

Arid, Semi-Arid, and Seasonally Dry Analysis

All determinations have been made based on long-term climate normal data (1981-2010) obtained from the PRISM Climate Group¹.

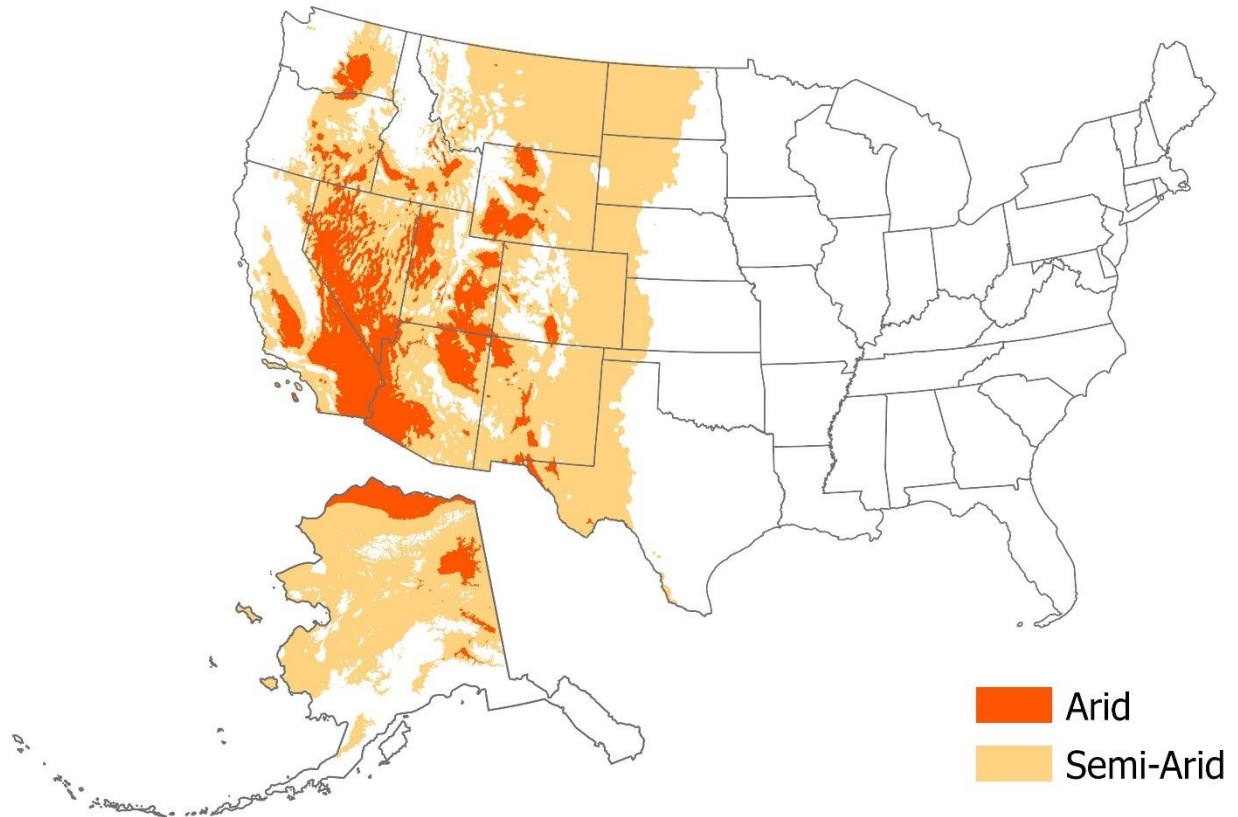


Figure 1. Arid and semi-arid areas across the conterminous United States and Alaska. Arid areas are defined as those areas where the average annual rainfall is 0-10 inches. Semi-arid areas are defined as those areas where the average annual rainfall is 10-20 inches. There are no arid or semi-arid areas in Hawaii or Puerto Rico.

¹ PRISM Climate Group, Oregon State University, <http://prism.oregonstate.edu>, created 2015.

