BACKGROUND DOCUMENT

REPORT ON REVISIONS TO 5^{TH} EDITION AP-42 CHAPTER 15 - ORDNANCE DETONATION

EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED BASED ON PHASE VII TESTING CONDUCTED AT DUGWAY PROVING GROUND, UTAH

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June 2008



NOTICE

The information in this document has been funded by the U.S. Army Environmental Command (USAEC) and prepared by MACTEC Federal Programs, Inc., under Contract No. GS-10F-0157K, Order No. W911SR-05-F-0023. It has been reviewed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards (OAQPS) and has been approved for publication. Mention of trade names or commercial products does not constitute endorsement or recommendation for use.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Due to the lack of credible data concerning emissions from training ordnance when used in their tactical configurations, the U.S. Army Environmental Command (USAEC) established a program to quantify emissions from the detonation of ordnance. This document presents background information concerning the development of air emission factors for four ordnance types used during training exercises at U.S. Army installations. The air emission factors were developed from test data collected by USAEC. Ordnance for which emission factors have been developed and their corresponding AP-42 sections are identified in Table 1. To help readers easily find those emission factors of interest, the ordnance are organized according to their Department of Defense Identification Code (DODIC).

| DODIC | Ordnance Description | AP-42 Section |
|-------|--|---------------|
| C870 | M819 81-mm Red Phosphorus Smoke Cartridge | 15.3.29 |
| G815 | G815 L8A3 Red Phosphorus Smoke Screening Grenade Launcher (UK) | |
| K866 | ABC-M5 30-pound HC Smoke Pot | 15.7.6 |
| K867 | M4A2 Floating Type HC Smoke Pot | 15.7.7 |

TABLE 1 ORDNANCE FOR WHICH EMISSION FACTORS WERE DEVELOPED

The emission factors described in this document are based on data obtained during testing conducted at Dugway Proving Ground, Utah, as presented in the final test report titled Sampling Results for AEC Phase VII Emission Characterization of Exploding Ordnance and Smoke/Pyrotechnics¹ and the document titled Detailed Test Plan for Phase VII Emission Characterization of Exploding Ordnance and Smoke/Pyrotechnics.² These documents were supplemented by additional data provided by the testing contractor.³ For each ordnance, two test runs were conducted. One item was detonated per run for all four ordnances. Source test protocols were developed by USAEC before any testing was conducted and were reviewed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) Emission Measurement Center. The tests were conducted between March 15 and 22, 2005.

The compounds that were measured included carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂), oxides of nitrogen (NO_x), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), total suspended particulate (TSP), particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM-10), particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 microns (PM-2.5), metals, hydrogen chloride (HCl), chlorine (Cl₂), ammonia (NH₃), volatile organic compounds (VOC), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOC), dioxins/furans (PCDD/PCDF), aldehydes and carbonyls, energetic materials, hydrogen cyanide, perchlorate, and sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆). Within each of the AP-42 sections, only emission factors for criteria pollutants, carbon dioxide, hazardous air pollutants (as defined by \$112(b)(1) of the *Clean Air Act* [CAA]), and toxic chemicals (as defined by \$313 of the *Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act* [EPCRA]) are presented.

The emission factors were developed on a "per item" basis and on a "per net explosive weight (NEW)" basis. Users should choose the appropriate emission factor to estimate emissions based upon the data available; either factor is equally valid. The NEW of each ordnance tested is provided in the corresponding AP-42 section and in Table 2.

TABLE 2 ORDNANCE NET EXPLOSIVE WEIGHT

| DODIC | Ordnance Description | NEW (lb/item) ^a |
|-------|---|----------------------------|
| C870 | M819 81-mm Red Phosphorus Smoke Cartridge | 2.98 |
| G815 | L8A3 Red Phosphorus Smoke Screening Grenade Launcher (UK) | 8.32 E-01 |
| K866 | ABC-M5 30-pound HC Smoke Pot | 31.0 |
| K867 | M4A2 Floating Type HC Smoke Pot | |

^a NEW value obtained from References 1 and 4.

This document includes five sections in addition to this Introduction. Section 2 of this document identifies the compounds measured during the test program and describes the emission measurement methods used. Section 3 includes a discussion of the emission factor final test report and ratings for the test data contained therein. Section 4 describes the calculations and methodologies used to develop emission factors for each type of compound measured. Section 5 describes the methodology used to rate the emission factors and provides emission factor ratings for each type of compound measured. Section 6 includes a complete list of the references cited in this document.

There are two appendices included with this document. Appendix A identifies, by ordnance type, all of the compounds for which analyses were performed and the emission factors that were developed. [Note: Compounds present in the method blank at greater than 50 percent of test levels are excluded from Appendix A as described in Section 3.2.4.] Appendix A also identifies the minimum detection levels associated with all compounds that were not detected. Emission factors and minimum detection levels presented in Appendix A were determined from the most accurate method if two sampling or analytical methods were used to measure one compound. Appendix B presents the new AP-42 sections for the four ordnances that were tested.

In addition to this document, there are electronic databases available on the web (http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html) that contain the data used in the development of the emission factors. The general procedures that were followed to develop these emission factors can be found at the same web address under the title *Procedures for Preparing Emission Factor Documents*⁵ and *Draft Detailed Procedures for Preparing Emission Factors*.

2.0 COMPOUNDS MEASURED AND EMISSION MEASUREMENT METHODS

The USAEC Phase VII series testing was conducted in the Open Detonation Open Burn Improved (ODOBi) test facility located at Dugway Proving Ground, Utah. The ODOBi consists of a cylindrical test chamber with a domed roof that has an internal volume of approximately 36 cubic meters. The cylindrical section and domed roof are bolted together and are constructed of 1.0 inch thick steel. A removable stack that is constructed of 0.25 inch thick steel may be bolted to the top of the domed roof. Alternatively, the stack may be replaced with a ventilation cover that consists of a framework of angle iron designed to keep shrapnel from exiting the chamber while preventing overpressure by releasing the gases at the time of deployment.

Test items are placed in the chamber or suspended in the center and remotely initiated. Sample probes inserted into the test chamber convey the combustion products to sampling trains and instruments for identification and quantification. There are 21 sampling ports in the chamber wall and 1 port for tracer gas injection. The sample media is located immediately outside the chamber.

A number of different test methods were employed to collect and analyze the emission data that were used to develop emission factors for detonation of ordnance. Table 3 identifies each emission test method used; bracketed information identifies the purpose of using the method. The emissions data were collected using EPA test methods published in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 51 (40 CFR 51); 40 CFR 60; and in *Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air.*⁷ Some of the sample analytical procedures used were from EPA Office of Solid Waste (OSW) publication SW-846, *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods.*⁸ Where necessary, the test methods were adapted to reflect application to the unique testing of ordnance detonation in the ODOBi.

TABLE 3 SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL METHODS USED

| Compound | Test Method | |
|--|--|--|
| СО | 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 10 - Determination of Carbon Monoxide Emissions from Stationary Sources [sampling and analysis] | |
| CO ₂ | 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 3A - Determination of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure) [sampling and analysis] | |
| NO _x | 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 7E - Determination of Nitrogen Oxides Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure) [sampling and analysis] | |
| SO_2 | 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 6C - Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure) [sampling and analysis] | |
| TSP | 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 5 - Determination of Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources [sampling and analysis]. | |
| PM-10 and PM-2.5 | | |
| Metals | Metals Metal sample was obtained from TSP sample [sampling] | |
| | 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 29 - Determination of Metals Emissions from Stationary Sources [analysis] | |
| | SW-846 Method 6010A - Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectrometry [analysis for metals except mercury] | |
| | SW-846 Method 7470 - Mercury in Liquid Waste (Manual Cold-Vapor Technique) [analysis mercury] | |
| HCl, CL ₂ , and NH ₃ | 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 26 - Determination of Hydrogen Chloride Emissions from Stationary Sources [sampling] | |
| | EPA Conditional Test Method 027 - Procedure for Collection and Analysis of Ammonia in Stationary Sources [analysis] | |
| VOC | EPA Compendium Method TO-12 - Method for the Determination of Non-Methane Organic Compounds (NMOC) in Ambient Air Using Cryogenic Preconcentration and Direct Flame Ionization Detection (FID) [sampling and analysis] | |

TABLE 3 (cont.)

| Compound | Test Method |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Speciated VOC | EPA Compendium Method TO-14 - Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Air Using SUMMA Passivated Canister Sampling and Gas Chromatographic Analysis [sampling and analysis] |
| SVOC | SW-846 Method 0010 - Modified Method 5 Sampling Train [sampling] |
| | SW-846 Method 8270 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/ Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) [analysis] |
| Dioxins and Furans | 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 23 - Determination of Polychlorinated Dibenzo-p-dioxins and Polychlorinated Dibenzofurans from Municipal Waste Combustors [sampling] |
| | SW-846 Method 8290 - Polychlorinated Dibenzodioxins (PCDDs) and Polychlorin ated Dibenzofurans (PCDFs) by High-Resolution Gas Chromatography/High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry (HRGC/HRMS) [analysis] |
| Aldehydes and Carbonyls | EPA Compendium Method TO-11A - Determination of Formaldehyde in Ambient Air Using Adsorbent Cartridge Followed by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) [sampling and analysis] |
| Energetic | SW-846 Method 0010 - Modified Method 5 Sampling Train [sampling] |
| Materials | SW-846 Method 8095 - Explosives by Gas Chromatography [analysis] |
| Hydrogen Cyanide | EPA Conditional Test Method 033 - Sampling and Analysis for Hydrogen Cyanide Emissions from Stationary Sources [sampling and analysis] |
| Perchlorate | Perchlorate sample was obtained from TSP sample [sampling] |
| | EPA Method 314 - Determination of Perchlorate in Drinking Water Using Ion Chromatography [analysis] |
| Tracer | Grab sample [sampling] |
| Compound (SF ₆) | Gas Chromatograph/Electron Capture Detector [analysis] |

The following sections identify and briefly describe the test methods used to measure each compound or group of compounds. Additional information regarding the operation of the ODOBi and the test methods used is presented in Reference 1. EPA-approved methods were used by the laboratories that provided sampling and analysis data.

2.1 Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Oxides of Nitrogen, and Sulfur Dioxide

Real-time concentrations of CO, CO₂, NO_x, and SO₂ that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were measured using a continuous emissions measurement system (CEMS). CO sampling and analysis was conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 10 - Determination of Carbon Monoxide Emissions from Stationary Sources. CO₂ sampling and analysis was conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 3A - Determination of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide Concentrations in Emissions from Stationary Sources. NO_x sampling and analysis was conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 7E - Determination of Nitrogen Oxides Emissions from Stationary Sources. SO₂ sampling and analysis was conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 6C- Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions from Stationary Sources. For each run, the target minimum sampling time was 20 minutes.

2.2 Total Suspended Particulate

The TSP concentration that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi was determined using a sampling and analysis procedure based on 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 5 - *Determination of Particulate Matter from Stationary Sources*. During each run, duplicate samples were obtained using samplers operating simultaneously. For each run, the target minimum sampling time was 20 minutes. The TSP concentration was computed by dividing the mass of TSP collected by the volume of air sampled, corrected to standard conditions.

2.3 Particulate Matter with an Aerodynamic Diameter Less than or Equal to 10 or 2.5 Microns

The PM-10 and PM-2.5 concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined using a sampling and analysis procedure based on EPA Conditional Test Method 040 - *Method for the Detmerination of PM-10 and PM-2.5 Emissions (Constant Sampling Rate Procedures)*. The sample was collected using a short probe and two cyclones in series. Particles larger than 10 microns were removed in the first cyclone. Particles between 10 and 2.5 microns passed through the first cyclone but not the second. Particles smaller than 2.5 microns passed through the second cyclone and were captured on a filter. Each fraction was measured gravimetrically. The particulate concentrations were computed by dividing the mass of PM-10 and PM-2.5 collected by the volume of air sampled, corrected to standard conditions.

2.4 Metals

Metal concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined using particulate matter from the TSP samples collected as described in Section 2.2. After the TSP total weight gain was determined in the laboratory, a portion of the TSP filter was digested with concentrated hydrogen fluoride and nitric acid per 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 29 - Determination of Metals Emissions from Stationary Sources. The digestate was then analyzed for metals (except mercury) using inductively coupled argon plasma (ICAP) emission spectroscopy in accordance with SW-846 Method 6010A - Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectrometry. Mercury was determined by cold vapor atomic absorption spectroscopy (CVAAS) in accordance with SW-846 Method 7470 - Mercury in Liquid Waste (Manual Cold-Vapor Technique). The concentration of each target metal was computed by dividing the mass of metal collected by the volume of air sampled, corrected to standard conditions.

2.5 Hydrochloric Acid, Chlorine, and Ammonia

Hydrochloric acid (HCl), chlorine (Cl₂), and ammonia (NH₃) concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were sampled in accordance with 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 26 - *Determination of Hydrogen Chloride Emissions from Stationary Sources*. During each run, chamber gases were pulled through two sets of impingers in series containing dilute sulfuric acid and sodium hydoxide solutions. The HCl and NH₃ were absorbed in the sulfuric acid solution, while the Cl₂ passed through and was absorbed by the sodium hydroxide solution. HCl and Cl₂ were measured in accordance with 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 26. NH₃ was measured in accordance with EPA Conditional Test Method 027 - *Procedure for Collection and Analysis of Ammonia in Stationary Sources*. The concentrations of HCl, Cl₂, and NH₃ were computed by dividing the mass collected by the volume of air sampled, corrected to standard conditions. For each run, the target minimum sampling time was 20 minutes.

2.6 Volatile Organic Compounds

VOC concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined using two methods from the Second Supplement to Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air: (1) Method TO-12 - Method for the Determination of Non-methane Organic Compounds in Ambient Air using Cryogenic Preconcentration and Direct Flame Ionization Detection and (2) Method TO-14 - Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds in Ambient Air Using SUMMA Passivated Canister Sampling and Gas Chromatographic Analysis. For both procedures, air samples were collected in stainless steel 6-liter SUMMA® canisters. Two or three identical canisters were used for each test run. The minimum sampling time for each VOC canister was 10 minutes.

2.7 Semivolatile Organic Compounds

SVOC concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined based on procedures found in SW-846 Method 0010 - *Modified Method 5 Sampling Train*. During each run, duplicate samples were collected using two PS-1 samplers that contained special sampling inlets (i.e., aluminum sampling modules) designed to hold 100-mm diameter quartz fiber filters to collect particulate matter, followed by XAD-2 adsorbent resin cartridges for collection of vapor phase SVOCs. A 20-minute sampling time was targeted. Following sampling, the filters and resin cartridges underwent solvent extraction and the mass of SVOC collected was quantitatively determined by GC/MS analysis following procedures in SW-846 Method 8270 - *Semivolatile Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)*. Unknown compounds, if any, were tentatively identified using computerized mass spectral matching techniques of the highest non-target "peaks."

2.8 Dioxin and Furan Compounds

Dioxin and furan compound concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined based on procedures found in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 23 - Determination of Polychlorinated Dibenzo-p-dioxins and Polychlorinated Dibenzofurans from Municipal Waste Combustors. During each run, duplicate samples were obtained using two modified PS-1 samplers. The modified samplers used standard quartz filters, but the adsorbent cartridges contained XAD-2 resin sandwiched between polyurethane foam (PUF) plugs. A minimum sampling time of 20 minutes was targeted. After sampling, the filters and adsorbent cartridges underwent extraction with the appropriate solvent(s). The mass of dioxin and furan compounds collected was quantitatively determined following SW-846 Method 8290 - Polychlorinated Dibenzodioxins (PCDDs) and Polychlorinated Dibenzofurans (PCDFs) by High-Resolution Gas Chromatography/High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry (HRGC/HRMS).

2.9 Aldehyde and Carbonyl Compounds

Aldehyde and carbonyl compound concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined using EPA Compendium Method TO-11A - *Determination of Formaldehyde in Ambient Air Using Adsorbent Cartridge Followed by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)*, but using modified sampling and analytical procedures. Dinitrophenylhydrazine (DNPH) laden cartridge tubes were used as a direct probe to trap and derivatize aldehyde and carbonyl compounds. A minimum sampling time of 20 minutes was targeted. Analysis was by HPLC with ultraviolet (UV) absorption detection.

2.10 Energetic Materials

Energetic compound concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined based on procedures found in SW-846 Method 0010 - *Modified Method 5 Sampling Train*.

Samples were collected using combination quartz filter/adsorbent cartridges. The adsorbent cartridges contained XAD-2 polymeric resin beads. A minimum sampling time of 20 minutes was targeted. After sampling, the filters and adsorbent cartridge were extracted with isoamyl acetate. The effluent was then analyzed following the procedures outlined in SW-846 Method 8095 - *Explosives by Gas Chromatography*.

2.11 Hydrogen Cyanide

Hydrogen cyanide (HCN) concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined using EPA Conditional Test Method (CTM) 033 - Sampling and Analysis for Hydrogen Cyanide Emissions from Stationary Sources. The sample gas was drawn through a heated quartz-fiber filter and two impingers containing 0.1 normal sodium hydroxide (NaOH). A minimum sampling time of 20 minutes was targeted. The pH of the impingers was measured after sampling to ensure that all cyanide was retained. The impinger solution and extracted filter were analyzed by ion chromatography.

2.12 Perchlorate

Perchlorate concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the ODOBi were determined using particulate matter from the TSP samples collected as described in Section 2.2. After the TSP total weight gain was determined in the laboratory, the perchlorates were leached from the filter by shaking small strips of the filter in reagent water for 1 hour. Ion chromatography was then used to analyze the digestate in accordance with EPA Method 314 - *Determination of Perchlorate in Drinking Water Using Ion Chromatography*.

2.13 Tracer Compound

Sulfur hexafluoride (SF_6) was used as a tracer compound during each run to estimate the amount of sample dilution that occurred as a result of ambient air entering the ODOBi during the run. Grab samples were collected five times during each run using evacuated 1-L canisters. A minimum sampling time of 2 minutes was targeted for each canister. The canisters were analyzed for the tracer compound using a GC with an electron capture detector.

3.0 TEST DATA ANALYSIS AND RATING

3.1 EPA Guidance Regarding Test Data Quality Ratings

Prior to inclusion of emission factors in AP-42, the reliability of the underlying emission test data must be appraised in accordance with the rating system specified in Reference 5. Under this rating system, test data are assigned a rating from A to D, where an "A" rating is assigned to the highest quality data. The criteria used to assign a specific data quality rating are summarized below.

- A Tests are performed by using an EPA reference test method, or when not applicable, a sound methodology. Tests are reported in enough detail for adequate validation and raw data are provided that can be used to duplicate the emission results presented in the report.
- **B** Tests are performed by a generally sound methodology, but lacking enough detail for adequate validation. Data are insufficient to completely duplicate the emission result presented in the report.
- C Tests are based on an unproven or new methodology, or are lacking a significant amount of background information.

D Tests are based on a generally unacceptable method, but the method may provide an order-of-magnitude value for the source.

Four specific criteria are identified in Reference 5 for consideration to assist in the assignment of a test data quality rating. These four criteria are:

- 1. <u>Source operation</u>. If the manner in which the source was operated is well documented in the report and the source was operating within typical parameters during the test, an "A" rating should be assigned. If the report stated parameters that were typical, but lacked detailed information, a "B" rating should be assigned. If there is reason to believe the operation was not typical, a "C" or "D" rating should be assigned.
- 2. Test methods and sampling procedures. In developing the ratings, the estimated accuracy and precision of the test method as well as the adequacy of the documentation should be considered. In general, if a current EPA reference test method, appropriate for the source, was followed, the rating should be higher ("A" or "B"). If other methods were used, an assessment should be made of their validity. If it is judged that the method was likely to be inaccurate or biased, a lower rating ("C" or "D") should be given. A complete report should indicate whether any procedures deviated from standard methods and explain any deviations. If deviations were reported, an evaluation should be made of whether these were likely to influence the test results.
- 3. Process information. During testing, many variations in the process can occur without warning and sometimes without being noticed. Such variations can induce wide deviations in sampling results. If a large variation between test run results cannot be explained by information contained in the site final test report or from test reports of other sources, the data are suspect and should be given a lower rating or excluded. However, it should be recognized that a process may have highly variable emissions and a lower rating may not be appropriate solely on the basis of wide deviations in sampling results.
- 4. Analysis and calculations. Ideally, final test reports should contain original raw data sheets and other documentation such as gas parameters (dry cubic feet per minute, oxygen percentage), calculation sheets, or example calculations describing how the calculated emission results were obtained. If there are data sheets, the nomenclature and equations used should be compared to those specified by EPA to establish equivalency. The depth of review of the calculations should be dictated by the reviewers' confidence in the ability and conscientiousness of the tester, based on such factors as consistency of results and completeness of other areas of the final test report. Reports may indicate that raw data sheets were available, but were not included. If the final test report is of high quality based on the other criteria, the quality rating should not be lowered due to a lack of data sheets.

