Mercury in New Jersey

Presentation to Pompton Lake PRIDE

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Office of Science NJ Department of Environmental Protection October 19, 2011

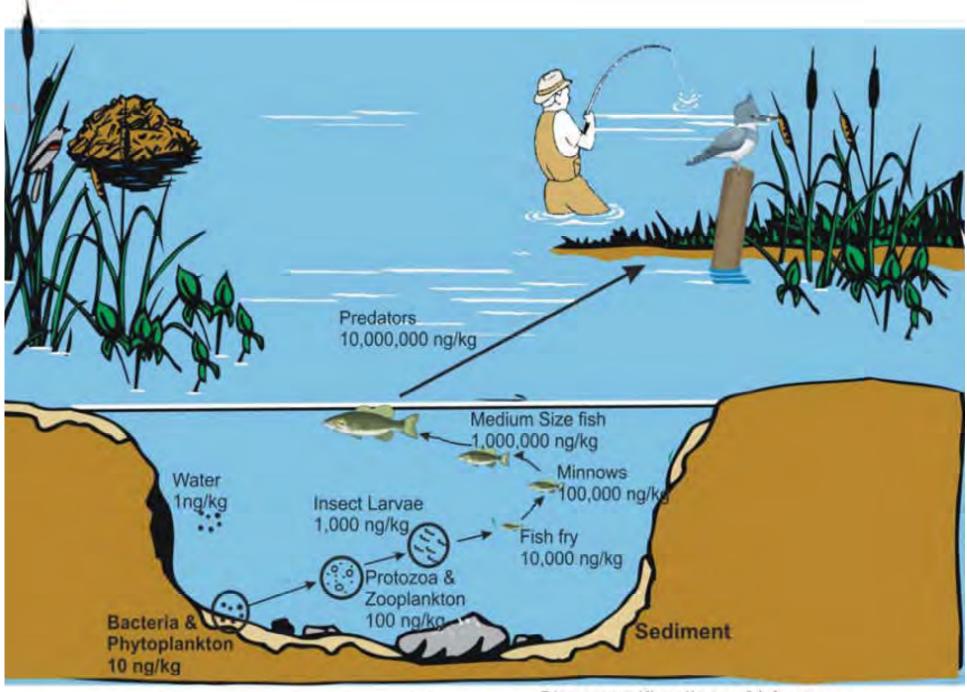
Mercury - PBT

> Persistent

> Bioaccumulative

> Toxic

► Inorganic Hg ⇒ Methylmercury (CH₃Hg⁺)
 ► Food Chain Biomagnification

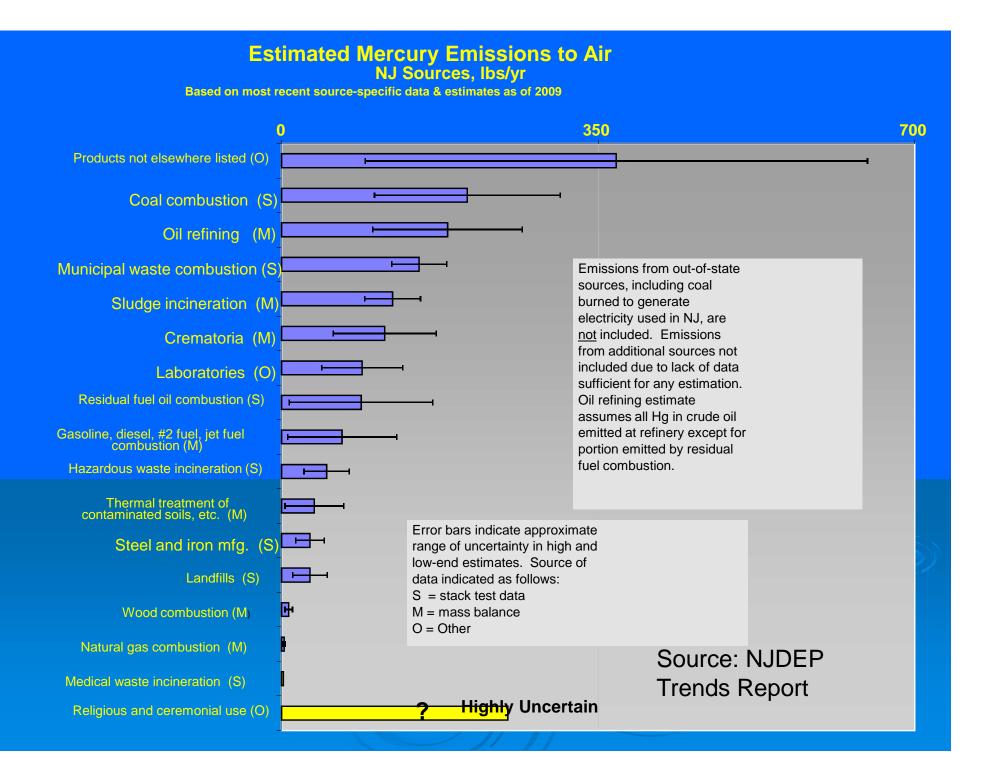


Biomagnification of Mercury

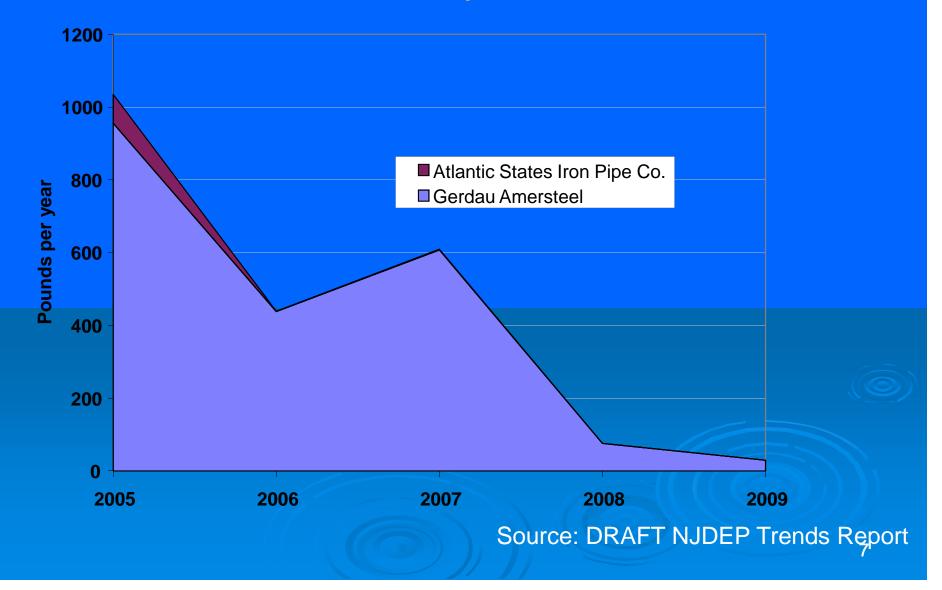
Bioaccumulation > Accumulation from food, water > Bioaccumulation Factors (BAFs): • Total Hg (EPA, 1995) TL 3 - 27,900 L/Kg TL 4 - 140,000 L/Kg Methyl Hg (EPA, 1997) TL 3 - 1.6 x 10 ⁶ L/Kg • TL 4 - 6.8 x 10 ⁶ L/Kg

Mercury

Concerns with Impacts on Fish and Wildlife
Concerns with Human Health
Fish Advisories
Are Control Efforts Reducing Hg?



Annual Mercury Emissions from Active New Jersey Iron & Steel Plants



Wildlife

 Top of the Food Chain - greatest exposure = Piscivorous avian and mammalian species
 Neurotoxicity
 Teratogen, mutagen
 Embryocidal, Cytochemical & Histopathological effects (Eisler, 1987)

Human Effects

Exposure primarily through fish consumption > Unborn and Young Children Central Nervous System Learning & Developmental Delays **Older Children and Adults** Subtle neurological effects Neurological damage

