



Total Organic Fluorine (TOF) Analysis for PFAS in Air

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Executive Meeting | Board of Scientific Counselors

September 29-30, 2021

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- Addressing Program Office interest in developing tools for measurement of PFAS as a class
- Sufficiently sensitive method that is applicable to multiple source categories
- Evaluation of method applicability as screening tool and/or potential regulatory surrogate for PFAS emissions
- Tool to close mass balance of fluorine (HF, targeted PFAS, nontargeted/unknown PFAS), especially in evaluation of destruction technologies
- Combustion ion chromatography (CIC) is most likely candidate for a “total PFAS” method

- Evaluating sampling approaches for efficient capture across PFAS classes
 - Volatiles/semi-volatiles; polar/nonpolar PFAS
 - E.g., carbons, resins, impinger (aqueous), whole air sampling
- Methods must exclude, eliminate, or account for inorganic fluorine (F^- , HF) prior to TOF analysis
- Assessing sufficiency of sensitivity for applications
- Validating sampling/combustion methods
 - Recovery of spiked gaseous PFAS standards
 - Mass balance of PICs + HF in PFAS standard destruction experiments



- CIC method for TOF air measurements in early stages of development
- Evaluating instrument/analytical capabilities
 - Sensitivity, accuracy, precision
 - Recovery of PFAS standards in combustion; class trends?
 - Sample introduction options
- Evaluating sampling options
 - Identifying candidate sorbents
 - Impingers from OTM-45 train
 - Direct measurement, whole air
 - Developing gaseous PFAS capabilities





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Supported by Air, Climate, and Energy