

The Global Biosphere Management Model (GLOBIOM)

Stefan Frank, Petr Havlík, Hugo Valin and many others...

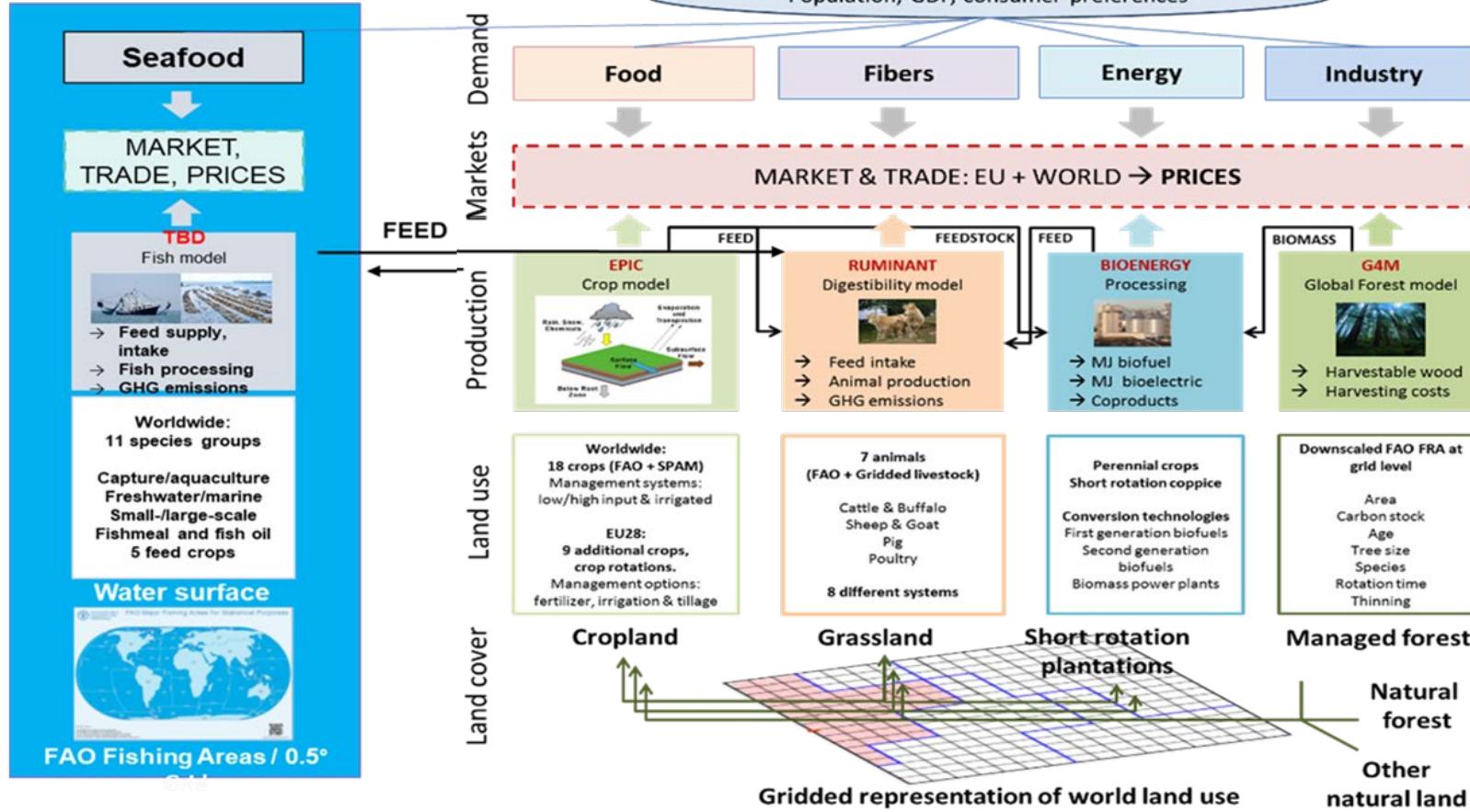
Background - GLOBIOM

- **Developed at International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis** in Austria since the early 2000s
- **Partial Equilibrium Model** - offspring of US FASOM model developed by Bruce McCarl
 - Global bottom-up supply side coverage (>10,000 Simulation Units)
 - Agriculture: major agricultural crops and livestock products
 - Forestry: managed forests for sawnwood, and pulp and paper production
 - Bioenergy: 1st, 2nd generation biofuels, solid biomass
- **Optimization model** (maximize consumer & producer surplus)
 - Runtime ~1 hour up to 2050
 - Computational cluster at IIASA allows up to 200 scenarios to be run in parallel
- **Data sources** - FAOSTAT, complemented with spatially explicit bottom-up sectoral models (EPIC, G4M etc.) for production parameters and land cover information
- GLOBIOM is developed and maintained at IIASA in the Integrated Biosphere Future Research Group by around **25 interdisciplinary scientists** - on access strategy under development
- However, **many national collaborators/users** that develop regional model versions such as in Argentina, Brazil, China, Colombia, India, Indonesia, Mexico, Russia, US, ...