An overall test data quality rating should be assigned based upon the ratings assigned for each of the four criteria.

3.2 Analysis of Test Data

Data included in the final test report¹ were rated in accordance with the rating system described above. Results for each of the four criteria are presented in the following sections.

3.2.1 Source Operations

The manner by which the ordnance were deployed (i.e., used) is documented in the final test report. With the exception of the adaptations discussed below that were made to facilitate testing in the ODOBi, each ordnance that was tested was deployed in a manner similar to that which would occur in the

field. For safety reasons, DODIC C870 was disassembled prior to testing to remove the fuse that is typically used to initiate the projectile. The fuse was replaced with an M6 blasting cap that was also used during the background run so that emissions associated with the blasting cap could be subtracted from the total emissions associated with the blasting cap and ordnance. Because the fuse accounts for less than 0.5 percent of the total NEW associated with the ordnance, the removal of the fuse will not have a significant effect on the test results. The tests appear to have replicated typical ordnance operating parameters; consequently, the test data should be assigned an "A" rating based on this criterion.

3.2.2 Test Methods and Sampling Procedures

The test methods and sampling procedures were evaluated as being appropriate and consistent with EPA test methods or sound methodology. Except as noted below, no problems of any significance were identified; consequently, the test data should be assigned an "A" rating based on this criterion.

3.2.2.1 CEMS-Measured Data

Although summaries of the CEMS data were provided for the tests, ¹ raw CEMS data were not provided for the tests or for the pre- and post-test quality control (QC) activities. Furthermore, none of the calibration gas certifications were supplied. There was no evidence of bias in the data; however, based on the issues noted above, the test data for the CEMS-measured compounds (i.e., CO, CO₂, NO_x, and SO₂) should be assigned a "B" rating based on this criterion.

3.2.2.2 Compounds Sampled or Analyzed Using More than One Test Method or Analytical Method

Twelve compounds were either sampled or analyzed using two methods; these compounds are identified in Table 4. For each of these compounds, emission factors were calculated based upon the data measured using the more appropriate test or analytical method; data measured using the less appropriate method were ignored. The more appropriate method was identified by reviewing the methods and the target compound lists associated with each method. If a specific compound appeared on the target compound list for one method but not the other, the method targeting the compound was selected. If a specific compound appeared on the target compound lists for both methods, the method judged to provide the most accurate data was selected.

For compounds analyzed using both the TO-11A (aldehydes) and TO-14 (VOC) methods, the TO-11A method analysis was judged to be more accurate and was selected. For compounds analyzed using both the TO-12 (VOC) and TO-14 (VOC) methods, the TO-14 method analysis was judged to be more accurate and was selected. For compounds analyzed using both the SW8270 (SVOC) and TO-14 (VOC) methods, the TO-14 method analysis was judged to be more accurate and was selected. [Note: Naphthalene was analyzed using both SW8270 (SVOC) and TO-14 (VOC), but only appears on the target compound list for SW8270; therefore, this method analysis was selected.] For compounds analyzed using both the SW8270 (SVOC) and SW8095 (energetics) methods, the SW8095 method analysis was judged to be more accurate and was selected.

Occasionally, the compound measurement from the less accurate method was chosen because the compound had poor precision between test runs for the sampling method that would have been more accurate under normal circumstances. These cases are noted in the footnotes to Table 4.

TABLE 4 SELECTED SAMPLING OR ANALYTICAL METHOD FOR COMPOUNDS MEASURED USING TWO SAMPLING OR ANALYTICAL METHODS

| Compound | Selected Method | Other Method Employed |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | TO-14 (VOC) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | TO-14 (VOC) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | TO-14 (VOC) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| 1,3-Dinitrobenzene | SW8095 (Energetics) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | SW8095 (Energetics) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| 2,6-Dinitrotoluene ^a | SW8095 (Energetics) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| Hexachlorobutadiene | TO-14 (VOC) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| Naphthalene ^b | SW8270 (SVOC) | TO-14 (VOC) |
| Nitrobenzene | SW8095 (Energetics) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | TO-14 (VOC) | SW8270 (SVOC) |
| Acetone ^c | TO-11A (Aldehydes) | TO-14 (VOC) |
| 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene | SW8095 (Energetics) | SW8270 (SVOC) |

^a For DODIC G815, data analyzed using the SW8270 analytical method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between the SW8095 analytical results.

3.2.2.3 Tentatively Identified Compounds

During the analysis of the VOC and SVOC data, the highest nontarget "peaks" were tentatively identified using computerized mass spectral matching techniques. Emission factors were developed for these tentatively identified compounds (TICs) if all of the following criteria were met.

- 1. The TIC corresponded to a unique compound (e.g., fluorene). Emission factors were not developed if the TIC corresponded to a class of compounds (e.g., unknown alcohol).
- 2. The TIC was not identified using another analysis method that provided higher confidence data. Emission factors were developed based upon the higher confidence analysis method if such data were available.
- 3. The TIC was not present in the method blank. Emission factors were not developed if the TIC was found in the corresponding method blank.

The number of VOC that were tentatively identified as unique compounds, were not identified using a higher confidence method, and were not present in the method blank varied from zero to eight compounds per ordnance. The number of SVOC that were tentatively identified as unique compounds, were not identified using a higher confidence method, and were not present in the method blank varied from zero to 22 compounds per ordnance. Emission factors were developed for all of these

^b For DODIC K866, data analyzed using the TO-14 analytical method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between the SW8270 analytical results.

^c For DODICs C870, G815, and K867, data collected from the TO-14 analytical method were used to develop emission factors because this compound was present in the TO-11A method blank or field blank at a level greater than 20 percent of the test values.

TICs, but because of the uncertainty in the true identity of the TICs, the test data were assigned a "C" rating.

3.2.2.4 Particulate Sampling for DODICs K866 and K867

DODICs K866 and K867 are intended to produce smoke screens and, as such, both of these ordance continued to emit combustion products into the test chamber for about 20 minutes after they were initiated. However, some of the particulate sampling trains were shut off due to high particulate loading before the test item had stopped emitting combustion products. Because the CEMs continued to operate until the test item had completely deployed, it was possible to calculate a "run time" correction factor for these sampling trains to adjust the observed concentrations up to the level expected if the sampling trains had continued to operate until the items had finished deploying. The calculation of this correction factor was based upon carbons dioxide data obtained from the CEMS measurements and is described more fully in Section 4.6. Because this correction factor was available and used, these data were not downgraded.

3.2.3 Process Information

Ordnances are manufactured to tight tolerances and are expected to deploy in a very repeatable fashion. Consequently, the test data should be assigned an "A" rating based upon this criterion. However, large relative percent differences (i.e., greater than 100 percent) between test runs or sample trains were noted for several compounds. Specific instances in which these differences were noted are identified in Table 5. The equation below illustrates calculation of relative percent difference:

relative percent difference =
$$\frac{test\ 1\ concentration - test\ 2\ concentration}{average\ of\ test\ 1\ and\ test\ 2\ concentrations}\ x\ 100\%$$

Due to the large relative percent differences between test runs, the test data specifically identified in Table 5 were assigned a "C" rating. The remainder of the data should be assigned an "A" rating based on this criterion.

TABLE 5 COMPOUNDS FOR WHICH LARGE RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCES WERE NOTED BETWEEN TEST RUNS OR SAMPLE TRAINS

| Compound | Applicable DODIC |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Carbon monoxide | K866, K867 |
| Lead | G815, K866 |
| Sulfur dioxide | G815, K866, K867 |
| Total nonmethane hydrocarbons | K866 |
| Acetaldehyde | C870 |
| Acetonitrile | K866 |
| Aluminum | K866 |
| Antimony | G815 |
| Arsenic | K866 |
| Cadmium | K866 |
| Carbon tetrachloride | K866 |
| Chloroform | K866 |

TABLE 5 (cont.)

| Compound | Applicable DODIC |
|--|------------------|
| Chloromethane | K866 |
| Chromium | K866 |
| Copper | K866 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | K866 |
| Diphenylamine | G815 |
| Ethylene | K866 |
| Formaldehyde | C870 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | C870 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran | K866 |
| 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachlorodibenzofuran | G815, K866 |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | K866 |
| 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | K867 |
| 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | C870 |
| 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | G815 |
| 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | C870, G815, K866 |
| 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | C870, G815, K866 |
| 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | K866 |
| 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | G815, K866 |
| Hexachloroethane | C870, K866 |
| Hydrochloric acid | G815 |
| Hydrogen cyanide | G815 |
| Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene | K866 |
| Isophorone | K866 |
| Manganese | K866 |
| Mercury | K866 |
| Methylene chloride | K866 |
| Nickel | K867 |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | G815 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | C870, G815 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran | K866 |
| 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | C870 |
| 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran | C870, G815 |
| 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran | G815, K866 |

TABLE 5 (cont.)

| Compound | Applicable DODIC |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Propionaldehyde | G815 |
| Propylene | K866 |
| Thallium | K866 |
| Trichloroethylene | K866 |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | K866 |
| Acetylene | K866 |
| Benzaldehyde | G815 |
| Benzene, (1,2-dichloroethyl)- | K866 |
| Benzene, 1-ethyenyl-3-methyl- | G815 |
| Benzene, 2-propenyl- | G815 |
| Benzoic acid | K866 |
| Benzonitrile, pentachloro- | K866 |
| 2(3H)-Benzothiazolone | G815 |
| 2-Butanone, 3,3-dimethyl- | C870 |
| 1-Chloronaphthalene | K866 |
| 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde | K866 |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | K866 |
| Ethane | K866 |
| Isobutane | G815 |
| Isovaleraldehyde | G815 |
| Magnesium | K866 |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | G815 |
| 2-Methylindene | G815 |
| Methyl phosphite | G815 |
| N-Nitrosomethylethylamine | G815 |
| 4-Nitrotoluene | K867 |
| i-Pentane | K866 |
| 1H-Phenalen-1-one | G815 |
| 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene | K866 |
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | K866 |

3.2.4 Analysis and Calculations

The test report, detailed test plan, and analytical data supporting the test report were reviewed to determine whether they contained all of the original raw data, other documentation, and example

calculations. Although the test report did not contain raw field data, the data were made available upon request. The test report also lacked certain calibration data. However, the missing information was judged insufficient to result in a downgrade of the test data quality rating.

The raw data and sample calculations presented in the final test report, detailed test plan, and analytical data supporting the test report were reviewed to determine if the emission factors presented in the report could be duplicated. Where differences were found between the emission factors calculated using the Excel spreadsheets and those presented in the test report, an examination was made to determine the reason for the differences.

Several minor errors were noted in the calculation of the emission factors within the test report, particularly with respect to the incorporation of "0" values into the emission factors (see Section 4.4) and the net explosive weight assumed for each ordnance. The emission factors presented in AP-42 are based upon the corrected spreadsheets. Based upon the raw data, other documentation, and the Excel spreadsheet calculations, the test data should be assigned an "A" rating.

Emission factors developed for compounds present in the method blank at levels of 20 percent to 50 percent of both test values were assumed to be biased high. Several compounds met this criterion and are identified in Table 6. For these compounds, the test data were assigned a "B" rating.

TABLE 6 COMPOUNDS FOUND IN THE METHOD BLANK AT LEVELS BETWEEN 20 PERCENT AND 50 PERCENT OF BOTH TEST VALUES

| | Compound | Applicable DODIC |
|--------------|----------|------------------|
| Aluminum | | C870 |
| Antimony | | C870, G815 |
| Copper | | G815 |
| Formaldehyde | | C870, K867 |
| Manganese | | C870, G815 |
| Nickel | | C870 |
| Selenium | | C870, K867 |
| Toluene | | C870 |

When compounds were found in the method blank at levels greater than 50 percent of both test values, the data were assumed to be suspect and no emission factors were developed. The compounds that met this criterion are listed in Table 7.

3.3 Test Data Quality Ratings

Upon completing the analysis described in the preceding section of this document, the test data quality ratings assigned as a result of the four criteria were reviewed. This review led to a downgrading of some of the test data from an "A" rating to either a "B" rating or a "C" rating. Table 8 identifies the data quality ratings for all compounds that did not receive an "A" rating.

TABLE 7 COMPOUNDS FOUND IN THE METHOD BLANK AT LEVELS GREATER THAN 50 PERCENT OF BOTH TEST VALUES

| Compound | Applicable DODIC |
|--|------------------|
| Aluminum | G815 |
| Barium | All DODICs |
| Chlorine | C870, G815 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran | C870, G815 |
| Nickel | G815 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran | C870, G815 |
| Selenium | G815, K866 |
| 2-Cyclohexen-1-one | C870 |
| Heptacosane | G815 |

TABLE 8 DOWNGRADED DATA QUALITY RATINGS

| Compound | Data Quality Rating | Applicable DODIC |
|---|------------------------|------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | В | All DODICs |
| Carbon monoxide | В | C870, G815 |
| Carbon monoxide | C | K866, K867 |
| Lead | A c | G815, K866 |
| Oxides of nitrogen | В | All DODICs |
| Sulfur dioxide | В | C870 |
| Sulfur dioxide | С | G815, K866, K867 |
| Total nonmethane hydrocarbons | С | K866 |
| Acetaldehyde | С | C870 |
| Acetonitrile | С | K866 |
| Aluminum | В | C870 |
| Aluminum | С | K866 |
| Antimony | В | C870 |
| Antimony | С | G815 |
| Arsenic | С | K866 |
| Benzene, pentachloro(trichloroethenyl)- | C | K866 |
| Biphenyl | С | G815 |
| Cadmium | С | K866 |
| Carbon tetrachloride | С | K866 |
| Chloroform | С | K866 |

TABLE 8 (cont.)

| Compound | Data Quality Rating | Applicable DODIC |
|---|------------------------|------------------|
| Chloromethane | С | K866 |
| Chromium | C | K866 |
| Copper | В | G815 |
| Copper | C | K866 |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | С | K866 |
| Diphenylamine | С | G815 |
| Ethylene | C | K866 |
| Formaldehyde | В | K867 |
| Formaldehyde | С | C870 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | C | C870 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran | С | K866 |
| 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachlorodibenzofuran | C | G815, K866 |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | C | K866 |
| 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | C | K867 |
| 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | C | C870 |
| 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | C | G815 |
| 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | C | C870, G815, K866 |
| 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | C | C870, G815, K866 |
| 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | С | K866 |
| 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | C | G815, K866 |
| Hexachloroethane | С | C870, K866 |
| Hydrochloric acid | C | G815 |
| Hydrogen cyanide | С | G815 |
| Indeno [1,2,3-cd] pyrene | С | K866 |
| Isophorone | С | K866 |
| Manganese | В | C870, G815 |
| Manganese | С | K866 |
| Mercury | С | K866 |
| Methylene chloride | C | K866 |
| Naphthalene, octachloro- | C | K866 |
| Nickel | В | C870 |
| Nickel | С | K867 |
| N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | С | G815 |

TABLE 8 (cont.)

| Compound | Data Quality Rating | Applicable DODIC |
|--|------------------------|------------------|
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | С | C870, G815 |
| 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran | С | K866 |
| 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | С | C870 |
| 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran | С | C870, G815 |
| 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran | С | G815, K866 |
| Propionaldehyde | С | G815 |
| Propylene | С | K866 |
| Selenium | В | C870, K867 |
| Thallium | C | K866 |
| Toluene | В | C870 |
| Trichloroethylene | С | K866 |
| 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | С | K866 |
| 1(2H)-Acenaphthylenone | C | G815 |
| Acetylene | C | K866 |
| Adamantane, 1,3-dimethyl- | C | C870 |
| Benzaldehyde | C | G815 |
| Benzaldehyde, 4-ethyl- | C | C870 |
| Benzene, (1,2-dichloroethyl)- | С | K866 |
| Benzene, ethynyl- | C | G815 |
| Benzene, 1-ethyenyl-3-methyl- | C | G815 |
| Benzene, 1-ethynyl-4-methyl- | С | G815 |
| Benzene, 1-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)- | C | G815 |
| Benzene, 2-propenyl- | С | G815 |
| Benzoic acid | С | K866 |
| Benzoic acid, methyl ester | С | K866 |
| Benzonitrile, pentachloro- | C | K866 |
| Benzothiazole, 2-(methylthio) | С | G815 |
| 2(3H)-Benzothiazolone | С | G815 |
| 1-Butanol, 3-methyl- | С | G815 |
| 2-Butanone, 3,3-dimethyl- | С | C870 |
| 1-Buten-3-yne | С | G815 |
| 1-Chloronaphthalene | С | K866 |
| Cyclohexane, 1,2-dichloro-, trans- | С | K866 |

TABLE 8 (cont.)

| Compound | Data Quality Rating | Applicable DODIC |
|---|------------------------|------------------|
| 1,3,5,7-Cyclooctatetraene | С | G815 |
| Deltacyclene | C | G815 |
| 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde | C | K866 |
| Di-n-octylphthalate | C | K866 |
| Ethane | С | K866 |
| Ethyne, dichloro- | C | K867 |
| Furan, 2,5-dihydro- | C | G815 |
| Ftorafur | C | G815 |
| Hexanedioic acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester | C | G815 |
| Indene | C | G815 |
| Isobutane | C | G815 |
| Isovaleraldehyde | C | G815 |
| Magnesium | C | K866 |
| 1-Methoxy-3-methyl-2-butene | C | G815 |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | C | G815 |
| 2-Methylindene | C | G815 |
| Methyl phosphite | C | C870, G815 |
| alpha-Methylstyrene | C | G815 |
| Naphthalene, 1-methyl- | С | G815 |
| Naphthalene, 2-phenyl- | С | G815 |
| N-Nitrosomethylethylamine | С | G815 |
| 4-Nitrotoluene | С | K867 |
| Octacosane | С | G815 |
| 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane | С | C870 |
| 1,4-Pentadiene | С | G815 |
| i-Pentane | C | K866 |
| 3-Penten-1-yne, (E)- | C | G815 |
| 1H-Phenalen-1-one | С | G815 |
| Phenylethyne | С | G815 |
| 1-Propyne | С | G815 |
| 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene | С | K866 |
| 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | С | K866 |

4.0 EMISSION FACTOR CALCULATIONS

The methodologies and procedures that were used to develop emission factors from the test data are described in this section. A similar approach was used to calculate emission factors for TSP, PM-10, PM-2.5, metals, HCl, Cl₂, NH₃, SVOC, dioxin/furan compounds, aldehydes and carbonyls, energetic materials, hydrogen cyanide, and perchlorate. The calculation steps that were performed for each sampling train and each run are summarized below.

- 1. For compounds for which more than one test sample was obtained, analytical detection limits were incorporated into the test data.
- 2. The background compound concentration was calculated by dividing the mass of compound detected during the background run by the background run sample volume.
- 3. The test compound concentration was calculated by dividing the mass of compound detected during the test run by the test run sample volume.
- 4. A background-corrected concentration was calculated by subtracting the background concentration from the test concentration.
- 5. A dilution-corrected concentration was calculated by dividing the background-corrected concentration by the dilution correction factor.
- 6. For DODICs K866 and K867, a run-time corrected concentration was calculated for some sampling trains by multiplying the dilution-corrected concentration by the run time correction factor.
- 7. The mass of compound released during the test run was calculated by multiplying the dilution-corrected concentration by the volume of the ODOBi.
- 8. Emission factors for each sample and sampling train or test run were calculated by dividing the mass of compound released by the number of ordnance detonated during the test run or by the NEW detonated during the test run, as appropriate.
- 9. Average emission factors were calculated for each compound.

Because concentration data (i.e., parts per million by volume [ppmv] or parts per billion by volume [ppbv]) were recorded for VOC and CEMS-measured compounds, it was not necessary to calculate background and test concentrations as described in steps 2 and 3. Detection limits were applied directly to test compound concentrations of VOC and CEMS-measured compounds, as described in step 1. Where present, ppmv and ppbv values were converted to mg/m³. Emission factors for VOC and CEMS-measured compounds were then estimated in accordance with steps 4 through 8 described above.

The following sections describe each of the eight emission factor calculation steps listed above in more detail.

4.1 Incorporation of Analytical Detection-Limits to the Test Data

In many cases, more than one test sample was obtained for a specific compound (i.e., more than one sample was obtained for a given test run or more than one test run was conducted). When multiple samples were obtained for the same compound, a comparison was made of all the sample data collected. Based upon the results of the comparison, the following adjustments were made to the test data:

- 1. If all of the samples indicated that a compound was "not detected," the sample data were not adjusted.
- 2. If all of the samples indicated that a compound was detected, the sample data were not adjusted.

