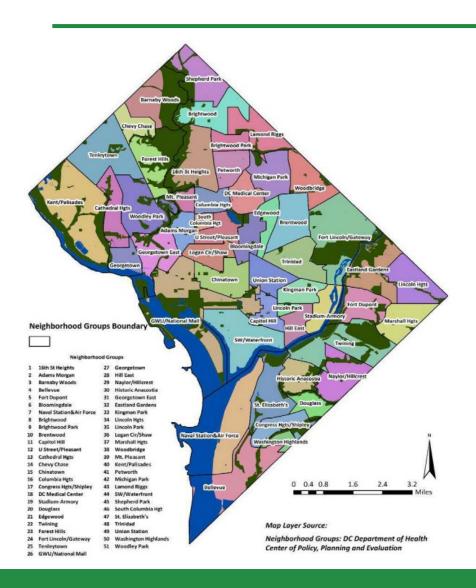




DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA



- 705,000 people
- 68 sq mi/170 km
- 46% black, 37% white, 11% Latinx,
 4% Asian
- 14% foreign born
- \$82,605 average HH income
- 16% poverty rate

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA



White: \$284,000

The net worth of white households in DC is 81 times higher than black households.^{II}



Between **2007** and **2014**, the median household income in DC increased by

\$10,000 but remained flat for black households.

There are

43,000

D.C. residents who qualify as "extremely low-income."

91% of "extremely low-income" families are African-American.



108,732

DC residents lived below the poverty line in **2012**.

115,119
residents lived
below the poverty

line in 2017."

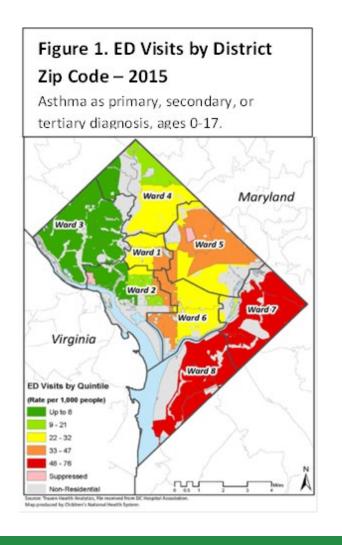


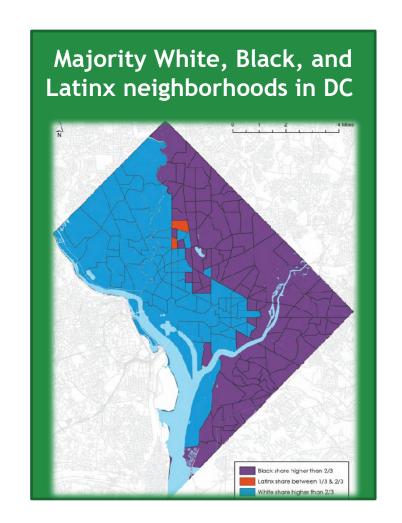
DC has the highest food assistance program use percentage in the U.S. vi



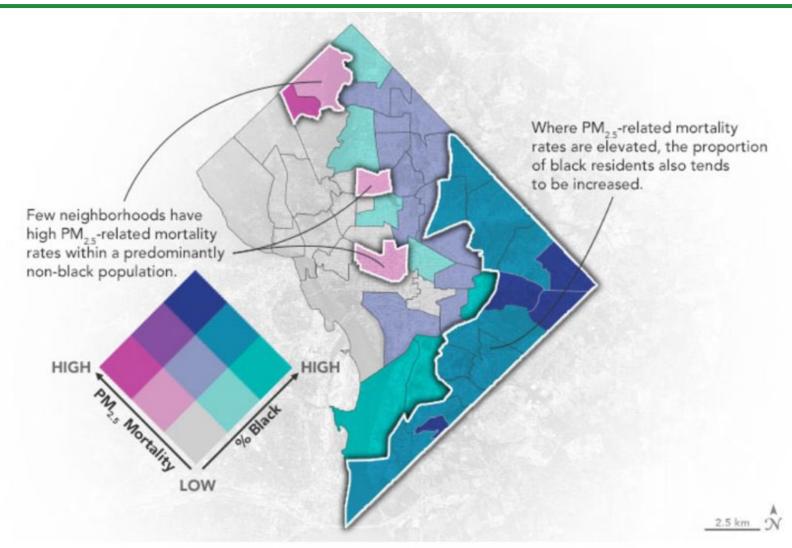
\$22,803 median student loan balance, the highest among any U.S. metropolitan area.

