BACKGROUND DOCUMENT

REPORT ON REVISIONS TO 5^{TH} EDITION AP-42 CHAPTER 15 - ORDNANCE DETONATION

EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED BASED ON EXPLODING ORDNANCE EMISSION STUDY PHASE II SERIES 13 TESTING CONDUCTED AT ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND

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NOTICE

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Due to the lack of credible data concerning emissions from training ordnance when used in their tactical configurations, the U.S. Army Environmental Command (USAEC) established a program to quantify emissions from the detonation of ordnance. This document presents background information concerning the development of air emission factors for four types of ordnance used during training exercises at U.S. Army installations. The air emission factors were developed from test data collected by USAEC. Ordnance for which emission factors have been developed and their corresponding AP-42 sections are identified in Table 1. To help readers easily find those emission factors of interest, the ordnance are organized according to their Department of Defense Identification Code (DODIC).

DODIC	Ordnance Description	AP-42 Section
C256	M374A2 81-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	15.3.02
C445	M1 105-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	15.3.04
C623	M933 120-mm High-Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	15.3.25
C787	M830 120-mm High Explosive Anti-Tank Cartridge (projectile only)	15.3.09
C788	M57 120-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	15.3.10
H163	2.75-inch Rocket with M151 High Explosive Warhead (projectile only)	15.6.10
M420	M2A4 15-Pound Demolition Shaped Charge	15.9.13

TABLE 1 ORDNANCE FOR WHICH EMISSION FACTORS WERE DEVELOPED

The emission factors described in this document are based on data obtained during testing conducted at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, as presented in the final test report titled *Report No. 13 for the Exploding Ordnance Emission Study Phase II*¹ and the document titled *Detailed Test Plan No. 13 for the Exploding Ordnance Emission Study Phase II*.² These documents were supplemented by additional data provided by the testing contractor.³ For each ordnance, two test runs were conducted. One item was detonated per run for all DODICs. Source test protocols were developed by USAEC before any testing was conducted and were reviewed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) Emission Measurement Center. The tests were conducted between May 2 and May 23, 2006.

The compounds that were measured included carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂), oxides of nitrogen (NO_X), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), ammonia (NH₃), total suspended particulate (TSP), particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM-10), particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 2.5 microns (PM-2.5), metals, volatile organic compounds (VOC), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOC), dioxin and furan compounds, acid gases, hydrogen cyanide (HCN), aldehyde and carbonyl compounds, hydrocarbons, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), energetic materials, total carbon, hexavalent chromium, and perchlorate. Within each of the AP-42 sections, only emission factors for criteria pollutants, carbon dioxide, methane, hazardous air pollutants (as defined by $\S112(b)(1)$ of the *Clean Air Act* [CAA]), and toxic chemicals (as defined by $\S313$ of the *Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act* [EPCRA]) are presented.

The emission factors were developed on a "per item" basis and on a "per net explosive weight (NEW)" basis. Users should choose the appropriate emission factor to estimate emissions based upon the data available; either factor is equally valid. The NEW of each ordnance tested is provided in the corresponding AP-42 section and in Table 2.

TABLE 2 ORDNANCE NET EXPLOSIVE WEIGHT

DODIC	Ordnance Description	NEW (lb/item) ^a
C256	M374A2 81-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	2.11
C445	M1 105-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	4.95
C623	M933 120-mm High-Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	6.61
C787	M830 120-mm High Explosive Anti-Tank Cartridge (projectile only)	4.22
C788	M57 120-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	4.66
H163	2.75-inch Rocket with M151 High Explosive Warhead (projectile only)	2.32
M420	M2A4 15-Pound Demolition Shaped Charge	10.10

^a NEW values were obtained from Reference 1.

This document includes five sections in addition to this Introduction. Section 2 of this document identifies the compounds measured during the test program and describes the emission measurement methods used. Section 3 includes a discussion of the emission factor final test report and ratings for the test data contained therein. Section 4 describes the calculations and methodologies used to develop emission factors for each type of compound measured. Section 5 describes the methodology used to rate the emission factors and provides emission factor ratings for each type of compound measured. Section 6 includes a complete list of the references cited in this document.

There are two appendices included with this document. Appendix A identifies, by ordnance type, all of the compounds for which analyses were performed and the emission factors that were developed. [Note: Compounds present in the method blank at greater than 50 percent of test levels are excluded from Appendix A as described in Section 3.2.4]. Appendix A also identifies the minimum detection levels associated with all compounds that were not detected. Emission factors and minimum detection levels presented in Appendix A were determined from the most accurate method if two sampling or analytical methods were used to measure one compound. Appendix B presents the new AP-42 sections for the seven ordnance that were tested.

In addition to this document, there are electronic databases available on the web (http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html) that contain the data used in the development of the emission factors. The general procedures that were followed to develop these emission factors can be found at the same web address under the title *Procedures for Preparing Emission Factor Documents* and *Draft Detailed Procedures for Preparing Emission Factors*. 5

2.0 COMPOUNDS MEASURED AND EMISSION MEASUREMENT METHODS

The USAEC Exploding Ordnance Series 13 testing was conducted in the Blast Sphere test chamber located at the Aberdeen Test Center (ATC), Maryland. The Blast Sphere is a spherical structure with walls made from 2 and 3/4-inch thick steel sections welded together and designed to withstand the pressures and stress generated by detonation of ordnance mounted internally. The walls are reinforced with 1-inch thick armor plating with blank welds throughout the interior. These plates are welded in a geodesic dome pattern and serve to strengthen the Blast Sphere and allow removal and repair of damaged plates without affecting the integrity of the overall structure. This structure provides an interior volume of approximately 14,100 cubic feet arranged to maximize gaseous mixing of ordnance emissions for

accurate measurement. The interior wall diameter of the Blast Sphere is 30 feet. There is a 5 foot wide equatorial walkway located along the interior wall.

The Blast Sphere has two flanged viewing ports for video recording of testing and five ports with hinged internal doors for insertion of the mixing fans and sampling rack into the chamber. Prior to detonation, the sampling rack is contained in an attached cylindrical chamber known as the Flight Tunnel. An access port connecting the Flight Tunnel to the Blast Sphere allowed the sampling rack to be deployed into the chamber. The Data Acquisition Building, located next to the Flight Tunnel, contained the test instrumentation and equipment for collection of temperature, pressure, and chemical samples.

A number of different test methods were employed to collect and analyze the emission data that were used to develop emission factors for detonation of ordnance. Table 3 identifies each emission test method used; bracketed information identifies the purpose of using the method. The emissions data were collected using EPA test methods published in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50 (40 CFR 50); 40 CFR 60; 40 CFR 63; and in *Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air.* Some of the sample analytical procedures used were from EPA Office of Solid Waste (OSW) publication SW-846, *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods* and the *National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Manual of Analytical Methods (NMAM), Fourth Edition.* Additional sampling and analytical procedures were taken from Internal Operating Procedures (IOP) developed by the ATC Chemistry Team and from Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) developed by the U.S. Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine (USACHPPM) Directorate of Laboratory Sciences (DLS). Where necessary, the test methods were adapted to reflect application to the unique testing of ordnance firing in the Blast Sphere.

The following sections identify and briefly describe the test methods used to measure each compound or group of compounds. Additional information regarding the operation of the Blast Sphere and the test methods used is presented in Reference 2. EPA-approved methods were used by the laboratories that provided sampling and analysis data.

2.1 Oxides of Nitrogen and Sulfur Dioxide

Real-time concentrations of NO_X and SO_2 that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were measured using a continuous emissions measurement system (CEMS). The final test report¹ states that the compounds were measured using EPA reference methods as described in the following paragraph. Although the report does include results for some quality control checks, due to a lack of calibration data, conformance with the stated methodologies could not be confirmed.

 NO_x sampling and analysis was conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 7E - Determination of Nitrogen Oxides Emissions from Stationary Sources, with a Thermo Environmental Instruments, Inc. (TEI) Model No. 42C-HL chemiluminescent analyzer. SO_2 sampling and analysis was conducted in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 6C - Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions from Stationary Sources, with a TEI 43H pulsed fluorescent analyzer.

Each analyzer channel sampled at approximately 11.5 liters per minute (L/min) through Teflon®-lined polyethylene tubing with Teflon in-line filters used to control particulate. Heated sample lines were used to prevent condensation and an inline Balston® 95S6 filter was used to trap any condensation that formed. Data were collected four times per second for a minimum of 20 minutes.

TABLE 3 SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL METHODS USED

Compound	Test Method
NO _X	40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 7E - Determination of Nitrogen Oxides Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure) [sampling and analysis]
SO_2	40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 6C - Determination of Sulfur Dioxide Emissions from Stationary Sources (Instrumental Analyzer Procedure) [sampling and analysis]
CO, CO ₂ , SF ₆ and NH ₃	40 CFR 63, Appendix A, EPA Proposed Method 320 - Measurement of Vapor Phase Organic and Inorganic Emissions by Extractive Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) Spectroscopy [sampling and analysis]
TSP	40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 17- Determination of Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources (In-Stack Filtration Method) [sampling]
	40 CFR 50, Appendix L - Reference Method for the Determination of Fine Particulate Matter as PM-2.5 in the Atmosphere [analysis]
PM-10 and PM-2.5	40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 17- Determination of Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources (In-Stack Filtration Method) [sampling]
	40 CFR 50, Appendix L - Reference Method for the Determination of Fine Particulate Matter as PM-2.5 in the Atmosphere [analysis]
Metals	Metal sample was obtained from TSP sample [sampling]
	EPA Method 200.7 - Determination of Metals and Trace Elements in Water and Wastes by Inductively Coupled Plasma - Atomic Emission Spectrometry [analysis]
	EPA Method 200.8 - Determination of Metals and Trace Elements in Waters and Wastes by Inductively Coupled Plasma - Mass Spectrometry [analysis]
VOC	EPA Compendium Method TO-14A - Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Air Using Specially Prepared Canisters with Subsequent Analysis by Gas Chromatography [sampling and analysis]
SVOC	EPA Compendium Method TO-13A - Determination of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in Ambient Air Using Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) [sampling and analysis]
	SW-846 Method 8270 Modified (SW8270M) - Semivolatile Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) [analysis]
РАН	EPA Compendium Method TO-13A - Determination of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in Ambient Air Using Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) [sampling and analysis]
Dioxins and Furans	EPA Compendium Method TO-9A - Determination of Polychlorinated, Polybrominated, and Brominated/Chlorinated Dibenzo-p-Dioxins and Dibenzofurans in Ambient Air [sampling and analysis]
Acid Gases	NIOSH Method 7903 - <i>Inorganic Acids</i> [sampling and analysis]
Hydrogen Cyanide	NIOSH Method 7904 - Aerosol and Gas Cyanides [sampling and analysis]

TABLE 3 (cont.)

Compound	Test Method
Aldehydes and Carbonyls	EPA Compendium Method TO-11A - Determination of Formaldehyde in Ambient Air Using Adsorbent Cartridge Followed by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) [sampling and analysis]
Hydrocarbons	40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 18 - Measurement of Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography [sampling]
	USACHPPM SOP CAD 64.1 - Procedure for the Identification and Measurement of C1 Through C6 Hydrocarbons and Sulfur Hexafluoride in Tedlar Gas Bags [analysis]
SF ₆	40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 18 - Measurement of Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography [sampling]
	Project specific IOP, IR and gas chromatography with electron capture detection (GC/ECD) [analysis]
Energetic Materials	EPA Compendium Method TO-13A - Determination of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in Ambient Air Using Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) [sampling]
	USACHPPM SOP CAD 26.3 – Procedure for Analysis of Explosives in Ambient Air [analysis]
	USACHPPM SOP CAD 69.3 – Procedure for Analysis of Propellant Components in Ambient Air [analysis]
Total Carbon	NIOSH Method 5040 - Diesel Particulate Matter as Elemental Carbon [sampling and analysis]
Hexavalent Chromium	OSHA Method ID-215 - Hexavalent Chromium in Workplace Atmospheres [sampling and analysis]
Perchlorate	EPA Method 314 - Determination of Perchlorate in Drinking Water Using Ion Chromatography [sampling and analysis]
	USACHPPM SOP CAD 110.1 – Perchlorate Analysis of Water, Soil, and Biota by Liquid Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry [sampling and analysis]

2.2 Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Sulfur Hexafluoride, and Ammonia

Extractive FTIR spectroscopy was used to measure real-time concentrations of CO, CO2, the SF₆ tracer gas, and NH₃ as well as to qualitatively identify other permanent gas species using protocols modified from procedures published in 40 CFR 63, Appendix A, EPA Proposed Method 320 - *Measurement of Vapor Phase Organic and Inorganic Emissions by Extractive Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) Spectroscopy.* Samples were drawn continuously from the test chamber at a nominal rate of 11.5 L/min using a Teflon tube and a Teflon diaphragm pump, for a minimum of 20 minutes. During sampling, the FTIR spectra were collected and stored every 0.8 seconds.

2.3 Total Suspended Particulate

The TSP concentration that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber was determined using a modified sampling and analysis procedure based on 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Reference Method 17 – *Determination of Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources (In-Stack Filtration Method)*. An Air Metrics TSP ambient air sampling module equipped with a 47-mm quartz fiber filter

was connected by a flex line to the Method 17 metering system. The metering system extracted test chamber air through a particulate filter at a nominal rate of 10 L/min for a target minimum sampling time of 20 minutes. The TSP concentration was computed, in accordance with 40 CFR 50, Appendix L - *Reference Method for the Determination of Fine Particulate Matter as PM-2.5 in the Atmosphere*, by dividing the mass of TSP collected by the volume of air sampled, corrected to standard conditions.

2.4 Particulate Matter with an Aerodynamic Diameter Less than or Equal to 10 or 2.5 Microns

PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined using a modified sampling and analysis procedure based on 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, modified EPA Method 17 – Determination of Particulate Emissions from Stationary Sources (In-Stack Filtration Method). An ambient sampler with Air Metrics PM-10 and PM-2.5 ambient air sampling modules was used to collect the PM-10 and PM-2.5 samples at a sampling rate of 5 L/min for 20 minutes. The PM-10 and PM-2.5 modules were equipped with polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE) particulate filters that were weighed before and after sampling in accordance with 40 CFR 50, Appendix L - Reference Method for the Determination of Fine Particulate Matter as PM-2.5 in the Atmosphere. The particulate concentrations were computed by dividing the mass of PM-10 and PM-2.5 collected by the respective volume of air sampled, corrected to standard conditions.

2.5 Metals

Metal concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined using particulate matter from the TSP samples collected as described in Section 2.3. The analyses followed the procedures of EPA Method 200.7 - Determination of Metals and Trace Elements in Water and Wastes by Inductively Coupled Plasma - Atomic Emission Spectrometry and EPA Method 200.8 - Determination of Metals and Trace Elements in Waters and Wastes by Inductively Coupled Plasma - Mass Spectrometry. The methods were modified to include additional metals. Concentrations of target metals were computed by dividing the mass of metal collected by the volume of air sampled, corrected to standard conditions.

2.6 Volatile Organic Compounds

VOC concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined using procedures from the Second Supplement to Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air, Method TO-14A - Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ambient Air Using Specially-Prepared Canisters with Subsequent Analysis by Gas Chromatography. Air samples were collected for 20 minutes using a Xontech, Inc., pressurized canister sampler and silicon-lined 6-liter SUMMA canister that were certified VOC-free prior to use. An analysis by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry in full scan mode (GC/MS/SCAN) followed. Unknown compounds were tentatively identified using computerized mass spectral matching techniques.

2.7 Semivolatile Organic Compounds and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

SVOC and PAH concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined based on procedures found in Method TO-13A - *Determination of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in Ambient Air Using Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)*. During each run, samples were collected using a TISCH® Model No. T E-1002 ambient air sampling module equipped with a quartz fiber filter and XAD-2 adsorbent resin cartridge. The sampling module was connected by flex line to a stack source airflow metering system. The metering system extracted the sample at a nominal rate of 30 L/min for 20 minutes.

Following sampling, the filters and resin cartridges underwent solvent extraction and analysis by GC/MS analysis in selected ion monitoring (SIM) mode. The sample extracts were reanalyzed with the mass spectrometer in scan mode following modified procedures in SW-846 Method 8270 - Semivolatile Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS). Modifications are described in Analytical Spectrometry Division (ASD) SOPs SV 54.2 – The Determination of Gaseous and Particulate Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in Ambient Air Using Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry in the Selective Ion Monitoring Mode (GS/MS-SIM), EPA TO-13 and SV 72.9 – Analysis of SW-846 Extracts for Semivolatile Organics by EPA Method 8270C. Unknown compounds were tentatively identified using computerized mass spectral matching techniques.

2.8 Dioxin and Furan Compounds

Polychlorinated dibenzodioxin (PCDD) and polychlorinated dibenzofuran (PCDF) compound concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined based on procedures found in Method TO-9A - Determination of Polychlorinated, Polybrominated and Brominated/Chlorinated Dibenzo-p-Dioxins and Dibenzofurans in Ambient Air. Samples were collected using a TISCH TE-1002 ambient air sampling module with a quartz fiber particulate filter and a polyurethane foam (PUF) packed cartridge. The sampling module was connected to a stack source airflow metering system with a flex line and used to sample for 20 minutes at a nominal rate of 28 L/min. After sampling, the filters and cartridges underwent extraction and analysis by GC/High Resolution Mass Spectroscopy according to Method TO-9A, modified via SW 846 Method 8290 - Polychlorinated Dibenzodioxins (PCDDs) and Polychlorinated Dibenzofurans (PCDFs) by High-Resolution Gas Chromatography/High-Resolution Mass Spectrometry (HRGC/HRMS) and EPA Method 1613B – Tetra-Through Octa-Chlorinated Dioxins and Furans by Isotope Dilution HRGC/HRMS.

2.9 Acid Gases

Acid gas concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined based on procedures found in NIOSH Method 7903 - *Inorganic Acids*. Acid gases were collected by using silica gel sorbent tubes and a sampling pump using an APEX Instruments Model No. 623 meter console. Sample gases were passed through the sorbent tubes for 20 minutes at a nominal rate of 0.5 L/min. Analysis was performed according to NIOSH Method 7903, by ion chromatography as detailed in ATC IOP No. 408.1 – *Analysis of Inorganic Acids by Ion Chromatography*.

2.10 Hydrogen Cyanide

HCN concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined using NIOSH Method 7904 - *Aerosol and Gas Cyanides*. The sample gas was drawn through a 1.0 micrometer Teflon filter and a Teflon impinger containing 25 mL of 0.1 normal potassium hydroxide (KOH) for 20 minutes at a nominal rate of 1 L/min. The impinger solution and extracted filter were analyzed by ion chromatography in accordance with NIOSH Method 7904.