3. If one or more of the samples indicated that a compound was detected and one or more of the samples indicated that a compound was not detected, the "not detected" values were replaced with a value equal to one half of the compound's analytical detection limit. The assumption inherent to this adjustment was that the measured presence of a compound in one or more samples was indicative of the compound's presence in all samples. The analytical detection limits for each sample were obtained from the test report.

4.2 Determination of Background Concentration

For TSP, PM-10, PM-2.5, metals, HCl, Cl₂, NH₃, SVOC, dioxin/furan compounds, aldehydes and carbonyls, energetic materials, hydrogen cyanide, and perchlorate compounds, the background compound concentration (BC) was calculated by dividing the mass of compound detected during the background run (Bkgd mass) by the background run sample volume (Bkgd V). This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$BC = \frac{Bkgd\ mass}{Bkgd\ V}$$

For VOC compounds, the background run data were used directly. Background data for CEMS-measured compounds were recorded for each test run between the time the CEMS began sampling and the time of detonation. The background concentrations were assumed to equal representative values over the sampling period.

4.3 Determination of Test Compound Concentration

For TSP, PM-10, PM-2.5, metals, HCl, Cl₂, NH₃, SVOC, dioxin/furan compounds, aldehydes and carbonyls, energetic materials, hydrogen cyanide, and perchlorate compounds, the test compound concentration (TC) was calculated by dividing the mass of compound measured during the test run (Test mass) by the test run sample volume (Test V). This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$TC = \frac{Test\ mass}{Test\ V}$$

For VOC compounds, the test run data were used directly. For CEMS-measured compounds, the test compound concentration was determined as the arithmetic mean of the test data collected from the initial steady-state point until the end of the test.

4.4 Determination of Background-Corrected Concentration

For all compounds, the calculation of the background-corrected concentration (BCC) was dependent on whether the background (BC) and test (TC) concentrations were detected and whether they were less than, equal to, or greater than one another. The procedures used to calculate the background-corrected concentration for each sampling train and compound are described below and are displayed graphically in Figure 1.

- 1. If the test concentration was not detected (ND), the background-corrected concentration equaled ND.
- 2. If the test concentration was detected and the background concentration was not detected, the background-corrected concentration equaled the test concentration.

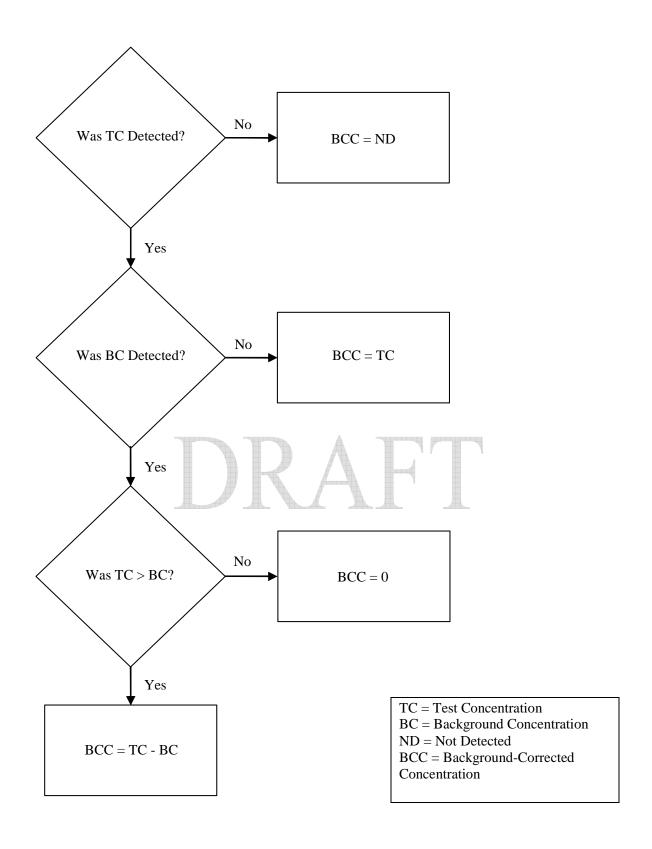


Figure 1 Calculation of background-corrected concentration (BCC).

- 3. If the test and background concentrations were detected and the test concentration was less than or equal to the background concentration, the background-corrected concentration equaled 0.
- 4. If the test and background concentrations were detected and the test concentration was greater than the background concentration, the background concentration was subtracted from the test concentration. This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$BCC = TC - BC$$

4.5 Determination of Dilution-Corrected Concentration

The dilution-corrected concentration (DCC) was calculated by dividing the background-corrected concentration by the applicable dilution correction factor (DCF). This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$DCC = \frac{BCC}{DCF}$$

4.6 Determination of Run Time-Corrected Concentration

For some of the sampling trains associated with DODICs K866 and K867, the run time-corrected concentration (RTCC) was calculated by multiplying the dilution-corrected concentration by the applicable run time correction factor (RTCF). This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$RTCC = DCC \ x \ RTCF$$

The RTCF was calculated based upon the carbon dioxide data collected for each ordnance. Specifically, the RTCF calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$RTCF = \frac{CO2_{(ti-T)} / DCF_{(t1-T)}}{CO2_{(t1-t2)} / DCF_{(t1-t2)}}$$

where:

CO2_(t1-T) = Average observed CO2 concentration over the entire test duration.

 $DCF_{(t_1-T)} = Dilution$ correction factor for the entire test duration.

 $CO2_{(t_1-t_2)}$ = Average observed CO2 concentration during the actual operating time of the sampler.

 $DCF_{(t_1,t_2)} = Dilution$ correction factor for the actual operating time of the sampler.

4.7 Determination of Mass of Compound Released

The mass of compound released was calculated by multiplying the dilution-corrected concentration (or run time-corrected concentration, as appropriate) by the volume of the ODOBi. This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

 $Mass\ compound\ released = DCC\ x\ ODOBi\ volume$

4.8 Determination of Emission Factors

Once the mass of compound released was calculated, two emission factors were developed for each sample or sampling train and for each test run: the mass of compound released per item (i.e., per single ordnance) and the mass of compound released per pound NEW. The NEW for all ordnance were determined from References 1 and 4.

4.9 Determination of Average Emission Factors

Steps 1 through 8, as described in Sections 4.1 through 4.8, are applicable to individual samples or sampling trains within individual test runs. The final step in the emission factor calculation process was to calculate average emission factors for each compound in terms of mass released per item and mass released per pound NEW. The average emission factors for each compound were calculated as the arithmetic mean of the individual samples associated with the compound. If all samples indicated that the compound was not detected (ND), then the average emission factor was assigned a value of ND. [Note: The minimum detection levels associated with the compounds that were not detected are presented in Appendix A.] Total dioxin/furan emission factors were calculated by summing the average emission factors for all dioxin/furan compounds.

5.0 EMISSION FACTOR RATINGS

The emission factors were appraised in accordance with the rating system specified in Reference 5. Under this rating system, emission factors are assigned a rating from A to E, where an "A" rating is assigned to the highest quality factors. The criteria used to assign a specific emission factor rating are summarized below.

- A Excellent. The emission factor was developed primarily from A- and B-rated source test data taken from many randomly chosen facilities in the industry population. The source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- **B** Above average. The emission factor was developed primarily from A- or B-rated test data from a moderate number of facilities. Although no specific bias was evident, it was not clear if the facilities tested represented a random sample of the industry. As with the "A" rating, the source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- C Average. The emission factor was developed primarily from A-, B- and/or C-rated test data from a reasonable number of facilities. Although no specific bias was evident, it was not clear if the facilities tested represented a random sample of the industry. As with the "A" rating, the source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- **D** Below average. The emission factor was developed primarily from A-, B-, and C-rated test data from a small number of facilities, and there may have been reason to suspect that these facilities did not represent a random sample of the industry. There also may have been evidence of variability within the source category population.
- **E** Poor. The emission factor was developed from C- and D-rated test data from a very limited number of facilities, and there may have been reason to suspect that the facilities tested did not represent a random sample of the industry. There also may have been evidence of variability within the source category population.

Two analyses were conducted to assign ratings to the ordnance emission factors. First, an analysis was conducted on an ordnance-specific basis. Second, an analysis was conducted using all available ordnance emission factor data. The second analysis was conducted to determine whether a

sufficient correlation existed between emission factors for different but similar ordnance to allow the number of test data points to be increased to the point that higher emission factor ratings could be assigned than were possible when using the ordnance-specific approach. Both analyses are described below.

5.1 Emission Factor Ratings Assigned – Based on Ordnance-Specific Test Data

As previously described, emission factor ratings are dependent upon the test data quality, the number of test data points, the amount of variability present within a source category population, and the randomness of the source category sample. The following test data facts pertain to these rating criteria:

- 1. As described in Section 3 of this Background Document, the ordnance test data was primarily rated A or B. The test data for a few compounds was rated C.
- 2. Two tests were conducted or two sampling trains were used per ordnance.
- 3. Ordnance are manufactured to very tight tolerance levels so there is little variability within a specific type of ordnance.
- 4. There was no evidence that suggested the tested items within each type of ordnance were specially selected.

Emission factor ratings were assigned based upon these facts. The rationale used to accept or reject specific emission factor ratings follow.

- A: Rejected. The number of test data points was deemed to be insufficient to assign an A emission factor rating.
- B: Rejected. The number of test data points was deemed to be insufficient to assign a B emission factor rating.
- C: Accepted for most ordnance. The emission factors were developed using A- and B-rated test data, there is little variability among items, and there was no evidence that suggested the tested items were specially selected. Because of the limited number of data points, a C rating was deemed appropriate for this set of circumstances.
- D: Accepted for some ordnance. The emission factors were developed using C-rated test data, there is little variability among items, and there was no evidence that suggested the tested items were specially selected. Because of the limited number of data points, a D rating was deemed appropriate for this set of circumstances.
- E: Rejected. The ordnance described in this report were developed primarily using A- and B-rated test data rather than C- or D-rated data, there is little variability among items, and there was no evidence that suggested the tested items were specially selected. Therefore, an E emission factor rating was deemed inappropriate.

5.2 Emission Factor Ratings Assigned – Based on All Available Test Data

The proceeding sections of this Background Document concern the emission measurement methods, data analysis, and calculations used to develop emission factors for specific ordnance. However, USAEC's ordnance emission factor development program includes more than 200 ordnance that have been tested under more than 25 separate test series. Because many of these ordnance are similar in size and/or chemical composition, a statistical analysis was conducted to assess the similarity of the emission factors developed for similar ordnance. The results of this analysis were used to reevaluate the emission factor ratings assigned on an ordnance-specific basis.

USAEC characterized individual ordnance as falling into one of 17 separate categories, depending upon the size and/or chemical composition of the ordnance. The ordnance and their respective categories are identified in Table 9 along with a comment field describing the number of data points.

Within each of the 17 ordnance categories identified by USAEC, emission factors for each compound were compared. To allow the comparison of emission factors for ordnance with similar constituents but significant differences in net explosive weight, the comparison was made using the normalized emission factor units of mass of compound released per pound NEW. Based upon information provided by EPA, ⁹ the following procedures were used to assess the data correlation:

- 1. The relative standard deviation, defined as the standard deviation divided by the mean, was calculated for each compound within each ordnance category.
- 2. If the relative standard deviation was less than 1.0, the evaluated emission factors were considered to demonstrate good correlation. As such, the rating for these emission factors <u>could</u> be elevated to a maximum of an A, depending on the number of data points within the evaluated ordnance category.
- 3. If the relative standard deviation was between 1.0 and 2.0, the evaluated emission factors were considered to demonstrate fair correlation. As such, the rating for these emission factors <u>could</u> be elevated to a maximum of a B, depending on the number of data points within the evaluated ordnance category.
- 4. If the relative standard deviation was greater than 2.0, the evaluated emission factors were considered to demonstrate poor correlation. As such, the emission factor rating could not be elevated, regardless of the amount of data available.

A poor correlation between emission factors was not necessarily construed as being indicative of poor test data. Rather, a poor correlation was more likely to indicate that the ordnance included in the category were not as similar in nature as anticipated by USAEC when the ordnance categories were defined.

In addition to assessing the data correlation, an assessment was made of the number of test data points available within each of the 17 ordnance categories. Because each ordnance test consisted of two test data points (i.e., two test runs per ordnance or two independent sampling trains were used during an ordnance test), the number of test data points available in each of the ordnance categories varied from 2 to 68. Based upon information provided by EPA, the following assumptions were used to assess whether sufficient category-specific test data points were available to justify elevating the emission factor ratings based on ordnance-specific data only:

- 1. If 20 or more data points were available, the emission factor rating could be elevated to a maximum of an A, provided that the data also demonstrated a good correlation.
- 2. If at least 10 but less than 20 data points were available, the emission factor rating could be elevated to a maximum of a B, provided that the data also demonstrated a good correlation.
- 3. If less than 10 data points were available, the emission factor rating could not be elevated, regardless of the data correlation.
- 4. If the data demonstrated a fair correlation and 20 or more data points were available, the emission factor rating could be elevated to a maximum of a B.
- 5. If the data demonstrated a fair correlation and at least 10 but less than 20 data points were available, the emission factor rating could be elevated to a maximum of a C.

TABLE 9 ORDNANCE CATEGORIZATION FOR EMISSION FACTOR CORRELATION ASSESSMENT

| Category | DODIC | Ordnance Description | Test Series | Comment |
|------------|-------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| CS | G963 | M7A3 CS Riot Control Agent Hand Grenade | DPG VI | <10 data points |
| | K765 | CS Riot Control Agent Capsule | DPG VI | • |
| | G900 | TH3 AN-M14 Incendiary Grenade | EO 5 | |
| | G911 | MK3A2 Offensive Hand Grenade | EO 2 | |
| | G911 | MK3A2 Offensive Hand Grenade | EO 6 | |
| | K010 | M4 Field Incendiary Burster | EO 5 | |
| | K145 | M18A1 Antipersonnel Mine | EO 2 | |
| | M023 | M112 Demolition Block Charge | EO 1 | |
| | M030 | 1/4-Pound Demolition Block Charge | EO 1 | |
| | M030 | 1/4-Pound Demolition Block Charge | EO 3 | |
| | M031 | 1/2-Pound Demolition Block Charge | DPG IV-A | |
| | M032 | 1-Pound Demolition Block Charge | EO 2 | |
| | M032 | 1-Pound Demolition Block Charge | EO 3 | |
| | M130 | M6 Electric Blasting Cap | EO 7 | |
| | M131 | M7 Non-Electric Blasting Cap | EO 7 | |
| | M241 | M10 High Explosive Universal Destructor | DPG IV-B | |
| D 117 | M456 | PETN Type 1 Detonating Cord | DPG IV-A | |
| Demolition | M500 ^a | M21 Cartridge Actuated Cutter | EO 10 | 20+ data points |
| | M591 | M1 Military Dynamite Demolition Block Charge | EO 1 | |
| | M913 | M58A3 Linear Demolition Charge | EO 3 | |
| | ML05 ^a | MK24 Powder Actuated Cutter | EO 11 | |
| | ML09 | Linear Demolition Charge, Shaped 20 gr/ft | DPG IV-A | |
| | ML15 | Linear Demolition Charge, Shaped 225 gr/ft | DPG IV-A | |
| | ML47 | M11 Non-Electric Blasting Cap with 30-foot Shock Tube | EO 7 | |
| | MM50 ^a | M221 Clipped Shaped Demolition Charge | EO 11 | |
| | MN02 | M11 Non-Electric Blasting Cap with 500-foot Shock Tube | EO 7 | |
| | MN03 | M11 Non-Electric Blasting Cap with 1,000-foot Shock Tube | EO 7 | |
| | MN06 | M14 Non-Electric Time Delay Blasting Cap | EO 7 | |

TABLE 9 (cont.)

| Category | DODIC | Ordnance Description | Test Series | Comment |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|-------------|-----------------|
| 5 101 | MN06 | M14 Non-Electric Time Delay Blasting Cap | EO 7 | |
| | MN07 ^a | M15 Non-Electric Time Delay Blasting Cap | EO 11 | |
| Demolition, continued | MN08 | M81 Time Blasting Fuse Igniter | EO 9 | 20+ data points |
| | MN68 ^a | M151 Booster Demolition Charge | DPG VIII | |
| | None | PAX-11, Granular Powder Burn | EO 4 | |
| | None | PAX-11, Molded Pellet Detonation | EO 4 | |
| | G878 | M228 Practice Hand Grenade Fuse | DPG VI | |
| | K051 | M604 Anti-Tank Practice Mine Fuse | EO 6 | |
| | N278 ^a | M564 Mechanical Time and Super Quick (MTSQ) Fuse | EO 11 | |
| Fuse | N285 | M577A1 Mechanical Time and Super Quick (MTSQ) Fuse | EO 9 | 10+ data points |
| | N286 | M582 Mechanical Time and Super Quick (MTSQ) Fuse | EO 7 | - |
| | N335 | M557 Point Detonating Fuse | EO 5 | |
| | N340 | M739A1 Point Detonating Fuse | EO 5 | |
| | N464 | M732 Proximity Fuse | EO 9 | |
| | G881 | M67 Fragmentation Grenade | EO 1 | |
| C 1 | G978 | M82 Smoke Simulant Screening Grenade Launcher | DPG V-B | .10.1 |
| Grenade | G982 | M83 Terephthalic Acid (TA) Smoke Practice Hand Grenade | DPG V-A | <10 data points |
| | GG09 ^a | M84 Non-Lethal Stun Hand Grenade | EO 12 | |
| | B535 | M583A1 40-mm White Star Parachute Cartridge | DPG IV-B | |
| | B536 | M585 40-mm White Star Cluster Cartridge | DPG IV-B | |
| Illumination | B627 | M83A3 60-mm Illuminating Cartridge (projectile only) | DPG V-B | |
| | D505 | M485A2 155-mm Illumination Round (projectile only) | DPG I | 20+ data points |
| | L305 | M195 Green Star Parachute Signal Flare | DPG I | |
| | L306 | M158 Red Star Cluster Signal Illumination | DPG II | |
| | L307 | M159 White Star Cluster Signal Illumination | DPG II | |

TABLE 9 (cont.)

| Category | DODIC | Ordnance Description | Test Series | Comment |
|---------------|-------------------|--|-------------|---------------------------------|
| | L311 | M126A1 Red Star Parachute Signal Flare | DPG II | |
| | L312 | M127A1 White Star Parachute Signal Flare | DPG I | |
| Illumination, | L314 | M125A1 Green Star Cluster Signal Flare | DPG I | 20+ data points |
| continued | L367 | M22 Anti-Tank Guided Missile and Rocket Launching Simulator | DPG VI | 20 · Galla Politic |
| | L410 | M206 Aircraft Countermeasure Flare | DPG VI | |
| Inert | HA11 ^a | Rocket, 2.75-inch Flechette with M255A1 Warhead | Unclear | Data not yet available |
| | C511 | M490 105-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge (M13 tracer only) | EO 6 | |
| Large | C784ª | M831 120-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge | EO 12 | Only 1 data point yet available |
| | C785 ^a | M865 120-mm Target Practice Discarding Sabot Tracer Cartridge | EO 12 | |
| | BA11 ^a | M1001 40-mm HVCC Cartridge | EO 12 | Data not set |
| Medium | BA15 ^a | M769 60-mm Full Range Practice Cartridge | EO 12 | Data not yet available |
| | A652 | M220 20-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge | FP 9 | |
| | A940 | M910 25-mm Target Practice Discarding Sabot Tracer Cartridge | FP 8 | |
| Medium-FP | A976 | M793 25-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge | FP 8 | 10+ data points |
| | B505 ^a | M662 40-mm Red Star Parachute Cartridge | DPG VIII | |
| | B519 | M781 40-mm Practice Cartridge | FP 2 | |
| | B584 | M918 40-mm Practice Cartridge | FP 2 | |
| Mine | K042 ^a | M88 Volcano Practice Canister Mine | DPG VIII | Data not yet available |
| Mortar | CA03 | XM929 120-mm White Phosphorus Smoke Cartridge (projectile only) | DPG V-B | Only 1 data point |
| | B129 | M789 30-mm High Explosive Dual Purpose (HEDP) Cartridge (projectile only) | EO 9 | |
| Projectile | B542 | M430 40-mm High Explosive Dual Purpose (HEDP) Cartridge (projectile only) | EO 3 | 10+ data points |
| | B571 | M383 40-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only) | EO 3 | |

TABLE 9 (cont.)