January

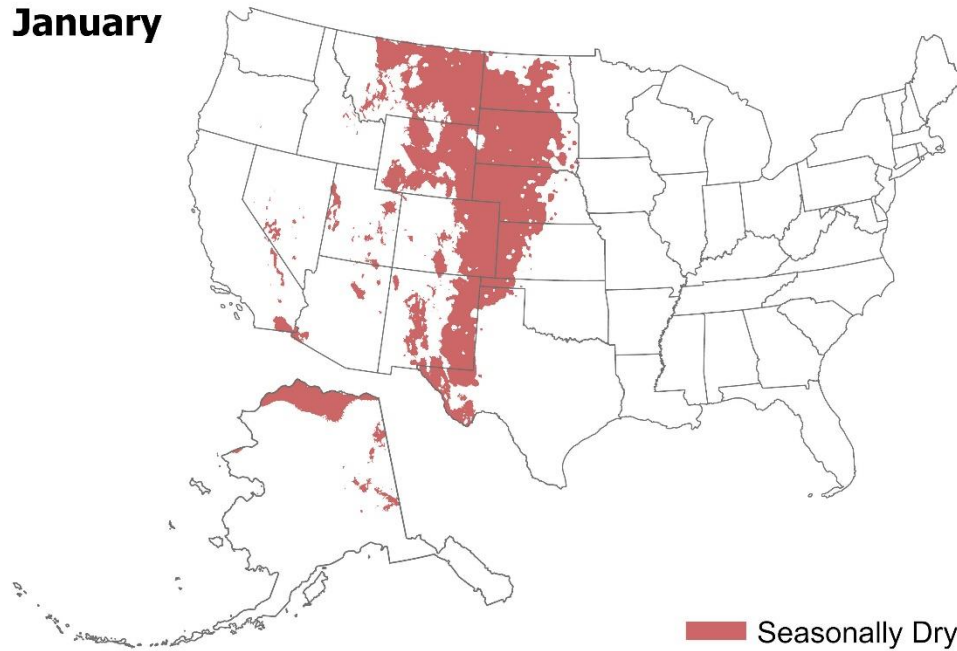


Figure 2. Seasonally dry areas in the month of January, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

February

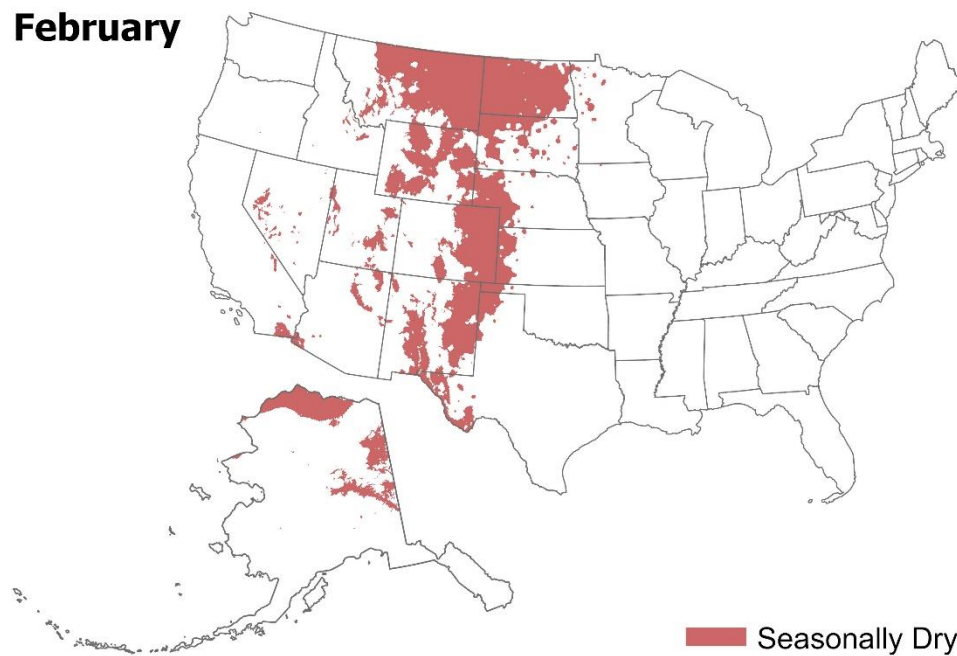


Figure 3. Seasonally dry areas in the month of February, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