Asthma and Race in DC





PM2.5 related mortality



Air Monitoring in the District

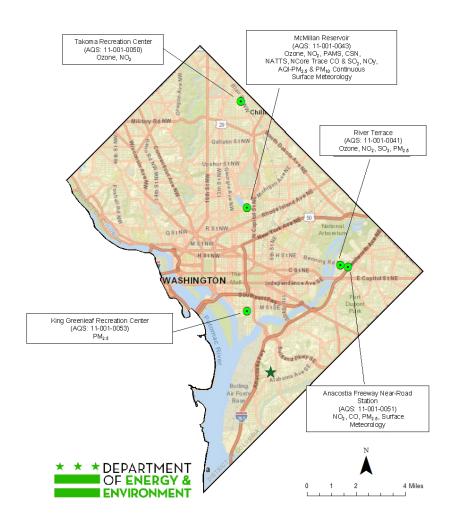
- 14 cities dust-fall measurement study 1931-1933
- 10 cities SO₂ & ozone study 1953-1954
- National Air Sampling Network 1953-1959
- Continuous Air Monitoring Program 1962/1963
 - First continuous measurement program:
 Ozone, SO₂, NO₂, NO, CO, total oxidants, total hydrocarbons
 - 7 cities:

 New Orleans, Chicago, Philadelphia,
 Cincinnati, San Francesco, Los
 Angeles, and Washington, DC (at CAMP Station)



District's CAMP station

DOEE Air Monitoring Network Overview



Site Name	Chemicals Measured	Location Setting	
McMillan Reservoir	$PM_{2.5}$, PM_{10} , O_3 , SO_2 , NO_X , CO	Urban	
River Terrace Education Center	$PM_{2.5}$, O_3 , NO_X	Urban / overburden community	
		Urban / overburden	
I-295 Near-Road Station		community	
King Greenleaf Rec	PM _{2.5} , PM ₁₀	Urban / overburden	
Center TM2.5, TM10		community	
Takoma Rec Center	O_3 , NO_X	Urban	