| Category | DODIC | Ordnance Description | Test Series | Comment |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| | B632 | M49A4 60-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only) | EO 3 | |
| | B642 | M720 60-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only) | EO 6 | |
| | B643 ^a | M888 60-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only) | EO 11 | |
| Projectile, continued | C995 | M136 AT4 Recoilless Rifle, 84-mm Cartridge (projectile only) | EO 3 | 10+ data points |
| continued | H557 | M72A3 66-mm High Explosive Antitank Rocket (projectile only) | EO 1 | _ |
| | H708 ^a | M73 35-mm Subcaliber Practice Rocket | DPG VIII | |
| | None | M720 60-mm Mortar HE Cartridge with PAX-21 Charge (projectile only) | EO 8 | |
| | PJ02 | FIM-92A Stinger-Basic Guided Missile (projectile only) | EO 6 | |
| | B627 | M83A3 60-mm Illuminating Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 10 | |
| | B642 | M720 60-mm High Explosive Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 4 | |
| | B645 | M766 60-mm Short Range Practice Mortar Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 10 | |
| | C226 | M301A3 81-mm Illuminating Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 4 | |
| | C379 | M934 120-mm High Explosive Cartridge (Zone 1 - propelling charge only) | FP 8 | |
| Propellant | C511 | M490 105-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 5 | 20+ data points |
| | C784 | M831 120-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 5 | |
| | C785 | M865 120-mm Target Practice Discarding Sabot Tracer Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 5 | |
| | C868 | M821 81-mm High Explosive Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 4 | |
| | C876 | M880 81-mm Target Practice Short Range Cartridge (propelling charge only) | FP 4 | |
| | CA09 | M931 120-mm Full Range Practice Cartridge (Zone 1 - propelling charge only) | FP 8 | |

TABLE 9 (cont.)

| Category | DODIC | Ordnance Description | Test Series | Comment |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|-------------|-----------------|
| | CA09 | M931 120-mm Full Range Practice Cartridge (Zone 4 - propelling charge) | FP 8 | |
| | D533 | M119A2 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 7) | FP 5 | |
| | D540 | M3 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M199 Cannon) | FP 1 | |
| | D540 | M3 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M199 Cannon) | FP 5 | |
| | D540 | M3 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M284 Cannon) | FP 1 | |
| | D540 | M3 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 5, M199 Cannon) | FP 1 | |
| Propellant, continued | D540 | M3A1 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M199 Cannon) | FP 1 | 20+ data points |
| Convinuos | D540 | M3A1 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M284 Cannon) | FP 1 | |
| | D541 | M4A2 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 7) | FP 5 | |
| | M174 ^a | .50 Caliber Blank Cartridge (Electrically Initiated) | EO 10 | |
| | M842 ^a | M1 Squib | Unclear | |
| | MD73 ^a | M796 Impulse Cartridge | EO 11 | |
| | MN60 ^a | M79 Electric Match Igniter | EO 9 | |
| | PJ02 | FIM-92A Stinger-Basic Guided Missile (launch motor) | EO 5 | |
| | PJ02 | FIM-92A Stinger-Basic Guided Missile (flight motor) | FP 7 | |
| | H975 ^a | Rocket, 2.75-inch M274 Signature Smoke with H872 Warhead | Unclear | |
| | L366 | M74A1 Projectile Air Burst Simulator | DPG IV-B | |
| | L495 | M49A1 Surface Trip Flare | DPG II | |
| | L508 | M72 Red Railroad Warning Fusee | DPG VI | |
| Pyrotechnic | L592 | TOW Blast Simulator | DPG V-A | 20+ data points |
| | L594 | M115A2 Ground Burst Simulator | DPG I | |
| | L595 ^a | M9 Liquid Projectile Air Burst Simulator | EO 12 | |
| | L596 | M110 Flash Artillery Simulator | DPG I | |
| | L598 | M117 Flash Booby Trap Simulator | DPG I | |

TABLE 9 (cont.)

| Category | DODIC | Ordnance Description | Test Series | Comment |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| | L599 | M118 Illuminating Booby Trap Simulator | DPG II | |
| | L600 | M119 Whistling Booby Trap Simulator | DPG II | |
| | L601 | M116A1 Hand Grenade Simulator | DPG I | |
| | L602 | M21 Artillery Flash Simulator | DPG IV-B | |
| | L709 | M25 Target Hit Simulator | EO 2 | |
| | L709 | XM25 Target Hit Simulator | DPG V-B | |
| | L720 | M26 Target Kill Simulator | EO 6 | |
| | M327 ^a | Firing Device Coupling Base | EO 11 | |
| Pyrotechnic, continued | M448 ^a | M2A1 8-second Delay Percussion Detonator | EO 10 | 20+ data points |
| | M626 | M1 Pressure Type Demolition Firing Device | EO 9 | |
| | M627 ^a | M5 Pressure Release Igniter | Unclear | |
| | M630 | M1 Pull Type Demolition Firing Device | DPG V-A | |
| | M630 | M1 Pull Type Demolition Firing Device | EO 9 | |
| | M670 ^a | M700 Time Blasting Fuse | EO 11 | |
| | M766 | M60 Time Blasting Fuse Igniter | EO 9 | |
| | ML03 ^a | M142 Multipurpose Demolition Firing Device | EO 10 | |
| | H459 | Rocket, 2.75-inch Flechette, MK40 Mod 3 Motor (propelling rocket only) | FP 7 | |
| | H557 | M72A3 66-mm High Explosive Antitank Rocket (propelling rocket only) | FP 4 | |
| Rocket/Missile | H557 | M72A3 66-mm High Explosive Antitank Rocket (propelling rocket only) | FP 7 | 10+ data points |
| | H708 | M73 35-mm Subcaliber Practice Rocket (motor only) | FP 9 | |
| | H974 | Rocket, 2.75-inch M267 Practice Warhead, MK66 Mod 3 Motor (propelling rocket only) | FP 7 | |
| | A010 | M220 10 Gage Blank/Subcaliber Salute Cartridge | FP 9 | |
| Consoll Access ED | A011 | 12 Gage #00 Shot Cartridge | FP 9 | 20+ data points |
| Small Arm-FP | A017 | 12 Gage #9 Shot Cartridge | FP 10 | 20+ data points |
| | A059 | M855 5.56-mm Ball Cartridge (fired from the M16A1 Rifle) | FP 3 | |

TABLE 9 (cont.)

| Category | DODIC | Ordnance Description | Test Series | Comment |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| | A059 | M855 5.56-mm Ball Cartridge (fired from the M16A2 Rifle) | FP 3 | |
| | A059 | M855 5.56-mm Ball Cartridge (No-Lead) | FP 4 | |
| | A063 | M856 5.56-mm Tracer Cartridge | FP 3 | |
| | A065 | M862 5.56-mm Practice Ball Cartridge | FP 3 | |
| | A066 | M193 5.56-mm Ball Cartridge | FP 6 | |
| | A068 | M196 5.56-mm Tracer Cartridge | FP 6 | |
| | A080 | M200 5.56-mm Blank Cartridge | FP 3 | |
| | A086 | .22 Caliber Long Rifle Ball Cartridge | FP 4 | |
| | A106 | .22 Caliber Standard Velocity Long Rifle Ball Cartridge | FP 4 | |
| | A111 | M82 7.62-mm Blank Cartridge | FP 3 | |
| | A131 | M62 7.62-mm Tracer Cartridge | FP 6 | |
| | A136 | M118 7.62-mm Ball Match Cartridge | FP 6 | |
| | A143 | M80 7.62-mm Ball Cartridge | FP 3 | 20+ data points |
| | A171 | M852 7.62-mm Ball Match Cartridge | FP 6 | |
| Small Arm-FP, continued | A182 | M1 .30 Caliber Ball Cartridge | FP 6 | |
| continued | A212 | M2 .30 Caliber Ball Cartridge | FP 6 | |
| | A218 | M25 .30 Caliber Tracer Cartridge | FP 9 | |
| | A247 | M72 .30 Caliber Ball Match Cartridge | FP 6 | |
| | A363 | M882 9-mm Ball Cartridge | FP 3 | |
| | A365 | M181A1 14.5-mm Artillery Training Cartridge | DPG V-A | |
| | A366 ^a | M182 14.5-mm Cartridge | Unclear | |
| | A400 | M41 .38 Caliber Special Ball Cartridge | FP 9 | |
| | A403 | .38 Caliber Special Blank Cartridge | FP 9 | |
| | A475 | M1911 .45 Caliber Ball Cartridge | FP 3 | |
| | A518 | M903 .50 Caliber SLAP Cartridge | FP 9 | |
| | A518 | M962 .50 Caliber SLAP-T Cartridge | FP 10 | |
| | A525 | M2 .50 Caliber Armor Piercing Cartridge | FP 8 | |
| | A557 | M17 .50 Caliber Tracer Cartridge | FP 3 | |
| | A557 | M33 .50 Caliber Ball Cartridge | FP 3 | |
| | A598 | M1A1 .50 Caliber Blank Cartridge | FP 3 | |

TABLE 9 (cont.)

| Category | DODIC | Ordnance Description | Test Series | Comment |
|----------|-------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| | C870 | M819 81-mm Red Phosphorus Smoke Cartridge | DPG VII | |
| | G815 | L8A3 Red Phosphorus Smoke Screening Grenade Launcher (UK) | DPG VII | |
| | G930 | AN-M8 Hexachloroethane (HC) Smoke Hand Grenade | DPG V-A | |
| | G940 | M18 Green Smoke Hand Grenade | DPG III | |
| ~ . | G945 | M18 Yellow Smoke Hand Grenade | DPG III | |
| Smoke | G950 | M18 Red Smoke Hand Grenade | DPG III | 20+ data points |
| | G950 | M18 Red Smoke Hand Grenade (new formulation) | DPG V-A | |
| | G955 | M18 Violet Smoke Hand Grenade | DPG III | |
| | G955 | M18 Violet Smoke Hand Grenade (new formulation) | DPG V-A | |
| | K866 | ABC-M5 30-pound HC Smoke Pot | DPG VII | |
| | K867 | M4A2 Floating Type HC Smoke Pot | DPG VII | |

^a Although testing may have been completed, emission factors for this ordnance have not yet been analyzed for inclusion in AP-42; therefore, these data were not included in the data correlation.

Using the criteria specified above, the emission factor ratings assigned to ordnance in each of the 17 ordnance categories were reevaluated. This evaluation indicated that some of the emission factor ratings associated with ordnance included in ten categories could be elevated from a C or D rating to an A or B rating. These ten categories are:

- 1. Demolition
- 2. Fuse
- 3. Illumination
- 4. Medium Firing Point
- 5. Projectile
- 6. Propellant
- 7. Pyrotechnic
- 8. Rocket/Missile
- 9. Small Arm Firing Point
- 10. Smoke

A final assessment was made as to the emission factor rating assigned based on ordnance-specific test data only. If the original emission factor data rating assigned was a C, then the emission factor rating was elevated to an A or B, as appropriate, based upon the data for the whole ordnance category. If the original emission factor data rating assigned was a D, then the emission factor rating was elevated to a B or C, as appropriate, based upon the data for the whole ordnance category. The analysis is documented in an Excel spreadsheet that is located on the EPA website at: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html.

Within the current test series, all DODICs were included in the Smoke category, which includes more than 20 test data points. As a result, some emission factor ratings associated with each of these ordnance were elevated. The emission factor ratings assigned are presented in Appendix A.

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APPENDIX A

COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR ORDNANCE INCLUDED IN PHASE VII TESTING AT DUGWAY PROVING GROUND, UTAH



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TABLE A1 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC C870, M819 81-MM RED PHOSPHORUS SMOKE CARTRIDGE

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| | Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, and Total Suspen | | ane Hydrocarbor | ns, |
| 124-38-9 | Carbon dioxide ^f | 3.4 E-01 | 1.1 E-01 | |
| 630-08-0 | Carbon monoxide ^f | 3.2 E-03 | 1.1 E-03 | |
| 7439-92-1 | Lead ^g | 8.5 E-05 | 2.8 E-05 | |
| | Oxides of nitrogen ^g | 1.5 E-02 | 5.0 E-03 | |
| | PM-2.5 ^g | 3.5 | 1.2 | |
| | PM-10 ^f | 3.5 | 1.2 | |
| 7446-09-5 | Sulfur dioxide ^g | 1.5 E-03 | 5.1 E-04 | |
| | Total nonmethane hydrocarbons ^g | 1.3 E-04 | 4.2 E-05 | |
| 12789-66-1 | Total suspended particulate ^f | 3.6 | 1.2 | |
| | Hazardous Air Pollutant | s and Toxic Che | micals | |
| 83-32-9 | Acenaphthene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 208-96-8 | Acenaphthylene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 75-07-0 | Acetaldehyde ^h | 1.1 E-05 | 3.7 E-06 | |
| 75-05-8 | Acetonitrile ^g | 8.4 E-05 | 2.8 E-05 | |
| 98-86-2 | Acetophenone | ND | ND | 1.5 E-02 |
| 53-96-3 | 2-Acetylaminofluorene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 107-02-8 | Acrolein | 2.6 E-06 | 8.8 E-07 | |
| 107-13-1 | Acrylonitrile | 1.7 E-05 | 5.8 E-06 | |
| 107-05-1 | Allyl chloride | ND | ND | 1.8 E-02 |
| 7429-90-5 | Aluminum | 1.0 E-04 | 3.4 E-05 | |
| 92-67-1 | 4-Aminobiphenyl | ND | ND | 6.3 E-02 |
| 7664-41-7 | Ammonia | 6.4 E-06 | 2.2 E-06 | |
| 62-53-3 | Aniline | ND | ND | 4.6 E-02 |
| 120-12-7 | Anthracene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 7440-36-0 | Antimony | 9.8 E-06 | 3.3 E-06 | |
| 7440-38-2 | Arsenic | 2.2 E-05 | 7.5 E-06 | |
| 71-43-2 | Benzene ^g | 2.3 E-05 | 7.6 E-06 | |
| 92-87-5 | Benzidine | ND | ND | 3.2 E-01 |
| 56-55-3 | Benzo[a]anthracene | ND | ND | 3.6 E-03 |
| 205-99-2 | Benzo[b]fluoranthene | ND | ND | 6.9 E-03 |
| 207-08-9 | Benzo[k]fluoranthene | ND | ND | 3.9 E-03 |
| 191-24-2 | Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | ND | ND | 1.0 E-02 |

TABLE A1 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 50-32-8 | Benzo[a]pyrene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 100-44-7 | Benzyl chloride | ND | ND | 7.4 E-03 |
| 7440-41-7 | Beryllium | ND | ND | 5.2 E-04 |
| 75-25-2 | Bromoform | ND | ND | 1.5 E-02 |
| 74-83-9 | Bromomethane | ND | ND | 5.5 E-03 |
| 101-55-3 | 4-Bromophenylphenylether | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 106-99-0 | 1,3-Butadiene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 71-36-3 | n-Butanol | ND | ND | 1.7 E-02 |
| 85-68-7 | Butylbenzylphthalate | ND | ND | 3.8 E-03 |
| 123-72-8 | Butyraldehyde | ND | ND | 4.2 E-02 |
| 7440-43-9 | Cadmium | ND | ND | 2.9 E-04 |
| 86-74-8 | Carbazole | ND | ND | 4.0 E-03 |
| 75-15-0 | Carbon disulfide | 5.0 E-06 | 1.7 E-06 | |
| 56-23-5 | Carbon tetrachloride | ND | ND | 9.0 E-03 |
| 106-47-8 | 4-Chloroaniline | ND | ND | 3.8 E-02 |
| 108-90-7 | Chlorobenzeneg | ND | ND | 6.6 E-03 |
| 75-00-3 | Chloroethane | ND | ND | 3.8 E-03 |
| 111-91-1 | bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 111-44-4 | bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | ND | ND | 3.5 E-03 |
| 67-66-3 | Chloroform ^g | ND | ND | 6.9 E-03 |
| 108-60-1 | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether | ND | ND | 4.8 E-03 |
| 74-87-3 | Chloromethane | ND | ND | 1.2 E-02 |
| 91-58-7 | 2-Chloronaphthalene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 7005-72-3 | 4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 7440-47-3 | Chromium ^g | 4.5 E-05 | 1.5 E-05 | |
| 218-01-9 | Chrysene | ND | ND | 4.0 E-03 |
| 7440-48-4 | Cobalt | ND | ND | 2.9 E-03 |
| 7440-50-8 | Copper | 1.4 E-04 | 4.7 E-05 | |
| 4170-30-3 | Crotonaldehyde | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |
| 98-82-8 | Cumene | ND | ND | 7.0 E-03 |
| 110-82-7 | Cyclohexane | ND | ND | 4.9 E-03 |
| 53-70-3 | Dibenz[a,h]anthracene | ND | ND | 3.8 E-03 |
| 132-64-9 | Dibenzofuran | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 106-93-4 | 1,2-Dibromoethane | ND | ND | 1.1 E-02 |
| 84-74-2 | Dibutylphthalate | ND | ND | 6.3 E-02 |

TABLE A1 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 95-50-1 | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 8.6 E-03 |
| 541-73-1 | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 8.6 E-03 |
| 106-46-7 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 8.6 E-03 |
| 91-94-1 | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | ND | ND | 4.6 E-02 |
| 75-27-4 | Dichlororobromomethane | ND | ND | 9.5 E-03 |
| 75-71-8 | Dichlorodifluoromethane | ND | ND | 7.0 E-03 |
| 75-34-3 | 1,1-Dichloroethane | ND | ND | 5.8 E-03 |
| 107-06-2 | 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | ND | 5.8 E-03 |
| 120-83-2 | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 78-87-5 | 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | ND | 6.6 E-03 |
| 10061-02-6 | trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene | ND | ND | 6.5 E-03 |
| 76-14-2 | Dichlorotetrafluoroethane | ND | ND | 1.0 E-02 |
| 60-11-7 | p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 57-97-6 | 7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene | ND | ND | 3.2 E-03 |
| 119-93-7 | 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-01 |
| 105-67-9 | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ND | ND | 3.9 E-02 |
| 131-11-3 | Dimethyl phthalate | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 99-65-0 | 1,3-Dinitrobenzene | ND | ND | 1.2 E-02 |
| 534-52-1 | 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol | ND | ND | 5.4 E-02 |
| 51-28-5 | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 121-14-2 | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 1.2 E-02 |
| 606-20-2 | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | 3.4 E-06 | 1.2 E-06 | |
| 88-85-7 | Dinoseb | ND | ND | 6.2 E-03 |
| 123-91-1 | 1,4-Dioxane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| | Total dioxin/furan compounds ^g | 2.5 E-10 | 8.5 E-11 | |
| 122-39-4 | Diphenylamine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 122-66-7 | 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | ND | ND | 6.2 E-03 |
| 74-85-1 | Ethyleneg | 3.9 E-05 | 1.3 E-05 | |
| 117-81-7 | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | ND | ND | 6.3 E-02 |
| 206-44-0 | Fluoranthene | ND | ND | 3.4 E-03 |
| 86-73-7 | Fluorene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 50-00-0 | Formaldehyde ^h | 0 | 0 | |
| 76-13-1 | Freon 113 | ND | ND | 1.1 E-02 |

TABLE A1 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 35822-46-9 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ⁱ | 1.4 E-11 | 4.7 E-12 | |
| 55673-89-7 | 1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran | ND | ND | 1.0 E-08 |
| 118-74-1 | Hexachlorobenzene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 87-68-3 | Hexachlorobutadiene | ND | ND | 1.5 E-02 |
| 77-47-4 | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | ND | ND | 6.3 E-02 |
| 39227-28-6 | 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | ND | ND | 8.6 E-09 |
| 57653-85-7 | 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^h | 9.4 E-12 | 3.1 E-12 | |
| 19408-74-3 | 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin | ND | ND | 7.9 E-09 |
| 70648-26-9 | 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^h | 5.1 E-12 | 1.7 E-12 | |
| 57117-44-9 | 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ⁱ | 1.3 E-11 | 4.3 E-12 | |
| 72918-21-9 | 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^g | ND | ND | 6.4 E-09 |
| 60851-34-5 | 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^g | 2.7 E-11 | 8.9 E-12 | |
| 67-72-1 | Hexachloroethane ^h | 1.5 E-06 | 4.9 E-07 | |
| 110-54-3 | Hexane | ND | ND | 5.0 E-03 |
| 7647-01-0 | Hydrochloric acid | 2.7 E-05 | 9.1 E-06 | |
| 74-90-8 | Hydrogen cyanide | 1.8 E-04 | 6.0 E-05 | |
| 193-39-5 | Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | ND | ND | 3.4 E-03 |
| 78-59-1 | Isophorone | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 67-63-0 | Isopropyl alcohol | ND | ND | 1.4 E-02 |
| 120-58-1 | Isosafrole | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 7439-92-1 | Lead ^g | 8.5 E-05 | 2.8 E-05 | 1.3 E-02 |
| 7439-96-5 | Manganese ^g | 2.6 E-07 | 8.9 E-08 | |
| 7439-97-6 | Mercury | ND | ND | 8.2 E-04 |
| 126-98-7 | Methacrylonitrile | ND | ND | 1.5 E-02 |
| 96-33-3 | Methyl acrylate | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 56-49-5 | 3-Methylcholanthrene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 75-09-2 | Methylene chloride | 6.5 E-07 | 2.2 E-07 | |
| 108-10-1 | Methyl isobutyl ketone | ND | ND | 5.8 E-03 |
| 80-62-6 | Methyl methacrylate | ND | ND | 2.3 E-02 |
| 91-57-6 | 2-Methylnaphthalene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 95-48-7 | 2-Methylphenol | ND | ND | 1.9 E-02 |