Bridging geographical and temporal scales



Global Biosphere Management Model (GLOBIOM)



- Partial equilibrium model
- Trade: spatial equilibrium
- Homogenous goods
- Flexible demand regions aggregates (37 regions)
- Spatially explicit supply
- Leontief production functions
- Recursively dynamic: 1 to 10 years time step
- Optimization model
- Linear programming
- GAMS

Key model features for biofuel assessments

Detailed representation of land

- Associated uses (and non-uses)
- Carbon stocks
- Marginal yield values from biophysical model

Yield endogenous response

- Intensification (change in management systems)
- Irrigation
- Intra-regional reallocation

Endogenous demand response & substitution effects (e.g. vegetable oils)

AFOLU GHG emission sources and globally consistent accounting

Detailed representation of biofuel processing technologies

Bilateral trade

Reallocation effect

- Between crops
- Across regions

Demand decrease

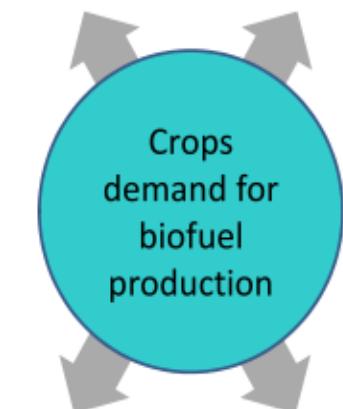
- Food vs fuel debate
- Feed replacement
- Industry competition

Yield increase

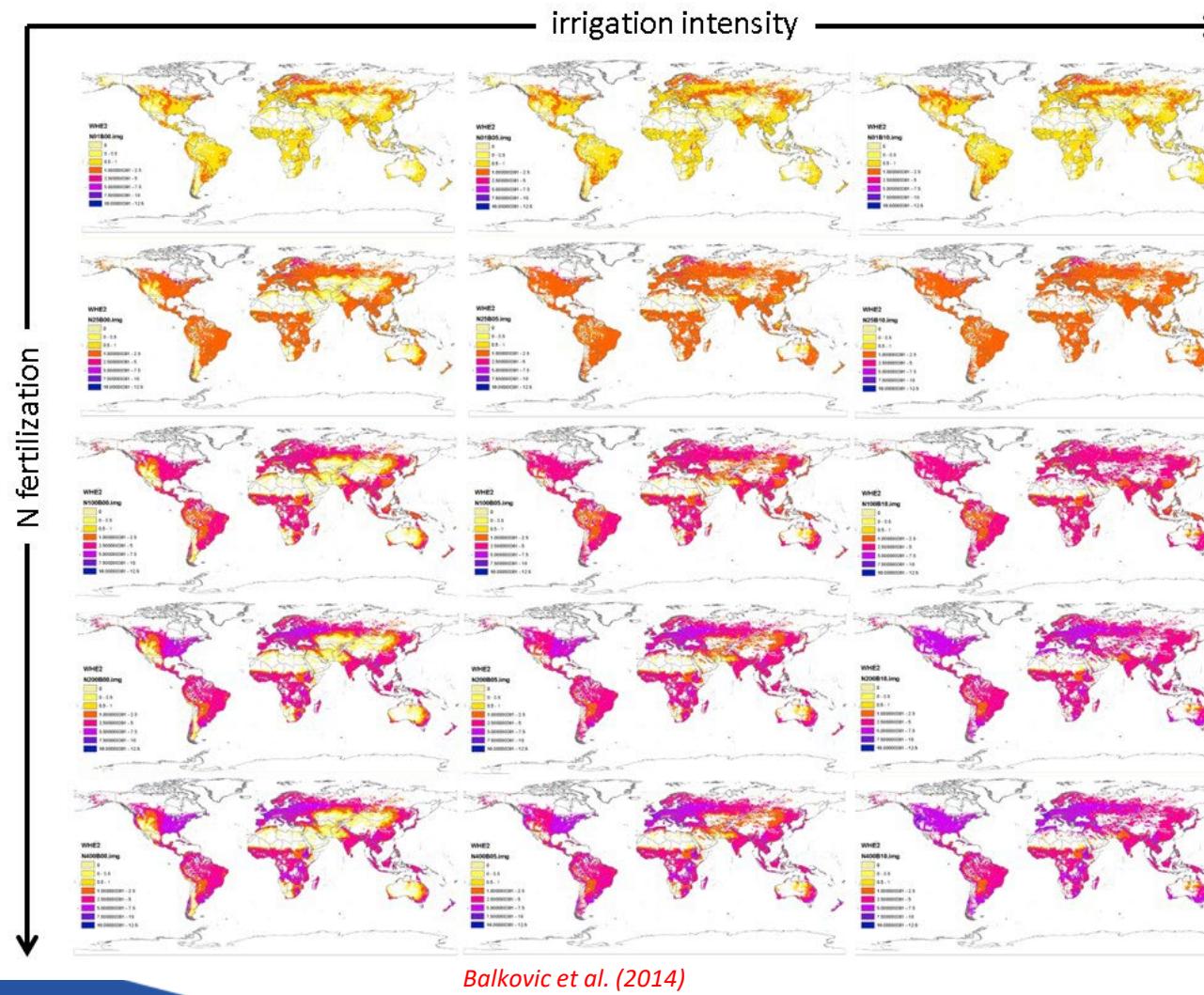
- Input intensification
- Technology change