Air Monitoring Stations



McMillan Monitoring Site



Near Road Monitoring Site



King Green Leaf Monitoring Site

Air Monitoring Stations



McMillan Monitoring Site

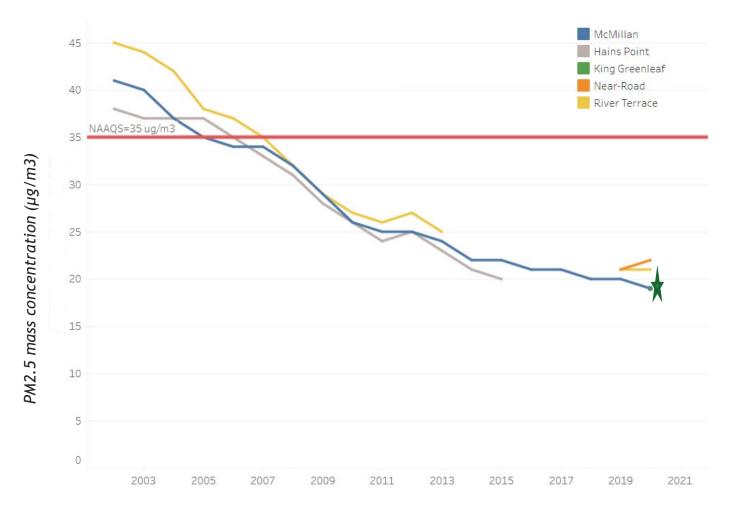


River Terrace Monitoring Site

Long-term $PM_{2.5}$ trends In the District

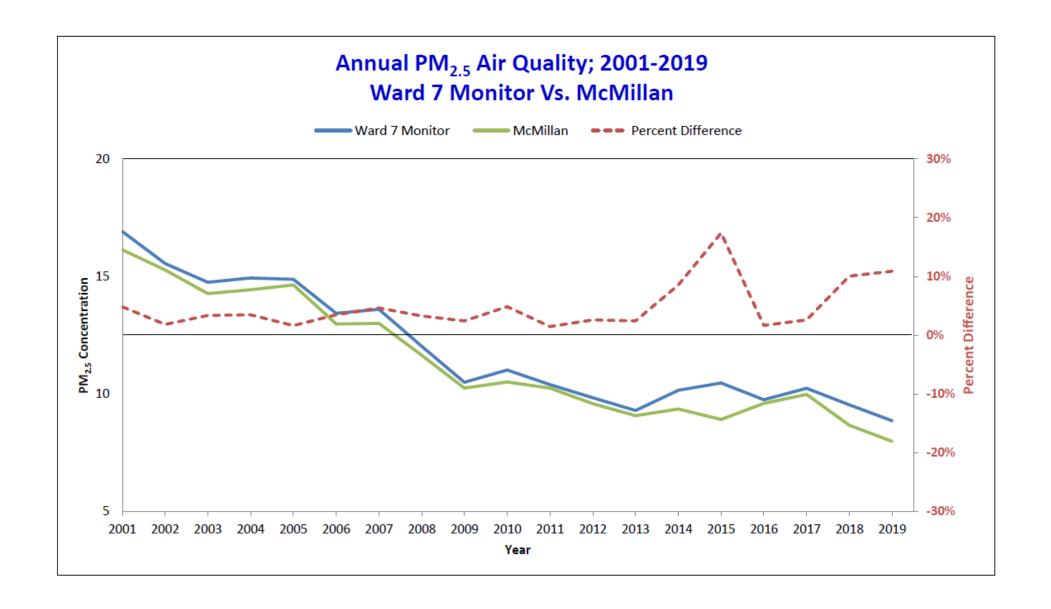
• Annual $PM_{2.5}$ levels have gradually declined each year since 2004 in the District.



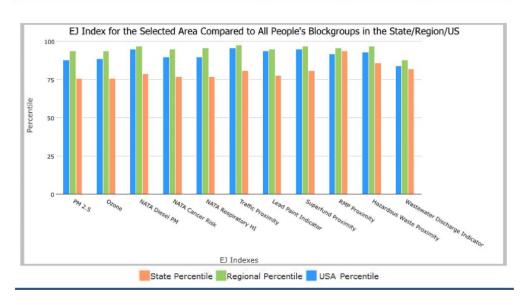


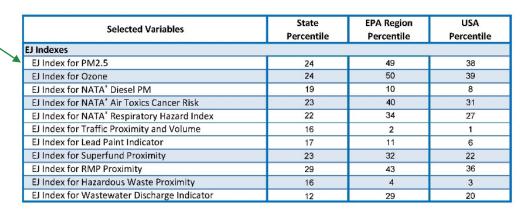
PM_{2.5} 24-Hour Design Values Trends

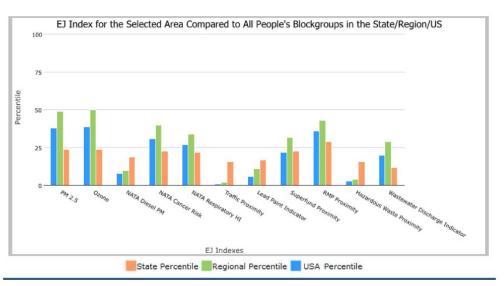
 $PM_{2.5}$ Design Values Compared to the 24-hour NAAQS in the District from 2002 - 2020



Selected Variables	State Percentile	EPA Region Percentile	USA Percentile
EJ Indexes		ii l	
EJ Index for PM2.5	76	94	88
EJ Index for Ozone	76	94	89
EJ Index for NATA* Diesel PM	79	97	95
EJ Index for NATA* Air Toxics Cancer Risk	77	95	90
EJ Index for NATA* Respiratory Hazard Index	77	96	90
EJ Index for Traffic Proximity and Volume	81	98	96
EJ Index for Lead Paint Indicator	78	95	94
EJ Index for Superfund Proximity	81	97	95
EJ Index for RMP Proximity	94	96	92
EJ Index for Hazardous Waste Proximity	86	97	93
EJ Index for Wastewater Discharge Indicator	82	88	84