TABLE A1 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 1634-04-4 | Methyl tert-butyl ether | ND | ND | 5.1 E-03 |
| 91-20-3 | Naphthalene | ND | ND | 3.8 E-03 |
| 134-32-7 | 1-Naphthylamine | ND | ND | 6.3 E-02 |
| 91-59-8 | 2-Naphthylamine | ND | ND | 6.3 E-02 |
| 7440-02-0 | Nickel ^g | 1.3 E-05 | 4.3 E-06 | |
| 100-01-6 | 4-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 1.3 E-02 |
| 98-95-3 | Nitrobenzene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-02 |
| 55-63-0 | Nitroglycerin | ND | ND | 2.3 E-02 |
| 88-75-5 | 2-Nitrophenol | 4.1 E-06 | 1.4 E-06 | |
| 100-02-7 | 4-Nitrophenol | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 |
| 79-46-9 | 2-Nitropropane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 924-16-3 | N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 55-18-5 | N-Nitrosodiethylamine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 62-75-9 | N-Nitrosodimethylamine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 86-30-6 | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | ND | ND | 5.4 E-03 |
| 621-64-7 | N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 59-89-2 | N-Nitrosomorpholine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 100-75-4 | N-Nitrosopiperidine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 99-55-8 | 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | ND | ND | 5.0 E-02 |
| 3268-87-9 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ⁱ | 3.2 E-11 | 1.1 E-11 | |
| 608-93-5 | Pentachlorobenzene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 40321-76-4 | 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ⁱ | 7.3 E-12 | 2.4 E-12 | |
| 57117-41-6 | 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran ^h | 6.5 E-12 | 2.2 E-12 | |
| 57117-31-4 | 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran | ND | ND | 5.7 E-09 |
| 76-01-7 | Pentachloroethane | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 82-68-8 | Pentachloronitrobenzene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 87-86-5 | Pentachlorophenol | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 85-01-8 | Phenanthrene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 108-95-2 | Phenol | ND | ND | 5.6 E-03 |
| 7723-14-0 | Phosphorus | 1.0 | 3.5 E-01 | |
| 123-38-6 | Propionaldehyde | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |
| 115-07-1 | Propylene ^g | 9.6 E-06 | 3.2 E-06 | |
| 129-00-0 | Pyrene | ND | ND | 3.3 E-03 |

TABLE A1 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|-----------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 110-86-1 | Pyridine | ND | ND | 4.6 E-03 |
| 94-59-7 | Safrole | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 7782-49-2 | Selenium ^g | 2.2 E-06 | 7.5 E-07 | |
| 7440-22-4 | Silver | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 100-42-5 | Styrene | ND | ND | 6.1 E-03 |
| 1746-01-6 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | ND | ND | 7.1 E-09 |
| 51207-31-9 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran | ND | ND | 1.8 E-08 |
| 79-34-5 | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | ND | 9.8 E-03 |
| 127-18-4 | Tetrachloroethylene | 1.5 E-06 | 5.0 E-07 | |
| 7440-28-0 | Thallium | ND | ND | 2.4 E-03 |
| 108-88-3 | Toluene ^g | 1.4 E-06 | 4.7 E-07 | |
| 95-53-4 | o-Toluidine | ND | ND | 4.0 E-02 |
| 120-82-1 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 4.1 E-02 |
| 71-55-6 | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ND | ND | 7.8 E-03 |
| 79-00-5 | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | ND | 7.7 E-03 |
| 79-01-6 | Trichloroethyleneg | ND | ND | 7.7 E-03 |
| 75-69-4 | Trichlorofluoromethane | ND | ND | 8.0 E-03 |
| 95-95-4 | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ND | ND | 8.1 E-03 |
| 88-06-2 | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | ND | ND | 4.7 E-03 |
| 96-18-4 | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | ND | ND | 3.4 E-02 |
| 95-63-6 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 7.0 E-03 |
| 540-84-1 | 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | ND | ND | 2.6 E-02 |
| 108-05-4 | Vinyl acetate | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 75-01-4 | Vinyl chloride ^g | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 75-35-4 | Vinylidene chloride | ND | ND | 5.6 E-03 |
| 106-42-3, 108-38-3 | m-Xylene, p-Xylene | ND | ND | 6.2 E-03 |
| 95-47-6 | o-Xylene | ND | ND | 6.2 E-03 |
| 7440-66-6 | Zinc | 1.9 E-04 | 6.4 E-05 | |
| | Other Po | llutants | | |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | 1.1 E-05 | 3.7 E-06 | |
| 74-86-2 | Acetyleneg | 1.9 E-05 | 6.4 E-06 | |
| 702-79-4 | Adamantane, 1,3-dimethyl- ^j | 8.7 E-05 | 2.9 E-05 | |
| 19406-51-0 | 4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-03 |

TABLE A1 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 100-52-7 | Benzaldehyde | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |
| 4748-78-1 | Benzaldehyde, 4-ethyl- ^j | 8.3 E-05 | 2.8 E-05 | |
| 65-85-0 | Benzoic acid | 8.8 E-05 | 2.9 E-05 | |
| 100-51-6 | Benzyl alcohol | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 106-97-8 | n-Butane ^g | ND | ND | 3.4 E-02 |
| 75-97-8 | 2-Butanone, 3,3-dimethyl- ^j | 1.4 E-05 | 4.8 E-06 | |
| 106-98-9 | 1-Butene | ND | ND | 1.3 E-02 |
| 590-18-1 | cis-2-Butene | ND | ND | 1.3 E-02 |
| 624-64-6 | trans-2-Butene ^g | ND | ND | 1.3 E-02 |
| 107-14-2 | Chloroacetonitrile | ND | ND | 1.7 E-02 |
| 2698-41-1 | o-chlorobenzalmalononitrile | ND | ND | 6.3 E-03 |
| 109-69-3 | 1-Chlorobutane | ND | ND | 5.4 E-02 |
| 59-50-7 | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | ND | ND | 3.9 E-03 |
| 90-13-1 | 1-Chloronaphthalene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 95-57-8 | 2-Chlorophenol | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 287-92-3 | Cyclopentane | ND | ND | 1.6 E-02 |
| 124-18-5 | n-Decane | ND | ND | 3.2 E-02 |
| 124-48-1 | Dibromochloromethane | ND | ND | 1.2 E-02 |
| 156-59-2 | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ND | 5.6 E-03 |
| 156-60-5 | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ND | 6.5 E-03 |
| 87-65-0 | 2,6-Dichlorophenol | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 10061-01-5 | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | ND | 6.5 E-03 |
| 141-93-5 | 1,3-Diethylbenzene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-02 |
| 105-05-5 | 1,4-Diethylbenzene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-02 |
| 84-66-2 | Diethylphthalate | ND | ND | 4.6 E-03 |
| 5779-94-2 | 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde | ND | ND | 7.1 E-02 |
| 75-83-2 | 2,2-Dimethylbutane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 79-29-8 | 2,3-Dimethylbutane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 565-59-3 | 2,3-Dimethylpentane | ND | ND | 2.3 E-02 |
| 108-08-7 | 2,4-Dimethylpentane | ND | ND | 2.3 E-02 |
| 117-84-0 | Di-n-octylphthalate | 2.8 E-06 | 9.2 E-07 | |
| 74-84-0 | Ethane ^g | 9.3 E-06 | 3.1 E-06 | |
| 64-17-5 | Ethanol ^g | ND | ND | 1.1 E-02 |
| 60-29-7 | Ethyl ether | ND | ND | 1.7 E-02 |
| 97-63-2 | Ethyl methacrylate | ND | ND | 2.6 E-02 |

TABLE A1 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 62-50-0 | Ethyl methanesulfonate | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 620-14-4 | m-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 611-14-3 | o-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 622-96-8 | p-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 142-82-5 | n-Heptane | ND | ND | 5.8 E-03 |
| 1888-71-7 | Hexachloropropene | ND | ND | 4.5 E-03 |
| 66-25-1 | Hexaldehyde | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |
| 591-78-6 | 2-Hexanone | ND | ND | 2.3 E-02 |
| 592-41-6 | 1-Hexene | ND | ND | 1.9 E-02 |
| 2691-41-0 | HMX | ND | ND | 5.9 E-02 |
| 75-28-5 | Isobutane | ND | ND | 1.3 E-02 |
| 78-79-5 | Isoprene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-02 |
| 590-86-3 | Isovaleraldehyde | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |
| 5989-27-5 | d-Limonene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-02 |
| 7439-95-4 | Magnesium | 3.5 E-06 | 1.2 E-06 | |
| 108-87-2 | Methylcyclohexane | ND | ND | 2.2 E-02 |
| 96-37-7 | Methylcyclopentane | ND | ND | 1.9 E-02 |
| 78-93-3 | Methyl ethyl ketone | 1.2 E-06 | 3.9 E-07 | |
| 592-27-8 | 2-Methylheptane | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 589-81-1 | 3-Methylheptane | ND | ND | 2.6 E-02 |
| 591-76-4 | 2-Methylhexane | ND | ND | 2.3 E-02 |
| 66-27-3 | Methyl methanesulfonate | ND | ND | 3.4 E-03 |
| 107-83-5 | 2-Methylpentane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 96-14-0 | 3-Methylpentane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 121-45-9 | Methyl phosphite ^j | 1.1 E-04 | 3.6 E-05 | |
| 88-74-4 | 2-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 99-09-2 | 3-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 1.3 E-02 |
| 10595-95-6 | N-Nitrosomethylethylamine | ND | ND | 5.2 E-03 |
| 930-55-2 | N-Nitrosopyrrolidine | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 88-72-2 | 2-Nitrotoluene | ND | ND | 8.1 E-02 |
| 99-99-0 | 4-Nitrotoluene | ND | ND | 2.3 E-02 |
| 111-84-2 | n-Nonane | ND | ND | 2.9 E-02 |
| 111-65-9 | n-Octane | ND | ND | 2.6 E-02 |
| 286-20-4 | 7-Oxabicyclo[4.1.0]heptane ^j | 1.7 E-05 | 5.8 E-06 | |
| 78-78-4 | i-Pentane | ND | ND | 1.7 E-02 |

TABLE A1 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | |
| 109-66-0 | n-Pentane | ND | ND | 1.6 E-02 |
| 109-67-1 | 1-Pentene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-02 |
| 627-20-3 | cis-2-Pentene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-02 |
| 646-04-8 | trans-2-Pentene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-02 |
| 14797-73-0 | Perchlorate | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 78-11-5 | PETN | ND | ND | 1.6 E-02 |
| 62-44-2 | Phenacetin | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 80-56-8 | alpha-Pinene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-02 |
| 127-91-3 | beta-Pinene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-02 |
| 74-98-6 | Propane | ND | ND | 2.6 E-02 |
| 103-65-1 | n-Propylbenzene | ND | ND | 7.0 E-03 |
| 121-82-4 | RDX | ND | ND | 1.3 E-03 |
| 95-94-3 | 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 58-90-2 | 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | ND | ND | 4.1 E-03 |
| 109-99-9 | Tetrahydrofuran | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 479-45-8 | Tetryl | ND | ND | 4.5 E-03 |
| 529-20-4 | o-Tolualdehyde | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |
| 526-73-8 | 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 2.7 E-02 |
| 108-67-8 | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 7.0 E-03 |
| 565-75-3 | 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane | ND | ND | 2.6 E-02 |
| 99-35-4 | 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene | ND | ND | 2.3 E-03 |
| 118-96-7 | 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 1.9 E-03 |
| 1120-21-4 | Undecane | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |
| 110-62-3 | Valeraldehyde | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |

^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

^b ND = nondetected.

^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.

^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 2.98 pounds per item.

^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.

Emission factor rated A because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

g Emission factor rated B because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

h Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.

¹ Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.

^j Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.