Cropland expansion

- Land set-aside, marginal land
- Pasture conversion
- Deforestation



Crop production systems: EPIC

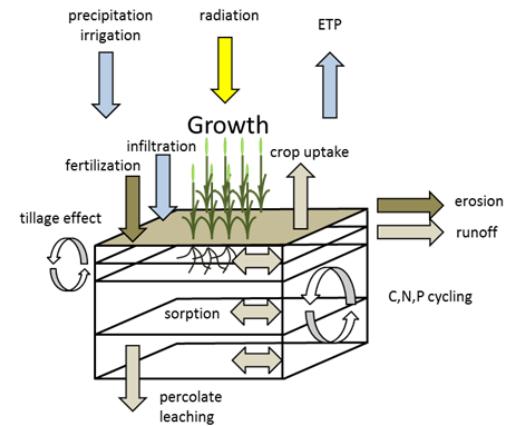
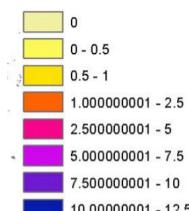


Spatially explicit production functions

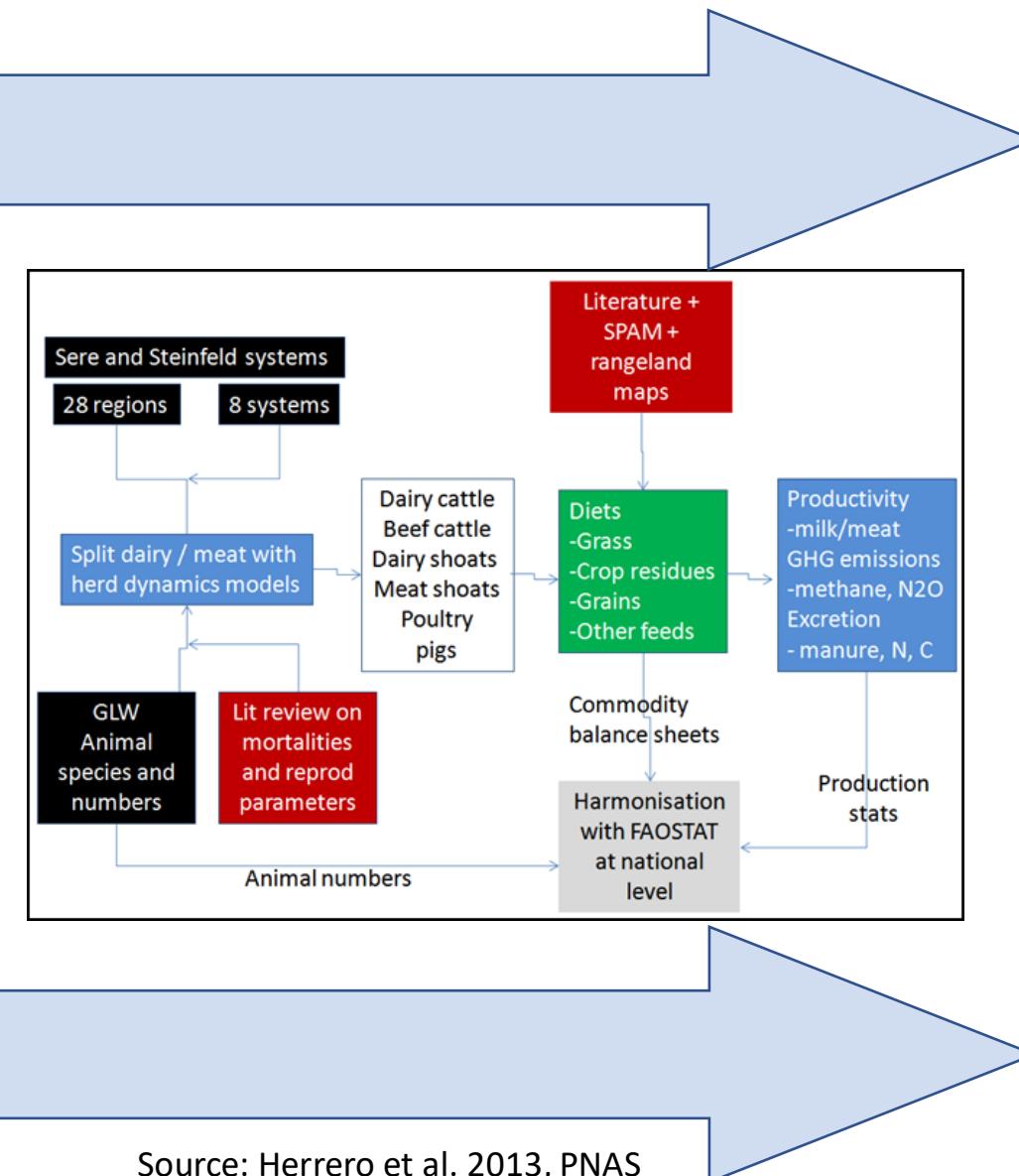