2.11 Aldehyde and Carbonyl Compounds

Aldehyde and carbonyl compound concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined using EPA Compendium Method TO-11A - *Determination of Formaldehyde in Ambient Air Using Adsorbent Cartridge Followed by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)*, but using modified sampling and analytical procedures. Dinitrophenylhydrazine (DNPH) laden cartridge tubes were used as a direct probe to trap and derivatize aldehyde and carbonyl compounds. Sample gases were extracted for 20 minutes from the test chambers through ozone denuders at a rate of 2 L/min sing an APEX Instruments Model No. 623 meter console.

Analysis was by HPLC with ultraviolet (UV) detection using Compendium Method TO-11A modified as detailed in ATC IOP 439.1 - *Analysis of Formaldehyde and Other Carbonyl Compounds in Air*.

2.12 Hydrocarbons and Sulfur Hexafluoride

Hydrocarbon and SF₆ concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were sampled using 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Method 18 - *Measurement of Gaseous Organic Compound Emissions by Gas Chromatography*. The samples were collected in Tedlar[®] bags at a rate of 0.4 L/min for 20 minutes. Analysis for the light hydrocarbons was by gas chromatography with a flame ionization detector (GC/FID) in accordance with USACHPPM SOP CAD 64.1 - *Procedure for the Identification and Measurement of C1 Through C6 Hydrocarbons and Sulfur Hexafluoride in Tedlar Gas Bags*. SF₆ was analyzed by gas chromatography with electron capture detection (GC/ECD). This measurement served as a backup to the FTIR measurement of SF₆.

2.13 Energetic Materials

Energetic compound concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined based on procedures found in EPA Compendium Method TO-13A - *Determination of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) in Ambient Air Using Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)*. Samples were collected using a TISCH TE-1002 ambient air sampling module equipped with a quartz fiber particulate filter and an XAD-2 adsorbent resin cartridge. The sampling module was used to sample for 20 minutes at a rate of approximately 30 L/min.

Analyses followed procedures outlined in USACHPPM SOP CAD 26.3 – *Procedure for Analysis of Explosives in Ambient Air* and in USACHPPM SOP CAD 69.3 – *Procedure for Analysis of Propellant Components in Ambient Air*. These operating procedures specifically address the extraction and analysis of XAD-2 resin used to sample energetic and propellant compounds from air. The compounds were extracted from the XAD-2 resin using isoamyl acetate and analyzed by gas chromatography with electron capture detector/mass selective detector (GC/ECD/MSD). A surrogate compound (3,4-dinitrotoluene) was added to the XAD-2 resin prior to sampling. The quartz fiber filter used in conjunction with the XAD-2 resin was extracted and analyzed separately to characterize the energetic materials present as particulate solids. The filter was placed in a vial containing isoamyl acetate immediately after testing to preserve the sample and prevent sublimation of any of the analytes. No surrogate compound was used in the analysis of the filter portion of the sample.

2.14 Total Carbon

Total carbon concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined based on the procedures in NIOSH Method 5040 - *Diesel Particulate Matter as Elemental Carbon*. Samples were collected at a rate of 2.0 L/min using an APEX Instruments Model No. 623 meter console. A dry gas meter contained in the console was used to measure the sample volume. Flow rates were verified using an electronic flow meter. The particulate sample was collected on a 37-mm heat-treated quartz fiber filter and was analyzed using a thermo-optical analyzer to differentiate between organic and elemental carbon.

2.15 Hexavalent Chromium

The hexavalent chromium concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined based on modified procedures in OSHA Method ID-215 - *Hexavalent Chromium in Workplace Atmospheres*. Since particulate results from previous weapons firing showed that a large fraction of the total particulate produced was less than 2.5 microns in size, the method was

modified to use a 0.8-µm pore size polyvinyl chloride (PVC) filter instead of a 5-µm PVC filter. Samples were collected at a rate of 3.5 L/min using an APEX Instruments Model No. 623 meter console. A dry gas meter contained in the console was used to measure the sample volume. Flow rates were verified using an electronic flow meter. The filter media was extracted and analyzed using ion chromatography with post-column derivatization and detection with an ultraviolet-visible (UV-Vis) detector.

2.16 Perchlorate

Perchlorate concentrations that resulted from the use of ordnance in the test chamber were determined based on the procedures in EPA Method 314 - *Determination of Perchlorate in Drinking Water Using Ion Chromatography* and USACHPPM SOP CAD 110.1 – *Perchlorate Analysis of Water, Soil, and Biota by Liquid Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry*. Particulate perchlorate sampling was performed using a 1.0-µm pore size Teflon filter. A Teflon midget impinger containing deionized water was used to trap perchloric acid vapor. Samples were drawn for 20 minutes at a rate of 1.5 L/min via an APEX Instruments Model No. 623 meter console. A dry gas meter contained in the console was used to measure the sample volume. Flow rates were verified using an electronic flow meter. The filter media was extracted using deionized water and both the filter extract and the impinger solution were analyzed using ion chromatography with conductivity detection.

3.0 TEST DATA ANALYSIS AND RATINGS

3.1 EPA Guidance Regarding Test Data Quality Ratings

Prior to inclusion of emission factors in AP-42, the reliability of the underlying emission test data must be appraised in accordance with the rating system specified in Reference 4. Under this rating system, test data are assigned a rating from A to D, where an "A" rating is assigned to the highest quality data. The criteria used to assign a specific data quality rating are summarized below.

- A Tests are performed by using an EPA reference test method, or when not applicable, a sound methodology. Tests are reported in enough detail for adequate validation and raw data are provided that can be used to duplicate the emission results presented in the report.
- **B** Tests are performed by a generally sound methodology, but lacking enough detail for adequate validation. Data are insufficient to completely duplicate the emission result presented in the report.
- C Tests are based on an unproven or new methodology, or are lacking a significant amount of background information.
- **D** Tests are based on a generally unacceptable method, but the method may provide an order-of-magnitude value for the source.

Four specific criteria are identified in Reference 4 for consideration to assist in the assignment of a test data quality rating. These four criteria are:

- 1. <u>Source operation</u>. If the manner in which the source was operated is well documented in the report and the source was operating within typical parameters during the test, an "A" rating should be assigned. If the report stated parameters that were typical, but lacked detailed information, a "B" rating should be assigned. If there is reason to believe the operation was not typical, a "C" or "D" rating should be assigned.
- 2. <u>Test methods and sampling procedures</u>. In developing the ratings, the estimated accuracy and precision of the test method as well as the adequacy of the documentation should be considered.

In general, if a current EPA reference test method, appropriate for the source, was followed, the rating should be higher ("A" or "B"). If other methods were used, an assessment should be made of their validity. If it is judged that the method was likely to be inaccurate or biased, a lower rating ("C" or "D") should be given. A complete report should indicate whether any procedures deviated from standard methods and explain any deviations. If deviations were reported, an evaluation should be made of whether these were likely to influence the test results.

- 3. Process information. During testing, many variations in the process can occur without warning and sometimes without being noticed. Such variations can induce wide deviations in sampling results. If a large variation between test run results cannot be explained by information contained in the site final test report or from test reports of other sources, the data are suspect and should be given a lower rating or excluded. However, it should be recognized that a process may have highly variable emissions and a lower rating may not be appropriate solely on the basis of wide deviations in sampling results.
- 4. Analysis and calculations. Ideally, final test reports should contain original raw data sheets and other documentation such as gas parameters (dry cubic feet per minute, oxygen percentage), calculation sheets, or example calculations describing how the calculated emission results were obtained. If there are data sheets, the nomenclature and equations used should be compared to those specified by EPA to establish equivalency. The depth of review of the calculations should be dictated by the reviewers' confidence in the ability and conscientiousness of the tester, based on such factors as consistency of results and completeness of other areas of the final test report. Reports may indicate that raw data sheets were available, but were not included. If the final test report is of high quality based on the other criteria, the quality rating should not be lowered due to a lack of data sheets.

An overall test data quality rating should be assigned based upon the ratings assigned for each of the four criteria.

3.2 Analysis of Test Data

Data included in the final test report,¹ the detailed test plan,² and in the analytical data supporting the test report³ were rated in accordance with the rating system described above. Results for each of the four criteria described above are presented in the following sections.

3.2.1 Source Operations

The manner by which the ordnance were deployed (i.e., used) is documented in the final test report. With the exception of the adaptations discussed below that were made to facilitate testing in the test chamber, each ordnance that was tested was deployed in a manner similar to that which would occur in the field. DODICs C256, C445, C623, C787, C788, and H163 were disassembled prior to testing so that only the projectiles were tested. The projectiles were initiated using RP-2 detonators that were also used during the background runs so that emissions associated with the detonator could be subtracted from the total emissions associated with the detonator and projectile. In addition, DODIC M420 was initiated using an M6 blasting cap that was also used during the background run. The tests appear to have replicated typical ordnance operating parameters; consequently, the test data should be assigned an "A" rating based on this criterion.

3.2.2 Test Methods and Sampling Procedures

The test methods and sampling procedures were evaluated as being appropriate and consistent with EPA test methods or sound methodology. Except as noted below, no problems of any significance were identified; consequently, the test data should be assigned an "A" rating based on this criterion.

3.2.2.1 CEMS-Measured Data

CEMS data were provided for the tests,³ but not for the pre- and post-test quality control (QC) activities. CEMS QC measures specified under 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, EPA Methods 6C and 7E were not followed. Furthermore, none of the calibration gas certifications were supplied. There was no evidence of bias in the data, but based on the issues noted above, the test data for the CEMS-measured compounds (i.e., NO_x and SO₂) should be assigned a "B" rating based on this criterion.

3.2.2.2 Compounds Sampled or Analyzed Using More than One Test Method or Analytical Method

Thirty-three compounds were either sampled or analyzed using two methods; these compounds are identified in Table 4. For each of these compounds, emission factors were calculated based upon the data measured using the more appropriate test or analytical method; data obtained using the less appropriate method were ignored. The more appropriate method was identified by reviewing the methods and the target compound lists associated with each method. If a specific compound appeared on the target compound list for one method but not the other, the method targeting the compound was selected. If a specific compound appeared on the target compound lists for both methods, the method judged to provide the most accurate data was selected.

TABLE 4 SELECTED ANALYTICAL METHOD FOR COMPOUNDS ANALYZED USING TWO ANALYTICAL METHODS

Compound	Selected Method	Other Method Employed
Acenaphthenea	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Acenaphthylene ^b	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Acrolein	TO-11A (Aldehydes)	TO-14A (VOC)
Anthracene ^c	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Benzo[a]anthracene ^d	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Benzo[b]fluoranthene ^e	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Benzo[k]fluoranthene ^f	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene ^g	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Benzo[a]pyrene ^e	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
1,3-Butadiene	40 CFR 60 Method 18 (Hydrocarbons)	TO-14A (VOC)
Chrysene ^d	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene ^h	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Dibutyl phthalate	SOP CAD 26.3 (Energetics)	SW8270M (SVOC)
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	TO-14A (VOC)	SW8270M (SVOC)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	TO-14A (VOC)	SW8270M (SVOC)
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	TO-14A (VOC)	SW8270M (SVOC)
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	SOP CAD 26.3 (Energetics)	SW8270M (SVOC)
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	SOP CAD 26.3 (Energetics)	SW8270M (SVOC)

TABLE 4 (cont.)

Compound	Selected Method	Other Method Employed
bis (2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	SOP CAD 26.3 (Energetics)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Fluoranthene ^b	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Fluorene ^c	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Hexachlorobutadiene	TO-14A (VOC)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Hexachloroethane	TO-14A (VOC)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Hexane	40 CFR 60, Method 18 (Hydrocarbons)	TO-14A (VOC)
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene ⁱ	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Naphthalene ^j	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Nitrobenzene	SOP CAD 26.3 (Energetics)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Phenanthrene ^k	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Propylene ¹	40 CFR 60, Method 18 (Hydrocarbons)	TO-14A (VOC)
Pyrene ^{b,i}	TO-13A (PAH)	SW8270M (SVOC)
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	TO-14A (VOC)	SW8270M (SVOC)
Acetone ^m	TO-11A (Aldehydes)	TO-14A (VOC)
Pentane	40 CFR 60, Method 18 (Hydrocarbons)	TO-14A (VOC)

- ^a For DODICs C256, C445, C623, C788, and M420, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound was present in the PAH method blank at a level greater than 20 percent of the test values.
- ^b For DODIC C788, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound was present in the PAH method blank at a level greater than 20 percent of the test values.
- ^c For DODICs C256, C445, C623, and C788, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound was present in the PAH method blank at a level greater than 20 percent of the test values.
- d For DODICs C256 and C623, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between PAH test samples.
- ^e For DODICs C256, C445, C623, C788, H163, and M420, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound was present in the PAH method blank at a level greater than 20 percent of the test values.
- ^f For DODICs C445 and M420, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between PAH test samples.
- ^g For DODICs C623 and M420, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between PAH test samples.
- ^h For DODIC H163, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between PAH test samples.

TABLE 4 (cont.)

- ⁱ For DODIC M420, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between PAH test samples.
- For DODICs C256, C445, and C788, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound was present in the PAH method blank at a level greater than 20 percent of the test values.
- For DODICs C445 and C788, data collected from the SVOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound was present in the PAH method blank at a level greater than 20 percent of the test values.
- For DODIC C623, data collected from the VOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between hydrocarbon test samples.
- ^m For DODIC C623, data collected from the VOC sampling method were used to develop emission factors because this compound had a relative percent difference greater than 100 percent between aldehyde test samples.

If a compound was analyzed using both the SW8270M (SVOC) and TO-14A (VOC) methods, the TO-14A method analysis was judged to be more accurate and was therefore selected. For compounds analyzed using both the SW8270M (SVOC) and TO-13A (PAH) methods, the TO-13A value was selected because TO-13A allowed quantification of compounds at lower levels than SW8270M. For compounds analyzed using both SW8270M (SVOC) and SOP CAD 26.3 (energetic materials), the SOP CAD 26.3 data were selected because SOP CAD 26.3 allows detection of compounds at lower levels than SW8270M. If a compound was analyzed using both the TO-14A (VOC) and TO-11A (aldehydes) methods, the TO-11A method analysis was judged to be more accurate and was therefore selected. For compounds analyzed using both TO-14A (VOC) and Method 18 (hydrocarbons), and for which the compounds appeared on both target compound lists, the Method 18 analysis was judged to be more accurate and was selected.

Occasionally, the compound measurement from the less accurate method was chosen because the compound was present in the method blank of the preferred method or the compound had poor precision between test runs for the preferred method. These cases are also noted in the footnotes to Table 4.

3.2.2.3 Tentatively Identified Compounds

During the analysis of the SVOC data, the 20 highest nontarget "peaks" were tentatively identified using computerized mass spectral matching techniques. Similarly, during the analysis of the VOC data, the 20 highest nontarget "peaks" were tentatively identified. Emission factors were developed for these tentatively identified compounds (TICs) if all of the following criteria were met.

- 1. The TIC corresponded to a unique compound (e.g., ethylbenzene). Emission factors were not developed if the TIC corresponded to a class of compounds (e.g., unknown alcohol).
- 2. The TIC was not identified using another analysis method that provided higher confidence data. Emission factors were developed based upon the higher confidence analysis method if such data were available.
- 3. The TIC was not present in the method blank. Emission factors were not developed if the TIC was found in the corresponding method blank.

The number of SVOCs that were tentatively identified as unique compounds, were not identified using a higher confidence method, and were not present in the method blank varied from zero to seven

compounds per ordnance. The number of VOC that were tentatively identified as unique compounds, were not identified using a higher confidence method, and were not present in the method blank varied from zero to 14 compounds per ordnance. Emission factors were developed for all of these TICs, but because of the uncertainty in the true identity of the TICs, the test data were assigned a "C" rating.

3.2.3 Process Information

Ordnance are manufactured to tight tolerances and are expected to deploy in a very repeatable fashion. Consequently, the test data should be assigned an "A" rating based upon this criterion. However, large relative percent differences (i.e., greater than 100 percent) between test runs were noted for several compounds. Specific instances in which these differences were noted are identified in Table 5. The equation below illustrates calculation of relative percent difference:

$$relative\ percent\ difference = \frac{test\ 1\ concentration - test\ 2\ concentration}{average\ of\ test\ 1\ and\ test\ 2\ concentrations}\ x\ 100\%$$

Due to the large relative percent differences between test runs, the test data specifically identified in Table 5 were assigned a "C" rating. The remainder of the data should be assigned an "A" rating based on this criterion.

TABLE 5 COMPOUNDS FOR WHICH LARGE RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCES WERE NOTED BETWEEN TEST RUNS

Compound	Applicable DODIC
Acetonitrile	C623
Ammonia	C256
Antimony	C256, C787
Arsenic	C256, C787
Barium	C256, M420
Benzo(e)pyrene	C623, M420
Beryllium	C256, C787
Chloroethane	C623
Cobalt	C445, C788
Particulate cyanide	H163
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	M420
Methylene chloride	C256, C788
Methyl methacrylate	C445
Nitroglycerine	C787, M420
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran	M420
1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	C623
2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	C445, C788
Silver	C256, C445
Tetrachloroethylene	M420

TABLE 5 (cont.)

Compound	Applicable DODIC
Acetic acid, butyl ester	C788
cis-Butene	C623, C787
Cyclopropane, 1,1-dimethyl-	H163
Decane	H163
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	M420
Furan, 2,3-dihydro-	H163
Furan, 2,5-dihydro-	M420
1-Heptene	H163
1,5-Hexadiene	H163
1-Hexene	M420
2-Hexene, (z)-	H163
HMX	C445
Methane, nitro-	C623
Nonanal	C623
Octadecanoic acid	C445, C788
Pentadecane	C623
1,3-Pentadiene, (E)-	H163
2-Pentene, (z)-	H163
1,2-Propadiene	C623
Propyne	H163
RDX	M420
Silane, difluorodimethyl-	M420
Trichloroethene	C623
Undecane	H163

3.2.4 Analysis and Calculations

The test report, ¹ detailed test plan, ² and analytical data supporting the test report ³ were reviewed to determine whether they contained all of the original raw data, other documentation, and example calculations. Although the test report did not contain raw field data, the data were made available upon request. The test report also lacked certain calibration data. However, the missing information was judged insufficient to result in a downgrade of the test data quality rating.

The raw data and sample calculations presented in the final test report, detailed test plan, and analytical data supporting the test report were reviewed to determine if the emission factors presented in the report could be duplicated. Where differences were found between the emission factors calculated using the Excel spreadsheets and those presented in the test report, an examination was made to determine the reason for the differences.