TABLE A2 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC G815, L8A3 RED PHOSPHORUS SMOKE SCREENING GRENADE LAUNCHER (UK)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| | Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, and Total Suspen | | ane Hydrocarbor | ns, |
| 124-38-9 | Carbon dioxide ^f | 1.7 E-01 | 2.1 E-01 | |
| 630-08-0 | Carbon monoxide ^f | 2.0 E-02 | 2.3 E-02 | |
| 7439-92-1 | Lead ^h | 3.0 E-06 | 3.6 E-06 | |
| | Oxides of nitrogen ^g | 1.6 E-03 | 1.9 E-03 | |
| | PM-2.5 ^g | 7.9 E-01 | 9.5 E-01 | |
| | PM-10 ^f | 8.0 E-01 | 9.6 E-01 | |
| 7446-09-5 | Sulfur dioxide ^h | 1.2 E-03 | 1.5 E-03 | |
| | Total nonmethane hydrocarbons ^g | 3.9 E-03 | 4.7 E-03 | |
| 12789-66-1 | Total suspended particulate ^f | 8.1 E-01 | 9.7 E-01 | |
| | Hazardous Air Pollutant | s and Toxic Che | micals | |
| 83-32-9 | Acenaphthene | 1.3 E-06 | 1.5 E-06 | |
| 208-96-8 | Acenaphthylene | 2.4 E-05 | 2.9 E-05 | |
| 75-07-0 | Acetaldehyde | 0 | 0 | |
| 75-05-8 | Acetonitrile ^g | 3.5 E-04 | 4.3 E-04 | |
| 98-86-2 | Acetophenone | 4.8 E-06 | 5.8 E-06 | |
| 53-96-3 | 2-Acetylaminofluorene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 107-02-8 | Acrolein | 3.0 E-05 | 3.6 E-05 | |
| 107-13-1 | Acrylonitrile | 5.4 E-06 | 6.5 E-06 | |
| 107-05-1 | Allyl chloride | ND | ND | 2.0 E-01 |
| 92-67-1 | 4-Aminobiphenyl | ND | ND | 8.3 E-02 |
| 7664-41-7 | Ammonia | ND | ND | 5.1 E-02 |
| 62-53-3 | Aniline | ND | ND | 6.1 E-02 |
| 120-12-7 | Anthracene | 1.7 E-06 | 2.0 E-06 | |
| 7440-36-0 | Antimony ⁱ | 9.4 E-06 | 1.1 E-05 | |
| 7440-38-2 | Arsenic | 7.6 E-06 | 9.1 E-06 | |
| 71-43-2 | Benzene ^g | 8.7 E-04 | 1.0 E-03 | |
| 92-87-5 | Benzidine | ND | ND | 4.3 E-01 |
| 56-55-3 | Benzo[a]anthracene | 5.4 E-06 | 6.5 E-06 | |
| 205-99-2 | Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 6.8 E-06 | 8.2 E-06 | |
| 207-08-9 | Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 2.5 E-06 | 3.0 E-06 | |
| 191-24-2 | Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | 3.0 E-06 | 3.6 E-06 | |
| 50-32-8 | Benzo[a]pyrene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 100-44-7 | Benzyl chloride | ND | ND | 7.9 E-02 |
| 7440-41-7 | Beryllium | ND | ND | 6.8 E-04 |
| 92-52-4 | Biphenyl ^j | 8.2 E-06 | 9.8 E-06 | |
| 75-25-2 | Bromoform | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 74-83-9 | Bromomethane | ND | ND | 5.9 E-02 |
| 101-55-3 | 4-Bromophenylphenylether | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 106-99-0 | 1,3-Butadiene | 1.4 E-04 | 1.7 E-04 | |
| 71-36-3 | n-Butanol | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 85-68-7 | Butylbenzylphthalate | ND | ND | 5.1 E-03 |
| 123-72-8 | Butyraldehyde | ND | ND | 4.5 E-01 |
| 7440-43-9 | Cadmium | ND | ND | 3.8 E-04 |
| 86-74-8 | Carbazole | ND | ND | 5.3 E-03 |
| 75-15-0 | Carbon disulfide | 2.8 E-05 | 3.3 E-05 | |
| 56-23-5 | Carbon tetrachloride | ND | ND | 9.6 E-02 |
| 106-47-8 | 4-Chloroaniline | ND | ND | 5.0 E-02 |
| 108-90-7 | Chlorobenzene ^g | ND | ND | 7.1 E-02 |
| 75-00-3 | Chloroethane | 3.4 E-06 | 4.1 E-06 | |
| 111-91-1 | bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 111-44-4 | bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | ND | ND | 4.7 E-03 |
| 67-66-3 | Chloroform ^g | ND | ND | 7.4 E-02 |
| 108-60-1 | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether | ND | ND | 6.3 E-03 |
| 74-87-3 | Chloromethane | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 |
| 91-58-7 | 2-Chloronaphthalene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 7005-72-3 | 4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 7440-47-3 | Chromium ^g | 1.0 E-05 | 1.2 E-05 | |
| 218-01-9 | Chrysene | 6.8 E-06 | 8.1 E-06 | |
| 7440-48-4 | Cobalt | ND | ND | 3.8 E-03 |
| 7440-50-8 | Copper | 8.9 E-07 | 1.1 E-06 | |
| 4170-30-3 | Crotonaldehyde | 2.2 E-06 | 2.7 E-06 | |
| 98-82-8 | Cumene | ND | ND | 7.5 E-02 |
| 110-82-7 | Cyclohexane | ND | ND | 5.2 E-02 |
| 53-70-3 | Dibenz[a,h]anthracene | 1.1 E-06 | 1.3 E-06 | |
| 132-64-9 | Dibenzofuran | 2.9 E-06 | 3.5 E-06 | |
| 106-93-4 | 1,2-Dibromoethane | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 84-74-2 | Dibutylphthalate | ND | ND | 8.3 E-02 |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 95-50-1 | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 9.2 E-02 |
| 541-73-1 | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 9.2 E-02 |
| 106-46-7 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 9.2 E-02 |
| 91-94-1 | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | ND | ND | 6.2 E-02 |
| 75-27-4 | Dichlororobromomethane | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 75-71-8 | Dichlorodifluoromethane | ND | ND | 7.5 E-02 |
| 75-34-3 | 1,1-Dichloroethane | ND | ND | 6.2 E-02 |
| 107-06-2 | 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | ND | 6.2 E-02 |
| 120-83-2 | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 78-87-5 | 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | ND | 7.1 E-02 |
| 10061-02-6 | trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene | ND | ND | 6.9 E-02 |
| 76-14-2 | Dichlorotetrafluoroethane | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 |
| 60-11-7 | p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 57-97-6 | 7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene | ND | ND | 4.3 E-03 |
| 119-93-7 | 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-01 |
| 105-67-9 | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ND | ND | 5.3 E-02 |
| 131-11-3 | Dimethyl phthalate | 4.7 E-07 | 5.7 E-07 | |
| 99-65-0 | 1,3-Dinitrobenzene | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 |
| 534-52-1 | 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol | ND | ND | 7.3 E-02 |
| 51-28-5 | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ND | ND | 1.8 E-01 |
| 121-14-2 | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 |
| 606-20-2 | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 88-85-7 | Dinoseb | ND | ND | 8.3 E-03 |
| 123-91-1 | 1,4-Dioxane | ND | ND | 2.3 E-01 |
| | Total dioxin/furan compounds ^g | 3.1 E-10 | 3.7 E-10 | |
| 122-39-4 | Diphenylamine ⁱ | 8.8 E-07 | 1.1 E-06 | |
| 122-66-7 | 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | 1.8 E-05 | 2.2 E-05 | |
| 74-85-1 | Ethyleneg | 9.3 E-04 | 1.1 E-03 | |
| 117-81-7 | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | ND | ND | 8.3 E-02 |
| 206-44-0 | Fluoranthene | 2.0 E-05 | 2.4 E-05 | |
| 86-73-7 | Fluorene | 9.0 E-06 | 1.1 E-05 | |
| 50-00-0 | Formaldehyde | 0 | 0 | |
| 76-13-1 | Freon 113 | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 35822-46-9 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 5.5 E-12 | 6.7 E-12 | |
| 55673-89-7 | 1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran ⁱ | 3.0 E-12 | 3.6 E-12 | |
| 118-74-1 | Hexachlorobenzene | 1.4 E-06 | 1.7 E-06 | |
| 87-68-3 | Hexachlorobutadiene | ND | ND | 6.7 E-01 |
| 77-47-4 | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | ND | ND | 8.3 E-02 |
| 39227-28-6 | 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | ND | ND | 3.2 E-09 |
| 57653-85-7 | 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | ND | ND | 3.2 E-09 |
| 19408-74-3 | 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ⁱ | 9.3 E-13 | 1.1 E-12 | |
| 70648-26-9 | 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ⁱ | 5.5 E-12 | 6.6 E-12 | |
| 57117-44-9 | 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^h | 2.0 E-12 | 2.4 E-12 | |
| 72918-21-9 | 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^g | ND | ND | 2.1 E-09 |
| 60851-34-5 | 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^h | 1.3 E-12 | 1.6 E-12 | |
| 67-72-1 | Hexachloroethane | ND | ND | 4.5 E-03 |
| 110-54-3 | Hexane | ND | ND | 5.4 E-02 |
| 7647-01-0 | Hydrochloric acid ⁱ | 1.7 E-03 | 2.0 E-03 | |
| 74-90-8 | Hydrogen cyanide ⁱ | 5.1 E-05 | 6.1 E-05 | |
| 193-39-5 | Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | 2.8 E-06 | 3.4 E-06 | |
| 78-59-1 | Isophorone | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 67-63-0 | Isopropyl alcohol | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 120-58-1 | Isosafrole | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 7439-92-1 | Lead ^h | 3.0 E-06 | 3.6 E-06 | |
| 7439-96-5 | Manganese ^g | 8.5 E-07 | 1.0 E-06 | |
| 7439-97-6 | Mercury | ND | ND | 1.1 E-03 |
| 126-98-7 | Methacrylonitrile | ND | ND | 7.0 E-02 |
| 96-33-3 | Methyl acrylate | ND | ND | 9.0 E-02 |
| 56-49-5 | 3-Methylcholanthrene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 75-09-2 | Methylene chloride | ND | ND | 5.3 E-02 |
| 108-10-1 | Methyl isobutyl ketone | ND | ND | 6.2 E-02 |
| 80-62-6 | Methyl methacrylate | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 91-57-6 | 2-Methylnaphthalene | 2.4 E-05 | 2.9 E-05 | |
| 95-48-7 | 2-Methylphenol | 1.8 E-06 | 2.2 E-06 | |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 1634-04-4 | Methyl tert-butyl ether | ND | ND | 5.5 E-02 |
| 91-20-3 | Naphthalene | 1.4 E-04 | 1.7 E-04 | |
| 134-32-7 | 1-Naphthylamine | ND | ND | 8.3 E-02 |
| 91-59-8 | 2-Naphthylamine | ND | ND | 8.3 E-02 |
| 100-01-6 | 4-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 1.7 E-02 |
| 98-95-3 | Nitrobenzene | ND | ND | 2.4 E-02 |
| 55-63-0 | Nitroglycerin | ND | ND | 3.9 E-02 |
| 88-75-5 | 2-Nitrophenol | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 100-02-7 | 4-Nitrophenol | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 79-46-9 | 2-Nitropropane | ND | ND | 9.3 E-02 |
| 924-16-3 | N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 55-18-5 | N-Nitrosodiethylamine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 62-75-9 | N-Nitrosodimethylamine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 86-30-6 | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine ⁱ | 1.1 E-06 | 1.4 E-06 | |
| 621-64-7 | N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 59-89-2 | N-Nitrosomorpholine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 100-75-4 | N-Nitrosopiperidine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 99-55-8 | 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | ND | ND | 6.7 E-02 |
| 3268-87-9 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^h | 4.6 E-11 | 5.5 E-11 | |
| 608-93-5 | Pentachlorobenzene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 40321-76-4 | 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | ND | ND | 3.2 E-09 |
| 57117-41-6 | 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran ⁱ | 1.2 E-12 | 1.5 E-12 | |
| 57117-31-4 | 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran ⁱ | 2.6 E-12 | 3.1 E-12 | |
| 76-01-7 | Pentachloroethane | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 82-68-8 | Pentachloronitrobenzene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 87-86-5 | Pentachlorophenol | ND | ND | 2.1 E-01 |
| 85-01-8 | Phenanthrene | 3.5 E-05 | 4.2 E-05 | |
| 108-95-2 | Phenol | 2.2 E-05 | 2.6 E-05 | |
| 7723-14-0 | Phosphorus | 2.2 E-01 | 2.7 E-01 | |
| 123-38-6 | Propionaldehyde ⁱ | 3.3 E-06 | 3.9 E-06 | |
| 115-07-1 | Propylene ^g | 2.0 E-04 | 2.5 E-04 | |
| 129-00-0 | Pyrene | 5.4 E-06 | 6.5 E-06 | |
| 110-86-1 | Pyridine | ND | ND | 6.2 E-03 |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|-----------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 94-59-7 | Safrole | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 7440-22-4 | Silver | ND | ND | 5.5 E-03 |
| 100-42-5 | Styrene | 6.6 E-05 | 7.9 E-05 | |
| 1746-01-6 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | ND | ND | 2.1 E-09 |
| 51207-31-9 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran | ND | ND | 1.6 E-09 |
| 79-34-5 | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 127-18-4 | Tetrachloroethylene | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 7440-28-0 | Thallium | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 108-88-3 | Toluene ^g | 2.6 E-04 | 3.1 E-04 | |
| 95-53-4 | o-Toluidine | ND | ND | 5.3 E-02 |
| 120-82-1 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 4.7 E-01 |
| 71-55-6 | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ND | ND | 8.3 E-02 |
| 79-00-5 | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | ND | 8.3 E-02 |
| 79-01-6 | Trichloroethyleneg | ND | ND | 8.2 E-02 |
| 75-69-4 | Trichlorofluoromethane | ND | ND | 8.6 E-02 |
| 95-95-4 | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ND | ND | 1.1 E-02 |
| 88-06-2 | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | ND | ND | 6.3 E-03 |
| 96-18-4 | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | ND | ND | 3.8 E-01 |
| 95-63-6 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 5.8 E-06 | 7.0 E-06 | |
| 540-84-1 | 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 108-05-4 | Vinyl acetate | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 75-01-4 | Vinyl chloride ^g | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 75-35-4 | Vinylidene chloride | ND | ND | 6.0 E-02 |
| 106-42-3, 108-38-3 | m-Xylene, p-Xylene | 8.0 E-05 | 9.6 E-05 | |
| 95-47-6 | o-Xylene | 1.3 E-05 | 1.6 E-05 | |
| 7440-66-6 | Zinc | 9.1 E-06 | 1.1 E-05 | |
| | Other Po | llutants | | |
| 2235-15-6 | 1(2H)-Acenaphthylenone ^j | 9.4 E-06 | 1.1 E-05 | |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | 3.5 E-05 | 4.2 E-05 | |
| 74-86-2 | Acetylene ^g | 1.0 E-03 | 1.2 E-03 | |
| 19406-51-0 | 4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 2.4 E-03 |
| 100-52-7 | Benzaldehyde ⁱ | 1.3 E-05 | 1.6 E-05 | |
| 536-74-3 | Benzene, ethynyl- ^j | 6.1 E-05 | 7.4 E-05 | |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 100-80-1 | Benzene, 1-ethenyl-3-methyl- ^j | 3.2 E-05 | 3.9 E-05 | |
| 766-97-2 | Benzene, 1-ethynyl-4-methyl- ^j | 8.7 E-05 | 1.0 E-04 | |
| 527-84-4 | Benzene, 1-methyl-2-(1-methylethyl)- ^j | 2.0 E-05 | 2.4 E-05 | |
| 300-57-2 | Benzene, 2-propenyl- ^j | 2.0 E-05 | 2.4 E-05 | |
| 65-85-0 | Benzoic acid | 5.9 E-05 | 7.1 E-05 | |
| 615-22-5 | Benzothiazole, 2-(methylthio) ^j | 6.1 E-06 | 7.3 E-06 | |
| 934-34-9 | 2(3H)-Benzothiazolone ^j | 5.6 E-06 | 6.7 E-06 | |
| 100-51-6 | Benzyl alcohol | ND | ND | 2.9 E-01 |
| 106-97-8 | n-Butane ^g | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 |
| 123-51-3 | 1-Butanol, 3-methyl- ^j | 1.7 E-05 | 2.0 E-05 | |
| 106-98-9 | 1-Butene | 2.7 E-05 | 3.2 E-05 | |
| 590-18-1 | cis-2-Butene | 7.9 E-06 | 9.4 E-06 | |
| 624-64-6 | trans-2-Butene ^g | 1.0 E-05 | 1.2 E-05 | |
| 689-97-4 | 1-Buten-3-yne ^j | 1.1 E-04 | 1.3 E-04 | |
| 107-14-2 | Chloroacetonitrile | ND | ND | 7.9 E-02 |
| 2698-41-1 | o-chlorobenzalmalononitrile | ND | ND | 8.3 E-03 |
| 109-69-3 | 1-Chlorobutane | ND | ND | 2.4 E-01 |
| 59-50-7 | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | ND | ND | 5.2 E-03 |
| 90-13-1 | 1-Chloronaphthalene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 95-57-8 | 2-Chlorophenol | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 629-20-9 | 1,3,5,7-Cyclooctatetraene ^j | 9.2 E-05 | 1.1 E-04 | |
| 287-92-3 | Cyclopentane | ND | ND | 7.3 E-02 |
| 124-18-5 | n-Decane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 7785-10-6 | Deltacyclene ^j | 1.1 E-05 | 1.4 E-05 | |
| 124-48-1 | Dibromochloromethane | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 |
| 156-59-2 | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ND | 6.1 E-02 |
| 156-60-5 | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ND | 6.9 E-02 |
| 87-65-0 | 2,6-Dichlorophenol | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 10061-01-5 | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | ND | 6.9 E-02 |
| 141-93-5 | 1,3-Diethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 105-05-5 | 1,4-Diethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 84-66-2 | Diethylphthalate | ND | ND | 6.1 E-03 |
| 5779-94-2 | 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde | ND | ND | 5.6 E-02 |
| 75-83-2 | 2,2-Dimethylbutane | ND | ND | 8.9 E-02 |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 79-29-8 | 2,3-Dimethylbutane | ND | ND | 8.9 E-02 |
| 565-59-3 | 2,3-Dimethylpentane | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 108-08-7 | 2,4-Dimethylpentane | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 117-84-0 | Di-n-octylphthalate | 6.2 E-07 | 7.4 E-07 | |
| 74-84-0 | Ethane ^g | 6.2 E-05 | 7.4 E-05 | |
| 64-17-5 | Ethanol ^g | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 60-29-7 | Ethyl ether | ND | ND | 7.7 E-02 |
| 97-63-2 | Ethyl methacrylate | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 62-50-0 | Ethyl methanesulfonate | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 620-14-4 | m-Ethyltoluene | 1.2 E-05 | 1.5 E-05 | |
| 611-14-3 | o-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 |
| 622-96-8 | p-Ethyltoluene | 1.6 E-05 | 1.9 E-05 | |
| 1708-29-8 | Furan, 2,5-dihydro- ^j | 3.3 E-05 | 4.0 E-05 | |
| 17902-23-7 | Ftorafur ^j | 7.0 E-05 | 8.4 E-05 | |
| 142-82-5 | n-Heptane | ND | ND | 6.2 E-02 |
| 1888-71-7 | Hexachloropropene | ND | ND | 6.0 E-03 |
| 66-25-1 | Hexaldehyde | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 103-23-1 | Hexanedioic acid, bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester ^j | 1.1 E-05 | 1.3 E-05 | |
| 591-78-6 | 2-Hexanone | ND | ND | 2.6 E-01 |
| 592-41-6 | 1-Hexene | ND | ND | 8.7 E-02 |
| 2691-41-0 | HMX | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 95-13-6 | Indene ^j | 7.0 E-05 | 8.4 E-05 | |
| 75-28-5 | Isobutane ⁱ | 8.2 E-06 | 9.8 E-06 | |
| 78-79-5 | Isoprene | 1.8 E-04 | 2.2 E-04 | |
| 590-86-3 | Isovaleraldehyde ⁱ | 5.0 E-06 | 6.0 E-06 | |
| 5989-27-5 | d-Limonene | 2.7 E-05 | 3.3 E-05 | |
| 7439-95-4 | Magnesium | 5.9 E-06 | 7.1 E-06 | |
| 22093-99-8 | 1-Methoxy-3-methyl-2-butene ^j | 3.0 E-05 | 3.7 E-05 | |
| 108-87-2 | Methylcyclohexane | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 96-37-7 | Methylcyclopentane | ND | ND | 8.7 E-02 |
| 78-93-3 | Methyl ethyl ketone ⁱ | 4.0 E-06 | 4.8 E-06 | |
| 592-27-8 | 2-Methylheptane | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 589-81-1 | 3-Methylheptane | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 591-76-4 | 2-Methylhexane | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 2177-47-1 | 2-Methylindene ^j | 1.2 E-05 | 1.4 E-05 | |
| 66-27-3 | Methyl methanesulfonate | ND | ND | 4.6 E-03 |
| 107-83-5 | 2-Methylpentane | ND | ND | 8.9 E-02 |
| 96-14-0 | 3-Methylpentane | ND | ND | 8.9 E-02 |
| 121-45-9 | Methyl phosphite ^j | 3.6 E-05 | 4.4 E-05 | |
| 98-83-9 | alpha-Methylstyrene ^j | 1.0 E-05 | 1.2 E-05 | |
| 90-12-0 | Naphthalene, 1-methyl- ^j | 1.9 E-05 | 2.3 E-05 | |
| 612-94-2 | Naphthalene, 2-phenyl- ^j | 1.3 E-05 | 1.6 E-05 | |
| 88-74-4 | 2-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 99-09-2 | 3-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 1.7 E-02 |
| 10595-95-6 | N-Nitrosomethylethylamine ⁱ | 2.2 E-06 | 2.6 E-06 | |
| 930-55-2 | N-Nitrosopyrrolidine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 88-72-2 | 2-Nitrotoluene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 99-99-0 | 4-Nitrotoluene | ND | ND | 4.0 E-02 |
| 111-84-2 | n-Nonane | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 |
| 630-02-4 | Octacosane ^j | 4.0 E-06 | 4.8 E-06 | |
| 111-65-9 | n-Octane | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 591-93-5 | 1,4-Pentadiene ^j | 2.6 E-04 | 3.1 E-04 | |
| 78-78-4 | i-Pentane | ND | ND | 7.5 E-02 |
| 109-66-0 | n-Pentane | ND | ND | 7.5 E-02 |
| 109-67-1 | 1-Pentene | ND | ND | 7.3 E-02 |
| 627-20-3 | cis-2-Pentene | 1.5 E-05 | 1.8 E-05 | |
| 646-04-8 | trans-2-Pentene | ND | ND | 7.3 E-02 |
| 2004-69-5 | 3-Penten-1-yne, (E)- ^j | 1.2 E-04 | 1.4 E-04 | |
| 14797-73-0 | Perchlorate | ND | ND | 6.2 E-02 |
| 78-11-5 | PETN | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 62-44-2 | Phenacetin | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 548-39-0 | 1H-Phenalen-1-one ^j | 1.1 E-05 | 1.4 E-05 | |
| 536-74-3 | Phenylethyne ^j | 5.0 E-05 | 6.1 E-05 | |
| 80-56-8 | alpha-Pinene | ND | ND | 3.5 E-01 |
| 127-91-3 | beta-Pinene | ND | ND | 3.5 E-01 |
| 74-98-6 | Propane | 8.0 E-06 | 9.6 E-06 | |
| 103-65-1 | n-Propylbenzene | ND | ND | 7.5 E-02 |
| 74-99-7 | 1-Propyne ^j | 1.2 E-04 | 1.5 E-04 | |
| 121-82-4 | RDX | ND | ND | 2.3 E-03 |

TABLE A2 (cont.)

| | | | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 95-94-3 | 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene | ND | ND | 4.2 E-03 |
| 58-90-2 | 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | ND | ND | 5.4 E-03 |
| 109-99-9 | Tetrahydrofuran | ND | ND | 4.5 E-02 |
| 479-45-8 | Tetryl | ND | ND | 7.7 E-03 |
| 529-20-4 | o-Tolualdehyde | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 526-73-8 | 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 108-67-8 | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 7.5 E-02 |
| 565-75-3 | 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 99-35-4 | 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene | ND | ND | 4.0 E-03 |
| 118-96-7 | 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 3.3 E-03 |
| 1120-21-4 | Undecane | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 110-62-3 | Valeraldehyde | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |

^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

^b ND = nondetected.

^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.

^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 8.32 E-01 pounds per item.

^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.

Emission factor rated A because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

g Emission factor rated B because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

^h Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.

¹ Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.

^j Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.

TABLE A3 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC K866, ABC-M5 30-POUND HC SMOKE POT