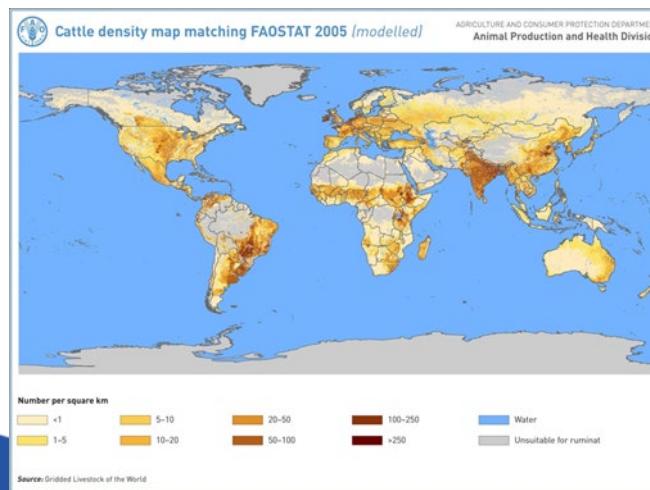
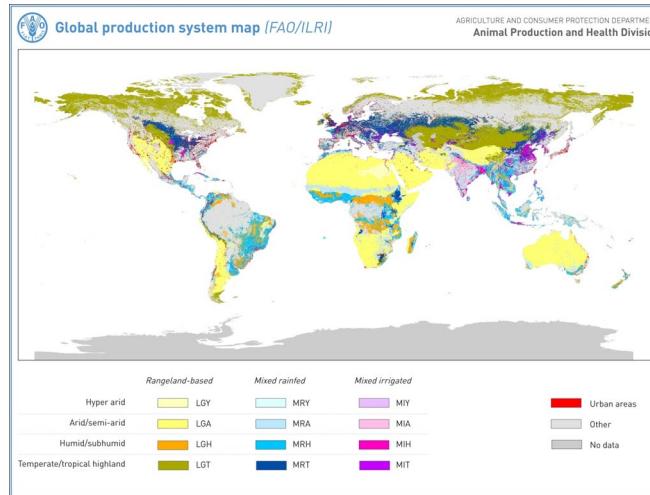
In every SimU:

- Up to 18 possible crops in the global model version & 4 crop managements
- Parameters (yield, fertilizer and irrigation input requirement) estimated with biophysical models
e.g., EPIC model (Izaurrealde et al., 2006)