March

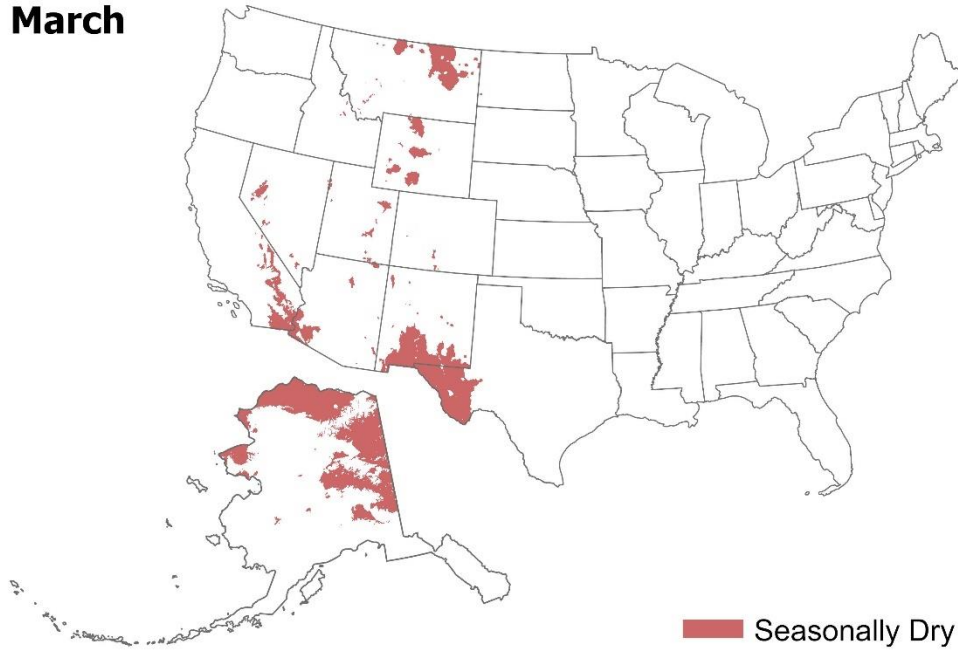


Figure 4. Seasonally dry areas in the month of March, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

April

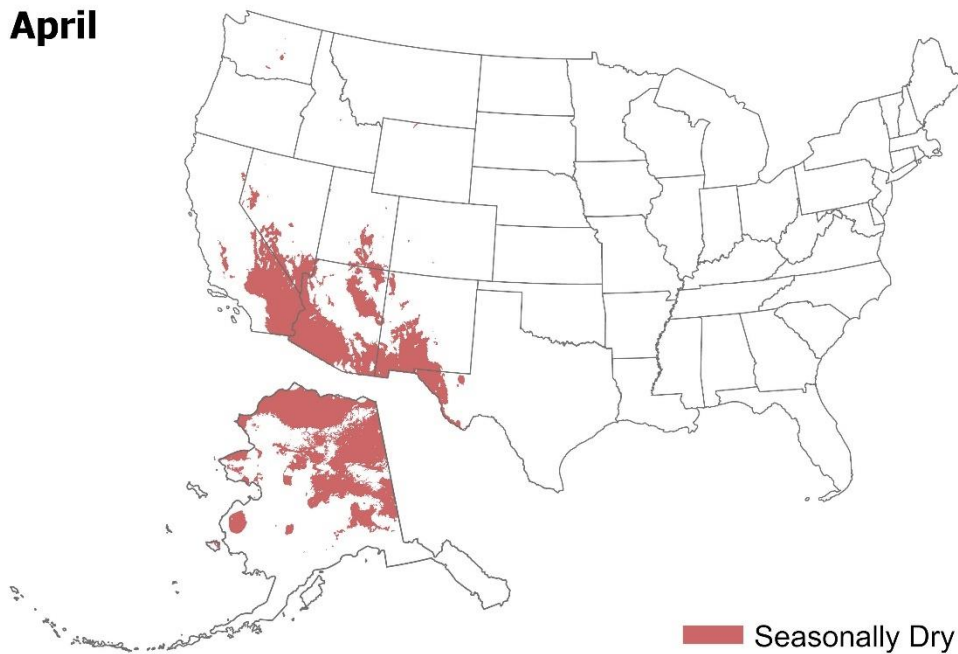


Figure 5. Seasonally dry areas in the month of April, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