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| | Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, and Total Suspen | | ane Hydrocarbor | ns, |
| 124-38-9 | Carbon dioxide ^f | 4.6 E-01 | 1.5 E-02 | |
| 630-08-0 | Carbon monoxide ^h | 7.9 E-01 | 2.5 E-02 | |
| 7439-92-1 | Lead ⁱ | 2.4 E-02 | 7.8 E-04 | |
| | Oxides of nitrogen ^g | 2.6 E-03 | 8.4 E-05 | |
| | PM-2.5 ^g | 17 | 5.6 E-01 | |
| | PM-10 ^f | 32 | 1.0 | |
| 7446-09-5 | Sulfur dioxide ⁱ | 4.4 E-03 | 1.4 E-04 | |
| | Total nonmethane hydrocarbons ⁱ | 1.7 E-02 | 5.4 E-04 | |
| 12789-66-1 | Total suspended particulate ^f | 21 | 6.9 E-01 | |
| | Hazardous Air Pollutant | s and Toxic Che | micals | |
| 83-32-9 | Acenaphthene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 208-96-8 | Acenaphthylene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 75-07-0 | Acetaldehyde | ND_ | ND | 8.3 E-03 |
| 75-05-8 | Acetonitrile ⁱ | 3.1 E-04 | 1.0 E-05 | |
| 98-86-2 | Acetophenone | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 53-96-3 | 2-Acetylaminofluorene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 107-02-8 | Acrolein | ND | ND | 3.5 E-01 |
| 107-13-1 | Acrylonitrile | ND | ND | 6.8 E-02 |
| 107-05-1 | Allyl chloride | ND | ND | 4.8 E-01 |
| 7429-90-5 | Aluminum ^j | 1.6 E-01 | 5.1 E-03 | |
| 92-67-1 | 4-Aminobiphenyl | ND | ND | 5.0 E-01 |
| 7664-41-7 | Ammonia | ND | ND | 5.3 E-02 |
| 62-53-3 | Aniline | ND | ND | 3.7 E-01 |
| 120-12-7 | Anthracene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 7440-36-0 | Antimony | 1.3 E-03 | 4.3 E-05 | |
| 7440-38-2 | Arsenic ^j | 1.5 E-04 | 4.7 E-06 | |
| 71-43-2 | Benzene ^g | 4.9 E-04 | 1.6 E-05 | |
| 29082-74-4 | Benzene, pentachloro(trichloroethenyl)-k | 3.7 E-04 | 1.2 E-05 | |
| 92-87-5 | Benzidine | ND | ND | 2.6 |
| 56-55-3 | Benzo[a]anthracene | ND | ND | 2.9 E-02 |
| 205-99-2 | Benzo[b]fluoranthene | ND | ND | 5.5 E-02 |
| 207-08-9 | Benzo[k]fluoranthene | ND | ND | 3.1 E-02 |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 191-24-2 | Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | ND | ND | 8.0 E-02 |
| 50-32-8 | Benzo[a]pyrene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 100-44-7 | Benzyl chloride | ND | ND | 2.1 E-01 |
| 7440-41-7 | Beryllium | ND | ND | 3.0 E-03 |
| 75-25-2 | Bromoform | ND | ND | 4.1 E-01 |
| 74-83-9 | Bromomethane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 101-55-3 | 4-Bromophenylphenylether | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 106-99-0 | 1,3-Butadiene | ND | ND | 8.8 E-02 |
| 71-36-3 | n-Butanol | ND | ND | 4.6 E-01 |
| 85-68-7 | Butylbenzylphthalate | ND | ND | 3.1 E-02 |
| 123-72-8 | Butyraldehyde | ND | ND | 1.2 |
| 7440-43-9 | Cadmium ^j | 1.8 E-03 | 5.7 E-05 | |
| 86-74-8 | Carbazole | ND | ND | 3.2 E-02 |
| 75-15-0 | Carbon disulfide | 4.6 E-03 | 1.5 E-04 | |
| 56-23-5 | Carbon tetrachloride ^j | 2.7 E-02 | 8.6 E-04 | |
| 7782-50-5 | Chlorine | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 106-47-8 | 4-Chloroaniline | ND | ND | 3.0 E-01 |
| 108-90-7 | Chlorobenzene ^g | ND | ND | 1.8 E-01 |
| 75-00-3 | Chloroethane | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 111-91-1 | bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 111-44-4 | bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 67-66-3 | Chloroform ⁱ | 1.4 E-03 | 4.4 E-05 | |
| 108-60-1 | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether | ND | ND | 3.8 E-02 |
| 74-87-3 | Chloromethane ^j | 5.4 E-04 | 1.7 E-05 | |
| 91-58-7 | 2-Chloronaphthalene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 7005-72-3 | 4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 7440-47-3 | Chromium ⁱ | 2.6 E-04 | 8.4 E-06 | |
| 218-01-9 | Chrysene | ND | ND | 3.2 E-02 |
| 7440-48-4 | Cobalt | ND | ND | 1.7 E-02 |
| 7440-50-8 | Copper ^j | 3.6 E-02 | 1.2 E-03 | |
| 4170-30-3 | Crotonaldehyde | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 |
| 98-82-8 | Cumene | ND | ND | 2.0 E-01 |
| 110-82-7 | Cyclohexane | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 53-70-3 | Dibenz[a,h]anthracene | ND | ND | 3.0 E-02 |
| 132-64-9 | Dibenzofuran | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 106-93-4 | 1,2-Dibromoethane | ND | ND | 3.1 E-01 |
| 84-74-2 | Dibutylphthalate | ND | ND | 5.0 E-01 |
| 95-50-1 | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 2.4 E-01 |
| 541-73-1 | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 2.4 E-01 |
| 106-46-7 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 2.4 E-01 |
| 91-94-1 | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | ND | ND | 3.7 E-01 |
| 75-27-4 | Dichlororobromomethane | ND | ND | 2.7 E-01 |
| 75-71-8 | Dichlorodifluoromethane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-01 |
| 75-34-3 | 1,1-Dichloroethane | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 107-06-2 | 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 120-83-2 | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 78-87-5 | 1,2-Dichloropropane ^j | 1.4 E-04 | 4.4 E-06 | |
| 10061-02-6 | trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene | ND | ND | 1.8 E-01 |
| 76-14-2 | Dichlorotetrafluoroethane | ND | ND | 2.8 E-01 |
| 60-11-7 | p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 57-97-6 | 7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene | ND | ND | 2.6 E-02 |
| 119-93-7 | 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine | ND | ND | 2.5 |
| 105-67-9 | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ND | ND | 3.2 E-01 |
| 131-11-3 | Dimethyl phthalate | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 99-65-0 | 1,3-Dinitrobenzene | ND | ND | 8.7 E-03 |
| 534-52-1 | 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol | ND | ND | 4.4 E-01 |
| 51-28-5 | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ND | ND | 1.1 |
| 121-14-2 | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | 1.6 E-03 | 5.3 E-05 | |
| 606-20-2 | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-03 |
| 88-85-7 | Dinoseb | ND | ND | 5.0 E-02 |
| 123-91-1 | 1,4-Dioxane | ND | ND | 5.5 E-01 |
| | Total dioxin/furan compounds ^g | 1.2 E-05 | 4.0 E-07 | |
| 122-39-4 | Diphenylamine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 122-66-7 | 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.7 E-01 |
| 74-85-1 | Ethylene ⁱ | 6.7 E-04 | 2.2 E-05 | |
| 117-81-7 | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | ND | ND | 5.0 E-01 |
| 206-44-0 | Fluoranthene | ND | ND | 2.7 E-02 |
| 86-73-7 | Fluorene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 50-00-0 | Formaldehyde | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 76-13-1 | Freon 113 | ND | ND | 3.0 E-01 |
| 35822-46-9 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 1.5 E-08 | 4.9 E-10 | |
| 67562-39-4 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran ^j | 1.5 E-06 | 4.8 E-08 | |
| 55673-89-7 | 1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran ^j | 1.7 E-07 | 5.6 E-09 | |
| 118-74-1 | Hexachlorobenzene | 2.1 E-02 | 6.9 E-04 | |
| 87-68-3 | Hexachlorobutadiene | 1.4 E-03 | 4.5 E-05 | |
| 77-47-4 | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene ^j | 1.3 E-02 | 4.2 E-04 | |
| 39227-28-6 | 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | 1.5 E-09 | 4.8 E-11 | |
| 57653-85-7 | 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | 3.8 E-09 | 1.2 E-10 | |
| 19408-74-3 | 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | 4.1 E-09 | 1.3 E-10 | |
| 70648-26-9 | 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^j | 1.8 E-07 | 5.9 E-09 | |
| 57117-44-9 | 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | 7.8 E-08 | 2.5 E-09 | |
| 72918-21-9 | 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ⁱ | 1.2 E-08 | 3.9 E-10 | |
| 60851-34-5 | 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ⁱ | 6.8 E-08 | 2.2 E-09 | |
| 67-72-1 | Hexachloroethane ^j | 2.0 E-03 | 6.5 E-05 | |
| 110-54-3 | Hexane | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 7647-01-0 | Hydrochloric acid | 2.8 E-01 | 9.1 E-03 | |
| 74-90-8 | Hydrogen cyanide | ND | ND | 2.3 E-01 |
| 193-39-5 | Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene ^j | 6.9 E-04 | 2.2 E-05 | |
| 78-59-1 | Isophorone ^j | 5.5 E-03 | 1.8 E-04 | |
| 67-63-0 | Isopropyl alcohol | ND | ND | 3.7 E-01 |
| 120-58-1 | Isosafrole | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 7439-92-1 | Lead ⁱ | 2.4 E-02 | 7.8 E-04 | 1.0 E-01 |
| 7439-96-5 | Manganese ⁱ | 6.5 E-03 | 2.1 E-04 | |
| 7439-97-6 | Mercury ^j | ND | ND | 4.7 E-03 |
| 126-98-7 | Methacrylonitrile | ND | ND | 8.7 E-02 |
| 96-33-3 | Methyl acrylate | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 |
| 56-49-5 | 3-Methylcholanthrene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 75-09-2 | Methylene chloride ^j | 7.0 E-04 | 2.3 E-05 | |
| 108-10-1 | Methyl isobutyl ketone | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 80-62-6 | Methyl methacrylate | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 |
| 91-57-6 | 2-Methylnaphthalene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 95-48-7 | 2-Methylphenol | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 1634-04-4 | Methyl tert-butyl ether | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 91-20-3 | Naphthalene | ND | ND | 8.0 E-01 |
| 2234-13-1 | Naphthalene, octachloro-k | 7.6 E-04 | 2.5 E-05 | |
| 134-32-7 | 1-Naphthylamine | ND | ND | 5.0 E-01 |
| 91-59-8 | 2-Naphthylamine | ND | ND | 5.0 E-01 |
| 7440-02-0 | Nickel ^g | 3.3 E-04 | 1.1 E-05 | |
| 100-01-6 | 4-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 98-95-3 | Nitrobenzene | ND | ND | 9.7 E-03 |
| 55-63-0 | Nitroglycerin | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 88-75-5 | 2-Nitrophenol | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 100-02-7 | 4-Nitrophenol | ND | ND | 1.7 E-01 |
| 79-46-9 | 2-Nitropropane | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 |
| 924-16-3 | N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 55-18-5 | N-Nitrosodiethylamine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 62-75-9 | N-Nitrosodimethylamine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 86-30-6 | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | ND | ND | 4.4 E-02 |
| 621-64-7 | N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 59-89-2 | N-Nitrosomorpholine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 100-75-4 | N-Nitrosopiperidine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 99-55-8 | 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | ND | ND | 4.0 E-01 |
| 3268-87-9 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 5.3 E-08 | 1.7 E-09 | |
| 39001-02-0 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran ^j | 1.2 E-05 | 3.7 E-07 | |
| 608-93-5 | Pentachlorobenzene | 8.8 E-04 | 2.8 E-05 | |
| 40321-76-4 | 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 2.8 E-09 | 8.9 E-11 | |
| 57117-41-6 | 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran | 3.5 E-08 | 1.1 E-09 | |
| 57117-31-4 | 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran ^j | 5.9 E-08 | 1.9 E-09 | |
| 76-01-7 | Pentachloroethane | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 82-68-8 | Pentachloronitrobenzene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 87-86-5 | Pentachlorophenol | ND | ND | 1.3 |
| 85-01-8 | Phenanthrene | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|-----------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 108-95-2 | Phenol | ND | ND | 4.5 E-02 |
| 7723-14-0 | Phosphorus | ND | ND | 6.8 E-03 |
| 123-38-6 | Propionaldehyde | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 |
| 115-07-1 | Propylene ⁱ | 1.5 E-05 | 4.9 E-07 | |
| 129-00-0 | Pyrene | ND | ND | 2.7 E-02 |
| 110-86-1 | Pyridine | ND | ND | 3.7 E-02 |
| 94-59-7 | Safrole | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 7440-22-4 | Silver | 5.4 E-05 | 1.7 E-06 | |
| 100-42-5 | Styrene | ND | ND | 1.7 E-01 |
| 1746-01-6 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 1.5 E-09 | 4.9 E-11 | |
| 51207-31-9 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran | 1.1 E-08 | 3.6 E-10 | |
| 79-34-5 | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | ND | 2.7 E-01 |
| 127-18-4 | Tetrachloroethylene | 4.3 E-02 | 1.4 E-03 | |
| 7440-28-0 | Thallium ^j | ND | ND | 1.3 E-02 |
| 108-88-3 | Toluene ^g | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 95-53-4 | o-Toluidine | ND | ND | 3.2 E-01 |
| 120-82-1 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 1.1 |
| 71-55-6 | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 79-00-5 | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 79-01-6 | Trichloroethylene ⁱ | 3.2 E-04 | 1.0 E-05 | |
| 75-69-4 | Trichlorofluoromethane | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 95-95-4 | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ND | ND | 6.5 E-02 |
| 88-06-2 | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol ^j | 9.5 E-04 | 3.1 E-05 | |
| 96-18-4 | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | ND | ND | 9.2 E-01 |
| 95-63-6 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 540-84-1 | 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 108-05-4 | Vinyl acetate | ND | ND | 5.4 E-01 |
| 75-01-4 | Vinyl chloride ^g | 1.2 E-04 | 4.0 E-06 | 5.4 E-01 |
| 75-35-4 | Vinylidene chloride | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 106-42-3, 108-38-3 | m-Xylene, p-Xylene | ND | ND | 1.7 E-01 |
| 95-47-6 | o-Xylene | ND | ND | 1.7 E-01 |
| 7440-66-6 | Zinc | 9.4 E-02 | 3.0 E-03 | |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum | |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} | |
| | Other Po | llutants | | | |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 | |
| 74-86-2 | Acetylene ⁱ | 1.7 E-03 | 5.4 E-05 | | |
| 19406-51-0 | 4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene | 1.5 E-03 | 4.9 E-05 | | |
| 100-52-7 | Benzaldehyde | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 | |
| 1074-11-9 | Benzene, (1,2-dichloroethyl)- ^k | 1.4 E-04 | 4.6 E-06 | | |
| 65-85-0 | Benzoic acid ^j | 6.1 E-02 | 2.0 E-03 | | |
| 93-58-3 | Benzoic acid, methyl ester ^k | 1.0 E-04 | 3.4 E-06 | | |
| 20925-85-3 | Benzonitrile, pentachloro-k | 1.5 E-04 | 4.9 E-06 | | |
| 100-51-6 | Benzyl alcohol | ND | ND | 1.8 | |
| 106-97-8 | n-Butane ^g | ND | ND | 3.6 E-02 | |
| 106-98-9 | 1-Butene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-02 | |
| 590-18-1 | cis-2-Butene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-02 | |
| 624-64-6 | trans-2-Butene ^g | 1.2 E-04 | 3.8 E-06 | | |
| 107-14-2 | Chloroacetonitrile | ND | ND | 9.7 E-02 | |
| 2698-41-1 | o-chlorobenzalmalononitrile | ND | ND | 5.0 E-02 | |
| 109-69-3 | 1-Chlorobutane | ND | ND | 3.0 E-01 | |
| 59-50-7 | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | ND | ND | 3.1 E-02 | |
| 90-13-1 | 1-Chloronaphthalene ^j | 6.5 E-04 | 2.1 E-05 | | |
| 95-57-8 | 2-Chlorophenol | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 | |
| 822-86-6 | Cyclohexane, 1,2-dichloro-, trans- ^k | 6.0 E-05 | 1.9 E-06 | | |
| 287-92-3 | Cyclopentane | ND | ND | 9.0 E-02 | |
| 124-18-5 | n-Decane | ND | ND | 1.8 E-01 | |
| 124-48-1 | Dibromochloromethane | ND | ND | 3.4 E-01 | |
| 156-59-2 | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 | |
| 156-60-5 | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ND | 1.8 E-01 | |
| 87-65-0 | 2,6-Dichlorophenol | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 | |
| 10061-01-5 | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | ND | 1.8 E-01 | |
| 141-93-5 | 1,3-Diethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.7 E-01 | |
| 105-05-5 | 1,4-Diethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.7 E-01 | |
| 84-66-2 | Diethylphthalate | ND | ND | 3.7 E-02 | |
| 5779-94-2 | 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde ^j | 1.6 E-05 | 5.3 E-07 | | |
| 75-83-2 | 2,2-Dimethylbutane | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 | |
| 79-29-8 | 2,3-Dimethylbutane | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 | |
| 565-59-3 | 2,3-Dimethylpentane | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 | |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} | |
| 108-08-7 | 2,4-Dimethylpentane | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 | |
| 117-84-0 | Di-n-octylphthalate ^j | 7.3 E-04 | 2.4 E-05 | | |
| 74-84-0 | Ethane ⁱ | 3.8 E-05 | 1.2 E-06 | | |
| 64-17-5 | Ethanol ^g | ND | ND | 2.9 E-01 | |
| 60-29-7 | Ethyl ether | ND | ND | 9.6 E-02 | |
| 97-63-2 | Ethyl methacrylate | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 | |
| 62-50-0 | Ethyl methanesulfonate | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 | |
| 620-14-4 | m-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 | |
| 611-14-3 | o-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 | |
| 622-96-8 | p-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 | |
| 142-82-5 | n-Heptane | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 | |
| 1888-71-7 | Hexachloropropene | 1.1 E-03 | 3.7 E-05 | | |
| 66-25-1 | Hexaldehyde | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 | |
| 591-78-6 | 2-Hexanone | ND | ND | 6.2 E-01 | |
| 592-41-6 | 1-Hexene | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 | |
| 2691-41-0 | HMX | ND | ND | 4.2 E-02 | |
| 75-28-5 | Isobutane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-02 | |
| 78-79-5 | Isoprene | ND | ND | 8.8 E-02 | |
| 590-86-3 | Isovaleraldehyde | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 | |
| 5989-27-5 | d-Limonene | ND | ND | 8.5 E-01 | |
| 7439-95-4 | Magnesium ^j | 4.2 E-03 | 1.3 E-04 | | |
| 108-87-2 | Methylcyclohexane | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 | |
| 96-37-7 | Methylcyclopentane | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 | |
| 78-93-3 | Methyl ethyl ketone | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 | |
| 592-27-8 | 2-Methylheptane | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 | |
| 589-81-1 | 3-Methylheptane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 | |
| 591-76-4 | 2-Methylhexane | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 | |
| 66-27-3 | Methyl methanesulfonate | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 | |
| 107-83-5 | 2-Methylpentane | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 | |
| 96-14-0 | 3-Methylpentane | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 | |
| 88-74-4 | 2-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 | |
| 99-09-2 | 3-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 | |
| 10595-95-6 | N-Nitrosomethylethylamine | ND | ND | 4.2 E-02 | |
| 930-55-2 | N-Nitrosopyrrolidine | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 | |
| 88-72-2 | 2-Nitrotoluene | ND | ND | 5.7 E-02 | |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 99-99-0 | 4-Nitrotoluene | 3.4 E-02 | 1.1 E-03 | |
| 111-84-2 | n-Nonane | ND | ND | 1.7 E-01 |
| 111-65-9 | n-Octane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 78-78-4 | i-Pentane ^j | 9.4 E-05 | 3.0 E-06 | |
| 109-66-0 | n-Pentane | ND | ND | 9.3 E-02 |
| 109-67-1 | 1-Pentene | ND | ND | 9.0 E-02 |
| 627-20-3 | cis-2-Pentene | ND | ND | 9.0 E-02 |
| 646-04-8 | trans-2-Pentene | ND | ND | 9.0 E-02 |
| 14797-73-0 | Perchlorate | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 |
| 78-11-5 | PETN | ND | ND | 1.1 E-02 |
| 62-44-2 | Phenacetin | ND | ND | 2.5 E-02 |
| 80-56-8 | alpha-Pinene | ND | ND | 8.5 E-01 |
| 127-91-3 | beta-Pinene | ND | ND | 8.5 E-01 |
| 74-98-6 | Propane | 1.1 E-05 | 3.6 E-07 | |
| 103-65-1 | n-Propylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 121-82-4 | RDX | ND | ND | 9.2 E-04 |
| 95-94-3 | 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene ^j | 6.6 E-04 | 2.1 E-05 | |
| 58-90-2 | 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol ^j | 9.0 E-04 | 2.9 E-05 | |
| 109-99-9 | Tetrahydrofuran | ND | ND | 1.2 E-01 |
| 479-45-8 | Tetryl | ND | ND | 3.1 E-03 |
| 529-20-4 | o-Tolualdehyde | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 |
| 526-73-8 | 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 108-67-8 | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 565-75-3 | 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 99-35-4 | 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene | 5.7 E-06 | 1.8 E-07 | |
| 118-96-7 | 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-03 |
| 1120-21-4 | Undecane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-01 |
| 110-62-3 | Valeraldehyde | ND | ND | 2.1 E-02 |

TABLE A3 (cont.)

- ^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
- ^b ND = nondetected.
- ^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.
- ^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 31.0 pounds per item.
- ^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.
- ^f Emission factor rated A because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.
- g Emission factor rated B because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.
- h Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a B rating.
- ⁱ Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.
- ^j Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.
- ^k Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.