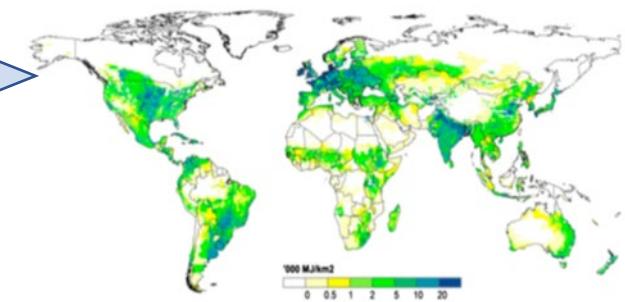
wheat yield [tDM/ha]



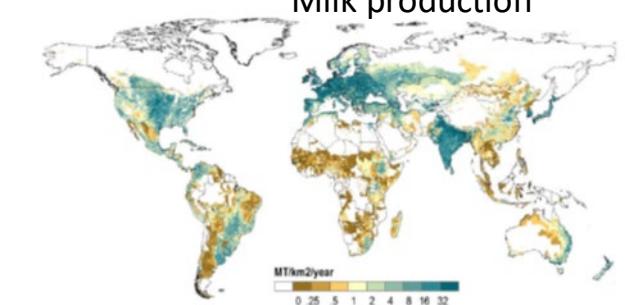
Livestock Production Systems: RUMINANT



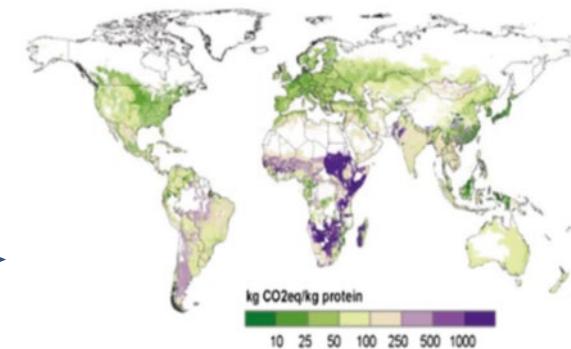
Metabolizable energy intake



Milk production



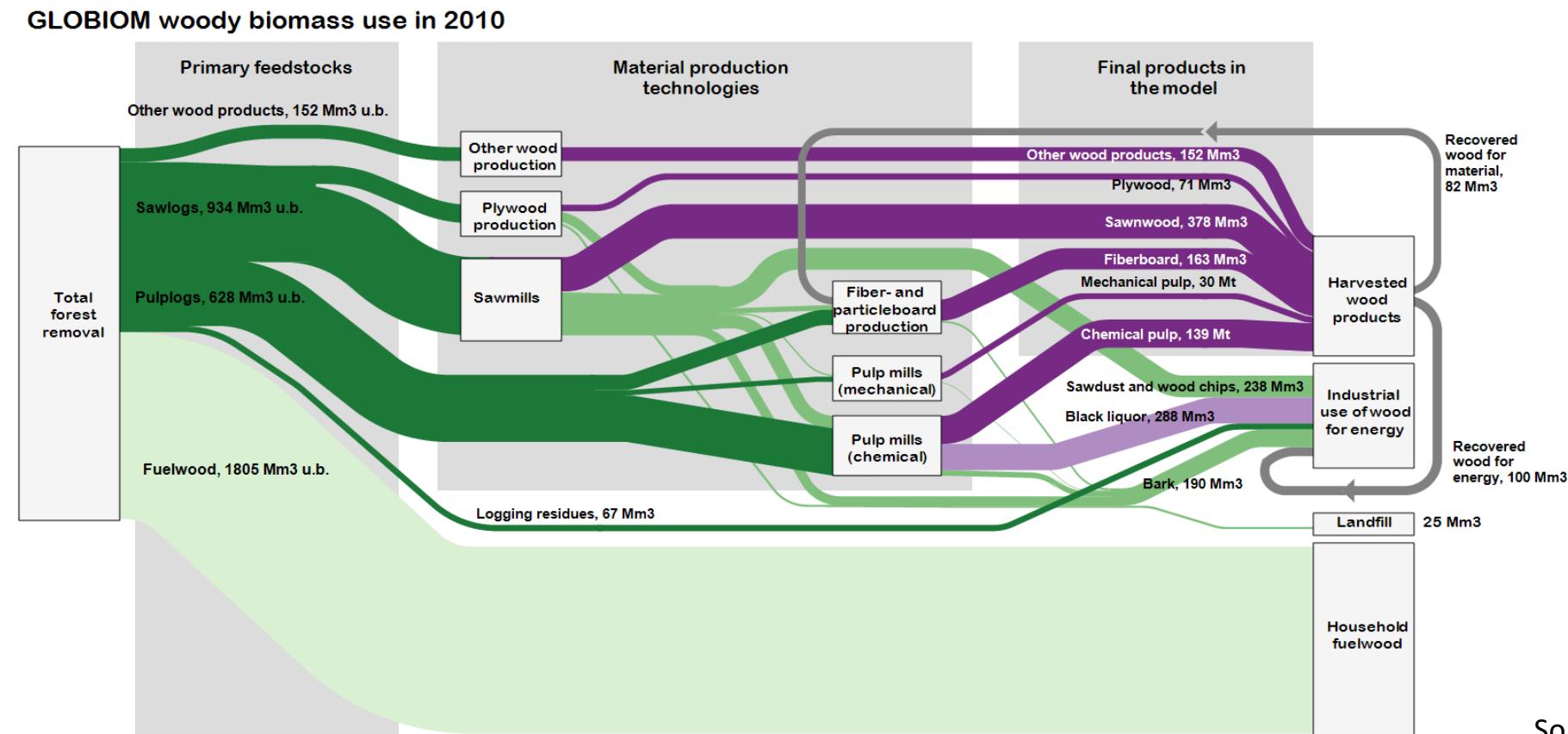
Non-CO₂ emissions



Source: Herrero et al. 2013, PNAS

Forest industries - GLOBIOM

- ▶ GLOBIOM covers the main primary feedstocks, by-products, and semi-finished HWP products.
- ▶ Wood flows as of 2010 is calibrated according to FAOSTAT.