May

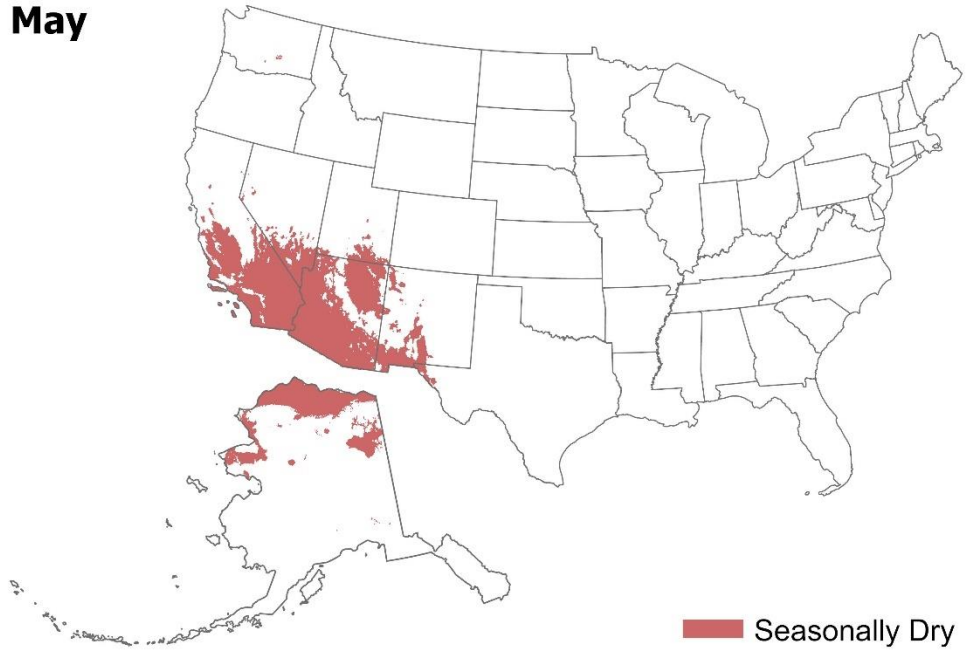


Figure 6. Seasonally dry areas in the month of May, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

June

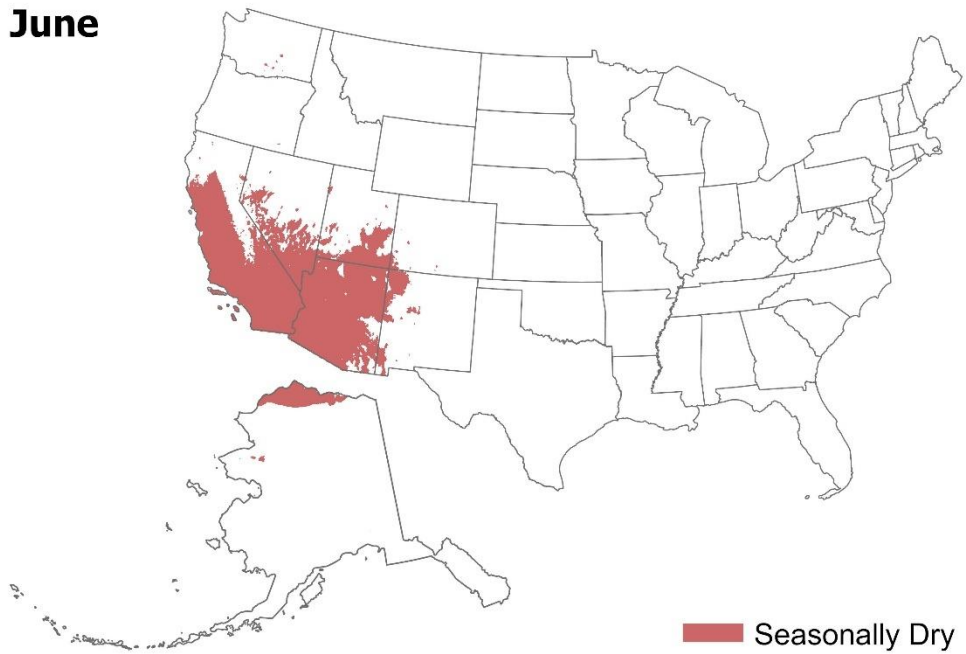


Figure 7. Seasonally dry areas in the month of June, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