Several minor errors were noted in the calculation of the emission factors within the test report, particularly with respect to correcting the sample volumes to standard conditions and the incorporation of analytical detection limits into the emission factors (see Sections 4.1 and 4.2). The emission factors presented in AP-42 are based upon the corrected spreadsheets. Based upon the raw data, other documentation, and the Excel spreadsheet calculations, the test data should be assigned an "A" rating.

Emission factors developed for compounds present in the method blank at levels of 20 percent to 50 percent of both test values were assumed to be biased high. Six compounds met this criterion and are identified in Table 6. For these compounds, the test data were assigned a "B" rating.

TABLE 6 COMPOUNDS FOUND IN THE METHOD BLANK AT LEVELS BETWEEN 20 PERCENT AND 50 PERCENT OF BOTH TEST VALUES

Compound	Applicable DODIC
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	C623
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	M420
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	C623, C788
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran	C256
Organic carbon	C256, C445, C623, C788, M420
Isobutylene	H163

When compounds were found in the method blank at levels greater than 50 percent of both test values, the data were assumed to be suspect and no emission factors were developed. The compounds that met this criterion are listed in Table 7.

TABLE 7 COMPOUNDS FOUND IN THE METHOD BLANK AT LEVELS GREATER THAN 50 PERCENT OF BOTH TEST VALUES

Compound	Applicable DODIC
Hexavalent chromium	C256, C623, C788
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	H163
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran	C623, C788
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	M420
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	C788
1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	C788
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	C445, C623, C788
2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	C788
Hydrochloric acid	All DODICs
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	H163
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran	C623, C788
Sulfuric acid	All DODICs
Isobutylene	M420

The test report¹ indicated that the recommended holding times to extraction and subsequent analysis were exceeded for total carbon for all of the ordnance tested. Specifically:

- For DODICS C256, C445, C787, C788, H163, and M420, the method's recommended holding times from sampling to analysis for the total carbon samples were exceeded by between 11 and 25 days. These data were assigned a "C" rating.
- For DODIC C623, the method's recommended holding times from sampling to analysis for the total carbon samples were exceeded by 1 or 2 days. These exceedances were considered negligible; therefore, the quality of these data were not downgraded.

3.3 Test Data Quality Ratings

Upon completing the analysis described in the preceding section of this document, the test data quality ratings assigned as a result of the four criteria were reviewed. This review led to a downgrading of some of the test data from an "A" rating to either a "B" rating or a "C" rating. Table 8 identifies the data quality ratings for all compounds that did not receive an "A" rating.

TABLE 8 DOWNGRADED DATA QUALITY RATINGS

Compound	Data Quality Rating	Applicable DODIC
Oxides of nitrogen	В	All DODICs
Sulfur dioxide	В	All DODICs
Acetonitrile	C	C623
Ammonia	C	C256
Antimony	C	C256, C787
Arsenic	С	C256, C787
Barium	С	C256, M420
Benzo(e)pyrene	С	C623, M420
Beryllium	С	C256, C787
Chloroethane	С	C623
Cobalt	С	C445, C788
Particulate cyanide	С	H163
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	В	C623
1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	В	M420
1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	C	M420
Methylene chloride	C	C256, C788
Methyl methacrylate	С	C445
Nitroglycerine	С	C787, M420
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	В	C623, C788
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran	В	C256
1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran	С	M420

TABLE 8 (cont.)

	` <i>`</i>	
Compound	Data Quality Rating	Applicable DODIC
1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	С	C623
2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	С	C445, C788
Silver	C	C256, C445
Tetrachloroethylene	С	M420
Acetic acid, butyl ester	С	C788
Benzenamine, 2-nitro-N-phenyl-	С	H163
Benzonitrile	С	C787
1,3-Butadiyne	С	H163
cis-Butene	С	C623, C787
Carbazole	С	H163
Elemental carbon	В	C623
Elemental carbon	С	C256, C445, C787, C788, H163, M420
Organic carbon	В	C623
Organic carbon	C	C256, C445, C787, C788, H163, M420
Total carbon	В	C623
Total carbon	C	C256, C445, C787, C788, H163, M420
Caprolactam	C	C787
Cyclohexanone	С	M420
Cyclopropane, 1,1-dimethyl-	С	H163
Cyclopropane, ethyl-	С	C787, M420
Decane	С	H163
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	С	M420
Ether, bis(p-tert-butylphenyl)	С	H163
Furan	С	M420
Furan, 2,3-dihydro-	С	H163
Furan, 2,5-dihydro-	С	M420
Furfural	С	M420
1-Heptene	С	H163
1,5-Hexadiene	С	H163
Hexanedioic acid, diproply ester	С	H163
1-Hexene	С	M420, C787, H163
2-Hexene, (z)-	С	H163
HMX	С	C445

TABLE 8 (cont.)

Compound	Data Quality Rating	Applicable DODIC
Indene	С	C787
Isobutylene	В	H163
Methane, nitro-	С	C623, C787, H163
Nonanal	С	C623
Naphthalene, 1-methyl-	С	C787
Octadecanoic acid	С	C445, C788
Pentadecane	С	C623
1,3-Pentadiene, (E)-	С	H163
1,4-Pentadiene	С	H163
1-Pentene	С	H163
2-Pentene, (z)-	С	H163, C787
Phenazine	С	H163
1,2-Propadiene	С	C623
Propanenitrile	C	C787
Propyne	C	H163
RDX	C	M420
Silane, difluorodimethyl-	C	M420
Triacetin	С	H163
Trichloroethene	С	C623
Undecane	С	H163

4.0 EMISSION FACTOR CALCULATIONS

The methodologies and procedures that were used to develop emission factors from the test data are described in this section. A similar approach was used to calculate emission factors for SVOC and PAH compounds. The calculation steps that were performed for each sample and each configuration are summarized below.

- 1. The sample volumes associated with the background and test runs were corrected to the EPA Stationary Source Program standard temperature and pressure (i.e., 68°F and 29.92 inches of mercury).
- 2. For compounds for which more than one test sample was obtained, analytical detection limits were incorporated into the test data.
- 3. The background compound concentration was calculated by dividing the mass of compound detected during the background run by the background run sample volume corrected to standard conditions.

- 4. The test compound concentration was calculated by dividing the mass of compound detected during the test run by the test run sample volume corrected to standard conditions.
- 5. A background-corrected concentration was calculated by subtracting the background concentration from the test concentration.
- 6. A dilution-corrected concentration was calculated by dividing the background-corrected concentration by the test dilution correction factor.
- 7. The mass of compound released during the test run was calculated by multiplying the dilution-corrected concentration by the volume of the LOTC or ECC, as appropriate.
- 8. Emission factors for each sample and test run were calculated by dividing the mass of compound released by the number of ordnance detonated during the test run or by the NEW detonated during the test run, as appropriate.
- 9. Average emission factors were calculated for each compound.

Because concentration data (i.e., parts per million by volume [ppmv] or parts per billion by volume [ppbv]) were recorded for VOC, hydrocarbons, FTIR-measured compounds, and CEMS-measured compounds, it was not necessary to calculate a corrected sample volume as described in step 1 or to calculate background and test concentrations as described in steps 3 and 4. Detection limits were applied directly to test compound concentrations as described in step 2. As appropriate, ppmv and ppbv values were converted to mg/m³. Emission factors for VOC, hydrocarbons, and CEMS-measured compounds were then estimated in accordance with steps 5 through 9 described above. FTIR-measured compound emission factors were also estimated in accordance with steps 5 through 9 described above, except that step 6, the dilution correction, was not required. FTIR-measured concentrations were determined from initial steady-state points that occurred prior to significant dilution.

Test and background concentrations of TSP, PM-10, PM-2.5, metal, acid gas, hydrogen cyanide, aldehyde, dioxin/furan, total carbon, hexavalent chromium, energetic, and perchlorate compounds were provided by the laboratory. The laboratory calculated the concentrations based upon the sample volumes as measured at actual conditions. Concentration data received from the laboratory were corrected for volume at Stationary Source Program standard conditions and analytical detection limits were incorporated as described in step 2. Emission factors for these compounds were then estimated in accordance with steps 5 through 9 described above.

4.1 Correction of Sample Volume to Standard Conditions

Because sample volumes were initially reported at actual conditions, calculations to correct the sample volumes to the EPA Stationary Source Program standard temperature of $68^{\circ}F$ and pressure of 29.92 inches of Hg ($20^{\circ}C$ and 760 mm Hg) were performed. To obtain the sample volume at EPA Stationary Source Program standard conditions (V_{stat}), the sample volume at actual conditions (V_{act}) was multiplied by the ratio of pressure at actual conditions (P_{act}) to temperature at actual conditions (P_{act}) and by the ratio of temperature at Stationary Source Program standard conditions (P_{stat}). This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$V_{stat} = V_{act} x \frac{P_{act}}{T_{act}} x \frac{T_{stat}}{P_{stat}}$$

4.2 Incorporation of Analytical Detection Limits to the Test Data

In most cases, more than one test sample was obtained for a specific compound (i.e., more than one test run was conducted). When multiple samples were obtained for the same compound, a comparison was made of all the sample data collected. Based upon the results of the comparison, the following adjustments were made to the test data:

- 1. If all of the samples indicated that a compound was "not detected," the sample data were not adjusted.
- 2. If all of the samples indicated that a compound was detected, the sample data were not adjusted.
- 3. If one or more of the samples indicated that a compound was detected and one or more of the samples indicated that a compound was not detected, the "not detected" values were replaced with a value equal to one half of the compound's analytical detection limit. The assumption inherent to this adjustment was that the measured presence of a compound in one or more samples was indicative of the compound's presence in all samples. The analytical detection limits for each sample were obtained from the analytical data supporting the test report.

4.3 Determination of Background Concentration

For SVOC and PAH, the background compound concentration (BC) was calculated by dividing the mass of compound detected during the background run (Bkgd mass) by the background run sample volume corrected to EPA Stationary Source Program standard conditions (Bkgd V_{stat}). The background concentration calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$BC = \frac{Bkgd \ mass}{Bkgd \ V_{stat}}$$

The background compound concentrations of TSP, PM-10, PM-2.5, metals, acid gases, hydrogen cyanide, aldehydes, dioxin/furan compounds, total carbon, hexavalent chromium, energetics, and perchlorate provided by the lab were calculated using the sample volume at actual conditions (Bkgd V_{act}). In order to correct the concentrations to EPA Stationary Source Program standard conditions (Bkgd V_{stat}), the uncorrected concentrations (Bkgd UC) were multiplied by the ratio of volume at actual conditions to volume at standard conditions. This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$BC = Bkgd\ UC\ x\ \frac{Bkgd\ V_{act}}{Bkgd\ V_{stat}}$$

FTIR- and CEMS-measured compounds were not sampled for during the background runs. However, background data were recorded for each test run between the time the FTIR and CEMS began sampling and the time of detonation. The only FTIR- or CEMS-measured compound for which significant background concentrations were recorded was CO_2 . The CO_2 background concentration was assumed to equal a representative value over the sampling period. Background concentrations for the other FTIR- and CEMS-measured compounds were assumed to be zero.

4.4 Determination of Test Compound Concentration

For SVOC and PAH compounds, the test compound concentration (TC) was calculated by dividing the mass of compound detected during the test run (Test mass) by the test run sample volume corrected to EPA Stationary Source Program standard conditions (Test V_{stat}). This test compound calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$TC = \frac{Test\ mass}{Test\ V_{stat}}$$

Test compound concentrations of TSP, PM-10, PM-2.5, metals, acid gases, hydrogen cyanide, aldehydes, dioxin/furan compounds, total carbon, hexavalent chromium, energetics, and perchlorate provided by the lab were calculated using the sample volume at actual conditions. In order to correct the concentrations to EPA Stationary Source Program standard conditions, the uncorrected concentrations (Test UC) were multiplied by the ratio of the volume at actual conditions (Test V_{act}) to the volume at EPA Stationary Source Program standard conditions (Test V_{stat}). This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$TC = Test\ UC\ x\ \frac{Test\ V_{act}}{Test\ V_{stat}}$$

For VOC, hydrocarbons, FTIR-measured compounds, and CEMS-measured compounds, sample volume correction was not required. VOC and hydrocarbon test concentration values were used directly. Test concentrations of CEMS-measured compounds were determined as the average values measured over the test duration. Test concentrations of FTIR-measured compounds were determined based upon the initial steady-state values reached after detonation. The time at which a compound's concentration reached an initial steady state was determined by visually inspecting plots of the concentration data versus time. The initial steady state corresponds to the time at which a compound was well mixed within the ECC, but before the compound's concentration began to decrease at a steady rate due to dilution.

4.5 Determination of Background-Corrected Concentration

For all compounds, the calculation of the background-corrected concentration (BCC) was dependent on whether the background (BC) and test concentrations (TC) were detected and whether they were less than, equal to, or greater than one another. The procedures used to calculate the background-corrected concentration for each sampling train and compound are described below and are displayed graphically in Figure 1.

- 1. If the test concentration was not detected (ND), the background-corrected concentration equaled ND.
- 2. If the test concentration was detected and the background concentration was not detected, the background-corrected concentration equaled the test concentration.
- 3. If the test and background concentrations were detected and the test concentration was less than or equal to the background concentration, the background-corrected concentration equaled 0.
- 4. If the test and background concentrations were detected and the test concentration was greater than the background concentration, the background concentration was subtracted from the test concentration. This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$BCC = TC - BC$$

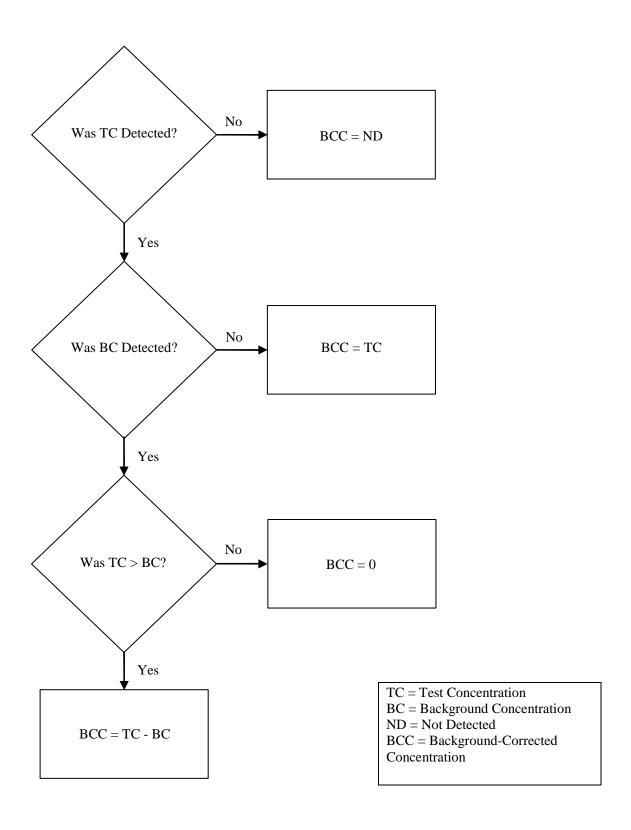


Figure 1 Calculation of background-corrected concentration.

RP-2 exploding bridgewire detonators were used to initiate the detonation of DODICs C256, C445, C623, C787, C788, and H163, and M6 blasting caps were used to initiate DODIC M420. To quantify emissions associated with the initiators and thereby allow the emissions to be subtracted from the resulting emission factors, the initiators were used during the background runs. As a result, it was necessary to correct these background concentrations for dilution. This was accomplished by multiplying the background concentration by the ratio of test dilution correction factor (DCF_{test}) to background dilution correction factor (DCF_{background}) prior to completing either step 3 or step 4 as described above. The calculation of the background-corrected concentration for those DODICs that were tested with a detonator is illustrated by the following equation:

$$BCC = TC - BC \times \frac{DCF_{test}}{DCF_{background}}$$

4.6 Determination of Dilution-Corrected Concentration

The dilution-corrected concentration (DCC) was calculated by dividing the background-corrected concentration by the applicable test dilution correction factor. This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

$$DCC = \frac{BCC}{DCF_{test}}$$

With the exception of FTIR-measured compounds, dilution correction factors were obtained from the test contractor.³ Because the test concentrations of FTIR-measured compounds were obtained prior to dilution, it was not necessary to calculate a dilution corrected concentration for these compounds.

4.7 Determination of Mass of Compound Released

The mass of compound released was calculated by multiplying the dilution-corrected concentration by the volume of the test chamber. This calculation is illustrated by the following equation:

 $Mass\ compound\ released = DCC\ x\ Test\ chamber\ volume$

4.8 Determination of Emission Factors

Once the mass of compound released was calculated, two emission factors were developed for each sample and for each test run: the mass of compound released per item (i.e., per single ordnance) and the mass of compound released per pound NEW. The NEW for all ordnance were determined from Reference 1.

4.9 Determination of Average Emission Factors

Steps 1 through 8, as described in Sections 4.1 through 4.8, are applicable to individual samples within individual test runs. The final step in the emission factor calculation process was to calculate average emission factors for each compound in terms of mass released per item and mass released per pound NEW. The average emission factors for each compound were calculated as the arithmetic mean of the individual samples associated with the compound. If all samples indicated that the compound was not detected (ND), then the average emission factor was assigned a value of ND. [Note: The minimum detection levels associated with the compounds that were not detected are presented in Appendix A.]

Total dioxin/furan emission factors were calculated by summing the average emission factors for all dioxin/furan compounds. Samples of energetic materials were collected using both filters and resin packed cartridges. However, the filter and resin were analyzed separately. Because the filter and resin packed cartridge were arranged in series, average emission factors calculated for the filter were added to average emission factors calculated for resin packed cartridge to determine total emission factors.

5.0 EMISSION FACTOR RATINGS

The emission factors were appraised in accordance with the rating system specified in Reference 4. Under this rating system, emission factors are assigned a rating from A to E, where an "A" rating is assigned to the highest quality factors. The criteria used to assign a specific emission factor rating are summarized below.

- **A** Excellent. The emission factor was developed primarily from A- and B-rated source test data taken from many randomly chosen facilities in the industry population. The source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- **B** Above average. The emission factor was developed primarily from A- or B-rated test data from a moderate number of facilities. Although no specific bias was evident, it was not clear if the facilities tested represented a random sample of the industry. As with the "A" rating, the source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- C <u>Average</u>. The emission factor was developed primarily from A-, B-, and/or C-rated test data from a reasonable number of facilities. Although no specific bias was evident, it was not clear if the facilities tested represented a random sample of the industry. As with the "A" rating, the source category population was sufficiently specific to minimize variability.
- **D** <u>Below average</u>. The emission factor was developed primarily from A-, B-, and C-rated test data from a small number of facilities, and there may have been reason to suspect that these facilities did not represent a random sample of the industry. There also may have been evidence of variability within the source category population.
- E <u>Poor</u>. The emission factor was developed from C- and D-rated test data from a very limited number of facilities, and there may have been reason to suspect that the facilities tested did not represent a random sample of the industry. There also may have been evidence of variability within the source category population.