Source: Lauri et al., 2017

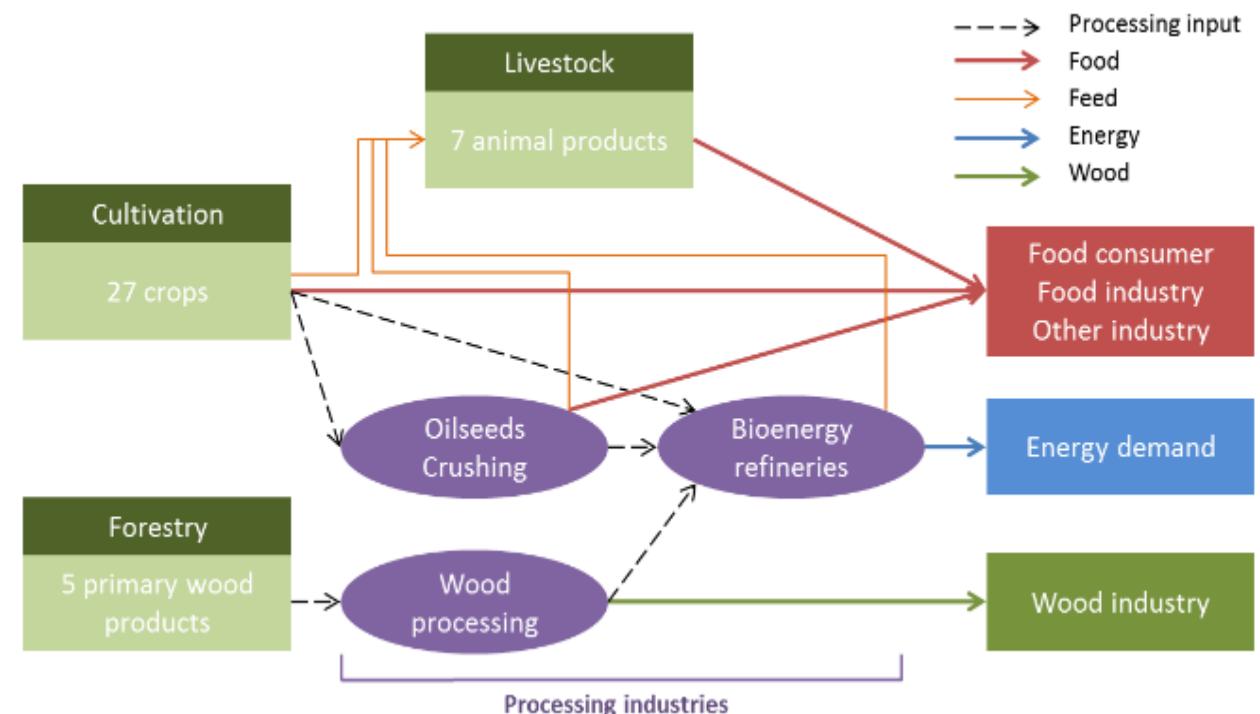
Biofuel processing chains

Food crop-based biofuels

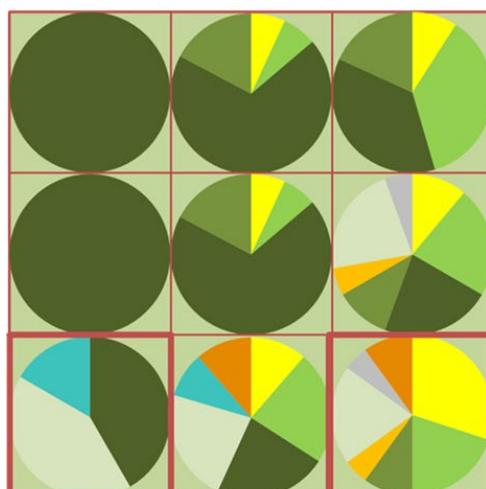
- Starch crops: barley, corn & wheat
- Sugar crops: sugar cane & sugar beet
- Oil crops: rapeseed, soybean, oilpalm & sunflower

Advanced biofuels

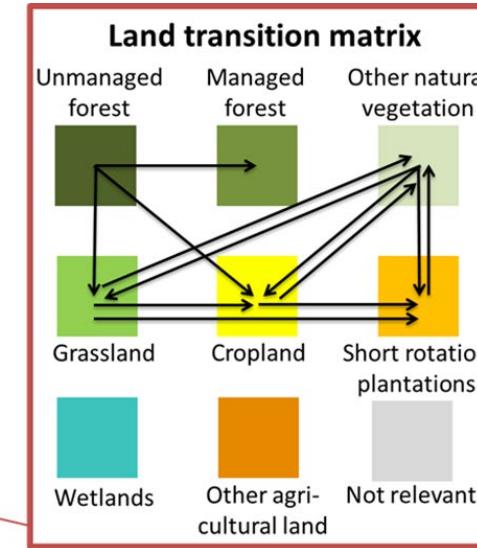
- Residues: cereal straw & forest residues
- Short rotation coppices: poplar, willow & eucalyptus
- Grassy crops: miscanthus & switchgrass