July

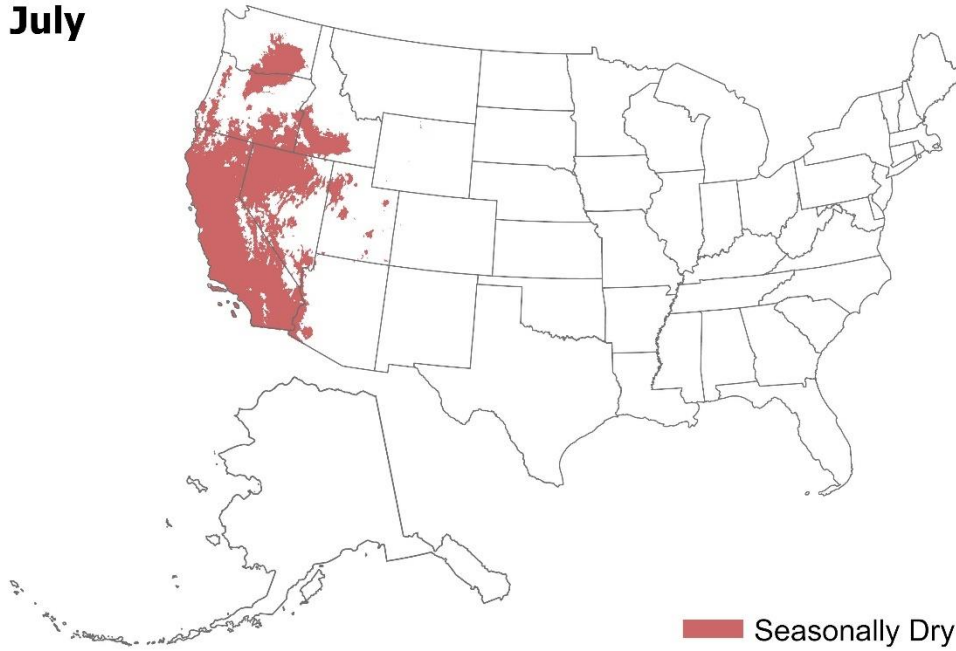


Figure 8. Seasonally dry areas in the month of July, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

August

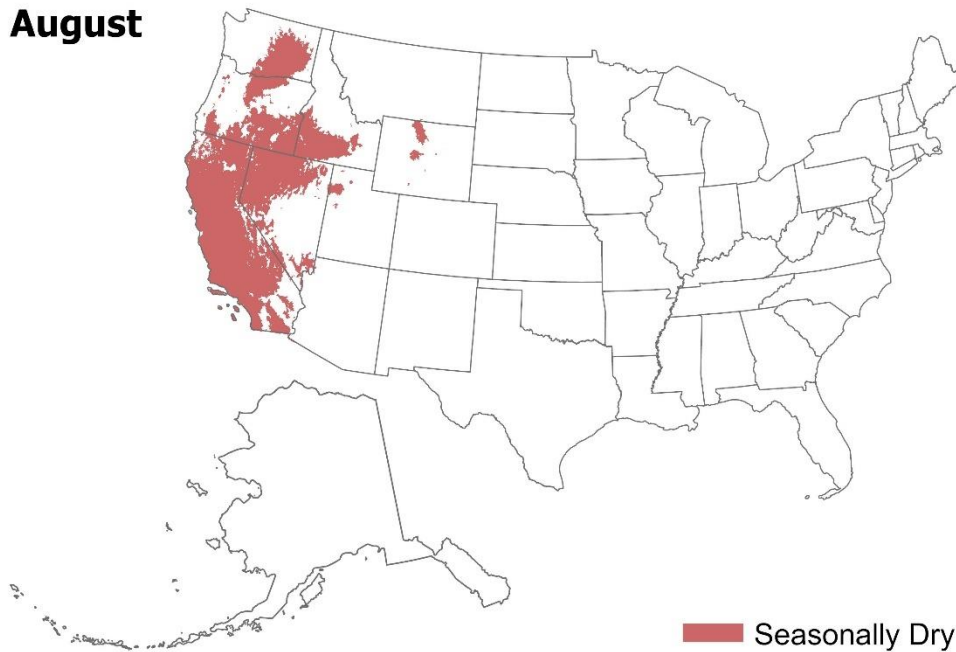


Figure 9. Seasonally dry areas in the month of August, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