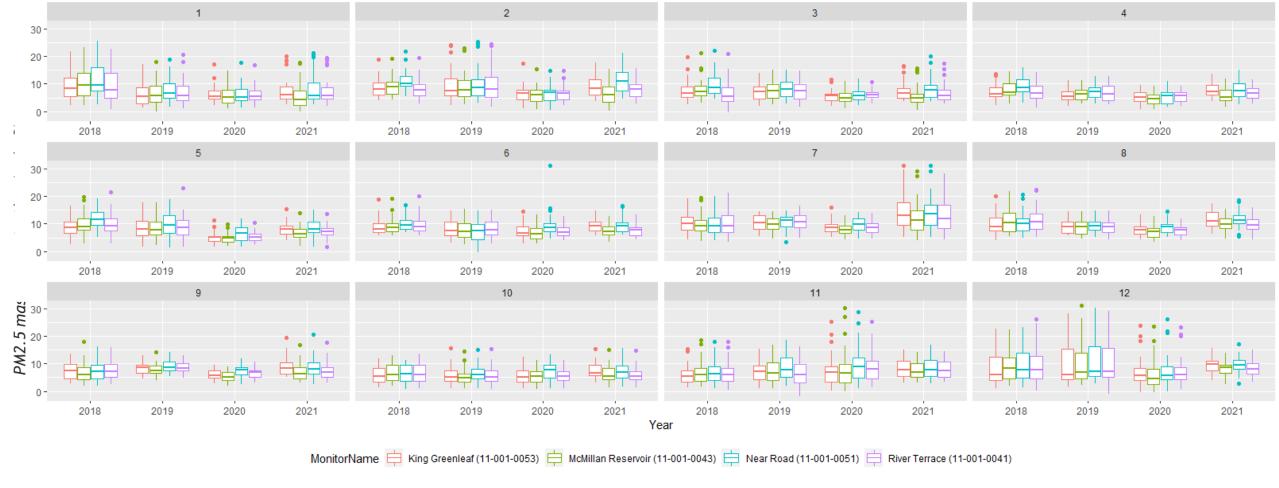




IVY CITY (Ward 5)

GEORGETOWN (Ward 2)

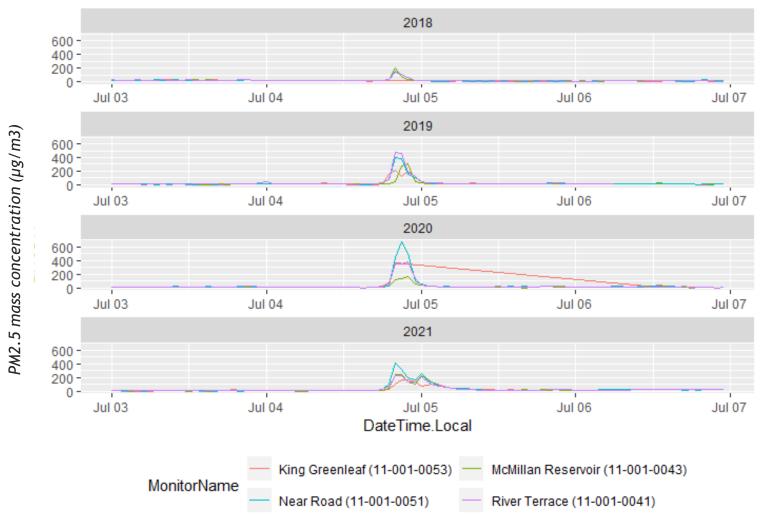




PM_{2.5} trends in the District

Daily average $PM_{2.5}$ (µg/m³) by monitor, month, and year from 2018 - 2021, excluding data on July 4 & 5

Hourly $PM_{2.5}$ (µg/m³) from July 1-8 from 2018 to 2021





Moving Forward

Community Scale Monitoring

- Deploying hyperlocal mobile monitoring
- Pilot of four neighborhoods beginning soon
- District wide-baseline FY23

Ward 8 Monitoring Site

- Introducing a new monitoring site in an underserved community
- Funds under ARPA

Continued Community Outreach

- Keeping residents of the District engaged through:
 - Clearing the Air workshops
 - Air Quality Awareness Week
 - Tabling community events

THANK YOU!





<u>Acknowledgments</u>

- DOEE Air Quality Division
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- Rama Tangirala, Monitoring Branch Chief
- Khin Sann Thaung, Richard Tun and Cameron Sherr
- Howard University
- Joseph Wilkins, Assistant Professor

Questions?