Two analyses were conducted to assign ratings to the ordnance emission factors. First, an analysis was conducted on an ordnance-specific basis. Second, an analysis was conducted using all available ordnance emission factor data. The second analysis was conducted to determine whether a sufficient correlation existed between emission factors for different but similar ordnance to allow the number of test data points to be increased to the point that higher emission factor ratings could be assigned than were possible when using the ordnance-specific approach. Both analyses are described below.

5.1 Emission Factor Ratings Assigned – Based on Ordnance-Specific Test Data

As previously described, emission factor ratings are dependent upon the test data quality, the number of test data points, the amount of variability present within a source category population, and the randomness of the source category sample. The following test data facts pertain to these rating criteria:

1. As described in Section 3 of this Background Document, the ordnance test data was primarily rated A or B. The test data for a few compounds was rated C.

- 2. Only two tests were conducted per ordnance.
- 3. Ordnance are manufactured to very tight tolerance levels so there is little variability within a specific type of ordnance.
- 4. There was no evidence that suggested the tested items within each type of ordnance were specially selected.

Emission factor ratings were assigned based upon these facts. The rationale used to accept or reject specific emission factor ratings follow.

- A: Rejected. The number of test data points was deemed to be insufficient to assign an A emission factor rating.
- B: Rejected. The number of test data points was deemed to be insufficient to assign a B emission factor rating.
- C: Accepted for most ordnance. The emission factors were developed using A- and B-rated test data, there is little variability among items, and there was no evidence that suggested the tested items were specially selected. Because of the limited number of data points, a C rating was deemed appropriate for this set of circumstances.
- D: Accepted for some ordnance. The emission factors were developed using C-rated test data, there is little variability among items, and there was no evidence that suggested the tested items were specially selected. Because of the limited number of data points, a D rating was deemed appropriate for this set of circumstances.
- E: Rejected. The ordnance described in this report were developed primarily using A- and B-rated test data rather than C- or D-rated data, there is little variability among items, and there was no evidence that suggested the tested items were specially selected. Therefore, an E emission factor rating was deemed inappropriate.

5.2 Emission Factor Ratings Assigned – Based on All Available Test Data

The proceeding sections of this Background Document concern the emission measurement methods, data analysis, and calculations used to develop emission factors for specific ordnance. However, USAEC's ordnance emission factor development program includes more than 200 ordnance that have been tested under more than 35 separate test series. Because many of these ordnance are similar in size and/or chemical composition, a statistical analysis was conducted to assess the similarity of the emission factors developed for similar ordnance. The results of this analysis were used to reevaluate the emission factor ratings assigned on an ordnance-specific basis.

USAEC characterized individual ordnance as falling into one of 15 separate categories, depending upon the size and/or chemical composition of the ordnance. The ordnance and their respective categories are identified in Table 9 along with a comment field describing the number of data points.

Within each of the 15 ordnance categories identified by USAEC, emission factors for each compound were compared. To allow the comparison of emission factors for ordnance with similar constituents but significant differences in net explosive weight, the comparison was made using the normalized emission factor units of mass of compound released per pound NEW. Based upon information provided by EPA, 9 the following procedures were used to assess the data correlation:

1. The relative standard deviation, defined as the standard deviation divided by the mean, was calculated for each compound within each ordnance category.

TABLE 9 ORDNANCE CATEGORIZATION FOR EMISSION FACTOR CORRELATION ASSESSMENT

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
	G900	TH3 AN-M14 Incendiary Grenade	EO 5	
	G911	MK3A2 Offensive Hand Grenade	EO 2	
	G911	MK3A2 Offensive Hand Grenade	EO 6	
	K010	M4 Field Incendiary Burster	EO 5	
	K145	M18A1 Antipersonnel Mine	EO 2	
	M023	M112 Demolition Block Charge	EO 1	
	M024 ^a	M118 Demolition Block Charge	EO 16	
	M030	1/4-Pound Demolition Block Charge	EO 1	
	M030	1/4-Pound Demolition Block Charge	EO 3	
	M031	1/2-Pound Demolition Block Charge	DPG IV-A	
	M032	1-Pound Demolition Block Charge	EO 2	
	M032	1-Pound Demolition Block Charge	EO 3	
	M039 ^a	40-Pound Demolition Cratering Charge	EO 15	
	M130	M6 Electric Blasting Cap	EO 7	20+ data points
	M131	M7 Non-Electric Blasting Cap	EO 7	
Demolition	M241	M10 High Explosive Universal Destructor	DPG IV-B	
	M420	M2A4 15-Pound Demolition Shaped Charge	EO 13	•
	M421 ^a	M3A1 40-lb Demolition Shaped Charge	EO 14	
	M456	PETN Type 1 Detonating Cord	DPG IV-A	
	M500	M21 Cartridge Actuated Cutter	EO 10	
	M591	M1 Military Dynamite Demolition Block Charge	EO 1	
	M913	M58A3 Linear Demolition Charge	EO 3	
	ML05	MK24 Powder Actuated Cutter	EO 11	
	ML09	Linear Demolition Charge, Shaped 20 gr/ft	DPG IV-A	
	ML15	Linear Demolition Charge, Shaped 225 gr/ft	DPG IV-A	
	ML47	M11 Non-Electric Blasting Cap with 30-foot Shock Tube	EO 7	
	MM50	M221 Clipped Shaped Demolition Charge	EO 11	
	MN02	M11 Non-Electric Blasting Cap with 500-foot Shock Tube	EO 7	

TABLE 9 (cont.)

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
	MN03	M11 Non-Electric Blasting Cap with 1,000-foot Shock Tube	EO 7	
	MN06	M14 Non-Electric Time Delay Blasting Cap	EO 7	
Demolition, continued	MN07	M15 Non-Electric Time Delay Blasting Cap	EO 11	20+ data points
	MN08	M81 Time Blasting Fuse Igniter	EO 9	
	MN68	M151 Booster Demolition Charge	DPG VIII	
	None	PAX-11, Granular Powder Burn	EO 4	
	None	PAX-11, Molded Pellet Detonation	EO 4	
	G878	M228 Practice Hand Grenade Fuse	DPG VI	
	N278	M564 Mechanical Time and Super Quick (MTSQ) Fuse	EO 11	
	N285	M577A1 Mechanical Time and Super Quick (MTSQ) Fuse	EO 9	
Fuse	N286	M582 Mechanical Time and Super Quick (MTSQ) Fuse	EO 7	10+ data points
	N335	M557 Point Detonating Fuse	EO 5	
	N340	M739A1 Point Detonating Fuse	EO 5	
	N464	M732 Proximity Fuse	EO 9	
Cuanada	G881	M67 Fragmentation Grenade	EO 1	doto points
Grenade	GG09	M84 Non-Lethal Stun Hand Grenade	EO 12	<10 data points
	B505	M662 40-mm Red Star Parachute Cartridge	DPG VIII	
	B535	M583A1 40-mm White Star Parachute Cartridge	DPG IV-B	
	B536	M585 40-mm White Star Cluster Cartridge	DPG IV-B	
	B627	M83A3 60-mm Illuminating Cartridge (projectile only)	DPG V-B	
Illumination	C449	M314 105-mm Illumination Cartridge (projectile only)	DPG IX	20+ data points
	C484	M816 81-mm IR Illumination Cartridge (projectile only)	DPG IX	
	C790	M91 120-mm Illumination Cartridge (projectile only)	DPG IX	
	D505	M485A2 155-mm Illumination Round (projectile only)	DPG I	

TABLE 9 (cont.)

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
	H180 ^a	2.75-inch Rocket, MK40 Mod 3 Motor with M257 Illumination Warhead	EO 17	
	L305	M195 Green Star Parachute Signal Flare	DPG I	
	L306	M158 Red Star Cluster Signal Illumination	DPG II	
Illumination,	L307	M159 White Star Cluster Signal Illumination	DPG II	
continued	L311	M126A1 Red Star Parachute Signal Flare	DPG II	20+ data points
	L312	M127A1 White Star Parachute Signal Flare	DPG I	
	L314	M125A1 Green Star Cluster Signal Flare	DPG I	
	L367	M22 Anti-Tank Guided Missile and Rocket Launching Simulator	DPG VI	
	L410	M206 Aircraft Countermeasure Flare	DPG VI	
Irritant	G963	M7A3 CS Riot Control Agent Hand Grenade	DPG VI	<10 data points
	K765	CS Riot Control Agent Capsule	DPG VI	_
	C445	M1 105-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 13	
	C473 ^a	M760 105-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 16	
	C508 ^a	M456A2 105-mm High Explosive Anti- Tank-Tracer-Multi-Purpose Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 15	
	C518 ^a	M393 105-mm High Explosive Plastic Tracer Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 16	
	C546 ^a	M913 105-mm High Explosive Rocket Assisted Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 16	
Large	C623	M933 120-mm High-Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 13	20+ data points
	C787	M830 120-mm High Explosive Anti-Tank Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 13	
	C791 ^a	M830A1 120-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 17	
	CA05 ^a	M908 120-mm High Explosive Obstacle Reduction Tank Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 18	
	D510 ^a	M712 155-mm High Explosive Anti-Tank Projectile	EO 15	
	D529 ^a	M795 155-mm High Explosive Projectile	EO 15	
	D579 ^a	M549 155-mm Rocket-Assisted Projectile	EO 14	

TABLE 9 (cont.)

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
Medium	B129	M789 30-mm High Explosive Dual Purpose (HEDP) Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 9	
	B542	M430 40-mm High Explosive Dual Purpose (HEDP) Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 3	<10 data points
	B571	M383 40-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 3	
	BA11	M1001 40-mm High Velocity Canister Cartridge	EO 12	
	K042	M88 Volcano Practice Canister Mine	DPG VIII	
Mine	K181 ^a	M21 Anti-Tank High Explosive, Heavy Mine	EO 15	<10 data points
	B632	M49A4 60-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 3	
	B642	M720 60-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 6	
	B643	M888 60-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 11	10+ data points
Martan	C256	M374 81-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 13	
Mortar	C788	M57 120-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 13	
	C868 ^a	M821 81-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 15	
	C869 ^a	M889 81-mm High Explosive Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 16	
	None	M720 60-mm Mortar HE Cartridge with PAX-21 Charge (projectile only)	EO 8	
Projectile	C995	M136 AT4 Recoilless Rifle, 84-mm Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 3	
	H557	M72A3 66-mm High Explosive Antitank Rocket (projectile only)	EO 1	<10 data points
	H708	M73 35-mm Subcaliber Practice Rocket	DPG VIII	-
	PJ02	FIM-92A Stinger-Basic Guided Missile (projectile only)	EO 6	
Propellant	A652	M220 20-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge	FP 9	201 data mainta
	A940	M910 25-mm Target Practice Discarding Sabot Tracer Cartridge	FP 8	20+ data points

TABLE 9 (cont.)

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
	A976	M793 25-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge	FP 8	
	B519	M781 40-mm Practice Cartridge	FP 2	
	B584	M918 40-mm Practice Cartridge	FP 2	
	B627	M83A3 60-mm Illuminating Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 10	
	B642	M720 60-mm High Explosive Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 4	
	B645	M766 60-mm Short Range Practice Mortar Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 10	
	C226	M301A3 81-mm Illuminating Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 4	
	C379	M934 120-mm High Explosive Cartridge (Zone 1 - propelling charge only)	FP 8	
	C511	M490 105-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 5	
	C784	M831 120-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 5	
Propellant, continued	C785	M865 120-mm Target Practice Discarding Sabot Tracer Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 5	20+ data points
	C868	M821 81-mm High Explosive Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 4	
	C876	M880 81-mm Target Practice Short Range Cartridge (propelling charge only)	FP 4	
	CA09	M931 120-mm Full Range Practice Cartridge (Zone 1 - propelling charge only)	FP 8	
	CA09	M931 120-mm Full Range Practice Cartridge (Zone 4 - propelling charge)	FP 8	
	D533	M119A2 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 7)	FP 5	
	D540	M3 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M199 Cannon)	FP 1	
	D540	M3 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M199 Cannon)	FP 5	
	D540	M3 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M284 Cannon)	FP 1	
	D540	M3 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 5, M199 Cannon)	FP 1	

TABLE 9 (cont.)

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
	D540	M3A1 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M199 Cannon)	FP 1	
	D540	M3A1 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 3, M284 Cannon)	FP 1	
	D541	M4A2 155-mm Propelling Charge (Zone 7)	FP 5	
	H459	Rocket, 2.75-inch Flechette, MK40 Mod 3 Motor (propelling rocket only)	FP 7	
	H557	M72A3 66-mm High Explosive Antitank Rocket (propelling rocket only)	FP 4	
	H557	M72A3 66-mm High Explosive Antitank Rocket (propelling rocket only)	FP 7	
Propellant, continued	H708	M73 35-mm Subcaliber Practice Rocket (motor only)	FP 9	20+ data points
	H974	Rocket, 2.75-inch M267 Practice Warhead, MK66 Mod 3 Motor (propelling rocket only)	FP 7	
	M174	.50 Caliber Blank Cartridge (Electrically Initiated)	EO 10	
	MD73	M796 Impulse Cartridge	EO 11	
	MN60	M79 Electric Match Igniter	EO 9	
	PJ02	FIM-92A Stinger-Basic Guided Missile (launch motor)	EO 5	
	PJ02	FIM-92A Stinger-Basic Guided Missile (flight motor)	FP 7	
	BA15	M769 60-mm Full Range Practice Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 12	
	C511	M490 105-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge (M13 tracer only)	EO 6	
	C784	M831 120-mm Target Practice Tracer Cartridge (tracer only)	EO 12	
Pyrotechnic	C785	M865 120-mm Target Practice Discarding Sabot Tracer Cartridge (tracer only)	EO 12	20+ data points
	C875 ^a	M879 81-mm Full Range Practice Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 17	
	CA09 ^a	M931 120-mm Full Range Practice Cartridge (projectile) only	EO 17	
	K051	M604 Anti-Tank Practice Mine Fuse	EO 6	
	L366	M74A1 Projectile Air Burst Simulator	DPG IV-B	

TABLE 9 (cont.)

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
	L495	M49A1 Surface Trip Flare	DPG II	
	L508	M72 Red Railroad Warning Fusee	DPG VI	
	L592	TOW Blast Simulator	DPG V-A	
	L594	M115A2 Ground Burst Simulator	DPG I	
	L595	M9 Liquid Projectile Air Burst Simulator	EO 12	
	L596	M110 Flash Artillery Simulator	DPG I	
	L598	M117 Flash Booby Trap Simulator	DPG I	
	L599	M118 Illuminating Booby Trap Simulator	DPG II	
	L600	M119 Whistling Booby Trap Simulator	DPG II	
	L601	M116A1 Hand Grenade Simulator	DPG I	
	L602	M21 Artillery Flash Simulator	DPG IV-B	
Pyrotechnic,	L709	M25 Target Hit Simulator	EO 2	20 1
continued	L709	XM25 Target Hit Simulator	DPG V-B	20+ data points
	L720	M26 Target Kill Simulator	EO 6	
	M327	Firing Device Coupling Base	EO 11	
	M448	M2A1 8-second Delay Percussion Detonator	EO 10	
	M626	M1 Pressure Type Demolition Firing Device	EO 9	
	M630	M1 Pull Type Demolition Firing Device	DPG V-A	
	M630	M1 Pull Type Demolition Firing Device	EO 9	
	M670	M700 Time Blasting Fuse	EO 11	
	M766	M60 Time Blasting Fuse Igniter	EO 9	
	ML03	M142 Multipurpose Demolition Firing Device	EO 10	
	H163	2.75-inch Rocket, MK66 Mod 3 Motor with M151 High Explosive Warhead	EO 13	
	H534 ^a	2.75-inch Rocket, MK40 Mod 3 Motor with M229 High Explosive Warhead	EO 14	
Rocket/Missile	H974 ^a	2.75-inch Rocket, MK66 Mod 3 Motor with M267 Practice Warhead	EO 18	10+ data points
	PA79 ^a	AGM-114A Surface Attack Guided Missile (Hellfire)	EO 18	
	PB94 ^a	BGM-71A-2 Surface Attack Guided Missile (TOW)	EO 14	

TABLE 9 (cont.)

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
	PD62 ^a	BGM-71E Surface Attack Guided Missile (TOW)	EO 18	
Rocket/Missile, continued	PD68 ^a	AGM-114C Surface Attack Guided Missile (Hellfire)		10+ data points
	Z219 ^a	Rocket Propelled Grenade	EO 17	
	A010	M220 10 Gage Blank/Subcaliber Salute Cartridge	FP 9	
	A011	12 Gage #00 Shot Cartridge	FP 9	
	A017	12 Gage #9 Shot Cartridge	FP 10	
	A059	M855 5.56-mm Ball Cartridge (fired from the M16A1 Rifle)	FP 3	
	A059	M855 5.56-mm Ball Cartridge (fired from the M16A2 Rifle)	FP 3	
	A059	M855 5.56-mm Ball Cartridge (No-Lead)	FP 4	
	A063	M856 5.56-mm Tracer Cartridge	FP 3	
	A065	M862 5.56-mm Practice Ball Cartridge	FP 3	
	A066	M193 5.56-mm Ball Cartridge	FP 6	
	A068	M196 5.56-mm Tracer Cartridge	FP 6	
	A080	M200 5.56-mm Blank Cartridge	FP 3	
	A086	.22 Caliber Long Rifle Ball Cartridge	FP 4	
Small Arm-FP	A106	.22 Caliber Standard Velocity Long Rifle Ball Cartridge	FP 4	20+ data points
	A111	M82 7.62-mm Blank Cartridge	FP 3	
	A131	M62 7.62-mm Tracer Cartridge	FP 6	
	A136	M118 7.62-mm Ball Match Cartridge	FP 6	
	A143	M80 7.62-mm Ball Cartridge	FP 3	
	A171	M852 7.62-mm Ball Match Cartridge	FP 6	
	A182	M1 .30 Caliber Ball Cartridge	FP 6	
	A212	M2 .30 Caliber Ball Cartridge	FP 6	
	A218	M25 .30 Caliber Tracer Cartridge	FP 9	
	A247	M72 .30 Caliber Ball Match Cartridge	FP 6	
	A363	M882 9-mm Ball Cartridge	FP 3	
	A400	M41 .38 Caliber Special Ball Cartridge	FP 9	
	A403	.38 Caliber Special Blank Cartridge	FP 9	
	A475	M1911 .45 Caliber Ball Cartridge	FP 3	

TABLE 9 (cont.)