Land cover change

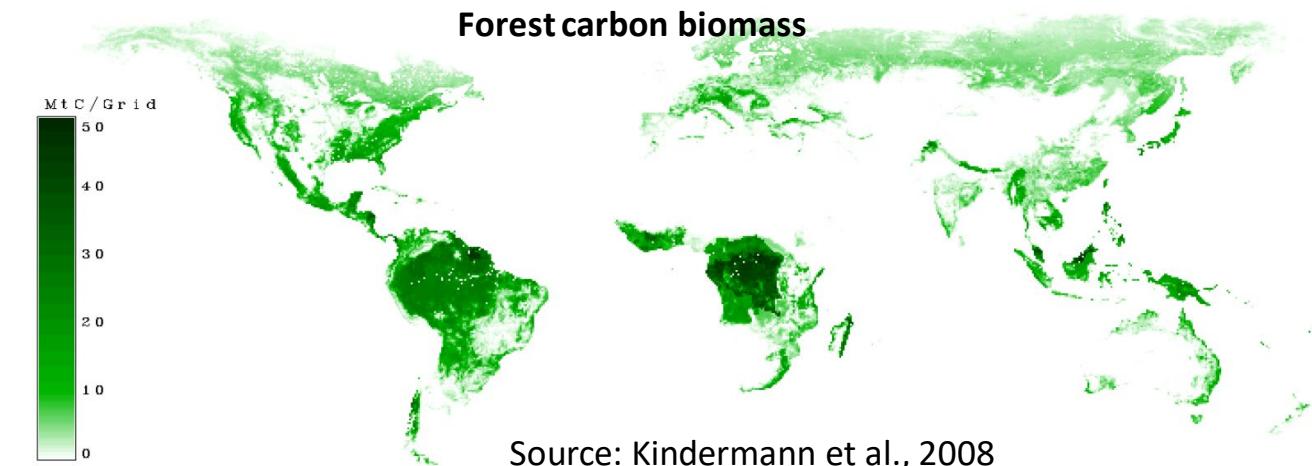
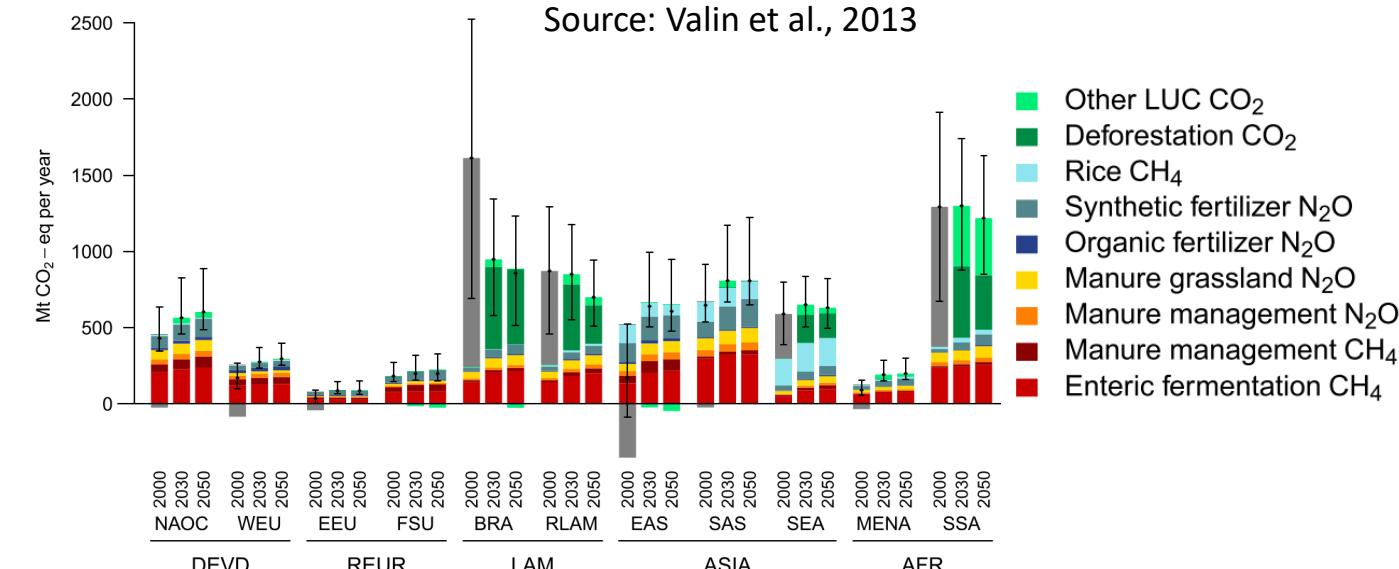


Model gridcell
land use
composition



- Land cover change endogenous depending on relative profitability

Full AFOLU GHG accounting



Policy assessments

Biofuels Assessments

- EU ILUC & ILUC2 assessment
- ICAO CORSIA biofuel modelling

EU Energy & Climate Policies

- EU Reference scenarios 2013, 2016, 2020
- 2020 & 2030 Climate and Energy Package
- 2050 Long Term Strategy - A Clean Planet for All
- Fit for 55 package
- ...

Providing modelling support to EC - DG ENE, CLIMA & ENV, US-EPA, OECD, Worldbank, FAO, UNEP-WCMC...



Land-use related sustainability assessments

nature
sustainability

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<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41893-019-0287-1>

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A. V. Pastor^{1,2,3*}, A. Palazzo¹, P. Havlik¹, H. Biemans⁴, Y. Wada¹, M. Obersteiner¹, P. Kabat^{2,5} and F. Ludwig²

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Hao Zhao^{1,2,3}, Jinfeng Chang^{3,4}, Petr Havlik³ , Michèle Charlotte Janssens^{3,6}, Lin Ma¹ , Zhaohai Bai¹, Mario H Michael Obersteiner¹ 

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Charlotte Janssens^{1,2} , Petr Havlik², Tamás Krisztin², Justin Baker¹ , Stefan Frank², Tomoko Hasegawa^{1,2,4}, David Leclère¹ , Sara Ohrel¹ , Shaun Ragnauth¹ , Erwin Schmid¹ , Hugo Valin¹ , Nicole Van Lipzig¹ and Miet Maertens¹ 

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<https://doi.org/10.1038/s43016-021-00366-x>

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Jinfeng Chang^{1,2} , Petr Havlik¹ , David Leclère¹ , Wim de Vries¹ , Hugo Valin¹ , Michael Obersteiner¹ 

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Tomoko Hasegawa^{1,2,3*}, Petr Havlik², Stefan Frank¹ , Amanda Palazzo¹  and Hugo Valin¹ 

 Check for updates

Thank you!



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