September

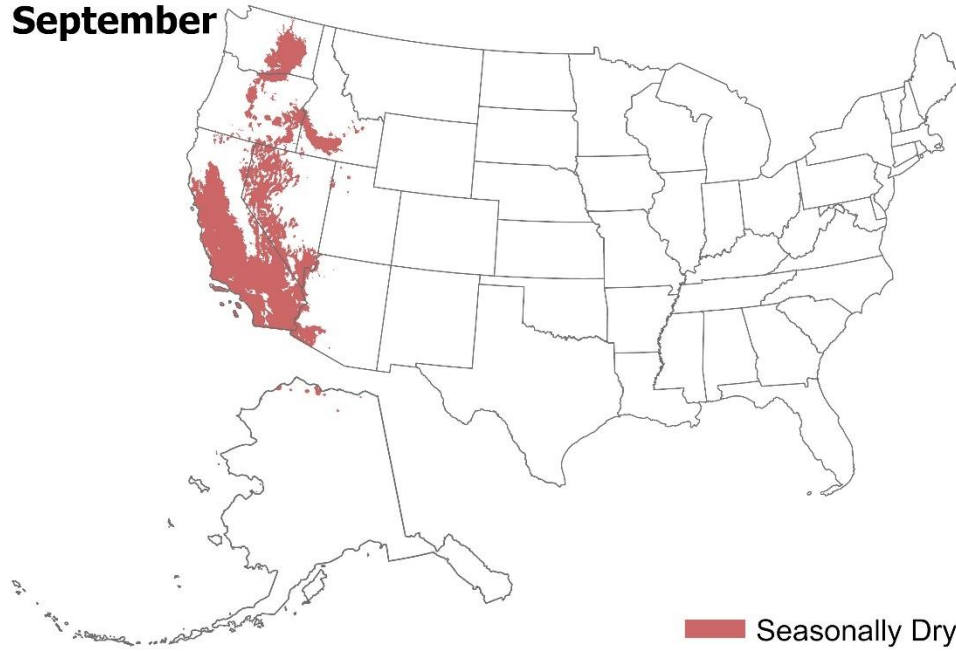


Figure 10. Seasonally dry areas in the month of September, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

October

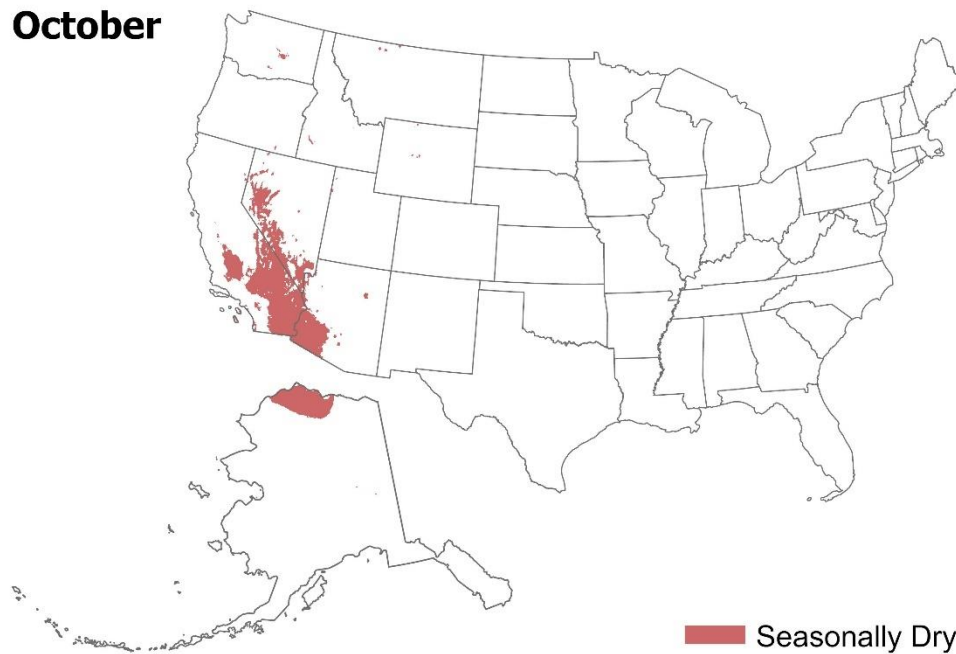


Figure 11. Seasonally dry areas in the month of October, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