Category	DODIC	Ordnance Description	Test Series	Comment
	A518	M903 .50 Caliber SLAP Cartridge	FP 9	
	A518	M962 .50 Caliber SLAP-T Cartridge	FP 10	
Small Arm-FP,	A525	M2 .50 Caliber Armor Piercing Cartridge	FP 8	20 . 1
continued	A557	M17 .50 Caliber Tracer Cartridge	FP 3	20+ data points
	A557	M33 .50 Caliber Ball Cartridge	FP 3	
	A598	M1A1 .50 Caliber Blank Cartridge	FP 3	
	A365	M181A1 14.5-mm Artillery Training Cartridge	DPG V-A	
	C452 ^a	M84 105-mm HC Smoke Cartridge (projectile only)	EO 18	
	C454	M60 105-mm White Phosphorus Smoke Cartridge (projectile only)	DPG IX	
	C870	M819 81-mm Red Phosphorus Smoke Cartridge	DPG VII	
	CA03	XM929 120-mm White Phosphorus Smoke Cartridge (projectile only)	DPG V-B	
	G815	L8A3 Red Phosphorus Smoke Screening Grenade Launcher (UK)	DPG VII	
	G930	AN-M8 Hexachloroethane (HC) Smoke Hand Grenade	DPG V-A	
Smoke	G940	M18 Green Smoke Hand Grenade	DPG III	20+ data points
	G945	M18 Yellow Smoke Hand Grenade	DPG III	
	G950	M18 Red Smoke Hand Grenade	DPG III	
	G950	M18 Red Smoke Hand Grenade (new formulation)	DPG V-A	
	G955	M18 Violet Smoke Hand Grenade	DPG III	
	G955	M18 Violet Smoke Hand Grenade (new formulation)	DPG V-A	
	G978	M82 Smoke Simulant Screening Grenade Launcher	DPG V-B	
	G982	M83 Terephthalic Acid (TA) Smoke Practice Hand Grenade	DPG V-A	
	K866	ABC-M5 30-pound HC Smoke Pot	DPG VII	
	K867	M4A2 Floating Type HC Smoke Pot	DPG VII	

^a Although testing may have been completed, emission factors for this ordnance have not yet been analyzed for inclusion in AP-42; therefore, these data were not included in the data correlation.

- 2. If the relative standard deviation was less than 1.0, the evaluated emission factors were considered to demonstrate good correlation. As such, the rating for these emission factors <u>could</u> be elevated to a maximum of an A, depending on the number of data points within the evaluated ordnance category.
- 3. If the relative standard deviation was between 1.0 and 2.0, the evaluated emission factors were considered to demonstrate fair correlation. As such, the rating for these emission factors <u>could</u> be elevated to a maximum of a B, depending on the number of data points within the evaluated ordnance category.
- 4. If the relative standard deviation was greater than 2.0, the evaluated emission factors were considered to demonstrate poor correlation. As such, the emission factor rating could not be elevated, regardless of the amount of data available.

A poor correlation between emission factors was not necessarily construed as being indicative of poor test data. Rather, a poor correlation was more likely to indicate that the ordnance included in the category were not as similar in nature as anticipated by USAEC when the ordnance categories were defined.

In addition to assessing the data correlation, an assessment was made of the number of test data points available within each of the 15 ordnance categories. Because each ordnance test consisted of two test data points (i.e., two test runs per ordnance or two independent sampling trains were used during an ordnance test), the number of test data points available in each of the ordnance categories varied from 4 to 70. Based upon information provided by EPA, the following assumptions were used to assess whether sufficient category-specific test data points were available to justify elevating the emission factor ratings based on ordnance-specific data only:

- 1. If 20 or more data points were available, the emission factor rating could be elevated to a maximum of an A, provided that the data also demonstrated a good correlation.
- 2. If at least 10 but less than 20 data points were available, the emission factor rating could be elevated to a maximum of a B, provided that the data also demonstrated a good correlation.
- 3. If less than 10 data points were available, the emission factor rating could not be elevated, regardless of the data correlation.
- 4. If the data demonstrated a fair correlation and 20 or more data points were available, the emission factor rating could be elevated to a maximum of a B.
- 5. If the data demonstrated a fair correlation and at least 10 but less than 20 data points were available, the emission factor rating could be elevated to a maximum of a C.

Using the criteria specified above, the emission factor ratings assigned to ordnance in each of the 15 ordnance categories were reevaluated. This evaluation indicated that some of the emission factor ratings associated with ordnance included in ten categories could be elevated from a C or D rating to an A or B rating. These ten categories are:

- 1. Demolition
- 2. Fuse
- 3. Illumination
- 4. Large
- 5. Mortar
- 6. Propellant
- 7. Pyrotechnic
- 8. Rocket/Missile
- 9. Small Arm Firing Point
- 10. Smoke

A final assessment was made as to the emission factor rating assigned based on ordnance-specific test data only. If the original emission factor data rating assigned was a C, then the emission factor rating was elevated to an A or B, as appropriate, based upon the data for the whole ordnance category. If the original emission factor data rating assigned was a D, then the emission factor rating was elevated to a B or C, as appropriate, based upon the data for the whole ordnance category.

Within the current test series:

- DODICs C256 and C788 were included in the Mortar category, which includes more than 10 test data points. As a result, some emission factor ratings associated with these ordnance were elevated.
- DODICs C445, C623, and C787 were included in the Large category, which currently includes less than 10 data points. As a result, the emission factor ratings associated with these ordnance were not elevated.
- DODIC H163 was included in the Rocket/Missile category, which currently includes less than 10 data points. As a result, the emission factor ratings associated with this ordnance were not elevated.
- DODIC M420 was included in the Demolition category, which includes more than 20 test data points. As a result, some emission factor ratings associated with this ordnance were elevated.

The emission factor ratings assigned are presented in Appendix A.

6.0 REFERENCES

- 1. Report No. 13 for the Exploding Ordnance Emission Study Phase II, Military Environmental Technology Demonstration Center, U.S. Army Aberdeen Test Center, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD, October 2008.
- 2. Detailed Test Plan No. 13 for the Exploding Ordnance Emission Study Phase II, Military Environmental Technology Demonstration Center, U.S. Army Aberdeen Test Center, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD, February 2006.
- 3. Supporting information including Excel spreadsheets, analytical results, field notes, and case summaries supplied upon request by the Applied Science Test Team Chemistry Unit, U.S. Army Aberdeen Test Center, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD, October 2008.
- 4. *Procedures for Preparing Emission Factor Documents*, EPA-454/R-95-015, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC, November 1997.
- 5. Draft Detailed Procedures for Preparing Emission Factors, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC, June 2006.
- 6. Compendium of Methods for the Determination of Toxic Organic Compounds in Ambient Air, Second Supplement, EPA/600/4-89/018, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC, June 1988.
- 7. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods (SW-846), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, http://www.epa.gov/epaoswer/hazwaste/test/sw846.htm.

- 8. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Manual of Analytical Methods (NMAM), Fourth Edition, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH.
- 9. Information regarding the relationship between emission factor data correlation, the number of data points available, and the resulting emission factor rating assigned supplied upon request by Mr. Ron Myers, Measurement Policy Group, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Research Triangle Park, NC, June 2006.



APPENDIX A

COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR ORDNANCE INCLUDED IN EXPLODING ORDNANCE EMISSION STUDY PHASE II SERIES 13 TESTING AT ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND



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TABLE A1 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC C256, M374A2 81-MM HIGH EXPLOSIVE CARTRIDGE (PROJECTILE ONLY)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
(Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, Me	thane, and Total	Suspended Parti	culate
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide ^f	1.4	6.8 E-01	
630-08-0	Carbon monoxide ^f	9.7 E-02	4.6 E-02	
7439-92-1	Lead ^f	6.9 E-04	3.3 E-04	
74-82-8	Methane ^f	1.5 E-03	7.2 E-04	
	Oxides of nitrogen ^f	1.6 E-02	7.6 E-03	
	PM-2.5 ^f	9.3 E-02	4.4 E-02	
	PM-10 ^f	1.7 E-01	8.0 E-02	
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	ND	ND	5.3 E-01
12789-66-1	Total suspended particulate ^f	1.9 E-01	9.2 E-02	
	Hazardous Air Pollutant	s and Toxic Che	micals	
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene ^f	4.6 E-07	2.2 E-07	
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde ^f	2.4 E-05	1.1 E-05	
75-05-8	Acetonitrile ^f	4.0 E-05	1.9 E-05	
107-02-8	Acrolein	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	3.5 E-06	1.7 E-06	
107-05-1	Allyl chloride	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
7429-90-5	Aluminum ^f	4.1 E-03	2.0 E-03	
7664-41-7	Ammonia ^g	2.8 E-03	1.3 E-03	
120-12-7	Anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-36-0	Antimony ^h	3.3 E-06	1.5 E-06	
7440-38-2	Arsenic ^h	2.8 E-06	1.3 E-06	
7440-39-3	Barium ^g	1.1 E-04	5.3 E-05	
71-43-2	Benzene	2.9 E-05	1.4 E-05	
56-55-3	Benzo[a]anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
205-99-2	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
207-08-9	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	0	0	
191-24-2	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	0	0	
50-32-8	Benzo[a]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
192-97-2	Benzo[e]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
7440-41-7	Beryllium ^h	5.8 E-06	2.7 E-06	
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
74-83-9	Bromomethane	ND	ND	3.9 E-03

TABLE A1 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
101-55-3	4-Bromophenylphenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
75-65-0	t-Butyl alcohol	ND	ND	3.1 E-03
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-72-8	Butyraldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium	4.3 E-05	2.0 E-05	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	6.4 E-03
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
75-45-6	Chlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	ND	2.7 E-03
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
74-87-3	Chloromethane	ND	ND	2.1 E-03
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-47-3	Chromium ^f	6.1 E-05	2.9 E-05	
218-01-9	Chrysene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-48-4	Cobalt	1.9 E-04	9.2 E-05	
7440-50-8	Copper ^f	2.5 E-03	1.2 E-03	
106-44-5	p-Cresol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
4170-30-3	Crotonaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
98-82-8	Cumene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
57-12-5	Particulate cyanide	ND	ND	1.3 E-02
53-70-3	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	ND	ND	6.8 E-03

TABLE A1 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03
75-43-4	Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	4.3 E-03
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03
76-14-2	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	7.1 E-03
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-65-0	1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
	Total dioxin/furan compounds ^f	4.7 E-10	2.2 E-10	
122-39-4	Diphenylamine	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
74-85-1	Ethylene ^f	8.0 E-05	3.8 E-05	
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	ND	7.2 E-04
206-44-0	Fluoranthene ^f	2.1 E-07	9.7 E-08	
86-73-7	Fluorene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
50-00-0	Formaldehyde ^f	1.1 E-04	5.1 E-05	
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
35822-46-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	5.9 E-11	2.8 E-11	
67562-39-4	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.1 E-08
55673-89-7	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.5 E-08
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A1 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
39227-28-6	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.2 E-08
57653-85-7	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.2 E-08
19408-74-3	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	1.1 E-08
70648-26-9	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	9.2 E-09
57117-44-9	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	8.6 E-09
72918-21-9	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.2 E-08
60851-34-5	2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	9.6 E-09
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	ND	9.8 E-03
110-54-3	Hexane	ND	ND	7.2 E-02
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide ^f	1.0 E-03	4.8 E-04	
7664-39-3	Hydrogen fluoride	ND	ND	1.1 E-01
193-39-5	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese ^f	8.0 E-04	3.8 E-04	
96-33-3	Methyl acrylate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
75-09-2	Methylene chloride ^h	4.6 E-06	2.2 E-06	
74-88-4	Methyl iodide	ND	ND	5.9 E-03
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	3.2 E-06	1.5 E-06	
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
91-20-3	Naphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel ^f	2.9 E-04	1.4 E-04	
7697-37-2	Nitric acid	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
55-63-0	Nitroglycerin	1.3 E-06	6.0 E-07	
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
86-30-6	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A1 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
621-64-7	n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
3268-87-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	3.7 E-10	1.7 E-10	
39001-02-0	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran	3.5 E-11	1.6 E-11	
40321-76-4	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	2.3 E-08
57117-41-6	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	8.1 E-09
57117-31-4	2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	8.5 E-09
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
85-01-8	Phenanthrene ^f	6.4 E-07	3.0 E-07	
108-95-2	Phenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-38-6	Propionaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
115-07-1	Propylene	ND	ND	3.5 E-02
129-00-0	Pyrene ^f	5.3 E-07	2.5 E-07	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
7440-22-4	Silver ^h	5.0 E-07	2.4 E-07	
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	ND	4.3 E-03
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.3 E-08
51207-31-9	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	9.4 E-12	4.4 E-12	
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	ND	6.9 E-03
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
108-88-3	Toluene ^f	5.4 E-06	2.6 E-06	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	7.5 E-03
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	5.7 E-03
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
540-84-1	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2.6 E-03

TABLE A1 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum	
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}	
75-35-4	Vinylidene chloride	ND	ND	4.0 E-03	
106-42-3, 108-38-3	m-Xylene, p-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03	
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03	
7440-66-6	Zinc	8.8 E-03	4.2 E-03		
	Other Po	llutants			
67-64-1	Acetone	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
74-86-2	Acetylene	3.4 E-05	1.6 E-05		
35572-78-2	2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
19406-51-0	4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03	
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-03	
106-97-8	Butane	ND	ND	5.3 E-02	
106-98-9	1-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02	
590-18-1	cis-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02	
624-64-6	trans-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02	
107-00-6	1-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02	
503-17-3	2-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02	
7440-44-0	Elemental carbon ^g	4.5 E-02	2.1 E-02		
7440-44-0	Organic carbon ^h	2.2 E-03	1.0 E-03		
7440-44-0	Total carbon ^g	4.7 E-02	2.2 E-02		
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	8.7 E-03	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03	
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
5779-94-2	2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03	
117-84-0	Dioctylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
74-84-0	Ethane ^f	5.2 E-05	2.5 E-05		
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03	
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.7 E-03	
622-96-8	4-Ethyltoluene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03	

TABLE A1 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
142-82-5	n-Heptane	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
66-25-1	Hexaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
2691-41-0	HMX	ND	ND	1.3 E-03
10035-10-6	Hydrogen bromide	ND	ND	9.9 E-02
75-28-5	Isobutane	ND	ND	4.8 E-02
115-11-7	Isobutylene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
590-86-3	Isovaleraldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
7439-95-4	Magnesium ^f	1.4 E-04	6.6 E-05	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ND	3.0 E-03
98-83-9	alpha-Methylstyrene	ND	ND	4.9 E-03
479-45-8	Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
88-74-7	2-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-72-2	2-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
99-08-1	3-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
99-99-0	4-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
111-65-9	Octane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
109-66-0	Pentane	ND	ND	6.0 E-02
14797-73-0	Perchlorate	4.6 E-08	2.2 E-08	
78-11-5	PETN	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
7664-38-2	Phosphoric acid	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
74-98-6	Propane	ND	ND	3.7 E-02
74-99-7	Propyne	ND	ND	3.3 E-02
121-82-4	RDX	8.0 E-07	3.8 E-07	
1334-78-7	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	ND	ND	2.2 E-02
25323-89-1	Trichloroethene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
110-62-3	Valeraldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03

TABLE A1 (cont.)

- ^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
- ^b ND = nondetected.
- ^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.
- ^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 2.11 pounds per item.
- ^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.
- Emission factor rated B because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.
- ^g Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.
- ^h Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.



TABLE A2 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC C445, M1 105-MM HIGH EXPLOSIVE CARTRIDGE (PROJECTILE ONLY)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
(Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, Me	thane, and Total	Suspended Parti	culate
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	3.3	6.6 E-01	
630-08-0	Carbon monoxide	2.5 E-01	5.0 E-02	
7439-92-1	Lead	1.0 E-03	2.0 E-04	
74-82-8	Methane	4.8 E-03	9.7 E-04	
	Oxides of nitrogen	3.6 E-02	7.3 E-03	
	PM-2.5	1.1 E-01	2.2 E-02	
	PM-10	2.7 E-01	5.4 E-02	
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	ND	ND	5.3 E-01
12789-66-1	Total suspended particulate	3.2 E-01	6.5 E-02	
	Hazardous Air Pollutant	s and Toxic Che	micals	_
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	3.5 E-07	7.0 E-08	
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	4.0 E-05	8.1 E-06	
75-05-8	Acetonitrile	5.9 E-05	1.2 E-05	
107-02-8	Acrolein	9.7 E-06	1.9 E-06	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	6.3 E-06	1.3 E-06	
107-05-1	Allyl chloride	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
7429-90-5	Aluminum	2.9 E-03	5.9 E-04	
7664-41-7	Ammonia	1.0 E-02	2.0 E-03	
120-12-7	Anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-36-0	Antimony	2.0 E-05	4.1 E-06	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	1.0 E-05	2.0 E-06	
7440-39-3	Barium	5.1 E-05	1.0 E-05	
71-43-2	Benzene	3.9 E-05	8.0 E-06	
56-55-3	Benzo[a]anthracene	1.6 E-08	3.2 E-09	
205-99-2	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
207-08-9	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
191-24-2	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	4.1 E-09	8.2 E-10	
50-32-8	Benzo[a]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
192-97-2	Benzo[e]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
74-83-9	Bromomethane	ND	ND	3.9 E-03

TABLE A2 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
101-55-3	4-Bromophenylphenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
75-65-0	t-Butyl alcohol	ND	ND	3.1 E-03
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-72-8	Butyraldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium	3.9 E-04	7.8 E-05	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	6.4 E-03
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
75-45-6	Chlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	ND	2.7 E-03
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
74-87-3	Chloromethane	ND	ND	2.1 E-03
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-47-3	Chromium	1.1 E-04	2.1 E-05	
18540-29-9	Hexavalent chromium	ND	ND	2.9 E-04
218-01-9	Chrysene	1.4 E-08	2.8 E-09	
7440-48-4	Cobalt ^f	1.6 E-04	3.2 E-05	
7440-50-8	Copper	3.9 E-03	7.9 E-04	
106-44-5	p-Cresol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
4170-30-3	Crotonaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
98-82-8	Cumene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
57-12-5	Particulate cyanide	ND	ND	1.2 E-02
53-70-3	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03

TABLE A2 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum	
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}	
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	ND	ND	6.8 E-03	
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	2.5 E-02	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03	
75-43-4	Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	4.3 E-03	
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	4.7 E-03	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03	
76-14-2	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	7.1 E-03	
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
99-65-0	1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	ND	ND	3.7 E-03	
	Total dioxin/furan compounds	7.5 E-10	1.5 E-10		
122-39-4	Diphenylamine	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03	
74-85-1	Ethylene	1.3 E-04	2.6 E-05		
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	ND	7.3 E-04	
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	1.0 E-07	2.1 E-08		
86-73-7	Fluorene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	1.1 E-04	2.3 E-05		
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	ND	7.8 E-03	
35822-46-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	1.3 E-10	2.6 E-11		
67562-39-4	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.0 E-08	
55673-89-7	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.4 E-08	
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1.1 E-02	
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	