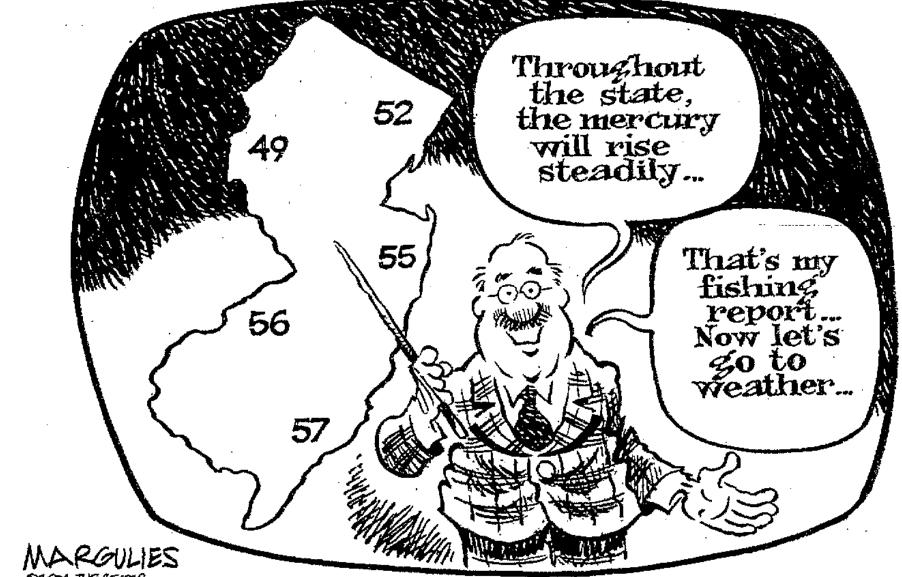
Background

> Nationwide (EPA, 2010):

- 50 States have Hg Advisories (3,711)
- 39 have PCB Advisories (1,086)
- 26 States have Statewide Hg Advisories for freshwaters
- 16 with Coastal Hg Advisories

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 2004

EDITORIALS



OLODA THE RECORD WWW. north jerzey.com/margulies

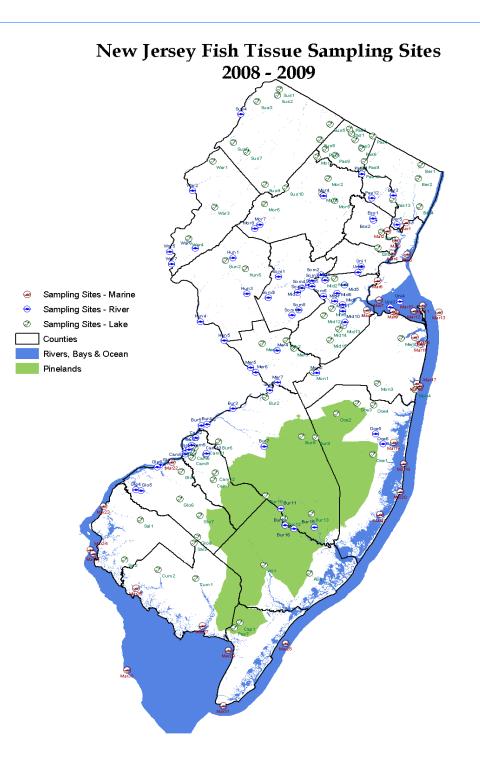
NJ Fish Consumption Advisories

First NJ Hg Advisories - 1994
 Largemouth Bass and Chain Pickerel
 Statewide and Pinelands Advisories
 28 Water Body-Specific Advisories

Statewide Mercury Advisory for Freshwater Recreational Fish (2011)