November

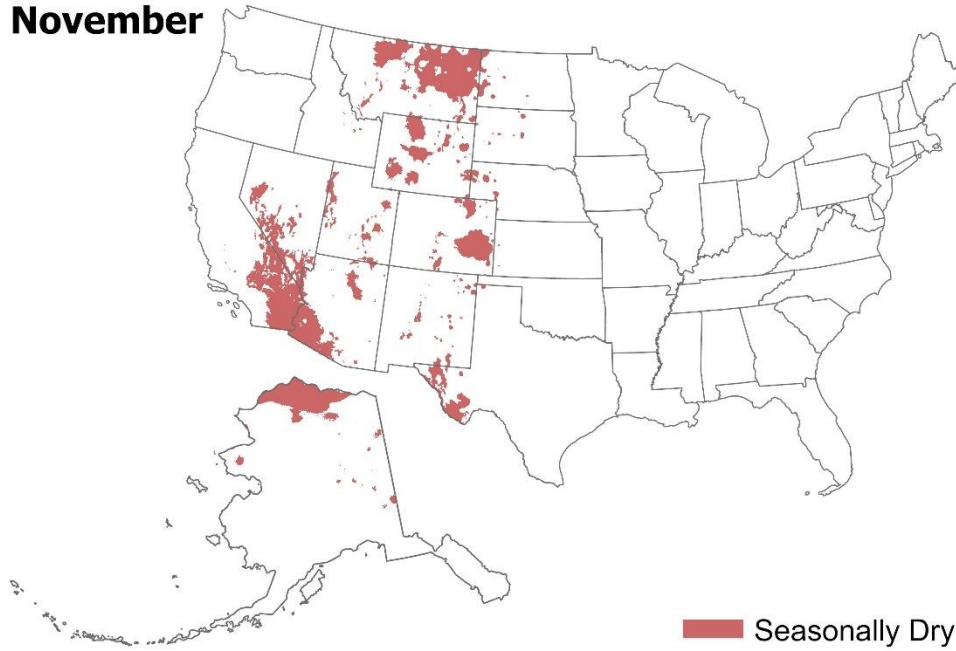


Figure 12. Seasonally dry areas in the month of November, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.

December

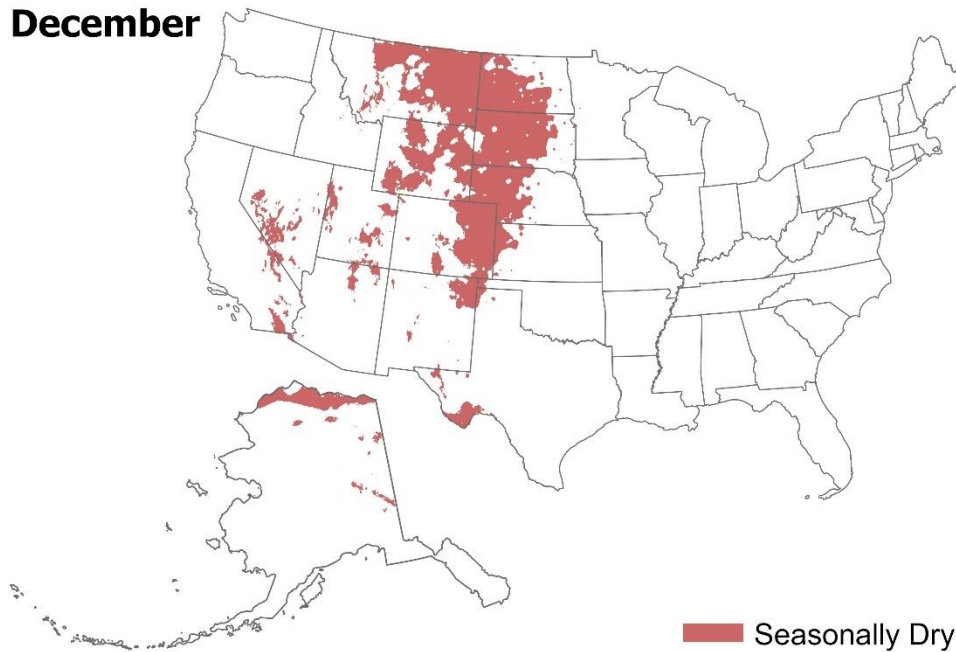


Figure 13. Seasonally dry areas in the month of December, where seasonally dry is defined as areas receiving average monthly precipitation of less than 0.5 inches.