape manufacturer. There shall be no bare or unprotected ferrous metal surfaces.

Following application of the wax tape protection, the entire valve, including the bottom housing and the actuator to the wrench nut, shall be wrapped with two layers of polyethylene encasement as specified herein. The two wraps of polyethylene encasement shall be lapped a minimum of 12 inches with the polyethylene encasement of the piping on each side of the valve.

3-15.04. Mechanical Couplings. The tie bolts and nuts on all buried mechanical couplings shall be coated with two coats of medium consistency coal tar.

After the protective coating has been applied to the tie bolts, the entire mechanical coupling shall be encapsulated with a shrink sleeve. The shrink sleeve shall extend a minimum of 6 inches on to the pipe on each side of the coupling. A primer shall be applied to the piping on each side of the coupling prior to installing the shrink sleeve. The application of the shrink sleeve shall be in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C216 and as recommended by the shrink sleeve manufacturer. There shall be no bare or unprotected ferrous metal surfaces. Following installation of the shrink sleeve, the entire assembly shall be encapsulated with two wraps of polyethylene encasement lapped a minimum of 12 inches with the polyethylene encasement of the piping on each side of the assembly as specified herein.

3-15.05. <u>Restrained Mechanical Couplings</u>. The corrosion protection for the mechanical coupling and its tie bolts and nuts of all buried restrained mechanical

coupling assemblies shall be protected with two coats of medium consistency coal tar and shrink sleeve as specified herein for buried mechanical couplings.

The tie rods and bolts of the restraining glands of the coupling assembly shall be protected by wrapping them with wax tap in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C217. A primer shall be applied prior to applying the wax tape. The application of the wax tape shall be as recommended by the wax tape manufacturer. There shall be no bare or unprotected ferrous metal surfaces.

Following the application of the wax tape, the entire restrained mechanical coupling assembly shall be encapsulated with two wraps of polyethylene encasement lapped a minimum of 12 inches with the polyethylene encasement of the piping on each side of the assembly as specified herein.

3-15.06. Other Assemblies. All ferrous metal clamps, tie rods, bolts, and other components of buried joint harnesses, tapping saddles, or pipe reaction anchorages in contact with earth or other fill material and not encased in concrete, shall be protected by wrapping them with wax tape in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C217. A primer shall be applied prior to applying the wax tape. The application of the wax tape shall be as recommended by the wax tape manufacturer. There shall be no bare or unprotected ferrous metal surfaces.

Following the application of the wax tape, the entire assembly shall be encapsulated with two wraps of polyethylene encasement lapped a minimum of 12 inches with the polyethylene encasement of the piping on each side of the assembly as specified herein.

- 3-15.07. <u>Surfaces Exposed in Manholes and Vaults</u>. Unless otherwise specified, all uncoated surfaces exposed in manholes and vaults shall be cleaned and coated with two coats of medium consistency coal tar. The first coat shall be dry and hard before the second coat is applied. There shall be no unprotected, bare, or uncoated ferrous metal surfaces.
- 3-15.08. CathodicCorrosion Protection Systems. Not used.
- 3-16. OUTLETS. Not used.
- 3-17. <u>WALL AND FLOOR PIPES</u> Wall and floor pipes shall be installed where ductile iron pipes pass through concrete walls or floors, unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings.

Where a flange and mechanical joint pipe piece is to connect to a mechanical joint wall pipe or casting, the bolt holes in the bell of the wall pipe or casting shall straddle the top centerline of the horizontal pipe or casting and shall align with the bolt holes in the flange and mechanical joint piece. The top centerline shall be marked on the wall pipe or casting at the foundry or fabrication shop.

In vertical piping, the bolt holes of flanged and mechanical joint floor pipes or castings shall be aligned with the bolt holes of the flange or mechanical joint connecting piece. The required centerline alignment and orientation of the floor pipe or casting shall be marked on the floor pipe or casting at the foundry or fabrication shop.

3-18. WALL AND FLOOR SLEEVES. Wall and floor sleeves shall be installed where indicated on the Drawings and shall be installed where ductile iron pipe passes through concrete walls and floors or masonry walls, unless otherwise noted. To minimize sleeve size, piping on either side of the sleeve shall be provided with a screw-on flange, grooved coupling, or mechanical coupling with anchor studs to allow the pipe to pass through the sleeve. Where required, sleeves in masonry walls may be enlarged enough for flange or other joint restraint to pass through the sleeve.

Where specified or indicated on the Drawings, one or two sets of modular casing seals shall be installed at the face of walls to seal against soil or provide a dust or water tight seal. Contractor shall coordinate the diameter of wall or floor sleeves with the modular casing seal manufacturer. When soil may be present at wall sleeves, two sets of modular casing seals shall be installed, one at each face of the wall. Unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings, modular casing seals shall not be used in submerged conditions unless the hydrostatic pressure is less than 20 feet and piping is less than 24 inch size.

- 3-19. REDUCERS. Not used.
- 3-20. BLOWOFFS. Not used.
- 3.21. ACCESS OPENINGS. Not used.
- 3-22. <u>CONNECTIONS WITH EXISTING PIPING</u>. Connections between new work and existing piping shall be made using fittings suitable for the conditions encountered. Each connection with an existing pipe shall be made at a time and under conditions which will least interfere with service to customers, and as authorized by Owner. Facilities shall be provided for proper dewatering and for disposal of all water removed from dewatered lines and excavations without damage to adjacent property.
- 3-23. <u>INSULATED FLANGED JOINTS</u>. Not used.
- 3-24. CONCRETE ENCASEMENT. Not used.
- 3-25. REACTION ANCHORAGE AND BLOCKING. Not used.
- 3-26. <u>PRESSURE AND LEAKAGE TESTS</u>. After installation, pipe and fittings shall be subjected to a pressure test and a leakage test in accordance with the Pipeline Pressure and Leakage Testing section.

3-27. <u>CLEANING AND DISINFECTION</u>. The interior of all pipe and fittings shall be thoroughly cleaned before installation and shall be kept clean of any foreign matter until the work has been accepted. All joint contact surfaces shall be kept clean until the joint is completed.

End of Section

Schedule 15061-S01

Ductile Iron Pipe Schedule

Size	Location and Service	ANSI/AWWA Class	Lining Material
in.		Oldoo	
64	Sanitary Sewer (SAN)	150	Ceramic Epoxy
48	Sanitary Sewer (SAN)	150	Ceramic Epoxy
30	Sanitary Sewer (SAN)	150	Ceramic Epoxy
4	Drain (DR)	150	Ceramic Epoxy

End of Document