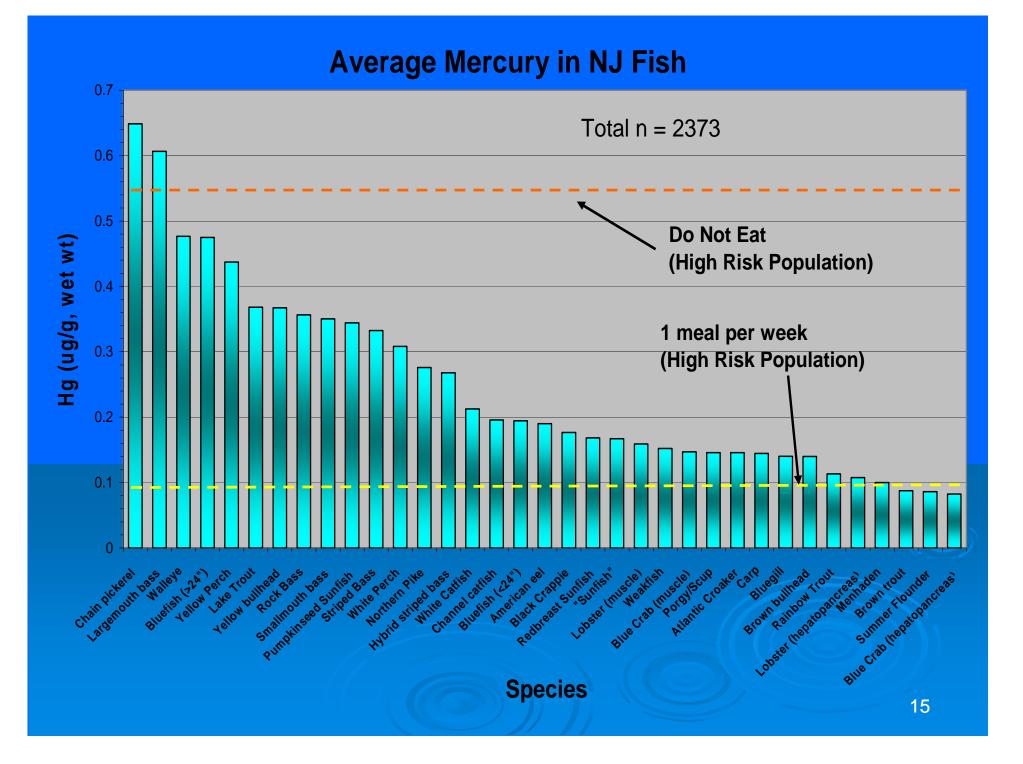
General Population
 Eat No More Than One Meal Per Week

High-risk Individual
 Eat No More Than One Meal Per Month





Mar32



Average Hg Concentrations in Freshwater Fish in NJ

> Statewide: 0.36 µg/g (26 Species; range ND - 8.9) 0.35 µg/g (14 freshwater species; n>20) > Pinelands: 0.80 µg/g (5 species) Range 0.05-8.9 µg/g > Non-Pinelands: 0.23 µg/g (5 species) Range 0.01-3.9 µg/g > Nationwide: All Fish: 0.26 µg/g

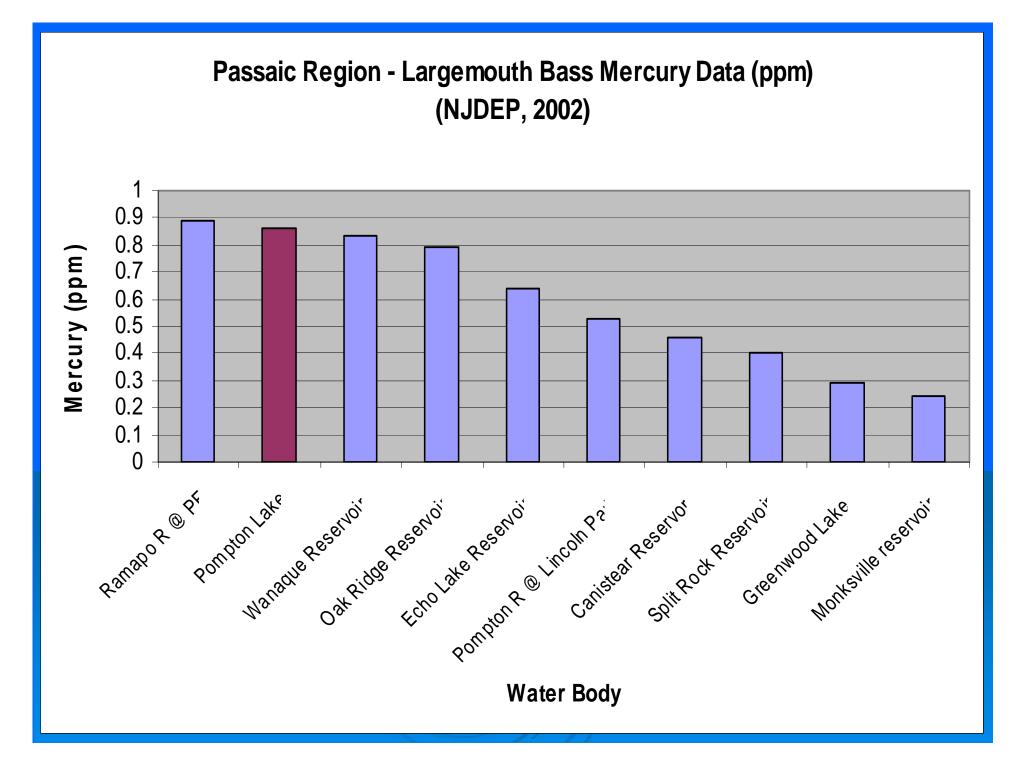
Table 1. Mercury Concentrations in Largemouth Bass in Pompton Lake, Waters Downstream of Pompton Lake and the Passaic Region. (Data Collected in 2002 as part of the NJDEP Routine Monitoring Program for Toxics in Fish.)