TABLE A2 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
39227-28-6	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	8.1 E-09
57653-85-7	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	8.0 E-09
19408-74-3	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	8.2 E-12	1.7 E-12	
70648-26-9	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	1.0 E-11	2.1 E-12	
72918-21-9	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	7.3 E-09
60851-34-5	2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	5.9 E-09
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	ND	9.8 E-03
110-54-3	Hexane	ND	ND	7.2 E-02
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide	2.5 E-03	5.1 E-04	
7664-39-3	Hydrogen fluoride	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
193-39-5	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese	1.3 E-03	2.5 E-04	
96-33-3	Methyl acrylate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	8.8 E-06	1.8 E-06	
74-88-4	Methyl iodide	ND	ND	5.9 E-03
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate ^f	4.5 E-06	9.0 E-07	
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
91-20-3	Naphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel	2.7 E-04	5.5 E-05	
7697-37-2	Nitric acid	4.3 E-04	8.7 E-05	
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
55-63-0	Nitroglycerin	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
86-30-6	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
621-64-7	n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A2 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
3268-87-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	5.2 E-10	1.0 E-10	
39001-02-0	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.7 E-08
40321-76-4	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.4 E-08
57117-41-6	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	1.5 E-11	3.0 E-12	
57117-31-4	2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran ^f	1.9 E-11	3.8 E-12	
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-95-2	Phenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-38-6	Propionaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
115-07-1	Propylene	ND	ND	3.5 E-02
129-00-0	Pyrene	2.8 E-07	5.7 E-08	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
7440-22-4	Silver ^f	1.1 E-06	2.2 E-07	
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	ND	4.3 E-03
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.1 E-08
51207-31-9	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	5.6 E-11	1.1 E-11	
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	ND	6.9 E-03
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
108-88-3	Toluene	7.6 E-06	1.5 E-06	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	7.5 E-03
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	5.7 E-03
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
540-84-1	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2.6 E-03
75-35-4	Vinylidene chloride	ND	ND	4.0 E-03

TABLE A2 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
106-42-3, 108-38-3	m-Xylene, p-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
7440-66-6	Zinc	1.2 E-02	2.5 E-03	
	Other Po	llutants		
67-64-1	Acetone	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
74-86-2	Acetylene	6.9 E-05	1.4 E-05	
35572-78-2	2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
19406-51-0	4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-03
106-97-8	Butane	ND	ND	5.3 E-02
106-98-9	1-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
590-18-1	cis-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
624-64-6	trans-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
107-00-6	1-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
503-17-3	2-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
7440-44-0	Elemental carbon ^f	9.2 E-02	1.9 E-02	
7440-44-0	Organic carbon ^f	3.1 E-03	6.2 E-04	
7440-44-0	Total carbon ^f	9.5 E-02	1.9 E-02	
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	8.7 E-03
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
5779-94-2	2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
74-84-0	Ethane	8.2 E-05	1.7 E-05	
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
622-96-8	4-Ethyltoluene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
142-82-5	n-Heptane	ND	ND	4.2 E-03

TABLE A2 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
66-25-1	Hexaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
2691-41-0	HMX^f	3.9 E-06	7.8 E-07	
10035-10-6	Hydrogen bromide	ND	ND	9.8 E-02
75-28-5	Isobutane	ND	ND	4.8 E-02
115-11-7	Isobutylene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
590-86-3	Isovaleraldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
7439-95-4	Magnesium	1.5 E-04	3.0 E-05	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	3.2 E-06	6.5 E-07	
98-83-9	alpha-Methylstyrene	ND	ND	4.9 E-03
479-45-8	Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
88-74-7	2-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-72-2	2-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	8.4 E-04
99-08-1	3-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
99-99-0	4-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
57-11-4	Octadecanoic acid ^{f,g}	1.1 E-05	2.1 E-06	
111-65-9	Octane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
109-66-0	Pentane	ND	ND	6.0 E-02
14797-73-0	Perchlorate	4.0 E-07	8.1 E-08	
78-11-5	PETN	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
7664-38-2	Phosphoric acid	ND	ND	9.8 E-02
74-98-6	Propane	ND	ND	3.7 E-02
74-99-7	Propyne	ND	ND	3.3 E-02
121-82-4	RDX	1.3 E-06	2.6 E-07	
1334-78-7	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	ND	ND	2.2 E-02
25323-89-1	Trichloroethene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
110-62-3	Valeraldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03

TABLE A2 (cont.)

- ^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
- b ND = nondetected.
- ^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.
- ^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 4.95 pounds per item.
- ^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.
- ^f Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.
- ^g Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.



TABLE A3 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC C623, M933 120-MM HIGH-EXPLOSIVE CARTRIDGE (PROJECTILE ONLY)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
(Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, Me	thane, and Total	Suspended Parti	culate
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	4.5	6.7 E-01	
630-08-0	Carbon monoxide	3.9 E-01	5.9 E-02	
7439-92-1	Lead	9.7 E-04	1.5 E-04	
74-82-8	Methane	1.2 E-02	1.8 E-03	
	Oxides of nitrogen	3.3 E-02	5.0 E-03	
	PM-2.5	1.7 E-01	2.5 E-02	
	PM-10	3.4 E-01	5.2 E-02	
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	ND	ND	5.3 E-01
12789-66-1	Total suspended particulate	4.2 E-01	6.4 E-02	
	Hazardous Air Pollutant	s and Toxic Che	micals	
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	1.8 E-06	2.7 E-07	
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	6.4 E-05	9.6 E-06	
75-05-8	Acetonitrile ^f	2.8 E-04	4.3 E-05	
107-02-8	Acrolein	1.8 E-05	2.7 E-06	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	1.5 E-05	2.2 E-06	
107-05-1	Allyl chloride	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
7429-90-5	Aluminum	2.3 E-03	3.5 E-04	
7664-41-7	Ammonia	2.2 E-02	3.4 E-03	
120-12-7	Anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-36-0	Antimony	2.2 E-05	3.3 E-06	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	1.3 E-05	2.0 E-06	
7440-39-3	Barium	4.0 E-04	6.1 E-05	
71-43-2	Benzene	9.3 E-05	1.4 E-05	
56-55-3	Benzo[a]anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
205-99-2	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
207-08-9	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
191-24-2	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
50-32-8	Benzo[a]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
192-97-2	Benzo[e]pyrene ^f	3.9 E-08	5.9 E-09	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	ND	4.9 E-04
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
74-83-9	Bromomethane	ND	ND	3.9 E-03

TABLE A3 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
101-55-3	4-Bromophenylphenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
75-65-0	t-Butyl alcohol	ND	ND	3.1 E-03
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	1.5 E-05	2.3 E-06	
123-72-8	Butyraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium	2.6 E-05	3.9 E-06	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	6.4 E-03
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
75-45-6	Chlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-00-3	Chloroethane ^f	3.1 E-06	4.8 E-07	
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
74-87-3	Chloromethane	5.9 E-06	8.9 E-07	
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-47-3	Chromium	1.0 E-04	1.5 E-05	
218-01-9	Chrysene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-48-4	Cobalt	3.6 E-04	5.5 E-05	
7440-50-8	Copper	1.5 E-03	2.2 E-04	
106-44-5	p-Cresol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
4170-30-3	Crotonaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
98-82-8	Cumene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
57-12-5	Particulate cyanide	ND	ND	1.3 E-02
53-70-3	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03

TABLE A3 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	ND	ND	6.8 E-03
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03
75-43-4	Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	4.3 E-03
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03
76-14-2	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	7.1 E-03
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-65-0	1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
	Total dioxin/furan compounds	2.4 E-10	3.6 E-11	
122-39-4	Diphenylamine	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
74-85-1	Ethylene	2.4 E-04	3.7 E-05	
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	ND	7.1 E-04
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	5.1 E-07	7.7 E-08	
86-73-7	Fluorene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	1.4 E-04	2.0 E-05	
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
35822-46-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	3.8 E-11	5.8 E-12	
55673-89-7	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	3.5 E-09
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A3 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
39227-28-6	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	1.3 E-09
57653-85-7	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	3.1 E-12	4.7 E-13	
19408-74-3	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	1.2 E-09
70648-26-9	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	3.1 E-10
72918-21-9	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	3.2 E-10
60851-34-5	2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	3.2 E-10
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	ND	9.8 E-03
110-54-3	Hexane	ND	ND	7.2 E-02
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide	3.8 E-03	5.7 E-04	
7664-39-3	Hydrogen fluoride	2.7 E-04	4.2 E-05	
193-39-5	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese	1.1 E-03	1.6 E-04	
96-33-3	Methyl acrylate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	4.9 E-06	7.4 E-07	
74-88-4	Methyl iodide	ND	ND	5.9 E-03
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
91-20-3	Naphthalene	7.1 E-06	1.1 E-06	
7440-02-0	Nickel	3.9 E-04	6.0 E-05	
7697-37-2	Nitric acid	4.6 E-04	6.9 E-05	
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
55-63-0	Nitroglycerin	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
86-30-6	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
621-64-7	n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A3 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum	
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}	
3268-87-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	1.8 E-10	2.8 E-11		
40321-76-4	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	2.7 E-09	
57117-41-6	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran ^f	2.0 E-12	3.0 E-13		
57117-31-4	2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	1.7 E-12	2.6 E-13		
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	1.6 E-06	2.4 E-07		
108-95-2	Phenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
123-38-6	Propionaldehyde	6.9 E-06	1.0 E-06		
115-07-1	Propylene	4.6 E-05	7.0 E-06		
129-00-0	Pyrene	1.4 E-06	2.1 E-07		
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	ND	4.9 E-04	
7440-22-4	Silver	2.1 E-06	3.2 E-07		
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	ND	4.3 E-03	
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.1 E-09	
51207-31-9	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	8.8 E-12	1.3 E-12		
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	ND	6.9 E-03	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	ND	4.9 E-04	
108-88-3	Toluene	1.2 E-05	1.9 E-06		
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	7.5 E-03	
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03	
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	5.7 E-03	
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	6.1 E-03	
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03	
540-84-1	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03	
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2.6 E-03	
75-35-4	Vinylidene chloride	ND	ND	4.0 E-03	
106-42-3, 108-38-3	m-Xylene, p-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03	

TABLE A3 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
7440-66-6	Zinc	8.1 E-03	1.2 E-03	
Other Pollutants				
67-64-1	Acetone	3.2 E-05	4.8 E-06	
74-86-2	Acetylene	1.0 E-04	1.6 E-05	
35572-78-2	2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
19406-51-0	4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-03
106-97-8	Butane	ND	ND	5.3 E-02
106-98-9	1-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
590-18-1	cis-Butene ^f	3.2 E-04	4.9 E-05	
624-64-6	trans-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
107-00-6	1-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
503-17-3	2-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
7440-44-0	Elemental carbon	1.5 E-01	2.3 E-02	
7440-44-0	Organic carbon	3.8 E-03	5.8 E-04	
7440-44-0	Total carbon	1.5 E-01	2.3 E-02	
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	8.7 E-03
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
5779-94-2	2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
74-84-0	Ethane	1.6 E-04	2.4 E-05	
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
622-96-8	4-Ethyltoluene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
142-82-5	n-Heptane	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
66-25-1	Hexaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03

TABLE A3 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
2691-41-0	HMX	ND	ND	1.3 E-03
10035-10-6	Hydrogen bromide	ND	ND	9.2 E-02
75-28-5	Isobutane	ND	ND	4.8 E-02
115-11-7	Isobutylene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
590-86-3	Isovaleraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
7439-95-4	Magnesium	2.1 E-04	3.1 E-05	
75-52-5	Methane, nitro-f,g	1.3 E-06	2.0 E-07	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	ND	ND	3.0 E-03
98-83-9	alpha-Methylstyrene	ND	ND	4.9 E-03
479-45-8	Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
88-74-7	2-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-72-2	2-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
99-08-1	3-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
99-99-0	4-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
124-19-6	Nonanal ^{f,g}	3.0 E-06	4.6 E-07	
111-65-9	Octane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
629-62-9	Pentadecane ^{f,g}	4.5 E-06	6.9 E-07	
109-66-0	Pentane	ND	ND	6.0 E-02
14797-73-0	Perchlorate	ND	ND	1.4 E-03
78-11-5	PETN	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
7664-38-2	Phosphoric acid	1.1 E-04	1.7 E-05	
463-49-0	1,2-Propadiene ^{f,g}	2.5 E-06	3.8 E-07	
74-98-6	Propane	ND	ND	3.7 E-02
74-99-7	Propyne	ND	ND	3.3 E-02
121-82-4	RDX	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
1334-78-7	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	ND	ND	2.2 E-02
25323-89-1	Trichloroethene ^f	7.9 E-06	1.2 E-06	
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
110-62-3	Valeraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03

TABLE A3 (cont.)

- ^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
- b ND = nondetected.
- ^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.
- ^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 6.61 pounds per item.
- ^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.
- ^f Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.
- ^g Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.



TABLE A4 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC C787, M830 120-MM HIGH EXPLOSIVE ANTI-TANK CARTRIDGE (PROJECTILE ONLY)

CASRN ^a	Compound	Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
		lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
(Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, Me	thane, and Total	Suspended Parti	culate
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	2.1	4.9 E-01	
630-08-0	Carbon monoxide	3.4 E-01	8.0 E-02	
7439-92-1	Lead	7.6 E-04	1.8 E-04	
74-82-8	Methane	7.7 E-02	1.8 E-02	
	Oxides of nitrogen	2.1 E-02	5.0 E-03	
	PM-2.5	1.5 E-01	3.6 E-02	
	PM-10	3.1 E-01	7.4 E-02	
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	ND	ND	5.3 E-01
12789-66-1	Total suspended particulate	4.1 E-01	9.8 E-02	
	Hazardous Air Pollutant	s and Toxic Che	micals	_
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	2.9 E-06	6.9 E-07	
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	1.3 E-05	3.0 E-06	
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	3.1 E-04	7.4 E-05	
75-05-8	Acetonitrile	6.2 E-04	1.5 E-04	
107-02-8	Acrolein	9.9 E-05	2.3 E-05	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	1.3 E-04	3.0 E-05	
107-05-1	Allyl chloride	ND	ND	1.6 E-02
7429-90-5	Aluminum	3.4 E-03	8.0 E-04	
7664-41-7	Ammonia	5.6 E-02	1.3 E-02	
120-12-7	Anthracene	4.6 E-06	1.1 E-06	
7440-36-0	Antimony ^f	8.0 E-06	1.9 E-06	
7440-38-2	Arsenic ^f	6.3 E-06	1.5 E-06	
7440-39-3	Barium	6.1 E-03	1.5 E-03	
71-43-2	Benzene	1.0 E-03	2.4 E-04	
56-55-3	Benzo[a]anthracene	3.1 E-06	7.4 E-07	
205-99-2	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	2.3 E-06	5.4 E-07	
207-08-9	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	5.5 E-07	1.3 E-07	
191-24-2	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	1.6 E-06	3.7 E-07	
50-32-8	Benzo[a]pyrene	3.3 E-06	7.7 E-07	
192-97-2	Benzo[e]pyrene	2.6 E-06	6.2 E-07	
7440-41-7	Beryllium ^f	1.3 E-05	3.1 E-06	
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	ND	5.3 E-02

TABLE A4 (cont.)

CASRN ^a	Compound	Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
		lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
74-83-9	Bromomethane	ND	ND	2.0 E-02
101-55-3	4-Bromophenylphenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene	3.9 E-05	9.3 E-06	
75-65-0	t-Butyl alcohol	ND	ND	1.5 E-02
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-72-8	Butyraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium	7.9 E-05	1.9 E-05	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	ND	ND	1.6 E-02
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	3.2 E-02
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	2.4 E-02
75-45-6	Chlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	ND	1.3 E-02
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
74-87-3	Chloromethane	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-47-3	Chromium	2.9 E-04	6.9 E-05	
18540-29-9	Hexavalent chromium	6.9 E-06	1.6 E-06	
218-01-9	Chrysene	3.1 E-06	7.2 E-07	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	5.3 E-04	1.3 E-04	
7440-50-8	Copper	1.5 E-02	3.6 E-03	
106-44-5	p-Cresol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
4170-30-3	Crotonaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
98-82-8	Cumene	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
57-12-5	Particulate cyanide	ND	ND	1.3 E-02
53-70-3	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	1.5 E-07	3.5 E-08	
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	3.9 E-02
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	3.1 E-02
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	3.1 E-02

TABLE A4 (cont.)

CASRN ^a	Compound	Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
		lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	3.1 E-02
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	ND	ND	3.4 E-02
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	2.1 E-02
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	2.9 E-05	6.9 E-06	
75-43-4	Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2.1 E-02
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	2.4 E-02
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	2.3 E-02
76-14-2	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	3.6 E-02
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-65-0	1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
	Total dioxin/furan compounds	5.1 E-10	1.2 E-10	
122-39-4	Diphenylamine	3.5 E-06	8.4 E-07	
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	ND	ND	2.1 E-02
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	6.6 E-05	1.6 E-05	
74-85-1	Ethylene	3.6 E-03	8.6 E-04	
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	ND	7.2 E-04
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	6.6 E-06	1.6 E-06	
86-73-7	Fluorene	4.4 E-06	1.0 E-06	
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	3.2 E-04	7.5 E-05	
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	ND	3.9 E-02
35822-46-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	8.1 E-11	1.9 E-11	
67562-39-4	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.4 E-08
55673-89-7	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	2.1 E-08
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	5.4 E-02

TABLE A4 (cont.)

