

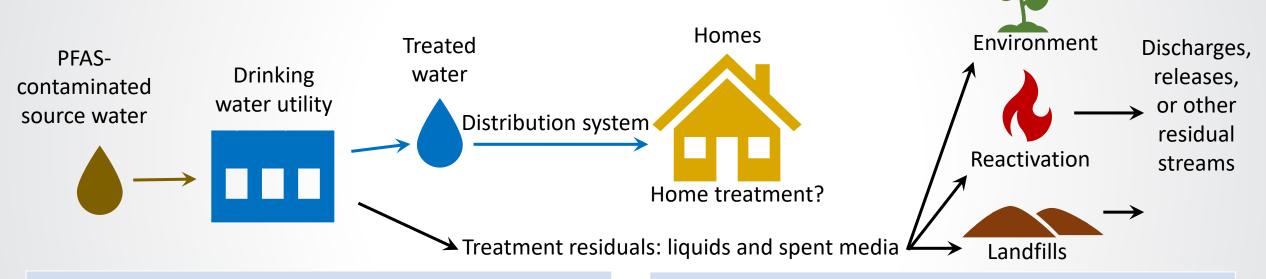
Drinking Water Treatment

Thomas Speth CESER Office of Research and Development

Executive Meeting | Board of Scientific Counselors September 29-30, 2021

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the views or policies of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. **Drinking Water Treatment**

How do we remove PFAS from drinking water?



Effective Treatment Technologies for PFAS

€ FPA

- Anion exchange resin, granular activated carbon (GAC), and membrane separation (RO) are generally effective at removing PFAS
- More effective for long-chain than short-chain PFAS
- Removal efficiencies and cost depend on source water characteristics and water system characteristics

Treatment Residuals

- PFAS found in spent GAC and spent resin
- Spent media can be regenerated, landfilled, or incinerated with unknown releases of PFAS or products of incomplete destruction (PICs)
- There are no known fully destructive treatments (mineralization) for RO concentrate streams

Actions and Goals

Data Gap: Treatment technology performance and cost data for PFAS removal

Actions:

- Gather treatment performance and cost data for a range of system sizes (collaborative with utilities, industry, DoD, academia)
- Develop and update treatment models, databases, and cost models
- Evaluate technologies for regeneration, destruction, or disposal of spent GAC and IX resins and other residual streams

Goals:

- To identify approaches for removing PFAS from drinking water that are economically viable and sustainable yet are flexible enough to deal with potential future changes in target PFAS and treatment goals
- To investigate PFAS as a class, with particular interest in shorter chain PFAS
- To evaluate all scales (large systems to POU treatment), especially small systems
- To provide this information to the states, tribes, communities, etc.
- To provide modeling tools that can model other treatment conditions
- To assure there are no unintended consequences of implementing treatment
- To evaluate residual stream management (including novel treatments)

Impact: Utilities will be able to better identify cost-effective and sustainable PFAS treatment strategies



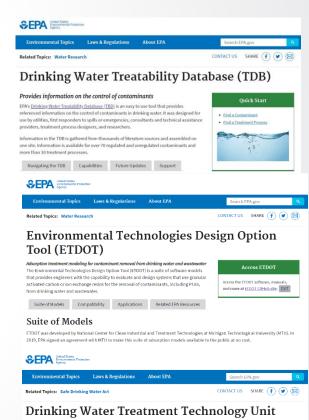
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Overall Approach: Databases and Tools

Provide tools and approaches to accurately predict the performance and cost of treating PFAS in waters

Model Scenarios

- Variable source waters
- Variable PFAS concentrations in source waters
- Alternate treatment goals
- Changing production rates
- Document secondary benefits
- Different reactivation/disposal options



Cost Models and Overview of Technologies Drinking Water Treatment Technology Unit Cost Models

Federal laws and executive orders require EPA to estimate compliance costs for new drinking water standards. The three major components of compliance costs are: • Treatment

Monitoring

Treatment technologies remove or destroy pollutants (such as arsenic, disinfection byproducts, and waterborne pathogens).

