

TESTING AND DEVELOPMENT OF A CHITOSAN/GRAPHENE OXIDE (CSGO) MEMBRANE

JESSIE POPE
SUMMER INTERN
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING STUDENT
JLP576@MISSTATE.EDU

INTRODUCTION

 THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROJECT IS TO FURTHER DEVELOP, TEST, AND CHARACTERIZE A COMPOSITE CHITOSAN/GRAPHENE OXIDE (CSGO) MATERIAL THAT CAN BE USED TO ISOLATE CONTAMINATION ON A SURFACE AND POSSIBLY ABSORB/ADSORB CONTAMINATION.





CHITOSAN IS BLANKETY BLANK
 AND WE USE IT BECAUSE BLANK

 GRAPHENE OXIDE IS BLANK AND WE USE IT BECAUSE BLANK



Chitosan

Graphene Oxide

MATERIALS

 The molds used were BLANK DIMENSIONS AND could be adjusted to make them longer or shorter using inserts

• THE ACETIC ACID WAS USED BOTH TO DISSOLVE THE CHITOSAN IN THE CSGO SOLUTION AND TO APPLY THE CSGO MEMBRANE TO THE ALUMINUM COUPONS





Molds

Acetic Acid

MATERIALS

• The Coupons that were used were made of aluminum and were BLANK DIMENSIONS

• The methylene blue was used as a contaminant simulant throughout the study. It was used at varying concentrations including 50, 20, and 10 ppm



Aluminum Coupons

Methylene Blue



• For one of the experiments during the study, clean white sand was used and mixed with methylene blue.





Clean White Sand

DI water

MATERIALS

• A UV/VIS SPECTROPHOTOMETER WAS USED TO DETECT THE ABSORBANCE OF BLUE LIGHT IN DI WATER FROM THE METHYLENE BLUE THROUGHOUT THE STUDY

• A SCANNING ELECTRON MICROSCOPE WAS USED TO CHARACTERIZE AND COMPARE THE CSGO MEMBRANES BEFORE AND AFTER EXPERIMENTS



UV/VIS spectrophotometer Scanning Electron Microscope