	Compound	Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a		lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
39227-28-6	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.8 E-08
57653-85-7	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.4 E-08
19408-74-3	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.5 E-08
70648-26-9	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	8.7 E-09
57117-44-9	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	8.4 E-09
72918-21-9	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.0 E-08
60851-34-5	2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	9.3 E-09
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	ND	4.9 E-02
110-54-3	Hexane	ND	ND	7.2 E-02
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide	2.0 E-03	4.8 E-04	
7664-39-3	Hydrogen fluoride	2.4 E-04	5.7 E-05	
193-39-5	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	8.2 E-07	1.9 E-07	
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese	1.5 E-03	3.4 E-04	
96-33-3	Methyl acrylate	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	ND	ND	3.6 E-02
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
74-88-4	Methyl iodide	ND	ND	3.0 E-02
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	ND	ND	2.1 E-02
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	ND	ND	2.1 E-02
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	3.0 E-05	7.1 E-06	
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
91-20-3	Naphthalene	6.3 E-05	1.5 E-05	
7440-02-0	Nickel	4.6 E-04	1.1 E-04	
7697-37-2	Nitric acid	8.6 E-05	2.0 E-05	
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
55-63-0	Nitroglycerinf	3.5 E-06	8.3 E-07	
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A4 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
86-30-6	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
621-64-7	n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
3268-87-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	4.3 E-10	1.0 E-10	
39001-02-0	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	4.2 E-08
40321-76-4	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	2.4 E-08
57117-41-6	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.8 E-08
57117-31-4	2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.9 E-08
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	1.9 E-05	4.4 E-06	
108-95-2	Phenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-38-6	Propionaldehyde	2.9 E-05	6.8 E-06	
115-07-1	Propylene	1.3 E-03	3.2 E-04	
129-00-0	Pyrene	2.0 E-05	4.9 E-06	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
7440-22-4	Silver	2.4 E-05	5.6 E-06	
100-42-5	Styrene	5.0 E-05	1.2 E-05	
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.3 E-08
51207-31-9	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	2.2 E-08
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	3.5 E-02
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	3.5 E-02
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	ND	3.4 E-02
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
108-88-3	Toluene	5.8 E-04	1.4 E-04	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	3.8 E-02
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	2.8 E-02
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	2.8 E-02
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	2.9 E-02
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	3.1 E-02
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
540-84-1	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	ND	ND	2.4 E-02
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	ND	ND	1.8 E-02

TABLE A4 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	1.3 E-02
75-35-4	Vinylidene chloride	ND	ND	2.0 E-02
106-42-3, 108-38-3	m-Xylene, p-Xylene	9.9 E-05	2.4 E-05	
95-47-6	o-Xylene	4.7 E-05	1.1 E-05	
7440-66-6	Zinc	9.6 E-03	2.3 E-03	
	Other Po	llutants		
67-64-1	Acetone	6.5 E-05	1.5 E-05	
74-86-2	Acetylene	5.3 E-04	1.3 E-04	
35572-78-2	2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
19406-51-0	4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
100-47-0	Benzonitrile ^g	2.1 E-05	5.0 E-06	
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	ND	ND	3.3 E-02
106-97-8	Butane	1.1 E-04	2.7 E-05	
106-98-9	1-Butene	2.3 E-04	5.4 E-05	
590-18-1	cis-Butene ^f	4.9 E-05	1.2 E-05	
624-64-6	trans-Butene	6.9 E-05	1.6 E-05	
107-00-6	1-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
503-17-3	2-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
7440-44-0	Elemental carbon ^f	8.7 E-02	2.1 E-02	
7440-44-0	Organic carbon ^f	6.8 E-03	1.6 E-03	
7440-44-0	Total carbon ^f	9.3 E-02	2.2 E-02	
105-60-2	Caprolactamg	1.1 E-04	2.6 E-05	
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1191-96-4	Cyclopropane, ethyl-g	4.1 E-05	9.7 E-06	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	4.3 E-02
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	2.0 E-02
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	2.0 E-02
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	2.3 E-02
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
5779-94-2	2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A4 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
74-84-0	Ethane	5.0 E-03	1.2 E-03	
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	ND	2.4 E-02
622-96-8	4-Ethyltoluene	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
142-82-5	n-Heptane	ND	ND	2.1 E-02
66-25-1	Hexaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	ND	2.1 E-02
592-41-6	1-Hexene ^g	4.9 E-05	1.2 E-05	
2691-41-0	HMX	ND	ND	1.3 E-03
10035-10-6	Hydrogen bromide	ND	ND	9.7 E-02
95-13-6	Indene ^g	3.1 E-05	7.3 E-06	
75-28-5	Isobutane	ND	ND	4.8 E-02
115-11-7	Isobutylene	7.1 E-05	1.7 E-05	
590-86-3	Isovaleraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
7439-95-4	Magnesium	4.7 E-04	1.1 E-04	
75-52-5	Methane, nitro- ^g	1.7 E-05	4.0 E-06	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	2.1 E-05	5.1 E-06	
98-83-9	alpha-Methylstyrene	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
479-45-8	Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
90-12-0	Naphthalene, 1-methyl-g	2.1 E-05	5.0 E-06	
88-74-7	2-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-72-2	2-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
99-08-1	3-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
99-99-0	4-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	8.2 E-04
111-65-9	Octane	ND	ND	2.4 E-02
109-66-0	Pentane	ND	ND	6.0 E-02
627-20-3	2-Pentene, (z)- ^g	1.9 E-05	4.5 E-06	
14797-73-0	Perchlorate	ND	ND	7.8 E-05
78-11-5	PETN	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
7664-38-2	Phosphoric acid	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
74-98-6	Propane	5.9 E-04	1.4 E-04	
107-12-0	Propanenitrile ^g	2.2 E-05	5.1 E-06	
74-99-7	Propyne	4.1 E-05	9.8 E-06	
121-82-4	RDX	ND	ND	6.5 E-04

TABLE A4 (cont.)

		Emission	Emission Factor ^{b,c}	
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
1334-78-7	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	ND	ND	2.2 E-02
25323-89-1	Trichloroethene	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	2.5 E-02
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
110-62-3	Valeraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03

^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

g Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.



 $^{^{}b}$ ND = nondetected.

^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.

d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 4.22 pounds per item.
e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.
f Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.

TABLE A5 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC C788, M57 120-MM HIGH EXPLOSIVE CARTRIDGE (PROJECTILE ONLY)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
(Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, Me	thane, and Total	Suspended Parti	culate
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide ^f	5.2	1.1	
630-08-0	Carbon monoxide ^f	1.0 E-01	2.2 E-02	
7439-92-1	Lead ^f	5.2 E-04	1.1 E-04	
74-82-8	Methane ^f	ND	ND	1.0
	Oxides of nitrogen ^f	3.3 E-02	7.2 E-03	
	PM-2.5 ^f	7.9 E-02	1.7 E-02	
	PM-10 ^f	2.0 E-01	4.3 E-02	
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	ND	ND	5.3 E-01
12789-66-1	Total suspended particulate ^f	2.6 E-01	5.6 E-02	
	Hazardous Air Pollutant	s and Toxic Che	micals	
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
208-96-8	Acenaphthylenef	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde ^f	4.7 E-05	1.0 E-05	
75-05-8	Acetonitrile ^f	3.4 E-05	7.3 E-06	
107-02-8	Acrolein	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	ND	ND	2.2 E-03
107-05-1	Allyl chloride	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
7429-90-5	Aluminum ^f	1.9 E-03	4.0 E-04	
7664-41-7	Ammonia ^f	1.6 E-03	3.3 E-04	
120-12-7	Anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-36-0	Antimony	1.4 E-05	3.1 E-06	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	1.5 E-05	3.2 E-06	
7440-39-3	Barium ^f	7.3 E-05	1.6 E-05	
71-43-2	Benzene	1.4 E-05	3.0 E-06	
56-55-3	Benzo[a]anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
205-99-2	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
207-08-9	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
191-24-2	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
50-32-8	Benzo[a]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
192-97-2	Benzo[e]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	ND	4.9 E-04
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
74-83-9	Bromomethane	ND	ND	3.9 E-03

TABLE A5 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
101-55-3	4-Bromophenylphenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
75-65-0	t-Butyl alcohol	ND	ND	3.1 E-03
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-72-8	Butyraldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium	1.6 E-05	3.4 E-06	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	6.4 E-03
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
75-45-6	Chlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	ND	2.7 E-03
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
74-87-3	Chloromethane	ND	ND	2.1 E-03
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-47-3	Chromium ^f	9.3 E-05	2.0 E-05	
218-01-9	Chrysene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
7440-48-4	Cobalt ^g	1.6 E-04	3.4 E-05	
7440-50-8	Copper ^f	9.2 E-04	2.0 E-04	
106-44-5	p-Cresol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
4170-30-3	Crotonaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
98-82-8	Cumene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
57-12-5	Particulate cyanide	ND	ND	1.2 E-02
53-70-3	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	3.6 E-05	7.8 E-06	
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	ND	ND	6.8 E-03

TABLE A5 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03
75-43-4	Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	4.3 E-03
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03
76-14-2	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	7.1 E-03
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-65-0	1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
	Total dioxin/furan compounds ^f	4.2 E-10	9.0 E-11	
122-39-4	Diphenylamine	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
74-85-1	Ethylene ^f	6.4 E-05	1.4 E-05	
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	ND	7.2 E-04
206-44-0	Fluoranthene ^f	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
86-73-7	Fluorene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
50-00-0	Formaldehyde ^f	8.0 E-05	1.7 E-05	
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
35822-46-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	6.6 E-11	1.4 E-11	
55673-89-7	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	2.6 E-09
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
39227-28-6	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	2.1 E-09

TABLE A5 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
57653-85-7	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	5.1 E-12	1.1 E-12	
72918-21-9	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.2 E-09
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	ND	9.8 E-03
110-54-3	Hexane	ND	ND	7.2 E-02
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide ^f	8.1 E-04	1.7 E-04	
7664-39-3	Hydrogen fluoride	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
193-39-5	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-05
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese ^f	9.5 E-04	2.0 E-04	
96-33-3	Methyl acrylate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
75-09-2	Methylene chloride ^g	4.6 E-06	9.9 E-07	
74-88-4	Methyl iodide	ND	ND	5.9 E-03
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
91-20-3	Naphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-02-0	Nickel ^f	2.6 E-04	5.6 E-05	
7697-37-2	Nitric acid	3.4 E-04	7.2 E-05	
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
55-63-0	Nitroglycerin	4.5 E-06	9.7 E-07	
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
86-30-6	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
621-64-7	n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
3268-87-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	3.3 E-10	7.1 E-11	
40321-76-4	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	4.0 E-09
57117-41-6	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	2.4 E-12	5.2 E-13	
57117-31-4	2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran ^g	2.0 E-12	4.3 E-13	

TABLE A5 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
85-01-8	Phenanthrene ^f	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-95-2	Phenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-38-6	Propionaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
115-07-1	Propylene	ND	ND	3.5 E-02
129-00-0	Pyrene ^f	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	ND	4.9 E-04
7440-22-4	Silver	9.8 E-07	2.1 E-07	
100-42-5	Styrene	ND	ND	4.3 E-03
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.3 E-09
51207-31-9	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	1.8 E-11	4.0 E-12	
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	ND	6.9 E-03
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	ND	4.9 E-04
108-88-3	Toluenef	ND	ND	3.8 E-03
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	7.5 E-03
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	5.7 E-03
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
540-84-1	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2.6 E-03
75-35-4	Vinylidene chloride	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
106-42-3, 108-38-3	m-Xylene, p-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
7440-66-6	Zinc	2.2 E-02	4.6 E-03	
	Other Po	llutants		
67-64-1	Acetone	ND	ND	1.8 E-02
74-86-2	Acetylene	1.8 E-05	4.0 E-06	

TABLE A5 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
35572-78-2	2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
19406-51-0	4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-03
106-97-8	Butane	ND	ND	5.3 E-02
106-98-9	1-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
590-18-1	cis-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
624-64-6	trans-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
107-00-6	1-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
503-17-3	2-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
7440-44-0	Elemental carbon ^h	7.7 E-02	1.7 E-02	
7440-44-0	Organic carbon ^g	2.4 E-03	5.1 E-04	
7440-44-0	Total carbon ^h	7.9 E-02	1.7 E-02	
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	8.7 E-03
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
5779-94-2	2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
74-84-0	Ethane ^f	1.9 E-05	4.2 E-06	
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
622-96-8	4-Ethyltoluene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
142-82-5	n-Heptane	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
66-25-1	Hexaldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
2691-41-0	HMX	ND	ND	1.3 E-03
10035-10-6	Hydrogen bromide	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
75-28-5	Isobutane	ND	ND	4.8 E-02
115-11-7	Isobutylene	ND	ND	5.1 E-02
590-86-3	Isovaleraldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03

TABLE A5 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
7439-95-4	Magnesium ^f	1.9 E-04	4.1 E-05	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	2.4 E-06	5.2 E-07	
98-83-9	alpha-Methylstyrene	ND	ND	4.9 E-03
479-45-8	Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
88-74-7	2-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-72-2	2-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
99-08-1	3-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
99-99-0	4-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
57-11-4	Octadececanoic acidi	9.1 E-06	2.0 E-06	
111-65-9	Octane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
109-66-0	Pentane	ND	ND	6.0 E-02
14797-73-0	Perchlorate	4.0 E-07	8.5 E-08	
78-11-5	PETN	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
7664-38-2	Phosphoric acid	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
74-98-6	Propane	ND	ND	3.7 E-02
74-99-7	Propyne	ND	ND	3.3 E-02
121-82-4	RDX	8.0 E-07	1.7 E-07	
1334-78-7	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	ND	ND	2.2 E-02
25323-89-1	Trichloroethene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
110-62-3	Valeraldehyde	ND	ND	7.2 E-03

^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

^b ND = nondetected.

^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.

^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 4.66 pounds per item.

^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.

Emission factor rated B because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

^g Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.

h Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.

Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.

TABLE A6 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC H163, 2.75-INCH ROCKET WITH M151 HIGH EXPLOSIVE WARHEAD (PROJECTILE ONLY)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
(Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, Me	thane, and Total	Suspended Parti	culate
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide	7.0 E-01	3.0 E-01	
630-08-0	Carbon monoxide	4.0 E-01	1.7 E-01	
7439-92-1	Lead	6.0 E-04	2.6 E-04	
74-82-8	Methane	1.2 E-02	5.1 E-03	
	Oxides of nitrogen	5.6 E-03	2.4 E-03	
	PM-2.5	1.2 E-01	5.3 E-02	
	PM-10	2.4 E-01	1.0 E-01	
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	ND	ND	5.3 E-01
12789-66-1	Total suspended particulate	2.9 E-01	1.2 E-01	
	Hazardous Air Pollutant	s and Toxic Che	micals	
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	9.8 E-07	4.2 E-07	
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	7.1 E-06	3.1 E-06	
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	6.0 E-04	2.6 E-04	
75-05-8	Acetonitrile	3.5 E-04	1.5 E-04	
107-02-8	Acrolein	1.1 E-04	4.9 E-05	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	2.7 E-05	1.2 E-05	
107-05-1	Allyl chloride	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
7429-90-5	Aluminum	7.1 E-03	3.1 E-03	
7664-41-7	Ammonia	3.9 E-02	1.7 E-02	
120-12-7	Anthracene	1.2 E-06	5.3 E-07	
7440-36-0	Antimony	1.0 E-05	4.4 E-06	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	4.4 E-06	1.9 E-06	
7440-39-3	Barium	5.5 E-05	2.4 E-05	
71-43-2	Benzene	2.5 E-04	1.1 E-04	
56-55-3	Benzo[a]anthracene	5.1 E-07	2.2 E-07	
205-99-2	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
207-08-9	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	5.2 E-08	2.2 E-08	
191-24-2	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	7.9 E-08	3.4 E-08	
50-32-8	Benzo[a]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
192-97-2	Benzo[e]pyrene	2.1 E-07	9.2 E-08	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	ND	1.1 E-02

TABLE A6 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
74-83-9	Bromomethane	ND	ND	3.9 E-03
101-55-3	4-Bromophenylphenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene	8.5 E-05	3.7 E-05	
75-65-0	t-Butyl alcohol	ND	ND	3.1 E-03
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-72-8	Butyraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium	1.1 E-03	4.7 E-04	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	2.0 E-05	8.6 E-06	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	6.4 E-03
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
75-45-6	Chlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	ND	2.7 E-03
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
74-87-3	Chloromethane	ND	ND	2.1 E-03
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-47-3	Chromium	6.3 E-05	2.7 E-05	
18540-29-9	Hexavalent chromium	ND	ND	2.9 E-04
218-01-9	Chrysene	7.4 E-07	3.2 E-07	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	4.7 E-06	2.0 E-06	
7440-50-8	Copper	9.0 E-04	3.9 E-04	
106-44-5	p-Cresol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
4170-30-3	Crotonaldehyde	2.2 E-05	9.6 E-06	
98-82-8	Cumene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
57-12-5	Particulate cyanide ^f	5.7 E-05	2.5 E-05	
53-70-3	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate	4.6 E-06	2.0 E-06	
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03

TABLE A6 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum	
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}	
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03	
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	ND	ND	6.8 E-03	
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	2.5 E-02	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	6.9 E-06	3.0 E-06		
75-43-4	Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	4.3 E-03	
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	4.7 E-03	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03	
76-14-2	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	7.1 E-03	
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
99-65-0	1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04	
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	ND	ND	3.7 E-03	
	Total dioxin/furan compounds	2.5 E-11	1.1 E-11		
122-39-4	Diphenylamine	2.2 E-06	9.6 E-07		
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	8.4 E-06	3.6 E-06		
74-85-1	Ethylene	1.9 E-03	8.2 E-04		
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	ND	7.2 E-04	
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	2.9 E-06	1.2 E-06		
86-73-7	Fluorene	2.0 E-06	8.7 E-07		
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	3.6 E-04	1.5 E-04		
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	ND	7.8 E-03	
67562-39-4	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	5.8 E-09	
55673-89-7	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	7.4 E-09	
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1.1 E-02	
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02	

TABLE A6 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
39227-28-6	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	5.7 E-09
57653-85-7	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	5.5 E-09
19408-74-3	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	5.3 E-09
70648-26-9	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	4.2 E-09
57117-44-9	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	3.8 E-09
72918-21-9	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	4.8 E-09
60851-34-5	2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	3.9 E-09
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	ND	9.8 E-03
110-54-3	Hexane	ND	ND	7.2 E-02
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide	4.5 E-03	2.0 E-03	
7664-39-3	Hydrogen fluoride	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
193-39-5	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	4.0 E-08	1.7 E-08	
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese	6.7 E-04	2.9 E-04	
96-33-3	Methyl acrylate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	3.1 E-06	1.3 E-06	
74-88-4	Methyl iodide	ND	ND	5.9 E-03
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
91-20-3	Naphthalene	2.5 E-05	1.1 E-05	
7440-02-0	Nickel	4.3 E-04	1.8 E-04	
7697-37-2	Nitric acid	ND	ND	9.8 E-02
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
55-63-0	Nitroglycerin	6.4 E-05	2.8 E-05	
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
86-30-6	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A6 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
621-64-7	n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
39001-02-0	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	9.1 E-09
40321-76-4	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.3 E-08
57117-41-6	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	6.9 E-09
57117-31-4	2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	6.7 E-09
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	6.1 E-06	2.6 E-06	
108-95-2	Phenol	1.4 E-05	5.9 E-06	
123-38-6	Propionaldehyde	6.1 E-05	2.6 E-05	
115-07-1	Propylene	4.4 E-04	1.9 E-04	
129-00-0	Pyrene	4.4 E-06	1.9 E-06	
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
7440-22-4	Silver	1.6 E-04	6.8 E-05	
100-42-5	Styrene	1.4 E-05	6.2 E-06	
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	8.1 E-09
51207-31-9	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.0 E-08
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene	ND	ND	6.9 E-03
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
108-88-3	Toluene	5.7 E-05	2.5 E-05	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	7.5 E-03
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	5.7 E-03
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
540-84-1	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	ND	ND	2.6 E-03
75-35-4	Vinylidene chloride	ND	ND	4.0 E-03