To estimate treatment costs, EPA developed several engineering models using a bottom-up approach known as work breakdown structure (WBS). The WBS models:

Δ

Drinking Water Treatability Database or search EPA TDB Environmental Technologies Design Option Tool Models or search EPA ETDOT Drinking Water Treatment Cost Models or search EPA WBS

Administrative costs

Outreach – Select Publications

OREVER CHEMICALS invironmental, Economic, and Social Equity Concerns with PFAS in the Environment

EDITED BY David M. Kempisty LeeAnn Racz

SFPA

10 Effectiveness of Pointof-Use/Point-of-Entry Systems to Remove PFAS from Drinking Water

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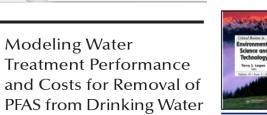
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Occurrence of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in source water and their treatment in drinking water

Brian C. Crone, Thomas F. Speth, David G. Wahman, Samantha J. Smith, Gulizhaer Abulikemu, Eric J. Kleiner & Jonathan G. Pressman

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WATER SCIENCE

Check for updates

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 $15^{Modeling Water}_{-}$

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REVIEW TOPICAL COLLECTION ON PFAS ANALYTICS AND TREATMENT

Managing and treating per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in membrane concentrates

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WATER SCIENCE

TOPICAL COLLECTION ON PFAS ANALYTICS AND TREATMENT

Avoiding pitfalls when modeling removal of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances by anion exchange

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REVIEW

Abstract Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) are receiving a great deal of

attention from regulators, water utilities, and the general public. Anion-

Modeling PFAS Removal Using Granular Activated Carbon for Full-Scale

System Design

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... and dozens of presentations to thousands of attendees

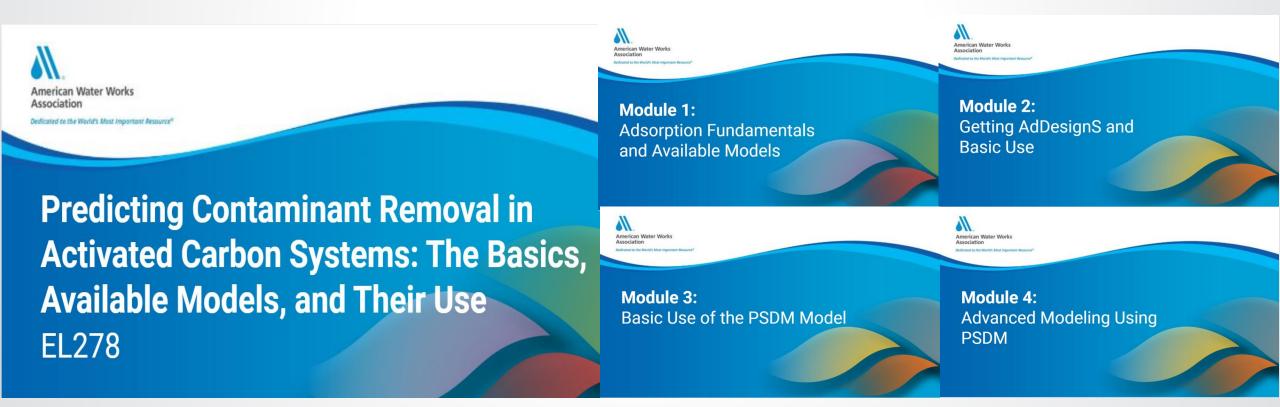
Webinars regularly attract 500-3000 attendees

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SEPA Outreach – Training Example

Performance Modeling Training

- EPA Small System Workshop and EPA Webinars
- 2021 → Transitioning this training to AWWA e Learning Platform (free for small systems)



Collaborations (Select)

Lead EPA ORD Researchers

- Jonathan Burkhart
- Brian Crone

€ EPA

- Levi Haupert
- Chris Impellitteri
- Page Jordan
- Eric Kleiner
- Michelle Latham
- Tae Lee
- Matthew Magnuson
- Anne Mikelonis
- Marc Mills
- Mallikarjuna Nadagouda
- Craig Patterson
- Jonathan Pressman
- Toby Sanan
- Samantha Smith
- Thomas Speth
- David Wahman

Select EPA Regional and Program Collaborators

- Rajiv Khera (EPA OW)
- Danielle Kleinmaier (EPA Region 5)
- Steven Merritt (EPA Region 8)
- Lawrence Zintec (EPA Region 5)

Select DOD Collaborators

- Air Force Civil Engineering Center
- Air Force Institute of Technology
- ESTCP Environmental Restoration Program
- DOD PFAS Taskforce

Select Water Utility and Industry Collaborators

- American Water Works Association
- Water Research Foundation
- City of Ridgewood, NJ
- City of Summerville, GA
- City of Wilmington, NC

Select Outside Collaborators

- Gulizhaer Abulikemu (Pegasus)
- Richard Anderson (AFCEC)
- Nick Burns (Black and Veatch)
- David Kempisty (Evoqua)
- Detlef Knappe (N. Carolina St.)
- Radha Krishnan (Aptim)
- David Ladner (Clemson University)
- Dustin Mobley (Black and Veatch)
- Pat Ransom (Abt Assoc.)
- Adam Redding (Calgon Carbon)
- Donald Schupp (Aptim)
- Emily Tow (Olin College)
- Feng Xiao (Univ. of North Dakota)

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