| Location | Average Total Length (cm) | Average Mercury (ug/g wet wt) |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Pompton Lake (n=5) | 41.5 | 0.86 |
| Ramapo River at Pompton Feeder (n=3) | 31.2 | 0.88 |
| Pompton River at Lincoln Park (n=3) | 36.3 | 0.53 |
| Passaic Region Watershed (n=86) | 40.2 | 0.46 |

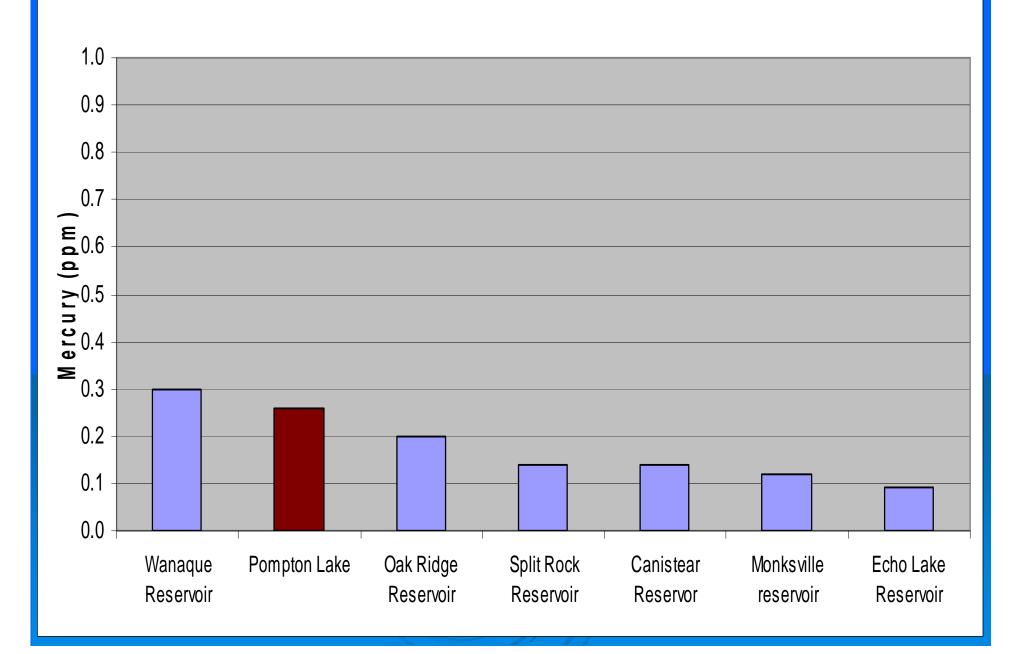
Mercury in Pompton Lake Largemouth Bass (Exponent, 1999)

Wethylmercury (ug/kg) 1000 1000 800 400 200 0 100 200 300 400 500 600 Fish Total Length (mm)

→ Reference mHg (ug/kg) → Delta mHg (ug/kg)



Passaic Region - Mercury in Bluegill (ppm)



Current Pompton Lake Fish Consumption Advisories

| Species | General Population Eat no more than: | High-Risk Individual Eat no more than: |
|-------------|---|---|
| Largemouth | One meal per | Do not eat |
| Bass | week | |
| Common Carp | One meal per month | Do not eat |

Additional Information

> Office of Science: http://www.state.nj.us/dep/dsr/mercury/

New Jersey Fish Consumption Advisories:
 www.FishSmartEatSmartNJ.org

> NJ Mercury Task Force Report:

www.state.nj.us/dep/dsr/mercury_task_force.htm