TABLE A6 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
106-42-3, 108-38-3	m-Xylene, p-Xylene	5.2 E-06	2.2 E-06	
95-47-6	o-Xylene	ND	ND	4.4 E-03
7440-66-6	Zinc	4.8 E-03	2.1 E-03	
	Other Po	llutants		
123-86-4	Acetic acid, butyl ester ^{f,g}	6.8 E-05	2.9 E-05	
67-64-1	Acetone	4.0 E-05	1.7 E-05	
74-86-2	Acetylene	4.2 E-04	1.8 E-04	
35572-78-2	2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
19406-51-0	4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
119-75-5	Benzenamine, 2-nitro-N-phenyl- ^g	6.3 E-05	2.7 E-05	
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-03
460-12-8	1,3-Butadiyne ^g	1.9 E-06	8.1 E-07	
106-97-8	Butane	3.7 E-05	1.6 E-05	
106-98-9	1-Butene	1.1 E-04	4.6 E-05	
590-18-1	cis-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
624-64-6	trans-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02
107-00-6	1-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
503-17-3	2-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
86-74-8	Carbazole ^g	3.7 E-05	1.6 E-05	
7440-44-0	Elemental carbon ^f	1.4 E-01	6.0 E-02	
7440-44-0	Organic carbon ^f	6.9 E-03	3.0 E-03	
7440-44-0	Total carbon ^f	1.5 E-01	6.3 E-02	
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1630-94-0	Cyclopropane, 1,1-dimethyl-f	4.0 E-06	1.7 E-06	
124-18-5	Decane ^f	2.7 E-06	1.2 E-06	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	8.7 E-03
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
5779-94-2	2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03

TABLE A6 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
74-84-0	Ethane	6.6 E-04	2.8 E-04	
24085-65-2	Ether, bis(p-tert-butylphenyl) ^g	1.1 E-04	4.8 E-05	
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
622-96-8	4-Ethyltoluene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
1191-99-7	Furan, 2,3-dihydro-f,g	1.3 E-06	5.7 E-07	
142-82-5	n-Heptane	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
592-76-7	1-Heptene ^{f,g}	3.7 E-06	1.6 E-06	
592-42-7	1,5-Hexadiene ^{f,g}	1.5 E-06	6.7 E-07	
66-25-1	Hexaldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
106-19-4	Hexanedioic acid, diproply ester ^g	1.4 E-04	6.2 E-05	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
592-41-6	1-Hexene ^g	4.1 E-05	1.8 E-05	
7688-21-3	2-Hexene, (z)- ^{f,g}	3.2 E-06	1.4 E-06	
2691-41-0	HMX	ND	ND	1.3 E-03
10035-10-6	Hydrogen bromide	ND	ND	9.6 E-02
75-28-5	Isobutane	ND	ND	4.8 E-02
115-11-7	Isobutylene	7.1 E-05	3.0 E-05	
590-86-3	Isovaleraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03
7439-95-4	Magnesium	5.5 E-04	2.4 E-04	
75-52-5	Methane, nitro- ^g	3.4 E-06	1.5 E-06	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	9.5 E-06	4.1 E-06	
98-83-9	alpha-Methylstyrene	ND	ND	4.9 E-03
479-45-8	Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
88-74-7	2-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-72-2	2-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
99-08-1	3-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
99-99-0	4-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
111-65-9	Octane	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
2004-70-8	1,3-Pentadiene, (E)- ^{f,g}	2.6 E-06	1.1 E-06	
591-93-5	1,4-Pentadiene ^g	6.4 E-06	2.8 E-06	
109-66-0	Pentane	ND	ND	6.0 E-02
109-67-1	1-Pentene ^g	2.8 E-05	1.2 E-05	

TABLE A6 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
627-20-3	2-Pentene, (z)- ^{f,g}	2.6 E-06	1.1 E-06	
14797-73-0	Perchlorate	ND	ND	6.9 E-05
78-11-5	PETN	ND	ND	8.2 E-04
92-82-0	Phenazine ^g	4.1 E-05	1.8 E-05	
7664-38-2	Phosphoric acid	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
74-98-6	Propane	1.0 E-04	4.3 E-05	
74-99-7	Propyne ^f	3.7 E-05	1.6 E-05	
121-82-4	RDX	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
1334-78-7	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	ND	ND	2.2 E-02
102-76-1	Triacetin ^g	3.4 E-05	1.5 E-05	
25323-89-1	Trichloroethene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
1120-21-4	Undecane ^{f,g}	1.2 E-05	5.0 E-06	
110-62-3	Valeraldehyde	ND	ND	7.4 E-03

^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

^b ND = nondetected.

c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.
d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 2.32 pounds per item.
e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.

^f Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.

g Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.

TABLE A7 COMPOUNDS ANALYZED AND EMISSION FACTORS DEVELOPED FOR DODIC M420, M2A4 15-POUND DEMOLITION SHAPED CHARGE

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
(Carbon Dioxide, Criteria Pollutants, Me	thane, and Total	Suspended Parti	culate
124-38-9	Carbon dioxide ^f	13	1.3	
630-08-0	Carbon monoxide ^g	6.4 E-02	6.3 E-03	
7439-92-1	Lead	3.8 E-02	3.7 E-03	
74-82-8	Methane	ND	ND	1.0
	Oxides of nitrogen ^f	7.0 E-02	6.9 E-03	
	PM-2.5 ^g	1.5 E-01	1.4 E-02	
	PM-10	3.5 E-01	3.5 E-02	
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	ND	ND	5.3 E-01
12789-66-1	Total suspended particulate	4.0 E-01	4.0 E-02	
	Hazardous Air Pollutant	s and Toxic Che	micals	
83-32-9	Acenaphtheneg	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
208-96-8	Acenaphthyleneg	9.2 E-07	9.1 E-08	
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	3.9 E-04	3.8 E-05	
75-05-8	Acetonitrile ^g	1.4 E-05	1.3 E-06	
107-02-8	Acrolein	7.7 E-05	7.6 E-06	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile ^g	1.9 E-05	1.9 E-06	
107-05-1	Allyl chloride	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
7429-90-5	Aluminum ^g	1.4 E-03	1.3 E-04	
7664-41-7	Ammonia ^g	1.9 E-04	1.8 E-05	
120-12-7	Anthraceneg	6.0 E-07	6.0 E-08	
7440-36-0	Antimony	1.3 E-04	1.3 E-05	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	7.6 E-04	7.5 E-05	
7440-39-3	Barium ^h	6.3 E-04	6.2 E-05	
71-43-2	Benzene ^g	7.9 E-05	7.8 E-06	
56-55-3	Benzo[a]anthracene ^g	2.1 E-07	2.1 E-08	
205-99-2	Benzo[b]fluoranthene ^g	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
207-08-9	Benzo[k]fluoranthene ^g	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
191-24-2	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene ^g	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
50-32-8	Benzo[a]pyrene ^g	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
192-97-2	Benzo[e]pyrene ⁱ	1.9 E-07	1.9 E-08	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
75-25-2	Bromoform	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
74-83-9	Bromomethane	ND	ND	3.9 E-03

TABLE A7 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
101-55-3	4-Bromophenylphenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene ^f	ND	ND	4.5 E-02
75-65-0	t-Butyl alcohol	ND	ND	3.1 E-03
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalateg	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-72-8	Butyraldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
7440-43-9	Cadmium	3.3 E-05	3.2 E-06	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	ND	ND	3.2 E-03
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	6.4 E-03
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
75-45-6	Chlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-00-3	Chloroethane	ND	ND	2.7 E-03
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
67-66-3	Chloroform	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
74-87-3	Chloromethane	2.0 E-05	1.9 E-06	
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7440-47-3	Chromium	3.4 E-04	3.3 E-05	
18540-29-9	Hexavalent chromium ^g	3.8 E-05	3.7 E-06	
218-01-9	Chrysene	2.5 E-07	2.5 E-08	
7440-48-4	Cobalt ^g	4.4 E-04	4.4 E-05	
7440-50-8	Copper ^g	5.3 E-03	5.3 E-04	
106-44-5	p-Cresol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
4170-30-3	Crotonaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
98-82-8	Cumene ^g	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
57-12-5	Particulate cyanide	ND	ND	1.3 E-02
53-70-3	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	1.5 E-08	1.5 E-09	
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate ^g	3.2 E-06	3.2 E-07	
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	ND	6.1 E-03

TABLE A7 (cont.)

		Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	ND	ND	6.8 E-03
75-71-8	Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	4.1 E-03
75-43-4	Dichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	4.3 E-03
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03
76-14-2	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane	ND	ND	7.1 E-03
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-65-0	1,3-Dinitrobenzene	ND	ND	8.3 E-04
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	8.3 E-04
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene ^g	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
	Total dioxin/furan compounds	7.4 E-10	7.4 E-11	
122-39-4	Diphenylamineg	ND	ND	8.3 E-04
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
100-41-4	Ethylbenzeneg	3.9 E-06	3.8 E-07	
74-85-1	Ethylene	3.9 E-04	3.9 E-05	
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate ^f	ND	ND	7.2 E-04
206-44-0	Fluorantheneg	6.6 E-07	6.5 E-08	
86-73-7	Fluorene	6.9 E-07	6.9 E-08	
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	6.0 E-04	6.0 E-05	
76-13-1	Freon 113	ND	ND	7.8 E-03
35822-46-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	1.1 E-10	1.0 E-11	
67562-39-4	1,2,3,4,6,7,8- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	4.1 E-09
55673-89-7	1,2,3,4,7,8,9- Heptachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	5.6 E-09
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	ND	1.1 E-02
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A7 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
39227-28-6	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	1.2 E-09
19408-74-3	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	1.2 E-11	1.2 E-12	
70648-26-9	1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	1.6 E-11	1.6 E-12	
57117-44-9	1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran ^h	1.2 E-11	1.2 E-12	
72918-21-9	1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.8 E-09
60851-34-5	2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran	ND	ND	1.6 E-09
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	ND	9.8 E-03
110-54-3	Hexane	ND	ND	7.2 E-02
74-90-8	Hydrogen cyanide ^g	3.1 E-04	3.0 E-05	
7664-39-3	Hydrogen fluoride	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
193-39-5	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7439-96-5	Manganese ^g	1.1 E-03	1.1 E-04	
96-33-3	Methyl acrylate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	ND	ND	7.2 E-03
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	1.0 E-05	1.0 E-06	
74-88-4	Methyl iodide	ND	ND	5.9 E-03
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene ^g	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	ND	3.7 E-03
91-20-3	Naphthalene ^g	7.1 E-06	7.0 E-07	
7440-02-0	Nickel ^f	8.2 E-04	8.1 E-05	
7697-37-2	Nitric acid ^f	1.2 E-03	1.2 E-04	
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
55-63-0	Nitroglycerin ^h	8.4 E-07	8.3 E-08	
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
86-30-6	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
621-64-7	n-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	ND	1.7 E-02

TABLE A7 (cont.)

		Emission	Factor ^{b,c}	Minimum
CASRN ^a	Compound	lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
3268-87-9	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	5.0 E-10	5.0 E-11	
39001-02-0	1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9- Octachlorodibenzofuran ^h	2.8 E-11	2.8 E-12	
40321-76-4	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p- dioxin	ND	ND	5.0 E-09
57117-41-6	1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	1.4 E-11	1.4 E-12	
57117-31-4	2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran	1.8 E-11	1.8 E-12	
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
85-01-8	Phenanthrene ^g	2.5 E-06	2.5 E-07	
108-95-2	Phenol ^g	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
123-38-6	Propionaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
115-07-1	Propylene ^g	4.4 E-05	4.4 E-06	
129-00-0	Pyrene ^f	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
7782-49-2	Selenium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
7440-22-4	Silver ^g	1.0 E-05	1.0 E-06	
100-42-5	Styrene ^g	ND	ND	4.3 E-03
1746-01-6	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	ND	ND	2.1 E-09
51207-31-9	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran	6.4 E-11	6.3 E-12	
630-20-6	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	7.0 E-03
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylene ^h	3.3 E-05	3.3 E-06	
7440-28-0	Thallium	ND	ND	5.0 E-04
108-88-3	Tolueneg	2.5 E-05	2.5 E-06	
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	ND	7.5 E-03
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	5.5 E-03
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	ND	5.7 E-03
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	ND	6.1 E-03
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ^g	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
540-84-1	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane ^g	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	ND	ND	3.6 E-03
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride ^g	4.6 E-06	4.5 E-07	

TABLE A7 (cont.)

CASRN ^a	Compound	Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum				
		lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}				
75-35-4	Vinylidene chloride	ND	ND	4.0 E-03				
106-42-3, 108-38-3	m-Xylene, p-Xylene	5.5 E-06	5.5 E-07					
95-47-6	o-Xylene ^g	ND	ND	4.4 E-03				
7440-66-6	Zinc	7.1 E-03	7.1 E-04					
	Other Pollutants							
67-64-1	Acetone	8.0 E-05	7.9 E-06					
74-86-2	Acetylene ^g	2.1 E-04	2.1 E-05					
35572-78-2	2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene ^g	ND	ND	6.5 E-04				
19406-51-0	4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04				
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03				
100-51-6	Benzyl alcohol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02				
108-86-1	Bromobenzene	ND	ND	6.5 E-03				
106-97-8	Butane	ND	ND	5.3 E-02				
106-98-9	1-Butene ^f	ND	ND	4.7 E-02				
590-18-1	cis-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02				
624-64-6	trans-Butene	ND	ND	4.7 E-02				
107-00-6	1-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02				
503-17-3	2-Butyne	ND	ND	4.5 E-02				
7440-44-0	Elemental carbon ^j	1.7 E-02	1.7 E-03					
7440-44-0	Organic carbon ^h	6.4 E-03	6.3 E-04					
7440-44-0	Total carbon ⁱ	2.3 E-02	2.3 E-03					
39638-32-9	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	ND	1.7 E-02				
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	ND	1.7 E-02				
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone ^k	4.1 E-05	4.0 E-06					
1191-96-4	Cyclopropane, ethyl- ¹	4.8 E-06	4.7 E-07					
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	ND	ND	8.7 E-03				
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene ^h	7.9 E-06	7.9 E-07					
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	4.0 E-03				
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	4.6 E-03				
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	ND	ND	1.7 E-02				
5779-94-2	2,5-Dimethylbenzaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03				
117-84-0	Di-n-octylphthalate ^g	ND	ND	1.7 E-02				
74-84-0	Ethane ^g	1.5 E-05	1.5 E-06					
141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	ND	ND	3.7 E-03				

TABLE A7 (cont.)

CASRN ^a	Compound	Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
		lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
97-63-2	Ethyl methacrylate	ND	ND	4.7 E-03
622-96-8	4-Ethyltoluene ^g	ND	ND	5.0 E-03
110-00-9	Furan ^k	1.2 E-05	1.2 E-06	
1708-29-8	Furan, 2,5-dihydro- ^m	1.6 E-06	1.6 E-07	
98-01-1	Furfural ^k	2.0 E-05	2.0 E-06	
142-82-5	n-Heptane ^g	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
66-25-1	Hexaldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	ND	ND	4.2 E-03
592-41-6	1-Hexene ⁿ	5.7 E-06	5.7 E-07	
2691-41-0	HMX	ND	ND	1.6 E-03
10035-10-6	Hydrogen bromide	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
75-28-5	Isobutane	ND	ND	4.8 E-02
590-86-3	Isovaleraldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03
7439-95-4	Magnesium ^g	1.6 E-03	1.6 E-04	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	1.1 E-05	1.1 E-06	
98-83-9	alpha-Methylstyrene	ND	ND	4.9 E-03
479-45-8	Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
88-74-7	2-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	ND	1.7 E-02
88-72-2	2-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
99-08-1	3-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.6 E-04
99-99-0	4-Nitrotoluene	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
111-65-9	Octane ^g	ND	ND	4.8 E-03
109-66-0	Pentane	ND	ND	6.0 E-02
14797-73-0	Perchlorate	ND	ND	1.3 E-03
78-11-5	PETN	ND	ND	8.3 E-04
7664-38-2	Phosphoric acid	ND	ND	1.0 E-01
74-98-6	Propane ^g	ND	ND	3.7 E-02
74-99-7	Propyne ^g	ND	ND	3.3 E-02
121-82-4	RDX^h	1.9 E-06	1.9 E-07	
353-66-2	Silane, difluorodimethyl- ^m	4.4 E-06	4.4 E-07	
1334-78-7	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	ND	ND	2.2 E-02
25323-89-1	Trichloroethene	4.9 E-06	4.8 E-07	
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene ^g	ND	ND	5.0 E-03

TABLE A7 (cont.)

CASRN ^a	Compound	Emission Factor ^{b,c}		Minimum
		lb per item	lb per lb NEW ^d	Detection Level mg/m ^{3,e}
99-35-4	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene ^g	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
118-96-7	2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene ^g	ND	ND	6.5 E-04
110-62-3	Valeraldehyde	ND	ND	7.6 E-03

^a CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

h Emission factor rated D because the factor is based upon C-rated test data.

ⁱ Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.

^k Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound.

^b ND = nondetected.

^c Emission factors rated C unless otherwise noted.

^d NEW = Net explosive weight. The NEW for this compound is 10.1 pounds per item.

^e Data provided for compounds that were not detected.

Emission factor rated A because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

^g Emission factor rated B because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of test data points.

^j Emission factor based upon C-rated test data, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a B rating.

¹ Emission factor is for a tentatively identified compound, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.

m Emission factor rated D because the factor is for a tentatively identified compound, and the factor is based upon C-rated test data.

ⁿ Emission factor based upon C-rated test data and for a tentatively identified compound, but because of correlation with emission factors for similar ordnance and number of data points the factor was upgraded from a D rating to a C rating.

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APPENDIX B

NEW AP-42 SECTIONS FOR ORDNANCE INCLUDED IN EXPLODING ORDNANCE EMISSION STUDY PHASE II SERIES 13 TESTING AT ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MARYLAND

Electronic versions of the new AP-42 sections for ordnance included in Exploding Ordnance Emission Study Phase II Series 13 testing at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, are located on the EPA website at: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/ap42/index.html.

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