\$EPA

Greenhouse Gases from Electric Power

Electric power is generated through various technologies that use fossil fuels, nuclear fuels or renewable energy.





About 60% of U.S. electricity comes from burning fossil fuels, mostly coal and natural gas.¹

In 2022, electric power generation produced the second largest share of U.S. greenhouse gas emissions (GHG).²



New energy efficiency standards, targets and programs.

Ways to reduce GHGs from electricity



Expanded use of renewable sources of energy (wind, solar, geothermal, etc.).



New or more stringent performance standards for electric generating units.

system

BENEFITS TO THE PUBLIC ³					
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Lower electricity	Improved air quality	Strengthened energy	New jobs	More efficient, reliable energy	More disposable income for

1 <u>www.eia.gov/energyexplained</u>

prices

2 https://www.epa.gov/ghgemissions/sources-greenhouse-gas-emissions

3 https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2018-07/documents/mbg_1_multiplebenefits.pdf

security

Authorized under the Inflation Reduction Act, EPA's Climate Pollution Reduction Grants program provides \$5 billion in grants for states, local governments, Tribes, and territories to develop and implement ambitious plans to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and other harmful air pollution and benefit low-income and disadvantaged communities.



For more information, please visit Climate Pollution Reduction Grants | U.S. EPA



businesses and private citizens