TABLE A4 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC K867, M4A2 FLOATING TYPE HC SMOKE POT

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| | Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, and Total Suspen | | ane Hydrocarbor | ns, |
| 124-38-9 | Carbon dioxide ^f | 5.3 E-01 | 1.9 E-02 | |
| 630-08-0 | Carbon monoxide ^h | 8.9 E-01 | 3.2 E-02 | |
| 7439-92-1 | Lead ^g | 1.6 E-02 | 5.9 E-04 | |
| | Oxides of nitrogen ^g | 2.8 E-03 | 1.0 E-04 | |
| | PM-2.5 ^g | 23 | 8.2 E-01 | |
| | PM-10 ^f | 30 | 1.1 | |
| 7446-09-5 | Sulfur dioxide ⁱ | 3.2 E-03 | 1.1 E-04 | |
| | Total nonmethane hydrocarbons ^g | 2.2 E-02 | 7.9 E-04 | |
| 12789-66-1 | Total suspended particulate ^f | 42 | 1.5 | |
| | Hazardous Air Pollutant | s and Toxic Che | micals | |
| 83-32-9 | Acenaphthene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 208-96-8 | Acenaphthylene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 75-07-0 | Acetaldehyde | 2.3 E-04 | 8.2 E-06 | |
| 75-05-8 | Acetonitrile ^g | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 98-86-2 | Acetophenone | ND | ND | 40 |
| 53-96-3 | 2-Acetylaminofluorene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 107-02-8 | Acrolein | ND | ND | 7.0 E-01 |
| 107-13-1 | Acrylonitrile | ND | ND | 1.1 E-01 |
| 107-05-1 | Allyl chloride | ND | ND | 9.6 E-01 |
| 7429-90-5 | Aluminum | 1.5 E-01 | 5.3 E-03 | |
| 92-67-1 | 4-Aminobiphenyl | ND | ND | 170 |
| 7664-41-7 | Ammonia | ND | ND | 2.1 E-01 |
| 62-53-3 | Aniline | ND | ND | 120 |
| 120-12-7 | Anthracene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 7440-36-0 | Antimony | ND | ND | 2.0 E-02 |
| 7440-38-2 | Arsenic | 7.1 E-06 | 2.6 E-07 | |
| 71-43-2 | Benzene ^g | 3.9 E-04 | 1.4 E-05 | |
| 92-87-5 | Benzidine | ND | ND | 870 |
| 56-55-3 | Benzo[a]anthracene | ND | ND | 9.7 |
| 205-99-2 | Benzo[b]fluoranthene | ND | ND | 18 |
| 207-08-9 | Benzo[k]fluoranthene | ND | ND | 10 |
| 191-24-2 | Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | ND | ND | 27 |

TABLE A4 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 50-32-8 | Benzo[a]pyrene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 100-44-7 | Benzyl chloride | ND | ND | 3.9 E-01 |
| 7440-41-7 | Beryllium | ND | ND | 2.2 E-03 |
| 75-25-2 | Bromoform | ND | ND | 7.9 E-01 |
| 74-83-9 | Bromomethane | ND | ND | 3.0 E-01 |
| 101-55-3 | 4-Bromophenylphenylether | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 106-99-0 | 1,3-Butadiene | 1.0 E-04 | 3.8 E-06 | |
| 71-36-3 | n-Butanol | ND | ND | 9.2 E-01 |
| 85-68-7 | Butylbenzylphthalate | ND | ND | 10 |
| 123-72-8 | Butyraldehyde | ND | ND | 2.2 |
| 7440-43-9 | Cadmium | 5.4 E-03 | 2.0 E-04 | |
| 86-74-8 | Carbazole | ND | ND | 11 |
| 75-15-0 | Carbon disulfide | 9.7 E-04 | 3.5 E-05 | |
| 56-23-5 | Carbon tetrachloride | 1.1 E-02 | 4.1 E-04 | |
| 7782-50-5 | Chlorine | ND | ND | 8.6 E-01 |
| 106-47-8 | 4-Chloroaniline | ND | ND | 100 |
| 108-90-7 | Chlorobenzeneg | ND | ND | 3.5 E-01 |
| 75-00-3 | Chloroethane | ND | ND | 2.0 E-01 |
| 111-91-1 | bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 111-44-4 | bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether | ND | ND | 9.3 |
| 67-66-3 | Chloroform ^g | 5.4 E-04 | 2.0 E-05 | |
| 108-60-1 | bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether | ND | ND | 13 |
| 74-87-3 | Chloromethane | ND | ND | 6.3 E-01 |
| 91-58-7 | 2-Chloronaphthalene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 7005-72-3 | 4-Chlorophenylphenyl ether | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 7440-47-3 | Chromium ^g | 1.6 E-04 | 6.0 E-06 | |
| 218-01-9 | Chrysene | ND | ND | 11 |
| 7440-48-4 | Cobalt | 1.3 E-05 | 4.8 E-07 | |
| 7440-50-8 | Copper | 2.3 E-02 | 8.4 E-04 | |
| 4170-30-3 | Crotonaldehyde | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 98-82-8 | Cumene | ND | ND | 3.8 E-01 |
| 110-82-7 | Cyclohexane | ND | ND | 2.6 E-01 |
| 53-70-3 | Dibenz[a,h]anthracene | ND | ND | 10 |
| 132-64-9 | Dibenzofuran | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 106-93-4 | 1,2-Dibromoethane | ND | ND | 5.9 E-01 |

TABLE A4 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 84-74-2 | Dibutylphthalate | ND | ND | 170 |
| 95-50-1 | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 4.6 E-01 |
| 541-73-1 | 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 4.6 E-01 |
| 106-46-7 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 4.6 E-01 |
| 91-94-1 | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | ND | ND | 120 |
| 75-27-4 | Dichlororobromomethane | ND | ND | 5.1 E-01 |
| 75-71-8 | Dichlorodifluoromethane | ND | ND | 3.8 E-01 |
| 75-34-3 | 1,1-Dichloroethane | ND | ND | 3.1 E-01 |
| 107-06-2 | 1,2-Dichloroethane | ND | ND | 3.1 E-01 |
| 120-83-2 | 2,4-Dichlorophenol | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 78-87-5 | 1,2-Dichloropropane | ND | ND | 3.5 E-01 |
| 10061-02-6 | trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene | ND | ND | 3.5 E-01 |
| 76-14-2 | Dichlorotetrafluoroethane | ND | ND | 5.3 E-01 |
| 60-11-7 | p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 57-97-6 | 7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene | ND | ND | 8.7 |
| 119-93-7 | 3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine | ND | ND | 830 |
| 105-67-9 | 2,4-Dimethylphenol | ND | ND | 110 |
| 131-11-3 | Dimethyl phthalate | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 99-65-0 | 1,3-Dinitrobenzene | ND | ND | 7.8 E-02 |
| 534-52-1 | 4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol | ND | ND | 150 |
| 51-28-5 | 2,4-Dinitrophenol | ND | ND | 370 |
| 121-14-2 | 2,4-Dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 7.7 E-02 |
| 606-20-2 | 2,6-Dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 1.4 E-02 |
| 88-85-7 | Dinoseb | ND | ND | 17 |
| 123-91-1 | 1,4-Dioxane | ND | ND | 1.1 |
| | Total dioxin/furan compounds ^g | 4.1 E-06 | 1.5 E-07 | |
| 122-39-4 | Diphenylamine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 122-66-7 | 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 100-41-4 | Ethylbenzene | ND | ND | 3.3 E-01 |
| 74-85-1 | Ethylene ^g | 4.9 E-04 | 1.8 E-05 | |
| 117-81-7 | bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate | ND | ND | 170 |
| 206-44-0 | Fluoranthene | ND | ND | 9.0 |
| 86-73-7 | Fluorene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 50-00-0 | Formaldehyde | 0 | 0 | |
| 76-13-1 | Freon 113 | ND | ND | 5.8 E-01 |

TABLE A4 (cont.)

| | | Emission | Factor ^{b,c} | Minimum |
|--------------------|--|-------------|-------------------------------|--|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 35822-46-9 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 1.0 E-08 | 3.8 E-10 | |
| 67562-39-4 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran | 3.3 E-07 | 1.2 E-08 | |
| 55673-89-7 | 1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran | 8.7 E-08 | 3.2 E-09 | |
| 118-74-1 | Hexachlorobenzene | 7.4 E-02 | 2.7 E-03 | |
| 87-68-3 | Hexachlorobutadiene | 1.5 E-03 | 5.5 E-05 | |
| 77-47-4 | Hexachlorocyclopentadiene | ND | ND | 170 |
| 39227-28-6 | 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^j | 8.4 E-10 | 3.1 E-11 | |
| 57653-85-7 | 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | 1.5 E-09 | 5.5 E-11 | |
| 19408-74-3 | 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin | 1.9 E-09 | 6.8 E-11 | |
| 70648-26-9 | 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran | 1.0 E-07 | 3.8 E-09 | |
| 57117-44-9 | 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^g | 5.7 E-08 | 2.1 E-09 | |
| 72918-21-9 | 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^g | 1.2 E-08 | 4.3 E-10 | |
| 60851-34-5 | 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^g | 3.6 E-08 | 1.3 E-09 | |
| 67-72-1 | Hexachloroethane | ND | ND | 9.0 |
| 110-54-3 | Hexane | ND | ND | 2.7 E-01 |
| 7647-01-0 | Hydrochloric acid | 4.5 E-01 | 1.7 E-02 | |
| 74-90-8 | Hydrogen cyanide | ND | ND | 1.0 |
| 193-39-5 | Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | ND | ND | 9.0 |
| 78-59-1 | Isophorone | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 67-63-0 | Isopropyl alcohol | ND | ND | 7.5 E-01 |
| 120-58-1 | Isosafrole | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 7439-92-1 | Lead ^g | 1.6 E-02 | 5.9 E-04 | 33 |
| 7439-96-5 | Manganese ^g | 5.3 E-03 | 1.9 E-04 | |
| 7439-97-6 | Mercury | ND | ND | 3.5 E-03 |
| 126-98-7 | Methacrylonitrile | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 96-33-3 | Methyl acrylate | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 56-49-5 | 3-Methylcholanthrene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 75-09-2 | Methylene chloride | 4.2 E-04 | 1.5 E-05 | |
| 108-10-1 | Methyl isobutyl ketone | ND | ND | 3.1 E-01 |
| 80-62-6 | Methyl methacrylate | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |

TABLE A4 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 91-57-6 | 2-Methylnaphthalene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 95-48-7 | 2-Methylphenol | ND | ND | 50 |
| 1634-04-4 | Methyl tert-butyl ether | ND | ND | 2.8 E-01 |
| 91-20-3 | Naphthalene | ND | ND | 10 |
| 134-32-7 | 1-Naphthylamine | ND | ND | 170 |
| 91-59-8 | 2-Naphthylamine | ND | ND | 170 |
| 7440-02-0 | Nickel ⁱ | 2.8 E-04 | 1.0 E-05 | |
| 100-01-6 | 4-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 33 |
| 98-95-3 | Nitrobenzene | ND | ND | 8.7 E-02 |
| 55-63-0 | Nitroglycerin | ND | ND | 1.4 E-01 |
| 88-75-5 | 2-Nitrophenol | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 100-02-7 | 4-Nitrophenol | ND | ND | 53 |
| 79-46-9 | 2-Nitropropane | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 924-16-3 | N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 55-18-5 | N-Nitrosodiethylamine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 62-75-9 | N-Nitrosodimethylamine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 86-30-6 | N-Nitrosodiphenylamine | ND | ND | 15 |
| 621-64-7 | N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 59-89-2 | N-Nitrosomorpholine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 100-75-4 | N-Nitrosopiperidine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 99-55-8 | 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | ND | ND | 130 |
| 3268-87-9 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 1.8 E-08 | 6.6 E-10 | |
| 39001-02-0 | 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran | 3.7 E-06 | 1.3 E-07 | |
| 608-93-5 | Pentachlorobenzene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 40321-76-4 | 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 2.0 E-09 | 7.3 E-11 | |
| 57117-41-6 | 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran | 4.0 E-08 | 1.5 E-09 | |
| 57117-31-4 | 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran | 3.5 E-08 | 1.3 E-09 | |
| 76-01-7 | Pentachloroethane | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 82-68-8 | Pentachloronitrobenzene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 87-86-5 | Pentachlorophenol | ND | ND | 400 |
| 85-01-8 | Phenanthrene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 108-95-2 | Phenol | ND | ND | 15 |
| 7723-14-0 | Phosphorus | 1.5 E-03 | 5.3 E-05 | |

TABLE A4 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 123-38-6 | Propionaldehyde | 7.0 E-05 | 2.6 E-06 | |
| 115-07-1 | Propylene ^g | 1.5 E-04 | 5.5 E-06 | |
| 129-00-0 | Pyrene | ND | ND | 8.7 |
| 110-86-1 | Pyridine | ND | ND | 12 |
| 94-59-7 | Safrole | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 7782-49-2 | Selenium ^g | 2.9 E-05 | 1.1 E-06 | |
| 7440-22-4 | Silver | ND | ND | 2.4 E-02 |
| 100-42-5 | Styrene | ND | ND | 3.2 E-01 |
| 1746-01-6 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin ^g | 8.3 E-10 | 3.0 E-11 | |
| 51207-31-9 | 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran | 2.1 E-08 | 7.5 E-10 | |
| 79-34-5 | 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | ND | ND | 5.2 E-01 |
| 127-18-4 | Tetrachloroethylene | 7.9 E-02 | 2.9 E-03 | |
| 7440-28-0 | Thallium | ND | ND | 1.0 E-02 |
| 108-88-3 | Tolueneg | 2.0 E-04 | 7.3 E-06 | |
| 95-53-4 | o-Toluidine | ND | ND | 110 |
| 120-82-1 | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | ND | ND | 2.3 |
| 71-55-6 | 1,1,1-Trichloroethane | ND | ND | 4.2 E-01 |
| 79-00-5 | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | ND | ND | 4.1 E-01 |
| 79-01-6 | Trichloroethyleneg | 3.7 E-04 | 1.3 E-05 | |
| 75-69-4 | Trichlorofluoromethane | ND | ND | 4.3 E-01 |
| 95-95-4 | 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol | ND | ND | 22 |
| 88-06-2 | 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol | ND | ND | 13 |
| 96-18-4 | 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | ND | ND | 1.8 |
| 95-63-6 | 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 3.7 E-01 |
| 540-84-1 | 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane | ND | ND | 2.5 E-01 |
| 108-05-4 | Vinyl acetate | ND | ND | 1.1 |
| 75-01-4 | Vinyl chloride ^g | 2.2 E-04 | 7.8 E-06 | 1.1 |
| 75-35-4 | Vinylidene chloride | 1.3 E-04 | 4.6 E-06 | |
| 106-42-3, 108-38-3 | m-Xylene, p-Xylene | ND | ND | 3.3 E-01 |
| 95-47-6 | o-Xylene | ND | ND | 3.3 E-01 |
| 7440-66-6 | Zinc | 11 | 3.9 E-01 | |
| | Other Po | llutants | | |
| 67-64-1 | Acetone | ND | ND | 7.2 E-01 |

TABLE A4 (cont.)

| | | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CASRN ^a | Compound | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 74-86-2 | Acetylene ^g | 4.5 E-04 | 1.6 E-05 | |
| 19406-51-0 | 4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 9.0 E-03 |
| 100-52-7 | Benzaldehyde | 1.1 E-04 | 4.0 E-06 | |
| 65-85-0 | Benzoic acid | ND | ND | 770 |
| 100-51-6 | Benzyl alcohol | ND | ND | 600 |
| 106-97-8 | n-Butane ^g | 2.5 E-05 | 9.2 E-07 | |
| 106-98-9 | 1-Butene | 3.7 E-05 | 1.3 E-06 | |
| 590-18-1 | cis-2-Butene | ND | ND | 1.5 E-02 |
| 624-64-6 | trans-2-Butene ^g | 2.0 E-04 | 7.2 E-06 | |
| 107-14-2 | Chloroacetonitrile | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 2698-41-1 | o-chlorobenzalmalononitrile | ND | ND | 17 |
| 109-69-3 | 1-Chlorobutane | ND | ND | 5.0 E-01 |
| 59-50-7 | 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol | ND | ND | 10 |
| 90-13-1 | 1-Chloronaphthalene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 95-57-8 | 2-Chlorophenol | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 287-92-3 | Cyclopentane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 124-18-5 | n-Decane | ND | ND | 3.1 E-01 |
| 124-48-1 | Dibromochloromethane | ND | ND | 6.5 E-01 |
| 156-59-2 | cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ND | 3.0 E-01 |
| 156-60-5 | trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | ND | ND | 3.5 E-01 |
| 87-65-0 | 2,6-Dichlorophenol | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 10061-01-5 | cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | ND | ND | 3.5 E-01 |
| 141-93-5 | 1,3-Diethylbenzene | ND | ND | 2.9 E-01 |
| 105-05-5 | 1,4-Diethylbenzene | ND | ND | 2.9 E-01 |
| 84-66-2 | Diethylphthalate | ND | ND | 12 |
| 5779-94-2 | 2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde | ND | ND | 5.6 E-02 |
| 75-83-2 | 2,2-Dimethylbutane | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 79-29-8 | 2,3-Dimethylbutane | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 565-59-3 | 2,3-Dimethylpentane | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 108-08-7 | 2,4-Dimethylpentane | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 117-84-0 | Di-n-octylphthalate | ND | ND | 9.3 |
| 74-84-0 | Ethane ^g | 7.4 E-05 | 2.7 E-06 | |
| 64-17-5 | Ethanol ^g | ND | ND | 5.7 E-01 |
| 60-29-7 | Ethyl ether | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 97-63-2 | Ethyl methacrylate | ND | ND | 2.5 E-01 |

TABLE A4 (cont.)

| CASRN ^a | Compound | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 62-50-0 | Ethyl methanesulfonate | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 620-14-4 | m-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 2.6 E-01 |
| 611-14-3 | o-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 2.6 E-01 |
| 622-96-8 | p-Ethyltoluene | ND | ND | 2.6 E-01 |
| 7572-29-4 | Ethyne, dichloro-k | 1.6 E-03 | 5.8 E-05 | |
| 142-82-5 | n-Heptane | ND | ND | 3.1 E-01 |
| 1888-71-7 | Hexachloropropene | ND | ND | 12 |
| 66-25-1 | Hexaldehyde | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 591-78-6 | 2-Hexanone | ND | ND | 1.2 |
| 592-41-6 | 1-Hexene | ND | ND | 1.8 E-01 |
| 2691-41-0 | HMX | ND | ND | 3.8 E-01 |
| 75-28-5 | Isobutane | ND | ND | 1.5 E-02 |
| 78-79-5 | Isoprene | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 590-86-3 | Isovaleraldehyde | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 5989-27-5 | d-Limonene | ND | ND | 1.7 |
| 7439-95-4 | Magnesium | 1.7 E-03 | 6.1 E-05 | |
| 108-87-2 | Methylcyclohexane | ND | ND | 2.1 E-01 |
| 96-37-7 | Methylcyclopentane | ND | ND | 1.8 E-01 |
| 78-93-3 | Methyl ethyl ketone | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 592-27-8 | 2-Methylheptane | ND | ND | 2.4 E-01 |
| 589-81-1 | 3-Methylheptane | ND | ND | 2.5 E-01 |
| 591-76-4 | 2-Methylhexane | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 66-27-3 | Methyl methanesulfonate | ND | ND | 9.3 |
| 107-83-5 | 2-Methylpentane | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 96-14-0 | 3-Methylpentane | ND | ND | 1.9 E-01 |
| 88-74-4 | 2-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 99-09-2 | 3-Nitroaniline | ND | ND | 33 |
| 10595-95-6 | N-Nitrosomethylethylamine | ND | ND | 14 |
| 930-55-2 | N-Nitrosopyrrolidine | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 88-72-2 | 2-Nitrotoluene | ND | ND | 5.1 E-01 |
| 99-99-0 | 4-Nitrotoluene ^j | 8.8 E-03 | 3.2 E-04 | |
| 111-84-2 | n-Nonane | ND | ND | 2.8 E-01 |
| 111-65-9 | n-Octane | ND | ND | 2.5 E-01 |
| 78-78-4 | i-Pentane | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |
| 109-66-0 | n-Pentane | ND | ND | 1.6 E-01 |

TABLE A4 (cont.)

| CASRN ^a | Compound | Emission Factor ^{b,c} | | Minimum |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | lb per item | lb per lb NEW ^d | Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e} |
| 109-67-1 | 1-Pentene | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 627-20-3 | cis-2-Pentene | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 646-04-8 | trans-2-Pentene | ND | ND | 1.5 E-01 |
| 14797-73-0 | Perchlorate | ND | ND | 1.3 E-01 |
| 78-11-5 | PETN | ND | ND | 1.0 E-01 |
| 62-44-2 | Phenacetin | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 80-56-8 | alpha-Pinene | ND | ND | 1.7 |
| 127-91-3 | beta-Pinene | ND | ND | 1.7 |
| 74-98-6 | Propane | 4.0 E-05 | 1.5 E-06 | |
| 103-65-1 | n-Propylbenzene | ND | ND | 3.7 E-01 |
| 121-82-4 | RDX | ND | ND | 8.3 E-03 |
| 95-94-3 | 1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene | ND | ND | 8.3 |
| 58-90-2 | 2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol | ND | ND | 11 |
| 109-99-9 | Tetrahydrofuran | ND | ND | 2.2 E-01 |
| 479-45-8 | Tetryl | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 529-20-4 | o-Tolualdehyde | ND | ND | 2.8 E-02 |
| 526-73-8 | 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 2.6 E-01 |
| 108-67-8 | 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | ND | ND | 3.7 E-01 |
| 565-75-3 | 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane | ND | ND | 2.5 E-01 |
| 99-35-4 | 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene | ND | ND | 1.5 E-02 |
| 118-96-7 | 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene | ND | ND | 1.2 E-02 |
| 1120-21-4 | Undecane | ND | ND | 3.4 E-01 |
| 110-62-3 | Valeraldehyde | 2.3 E-05 | 8.3 E-07 | |

^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

^b ND = nondetected.

^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.

^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 27.5 pounds per item.

^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.

^f Emission factor rated A because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

g Emission factor rated B because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

^h Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a B rating.

¹ Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.

^j Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated data.

^k Emission factor rated D because the factor is a tentatively identified compound.

APPENDIX B

NEW AP-42 SECTIONS FOR ORDNANCE INCLUDED IN PHASE VII TESTING AT DUGWAY PROVING GROUND, UTAH

Electronic versions of the new AP-42 sections for ordnance included in Phase VII testing at Dugway Proving Ground, Utah, are located on the EPA website at: http://www.Epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html.



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